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FARM WAGES CONTINUE TO RISE

JUL 1 4 1953

FARM EMPLOYMENT UP SLIGHTLY

Farm wage rates around July 1 were about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  percent higher than a year earlier, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reported today. Wage rates were also up from the April 1 level of this year by about the same extent or slight-ly less than the usual rise during the period.

There were 11,132,000 people working on the Nation's farms during the week of June 21-27. This was over 100,000 more than a year earlier. A small decrease in the number of family workers from a year ago was more than offset by an increase in hired workers.

Farm wage rates of all types increased over April 1 of this year and nearly all types increased over those on July 1 of last year. Regional rates generally advanced slightly from April 1 although a few rates showed no change or small declines. A quarterly upturn from April to July is usual as the volume of higher paid seasonal help increases for harvesting vegetables, fruits, wheat and other seasonal operations.

The U. S. average farm wage rate per hour, without board and room was 89 cents, an increase of 2 cents per hour from a year previous and 4 cents more than on April 1 this year, which is about the usual rise for the quarter. Rates by regions ranged from \$.95 to \$1.09 per hour, except in the 3 southern regions where the averages were \$.54, \$.60, and \$.62 per hour.

Wage rates per day without board averaged \$5.30 on July 1 for the country as a whole, a gain of 10 cents per day over the same date in 1952. Regional averages showed a range from \$4.05 in the East South Central Region to \$8.30 in the West North Central States. The importance of skilled machinery operators, especially in the harvest of wheat, accounts in part for the relatively high average rate in the West North Central Region.

Farm work made good progress during June, except in the North from Minnesota, west to Washington and Oregon where cool, rainy weather delayed field operations and retarded crop growth and maturity. In other regions, the weather was generally hot and dry with severe drought conditions developing in many North Central and Southwestern areas.

of June and more than half of the Kansas acreage was harvested. Small grain harvest was active in most southern States during June and by the end of the month was getting started as far north as southern Nebraska and Illinois.

Weather conditions were generally ideal for haying, which was a major activity in the northern half of the country. Gultivation of row crops was active in all areas during June and some corn was "laid by" in the southern part of the Corn Belt. Cotton chopping and hoeing were well along. The need for cotton choppers was below expectations in the drought areas and many of the foreign workers have gone home or moved on to other jobs.

Harvest of vegetables and early fruits was active in many States. Citrus harvest is still in progress in California but is completed in Florida. Peach harvest was well advanced in Georgia by the end of June and was getting under way farther north. Cherry picking was general in the earlier commercial areas. Potato harvest had moved as far north as Virginia and Maryland and harvest of

green peas for processing was active in the northern States in June. Tobacco harvesting was under way in the tobacco areas of the Deep South.

In addition to harvest, cultivation, and regular farm chores, other farm activities for the month consisted of spraying and dusting for control of insects, diseases and weeds, irrigation; thinning sugar beets and late fruits; sheep shearing in the northern range area; and hauling water and supplemental feed to livestock in some of the drought areas.

The 11,132,000 people working on farms the week of June 21-27 was 1 percent more than a year earlier for the country as a whole. All regions showed increases in total employment over June, 1952, except the West South Central States which declined 4 percent and the South Atlantic Region which showed practically no change. In many areas, the wet weather prior to June had delayed field operations and put farmers on a slightly later schedule than in 1952.

Total farm employment increased 364,000 from a month earlier, a slightly larger than normal seasonal increase. All regions reported increases from May except the South Central States where the usual seasonal decline took place. The greatest percentage increases occurred in the Test North Central, Middle Atlantic and Mountain States.

The number of family workers on farms is estimated at 7,944,000, the lowest for the month in 29 years of record. This is about 50,000 less than a year ago. In most regions, the number of family workers was about the same as a year ago or slightly less. New England and the Mountain and Pacific States showed small increases.

The decrease of 6 percent for family workers from May to June was normal for the period. A larger than usual decrease in the South was offset by a larger than usual increase in the New England and Middle Atlantic States. Family employment usually declines in the South at the end of June as cotton chopping and hoeing near completion.

The number of hired farm workers during the survey week was 3,188,000, the largest number for June in the last 10 years, except for 1949. This is 5 percent or about 160,000 more than a year ago. All regions reported increases, except the West South Central with the greatest increases occurring in the West North Central and East South Central States.

The increase in hired farm workers from May to June was nearly 900,000, or 39 percent. The 5-year average increase in hired workers for the same period is 31 percent. All regions, except the West South Central, contributed to the increase. The greatest increases in these hired workers were in the North Central States where crop cultivation and haying became very active and in the South Atlantic States where harvest of early crops and cultivation is in progress.

#### DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

### Employment

Farm employment estimates of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics cover persons doing farm work on all farms. Mailed questionnaires are received every month from 15,000 to 20,000 farmers who report the number of persons working on their farms. Interview surveys of farmers are used less frequently to provide bench mark data on employment. The survey week for the mailed questionnaire each month is the last complete calendar week in the month except when that week includes the last day of the month; in that case, the survey week is the next to the last full calendar week.

### Employment concepts

All farm operators are counted as employed if they spend one hour or more during the survey week at farm work, chores, or in the transaction of farm business. Members of the operator's family or household doing unpaid farm work, or chores, are counted if they put in 15 hours or more during the survey week. Operators plus unpaid members of their families or households who meet these criteria of employment are called family workers. All persons doing one or more hours of farm work or chores for pay during the survey week are counted as hired workers. Members of the operator's family doing farm work for cash wages are counted as hired workers. Croppers are considered family workers when working on their own crops, but hired workers when doing farm work for pay off their own tracts. If a person is employed both as a family worker and a hired worker during the week on the same farm he is counted as a hired worker.

#### Comparability with other data

The data on farm employment published by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics differ from thos on agricultural employment published by the Bureau of the Census in the Monthly Report on the Labor Force. The Bureau of Agricultural Economics collects information from the employer (the farmer) who reports the number of persons working on his farm during the week, regardless of the other jobs held by those workers. The Census data, on the other hand, are obtained through interviews with approximately 25,000 farm and nonfarm households with the housewife or some other member of the household reporting on the labor force status of the household members. They relate only to persons 14 years of age and over, who are in the civilian population and not in institutions.

The difference between the Bureau of Agricultural Economics and the Census data is attributable mainly to the different treatment of three groups of workers. Children under 14 years of age who meet the criteria

of employment are included in the Bureau of Agricultural Economics estimates, but not in the Census Bureau's. It is estimated that this number may reach a summer peak as high as two million. Persons working on more than one farm during the survey week are counted only once by the Census Bureau, but they are counted by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics on each farm where they work and meet the minimum hour requirements. This group is also more numerous during the harvest season when the demand for farm labor is greatest. The additional count of workers attributable to this duplication is estimated at a minimum of a quarter of a million and may be considerably larger. The third group is composed of persons who work in both agricultural and nonagricultural employment, but work longer at the nonagricultural job; they are classified by Census as working in nonagricultural employment, but by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics as working on a farm. This last group may range from one-half million to a million in different seasons of the year.

Other groups counted by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics but not by the Census Bureau are imported foreign workers and some migratory workers not living in private households. On the other hand, the Census Bureau includes in its estimates of agricultural employment certain classes of workers which the Bureau of Agricultural Economics does not include. Persons with "nonfarm" occupations who are working on farms, such as bookkeepers and typists, some persons in certain agricultural processing activities, and farm operators with no other job who did no farm work are considered as employed in agricultural by the Census Bureau, but are not included by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics in its estimates of agricultural employment.

Because the volume of agricultural employment is affected by changes both in season and in weather, the difference in the week of the month for which the data are collected may also make some difference. The Bureau of Agricultural Economics data relate to the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month while the Census Bureau information relates to the week containing the 8th of the month.

The Bureau of Agricultural Economics estimates farm employment from current reports made by a selected group of farmers adjusted to enumerative survey bench mark data. The Bureau of the Census bases its figures on a sample of dwelling units. Accordingly, the figures in both cases are subject to a sampling variation and may differ from the results of a complete census.

#### Wage rates

Wage rates are reported quarterly by the same sample of farm operators that reports employment. The farmer is asked to:report average wage rates being paid "at this time" in his locality. The "at this time" on the average probably represents the second or third day before the end of the month.

Farm employment: Persons employed during week of June 21-27, 1953, United States, with comparisons

	: June : average :1948-52	: June : 22-28, 1/: 1952	: May : 24-30, : 1953	: June : 21-27, : 1953
FARM EMPLOYMENT (Thousands of persons) Total Family labor Hired labor FARM EMPLOYMENT INDEXES (Adjusted for seasonal variation, 1910-14 = 100)	: 11,696 : 8,591 : 3,105	7,995	10,768 8,478 2,290	11,132 7,944 3,188
Total	<b>:</b> 86	80 80 81	81 82 77	81 80 85

<sup>1/</sup> Employment during the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month.

Farm wage rates: Wage rates, indexes and related data, July 1, 1953, with comparisons 1/

	April 1.	: July 1.	: April 1,	: July 1.
	1952	: 1952	: 1953	: 1953
FARM WAGE RATES	:			
Per month with board and room	\$114.00	\$121.00	\$119.00	\$124.00
Per month with house	: 138.00	155.00	144.00	161.00
Per week with board and room	: 28.00	30.00	<b>29.</b> 00	<b>3</b> 1.50
Per week without board or room	<b>34.7</b> 5	40.00	<b>3</b> 6.25	<b>3</b> 9.50
Per day with board and room	4.55	5.80	4.70	5.80
Per day with house	4.00	4.15	4.00	4.05
Per day without board or room	5.00	5 <b>.2</b> 0	5.00	<b>5.3</b> 0
Per hour with house	.61	.80	.63	.81
Per hour without board or room	: .8 <b>3</b>	•87	•85	• 89
Composite rate per hour 2/	.571	بـ664	<b>.</b> 581	.675
FARM FAGE RATE INDEXES (1910-14= 100)	:			
Adjusted for seasonal variation	: 510	506	508	514
RELATED INDEXES (1910-14 = 100)	•			
Prices received by farmers 3/	<b>2</b> 89	<b>2</b> 94	26 <b>2</b>	259*
Ratio of prices received to farm	:			
wage rates	<b>5</b> 7	<b>5</b> 8	52	50
	•			

<sup>1/</sup> Wage rates on the average refer to a date two or three days before the first of the month.

<sup>2/</sup> Weighted average of all rates on a per hour basis.

<sup>3/</sup> Average of the 15th of the given and the 15th of the previous month.

<sup>\*</sup> June 15, 1953.

Farm employment: Persons employed during week of June 21-27, 1953, United States and geographic divisions, with comparisons

	:	June	:	May	:	June	:	May	<b>:</b> .	June
Geographic division			:	18-24,	:	<b>22–2</b> 8,	:	24-30,	:	21-27,
		<u>1948-52 1/</u>	:	1952	:	195 <b>2</b>	:	1953	:	1953
	:	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands
	:									
•	2				L	FARM ELIPLO	Y			
United States	:	11,696		10,863		11,020		10,768		11,132
New England	:	263		240		<b>25</b> 8		246		271
Middle Atlantic	:	<b>7</b> 18		596		<i>7</i> 13		586		719
East North Central	-	1,742		1,644		1 <b>,6</b> 88		1,624		1,711
West North Central	:	2,057		1,726		1,954		1,755		2,004
South A <b>tlantic</b>	:	2,511		2,287		2,372		2,254		2,365
East South Central	-	1,747		1,791		1 <b>,</b> 570		1,778		1,624
West South Central	:	1 <b>,5</b> 48		1 <b>,</b> 583		1,404		1,546		1,346
Mountain	:	4 <b>7</b> 1		407		447		400		462
Pacific	:	639		589		614	5 <b>7</b> 9		6 <b>3</b> 0	
					· -		,		-	
United States	•	8 മന			ניב.	WORKERS 2	<u>'</u>	0 1 20		7 01.1.
New England	:	8,591 188		8,653		7,995		8,478		7,944
Middle Atlantic	:	519		16 <b>7</b> ԱԱՕ		179		170		187
East North Central	•	1,429		1,425	•	516		437		515
West North Central	-	1,642				1,367		1,413		1,367
South Atlantic		1,700		1,531		1,557		1,568		1,557
East South Central	:	•		1,824		1,589		1,772		1,548
West South Central	-	1,359		1,490		1,191		1,402		1,188
Mountain		1,148 289		1,179		1,020		1,135		995
Pacific	:	-		285		271 201		: 275		277
ractific		317		312		<b>3</b> 05		<b>3</b> 06		310
	:	,, -		HIRE	D_	WORKERS 3/	, –		_	
United States	:	3,105		2,210		3,025		2,290		3,188
New England	:	<b>7</b> 5		73		<b>7</b> 9		76		84
Middle Atlantic	:	199		156		197		149		204
East North Central	:	313		219		321		211		204 344
West North Central	:	415		195		397		187		244 44 <b>7</b>
South Atlantic	:	811		463		783		482		447 817
East South Central	:	<b>3</b> 88		301		379		: 376		436
West South Central	-	400		404		384		L11		. •
Mountain	:	182		122		176		125		351 185
Pa <b>cific</b>	:	322		277		309		273		_
	:	<b>J</b>				207		-17		320

<sup>1/</sup> Persons employed during the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month.

<sup>2/</sup> Includes farm operators doing one or more hours of farm work and members of their families working 15 hours or more during the survey week without cash wages.

<sup>3/</sup> Includes all persons doing one or more hours of farm work during the survey week for pay.

Farm employment: Average number of persons employed per month, January through June 1953, United States and geographic divisions, with comparisons 1/

Geographic division	1948-52	1950 .	1951	1952	1953					
	: Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands					
	:									
	:		FARM EMPLO		0.101					
United States	: 9,769	9,808	9,435	9,212	9,184					
	: 218	217	213	216	214					
Middle Atlantic	571	575	561,	560	561					
	: 1,483	1,479	1,443	1,432	1,418					
	: 1,683	1,684	1,614	1,583	1,592					
South Atlantic	<b>2,003</b>	2,009	1,932	1,875	1,840					
	: 1,520	1,51,5	1,450	1,399	1,422					
West South Central		1,453	1.,391,	1,335	1,324					
	: 353	.356	345	<b>33</b> 8	340					
Pa <b>cific</b>	: 493	490	480	474	473					
	: FAMILY WORKERS 2/									
United States	7,870	7,905	7,600	7,405	7,333					
New England	: 162	161	<b>15</b> 6	158	156					
201 2 20 0 1 1 1 1 1	: 444	464	437	436	438					
East North Central	: 1,280	1,275	1,246	1,239	1,227					
West North Central	: 1,490	1,488	1,438	1,404	1,412					
South Atlantic	: 1,547	1,555	1,478	1,438	1,396					
East South Central	: 1,240	1,261	1,186	1,133	1,117					
West South Central	: 1,158	1,170	1,127	1,072	1,063					
Mountain	<b>2</b> 59	260	251	2l <sub>1</sub> 8	<b>2</b> 48					
Pacific	: 290	291	281	277	276					
	:		WORKERS 3		- 0					
•	: 1,899	1,903	1,835 -	1,807	1,851					
New England	: 56	56	57	58	58					
	: 127	131	127	124	123					
East North Central	_	204	197	193	191					
West North Central		196	176	179	180					
South Atlantic	: 456	454	454	437	7777					
East South Central		284 282	26/4	266 263	<b>3</b> 05					
West South Central	·	283	267	263	261					
Mountain	: 9l1	96 <b>3</b> 00	94	90	9 <b>2</b>					
Pacific	: 203	199	199	19 <b>7</b>	197					
	;									

<sup>1/</sup> Persons employed during the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month.

<sup>2/</sup> Includes farm operators doing one or more hours of farm work and members of their families working 15 hours or more during the survey week without cash wages.

<sup>3/</sup> Includes all persons doing one or more hours of farm work during the survey week for pay.

Farm wage rates: Wage rates by geographic divisions, July 1, 1953, with comparisons

			·	
Geographic division		1952	April 1, : 1953 :	July 1, 1953
PER MONTH JITH BOARD AND ROOM New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central Mountain Pacific	111.00	Dollars 110.00 112.00 119.00 127.00 153.00 178.00	Dollars  118.00 118.00 122.00 125.00 154.00 175.00	121.00 119.00 122.00 126.00 154.00 186.00
PER MONTH WITH HOUSE  New England  Middle Atlantic  East North Central  West North Central  Mountain  Pacific	151.00	146.00 155.00 150.00 155.00 139.00 225.00	152.00 160.00 161.00 156.00 195.00 223.00	161.00 161.00 157.00 156.00 194.00 233.00
PER WEEK WITH BOARD AND ROOM New England Middle Atlantic	<b>3</b> 2.00 29.75	71.25 30.25	32.50 31.50	34.75 32.00
PER WEEK WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM New England Middle Atlantic		44.50 42.25	44.00 42.75	45.75 43.25
FER DAY WITH BOARD AND ROOM East North Central West North Central	5.50 6.00	6.00 6.80	5.90 .6.30	6.10 6. <b>7</b> 0
PER DAY WITH HOUSE South Atlantic East South Central West South Central	4.00 3.25 4.45	3.90 3.35 4,80	4.20 3.25 4.60	4.00 3.30 4.75
PER DAY WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain	7.00 7.10 7.60 4.60 3.95 5.10	7.60 7.30 7.50 8.30 4.60 4.00 5.40 7.70	7.70 7.30 7.30 7.90 4.80 3.90 5.20 7.60	7.80 7.50 7.50 8.30 4.80 4.05 5.30 7.90
PER HOUR WITH HOUSE South Atlantic Fast South Central West South Central Pacific		- 99	.55 .44 .54 1.00	1.01
PER HOUR WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central West South Central	.97 .92 .95 .96 .62 .54 .64	.97 .94 .97 1.02 .58 .54 .64 .96	1,01 .95 .98 .98 .64 .54 .63 .95	1.01 .95 1.00 1.02 .60 .54 .62 .97 1.09

Farm wage rates: Wage rates by States and regions, July 1, 1952 1

									·		
State	Per m		Per w			Por day	<del>;                                    </del>	Per	hour	Com-	Indexes of
and	With : board :			Without: board:		17111	Without		Without	posite	composite
Region	and :	_	end:			:house:					: 1910-14=100
1.081011	room:	nouse :	room:				or room	:house:	or room	hour	
	Doll	ers	Dol	lars		Dollars		<del></del>	Dollars	Hour	<u> </u>
Maine	96.00	125.00	28.00	43.00		DOLLARS	7.00		.91	747	441
N. H.	: 114.00	150.00	34.50	46.00	_	_	8.10	-	.98	830	535
Vt.	: 112.00	142.00	28.50	40.50	_	•	7.40	-	.98	.772	503
Mass.	: 118.00	163.00	34.50	48.00	-	-	8.10	-	1.01	.849	555
R. I.	: 118.00	165.00	34.00	48.CO	-	-	8.30	-	1.01	.854	587
Conn.	: 120.00	164.00	34.00	48.00	-	-	8.30	-	1.01	.854	583_
New Eng.	: I10.00	146.00		44.50			7.60		97_	.801	519
11. Y.	: 117.00	162.00	31.75	44.50	-		8.00	-	T.01	.844	468
	: 125.00	178.00	33.00	47.00	•	-	7.70	-	96	.825	545
Pa	: 101.00	139.00	27.50	37.75			6.40		87_	<u>.72</u> 2_	534
M. Atl.	112.00	155.00	30.25	42.25			7.30		94	791	498
	: 111.00	133.00	-		5.50	-	7.00	<b>—</b>	95	7722	506
Ind. Ill.	: 105.00	135.00	-	-	5.70	-	7.20	-	.96	.724 .815	538 570
Mich.	: 135.00	166.00 153.00	-	-	6.70	-	8.10 7.60	-	1.03 •97	.755	50 <b>7</b>
Wis.	: 127.00	160.00	-	-	6.10 6.00	-	7.60	-	.96	.763	493
E.M.Cent.	: má.go-	150.00			6.CO		7.50		97	756	525
Minn.	130.00	152.00			6.70		8.30		T.04	- 882	489
Iowa.	140.00	161.00	-	-	7.30		9.00	-	1.09	.934	500
Mo.	98.00	125.00	_	_	5.10	-	6.10	-	.82	.685	542
N. Dak.	: 151.00	176.00	_	-	6.50	_	8.60	-	.99	.870	424
S. Dak.	138.00	161.00	-	-	6.80	-	8.60	-	1.00	.871	467
Nebr.	: 141.00	178.00	-	-	7.50	-	9.30	-	1.08	.940	5 <b>55</b>
_ Kans.	: 125.CO	161.00	_ =	<b>_</b>	7.70	_ =	9.20_		1.10	.941	655
W.N.Cent.	<u>: 127.00</u>	155.00			6.80	_ =	8.30		1.02	.870	513
Del.	: -		-	-	-	5.50	6.80	-	-80	.713	661
ĭ∕d.	: -	-	-	-	-	5.20	6.40	-	. 84	.701	722
Va.	<b>:</b>	-	-	-	-	4.40	5,50	-	.68	.587	665
‼. Va.	: -	-	-	-	-	4.05	4.90	-	.65	•539	441
N. C.	: -	-	-	-	-	4.15	4.80	-	.57	.507	607 540
s. c.	: -	-	-	-	-	3.15	3.65	-	.43 .51	.385 .420	542 497
Ga.	: -	-	-	~	-	3.30	3.80 4.80	-	•58	.544	590
s. Ati.	<u> </u>	<del>-</del> -			<b></b>	<u>4.40</u> -	- <del>4</del> .60		<u> </u>	- <del>• 496</del> -	580
Ky.			- <del></del> -		_=	3.65	- <del>1</del> .65		65	- 461	489
Tenn.		_	_	_	_	3.20	3.85	-	.49	384	446
Ala.		_	-	-		3.10	3.60	-	. 48	.365	451
Miss.		-	_	-	_	3.20	3.55	-	.48	.367	454
E.S.Cent.	÷					3.35	3.55 4.00		54	403	461
Ārk.	÷	-				4.20	4.45		.55		492
La.	: -	-	-	•	-	3.50	3,90	-	<b>. 4</b> 8	.415	480
Okla.	: -	-	-	-		5.80	6.50	-	.80	.691	532
Tex.	<u>:</u>	<b>_</b>			_ = _	5.20	5.90 5.40		<u>. 68</u>	.611	543
W.S.Cent.	I					4.80	<u>5.40</u>	_,	.64	.566	522
Mont.	<b>167.0</b> 0	705.00	-	-	-	-	8.80	-	1.10	.837	447
Idaho	: 173.00	209.00	-	-	~	-	8.70	-	1.06	.832	502 450
Wyo.	: 154.00	199,00	-	-	-	-	7.90	-	1.21	.822	458 524
Colo.	: 150.00	189.00	~	•	-	-	7.80	-	.91 .69	.732 .5 <b>54</b>	504 504
N. Mex.	: 115.00	140.00	-	• •	-	-	5.90 7.00	-	.09 .75	.665	486
Ariz.	: 140.00	205.00	٠ ـ	-	-	<b>-</b>	7.80		1.05	.788	534
Utah Nev.	: 170.00 : 160.00	190.00	-	-	_	_	7.70_		1.05	.775	454
Mountain	153.00	- 189.00				- <u>-</u>	7.70		- <del>- 96</del>	746	492
Wesh.	186.00	221.00						T.02.		1.054	524
Oreg.	: 180.00	205.00	_	-	-	-	_	1.01	1.10	1.050	522
Calif.	175.00	230.00	· •	-	_	-	-	.97	1.03	.992	469
Pacific	778.00	225.00						<u></u>	1.05	1.013	480
Ŭ. S.	727.00	155.00	30.00	40.00	5,80	4.15	5,20	, 80	87	.664	506
				makad Pa			<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	+ 1 1	unimportent.

<sup>1/</sup> Certain wage rates are not estimated for some States because they are relatively unimportant. Z/ Adjusted for seasonal variation.

Farm wage rates: Wage rates by States and regions, July 1, 1953 1/

	. 9					- Day 3		- 70	To control	Com	Indexes of
State		norith	With	week :Without	· 155+5-	Per da	Without	rer			composite
and	: board	With	hoard	: board	·board	With	hoard	·With	board	rate	rates
region		house		: or		house		:house:	or	per	1910-14=100
0	room		room	: room	room				room	hour	2/
	2 Doll	ars	Dol	lars		Dollars	}		Dollars		
Maine		138.00	34.50	43.50		-	7.20	-	• 95	.782	471
N. H.	: 122.00	16 <b>8.</b> 00	36.00	49.50	-	-	8.20	-	1.00	.860	566
Vt.	: 121.00	156.00	33.00	43.00	-	-	8.00	-	1.00	.818	533
	: 130.00	180.00	36.50	48.50	-	-	8.20	-	1.06	.876	573
	: 130.00	180.00	35.50	48.50	-	-	8.00	-	1.06	.868	597 505
Conn. Yew Ing.	130.00	182.00	35.50	48.00	. <b></b> .		<u>- 7.80</u>	. <b></b> .	$-\frac{1.08}{1.01}$	<u>.866</u> .831	<u>585</u> -
	1 <u>21.00</u> 126.00	161.00 167.00	34.75 34.25	45.75 45.75	= _	_=-	7.80 8.00	<del>-</del>	- = . 55	- 843	$-\frac{372}{472}$
	: 138.00	188.00	34.75	48.00	-	_	7.90	_	.98	.848	561
Pe.	: 106.00	147.00	28.75	39.50	_	_	6.90	_	.91	.757	560
Mid. Atl.	119.00	161.00	32.00	43.25	. <del></del> -		- 7.50-	. – <u>-</u> –	95-	- 806	513 -
	120.00	146.00			6.00		7.40		<del> , 9</del> 8-	754	534
	: 110.00	145.00	-	-	5.60	-	6.80	_	1.00	<b>.7</b> 39	539
Ill.	: 137.00	172.00	-	-	6. 80		8.20	-	1.02	.815	564
Mich.	: 122.00	165.00	-	-	6.10		7.60	-	1.01	.780	524
Wis.	: 125.00	167.00	<b></b> .	~	6.00	_==_	7.50	_ = _	98_	767	<u>495</u> _
	122.00	157.00			<u>6.10</u>	_=_	7.50	= _	_ <u>[</u> . <u>0</u> 0_	.768	528
Minn.	: 131.00	157.00	-	-	7.00		8.60	-	T.04	7890	490
	: 137.00	163.00	-		7.50		9.30	-	1.09	.939 .754	503 596
	: 100.00 : 149.00	133.00 179.00		-	5.00 6.60		6.60 8.50	-	.93 1.02	.885	450
	: 137.00	160.00	-	-	6.80		8.70	_	1.03	.887	480
Nebr,	140.00	175.00	_	-	7.10	_	9.10	_	1.06	.918	537
Kans.	: 127.00	161.00	-	-	7.50		8,60		1.03	. 890	619
W. N. Cent.	126.00	156.00			6.70	<u>-</u>	- 8.30 - 6.80		<b>1.02</b>	-869	516
Del.	:=					5.50	6, 80		84	.724	
Md.	t	, ` 🛥	• • • • • •	•	′ <b>–</b>	.3.20	6.50	-	.86	.710	724
Va.	: -	-	-	-	-	4.30	5.40	-	. 67	.575	645
W. Va. N. C.	: ~	•	-	-		4.20 4.20	4.95	- ;	•63 •57	.536 .518	<b>4</b> 34 <b>61</b> 3
S. C. · ·	· · · · · · ·		_			3.15	5.00 3.70	-	.46	.396	5 <b>6</b> 9
Ge.		_	_	-	_	3.35	3.95	_	.51	.429	514
Fla.	· -	-	_	-	-	4.80	5.10	_	.72	.576	619
S. Atl.						4.00	4.80	- <del></del> -	- 60	-513	606
Ky.	;				7	3.60	4.65		64	.458	491
Tenn.	: -	-	-	-	-	3.20	3.95	-	.53	و393ء	446
Ala.	; -	-	-	-	-	3.20	3.70	-	.49	.375	474
Miss. E.S.Cent.	<u>;</u> =				_ = _	3.20	<u>3.70</u>	=_	• <u>49</u> _	375	$-\frac{463}{463}$
Ark.					- = -	3.3 <u>0</u> 4,15	- 4.05 - 4.45	_ = _	<u>54</u> - <u>54</u>	473	461 480
La.	• -	_	-	_	-	3.65	4.10	-	.49	•430	509
Okla.	· -	-	_	-	-	5.70	6.50	_	.78	.680	530
Tex.	•	-	-	-	-	5,00	5.70	-	,65	.586	<b>5</b> 15
V.S. Cent.		T = =		- `~ *		4,75	- <u>5.30</u> - <u>8.70</u>			.5 <b>5</b> 5	517
Mont.	: 167.00	204.00				_ = _	8,70		1.06		443
Idaho	: 171.00	217.00	₩`.	-	•	` -	9,20	-	1.07	,851	519
Wyo.	: 152.00	201.00	-				7,70	-	1.18	. 805	453
Colo.	: 142.00	190.00	-	-	-	-	7.90	-	•94	•733	525
N. Mex. Ariz.	: 112.00	156.00	-	(m)	-	•	6.00	<b>-</b> ,	.71	•567	516
Utah	155,00 190.00	200.00	-	-	-	-	7:00	-	.78	682	499 577
Nev.	168.00	190.00	<del>-</del>	• • • • • •	· •	, -	8.40. 8.00	=	1.10	.847 .803	5 <b>73</b> 465
	154.00	194.00				_=_	<u>_ 7.50</u>		- + . 57	755	<del>1</del> 93 -
Wash.	198.00	229.00			. – <u>-</u> =			1.07	- T.Tí-	1.069	543 -
Oreg	: 173.00	210.00	-	_	_	_	•	1.01	1,10	1.048	521
Calif.	185.00	240.00	•		-	-	_	•99	1.08	1.037	495
Pacific	186.00	233.00						1.01	_ I.09	1.045	500
U. s.	: 124.00	161.00	31.50	39.50	5.80	4.05	5.30	.81	-,89	.675	514
_ /											

<sup>2/</sup> Certain wage rates are not estimated for some States because they are relatively unimportant. Adjusted for seasonal variation.

# U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Washington 25, D. C.

Penalty for private use to avoid payment of postage \$300

### OFFICIAL BUSINESS

BAE - FL - 7/10/53 - 2500 Permit No. 1001

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