NASS
FACT FINDERS FOR AGRICULTURE
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Washington, D.C.

Vegetables

Released July 10, 2007, by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, U.S. Department of Agriculture. For information on *Vegetables* call Debbie Flippin at (202) 720-2157, office hours 7:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET.

Fresh Vegetable Harvested Area Down 1 Percent
Onion Harvested Area Down 3 Percent
Processed Vegetable Contracted Area Up 1 Percent

The prospective area for harvest of 11 selected fresh market vegetables during the summer quarter is forecast to be 296,600 acres, down 1 percent from last year. Acreage declines in snap beans, broccoli, celery, head lettuce, and bell peppers more than offset acreage increases in cabbage, carrots, sweet corn, cucumbers, and tomatoes. Cauliflower area remains unchanged. Area forecast for melon harvest is 123,800 acres, up 5 percent from last year. Cantaloup area is forecast at 38,300 acres, 2 percent below 2006. Honeydew area, at 13,900 acres, is down 7 percent from last year. Watermelon area, at 71,600 acres, is 13 percent above a year ago.

Strawberry production in the U.S. is forecast at 22.7 million cwt, 3 percent below 2006 for comparable States. Area harvested, at 45,000 acres, is virtually unchanged from last year. Strawberry yield is forecast at 504 cwt per acre, down 15 cwt from 2006.

Onion growers expect to harvest 159,680 acres of onions in 2007, down 3 percent from last year for comparable States. Spring onion growers harvested 31,500 acres, down 9 percent from last season. Summer, non-storage onion growers expect to harvest 19,900 acres, unchanged from a year ago. Storage onion growers plan to harvest 108,280 acres in 2007, down 2 percent from comparable States last season.

Vegetable processors have contracted 1.21 million acres to be planted to the 5 major vegetable crops (snap beans, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickles, green peas, and tomatoes). This is up 1 percent from last year for comparable States. Acreage increases for cucumbers for pickles, green peas, and tomatoes more than offset declines in snap beans and sweet corn. Green pea contracted production, at 409,940 tons, up 1 percent from 2006. Contracted tomato production is forecast at 12.3 million tons, up 17 percent from 2006 for comparable States.

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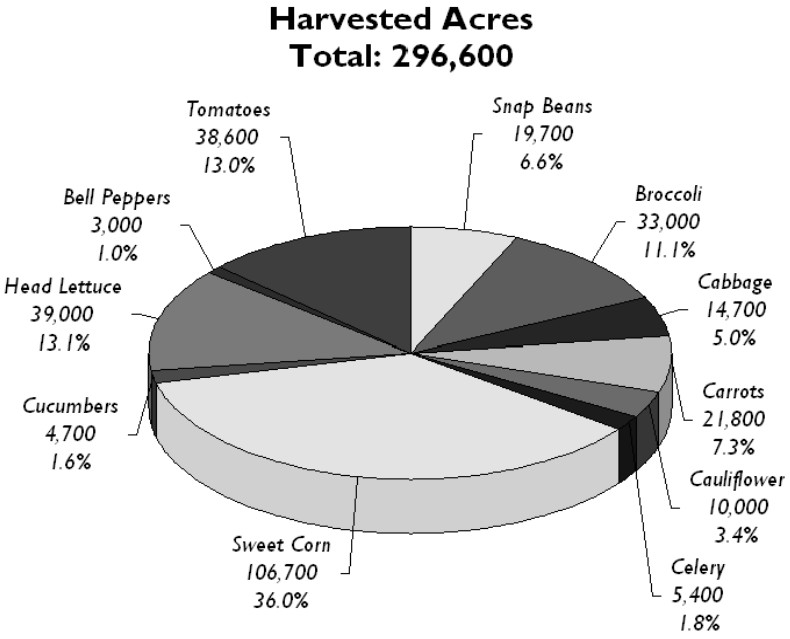
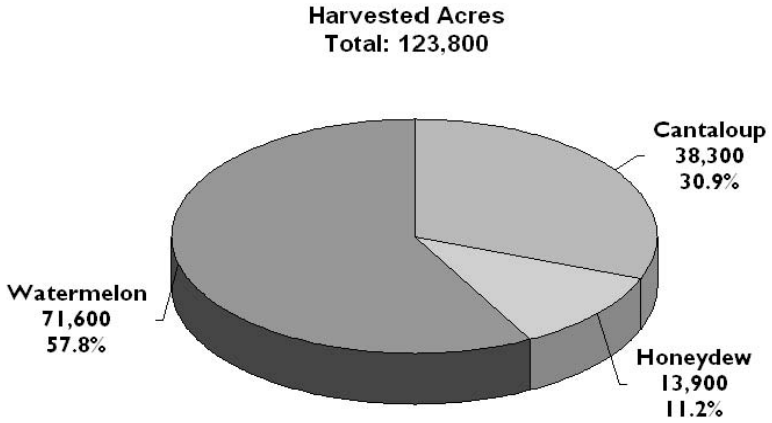
Summer Season Fresh Market Vegetables: 2007



Summer Season Fresh Market Melons: 2007



Selected Fresh Market Vegetables and Melons: Area Harvested by Season, and Crop, Major States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007 (Domestic Units)

Season and Crop	Area		
	Harvested		For Harvest
	2005	2006	2007
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*
Winter	183,900	179,200	179,200
Spring	282,900	282,800	274,600
Summer			
Snap Beans	18,800	20,900	19,700
Broccoli [1]	33,000	34,000	33,000
Cabbage	12,700	13,300	14,700
Carrots	17,500	18,500	21,800
Cauliflower [1]	9,000	10,000	10,000
Celery [1]	5,900	5,500	5,400
Sweet Corn	106,800	106,400	106,700
Cucumbers	5,100	4,300	4,700
Head Lettuce	44,900	44,600	39,000
Bell Peppers [1]	3,200	3,200	3,000
Tomatoes	39,400	38,300	38,600
Total 11 Vegetables	296,300	299,000	296,600
Cantaloup	39,500	39,100	38,300
Honeydew	15,400	15,000	13,900
Watermelon	56,800	63,400	71,600
Total 3 Melons	111,700	117,500	123,800
Total Summer Crop	408,000	416,500	420,400

[1] Includes fresh market and processing.

Selected Fresh Market Vegetables and Melons: Area Harvested by Season, and Crop, Major States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007 (Metric Units)

Season and Crop	Area		
	Harvested		For Harvest
	2005	2006	2007
	Hectares	*Hectares*	*Hectares*
Winter	74,420	72,520	72,520
Spring	114,490	114,450	111,130
Summer			
Snap Beans	7,610	8,460	7,970
Broccoli [1]	13,350	13,760	13,350
Cabbage	5,140	5,380	5,950
Carrots	7,080	7,490	8,820
Cauliflower [1]	3,640	4,050	4,050
Celery [1]	2,390	2,230	2,190
Sweet Corn	43,220	43,060	43,180
Cucumbers	2,060	1,740	1,900
Head Lettuce	18,170	18,050	15,780
Bell Peppers [1]	1,300	1,300	1,210
Tomatoes	15,940	15,500	15,620
Total 11 Vegetables [2]	119,910	121,000	120,030
Cantaloup	15,990	15,820	15,500
Honeydew	6,230	6,070	5,630
Watermelon	22,990	25,660	28,980
Total 3 Melons [2]	45,200	47,550	50,100
Total Summer Crop [2]	165,110	168,550	170,130

[1] Includes fresh market and processing.
[2] Totals may not add due to rounding.

Selected Fresh Market Vegetables and Melons: Area Harvested by Crop, State, and Total, Summer Season, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007

Crop and State	Usual Harvest Period	Area		
		Harvested		For Harvest 2007
		2005	2006	
		Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*
Snap Beans				
GA	Jun-Sep	3,300	3,800	3,800
MI	Jul-Oct	4,100	3,600	3,800
NY	Jul-Oct	8,100	10,300	8,900
VA	Jul-Sep	3,300	3,200	3,200
Total		18,800	20,900	19,700
Broccoli [1]				
CA	Jul-Sep	33,000	34,000	33,000
Cabbage				
GA	Jul-Sep	1,200	1,000	700
MI	Jun-Nov	1,700	1,800	1,700
NY	Jun-Dec	9,800	10,500	12,300
Total		12,700	13,300	14,700
Cantaloup				
CA	Jul-Sep	33,200	33,200	33,200
GA	Jun-Sep	2,000	2,200	1,800
SC	Jun-Oct	1,100	1,100	1,100
TX	Jul-Sep	3,200	2,600	2,200
Total		39,500	39,100	38,300
Carrots				
CA	Jul-Sep	14,500	16,000	19,000
MI	Jul-Nov	3,000	2,500	2,800
Total		17,500	18,500	21,800
Cauliflower [1]				
CA	Jul-Sep	9,000	10,000	10,000
Celery [1]				
CA	Jul-Sep	5,900	5,500	5,400
Sweet Corn				
CA	Jul-Sep	9,600	9,400	9,500
IL	Jul-Sep	6,200	6,500	6,600
MI	Jul-Oct	8,000	8,300	8,700
NJ	Jul-Oct	7,100	7,000	7,300
NY	Jul-Oct	28,200	26,800	26,900
NC	Jun-Aug	7,000	8,000	7,800
OH	Jul-Sep	16,100	16,000	16,300
PA	Jul-Oct	17,700	17,400	17,000
WI	Jul-Sep	6,900	7,000	6,600
Total		106,800	106,400	106,700

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Selected Fresh Market Vegetables and Melons: Area Harvested by Crop, State, and Total, Summer Season, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007 (continued)

Crop and State	Usual Harvest Period	Area		
		Harvested		For Harvest 2007
		2005	2006	
		Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*
Cucumbers				
NJ	Jul-Oct	3,200	3,300	3,500
VA	Jul-Sep	1,900	1,000	1,200
Total		5,100	4,300	4,700
Honeydew				
AZ	May-Jul	3,300	3,700	3,000
CA	Jul-Sep	12,100	11,300	10,900
Total		15,400	15,000	13,900
Head Lettuce				
CA	Jul-Sep	43,000	43,000	37,000
CO	Jun-Oct	1,900	1,600	2,000
Total		44,900	44,600	39,000
Bell Peppers [1]				
NJ	Jul-Oct	3,200	3,200	3,000
Tomatoes				
CA	Jul-Sep	23,000	22,000	22,000
MI	Jul-Sep	2,000	2,000	2,200
NJ	Jul-Oct	3,000	2,900	2,900
NY	Jul-Oct	2,000	2,000	2,700
PA	Jul-Oct	3,800	3,600	3,400
VA	Jul-Sep	5,600	5,800	5,400
Total		39,400	38,300	38,600
Watermelon				
CA	Jul-Sep	10,400	11,300	12,100
GA	Jul-Sep	25,000	29,000	38,000
MS	Jun-Sep	2,900	3,100	2,900
SC	May-Aug	7,000	7,500	7,000
TX	Jul-Sep	11,500	12,500	11,600
Total		56,800	63,400	71,600

[1] Includes fresh market and processing.

Fresh Market Crop Comments

Snap Beans: Summer fresh market area for harvest is forecast at 19,700 acres, down 6 percent from last year. In New York, planting of the snap bean crop was delayed by dry fields. Michigan's crop emerged in good condition. Early planted snap beans began to bud as growers continued to monitor for pests. By mid-June, the crop was progressing well with minimal damage from windy conditions. In Georgia, the crop is reported to be in fair to good condition despite dry weather this growing season. Wisconsin's crop is progressing well with minimal disease problems reported.

Broccoli: California's area for summer harvest is forecast at 33,000 acres, down 3 percent from last year. Growing conditions in the coastal districts have been ideal for the broccoli crop. Warm temperatures have prevailed throughout the State. The crop is expected to be stable despite water supply concerns.

Cabbage: Fresh market area for harvest is forecast at 14,700 acres, up 11 percent from 2006. New York cabbage is progressing well despite dry weather conditions. There have been no reported problems with the crop this season. Georgia's crop is in fair to good condition. In Michigan, early planted cabbage began to show new growth in the beginning of May. The crop was reported to be in excellent condition at the beginning of June, however, there were reports of insect problems in some fields. By mid-June, early planted crops were being harvested.

Cantaloup: Summer cantaloup area for harvest is forecast at 38,300 acres, down 2 percent from 2006. In California, harvest of the summer melon crop is expected to be behind schedule due to delayed plantings. No major insect or disease problems have been reported. In Georgia, growers report the crop is in fair to good condition. South Carolina experienced a freeze during the Easter weekend causing some producers to replant the melon crop. After the freeze, dry conditions prevailed throughout the State. However, June began with Tropical Depression Barry bringing much needed rainfall to most of the State.

Carrots: Area for fresh market harvest is forecast at 21,800 acres, up 18 percent from last year. In California, carrots are in high demand. Recent warmer temperatures are expected to help crop growth and yields. Growers in the Bakersfield area are beginning to see yield improvements. Planting began in Michigan at the end of April and was complete by mid-May. Growers were applying herbicides in the beginning of June and there were some reports of damping off problems in some fields. The crop is in good condition with minor scattered disease and pest problems.

Cauliflower: California's area for summer harvest is forecast at 10,000 acres, unchanged from 2006. Warm temperatures have sped up growth, resulting in gaps in harvesting. However, the cauliflower market is strong and quality of the crop is good with white to off-white color.

Celery: California's summer area for harvest is forecast at 5,400 acres, down 2 percent from 2006. The summer celery crop is in good condition with no pest or disease problems reported. Yields are reported to be average to above average in Salinas and Santa Maria due to excellent growing and harvesting conditions.

Sweet Corn: Fresh market area for harvest is forecast at 106,700 acres, up slightly from last year. Planting in New York progressed well and the crop is reported to be good this season despite the lack of rainfall. In Pennsylvania, cool spring temperatures and a severe frost in mid-May disrupted planting and delayed germination. Some of the fresh market acres planted in mid-April were nipped by the frost. In California, the sweet corn crop is in excellent condition. However, there is concern about surface irrigation water supplies, particularly in central California. Some growers have put in wells to minimize the impact of surface water curtailments. In Illinois, favorable weather provided excellent planting conditions. Late May and early June were very dry, but timely rains later in June provided much needed moisture during ear development. Ear worm and corn borer flights have been reported, prompting farmers to apply insecticides in some areas of the State. Planting of the Michigan crop began on schedule in late April. Temperatures were warmer than normal, however, growing conditions were reported to be good going into June. Stewert's bacterial wilt and European corn borers were noted in some fields in mid-June. New Jersey's sweet corn planting was delayed due to cold and wet spring conditions. However, growing conditions were favorable in May and June. The crop is reported to be in good to excellent condition. In North Carolina, planting was hindered by dry conditions with some acreage being replanted up to three times.

Cucumbers: Area for summer harvest is forecast at 4,700 acres, up 9 percent from 2006. New Jersey's early crop is in good condition. However, higher temperatures are needed for plant growth. Light harvest began in early July. In Virginia, weather conditions have been favorable for the cucumber crop.

Honeydew: Fresh market area for summer harvest is forecast at 13,900 acres, down 7 percent from last year. Harvest of the California crop is behind schedule due to delayed plantings. No major insect or disease problems have been reported. Harvest in Arizona began around May 12. Cucurbit Yellow stunting disorder virus was reported in melon fields across the State. The growing season is expected to end by early July.

Head Lettuce: Area for summer harvest is forecast at 39,000 acres, down 13 percent from last year. Planted acreage in California is down due to strong competition from regional growing areas. Lettuce fields are being weeded, irrigated, fertilized, and treated to control insects and mildew. In Colorado, wind and freeze damage in the San Luis Valley are expected to reduce production and yield this season. Irrigation water continues to be sufficient.

Bell Peppers: New Jersey's area for summer harvest is forecast at 3,000 acres, down 6 percent from 2006. Planting was delayed due to cold spring weather. Growing conditions are reported to be fair. Volume is expected to begin by mid-July.

Tomatoes: Fresh market area for summer harvest is forecast at 38,600 acres, up 1 percent from last year. California's summer crop was planted with no major problems reported. Plentiful supplies continue for the round and Roma tomatoes in southern California. Michigan growers began planting by the beginning of May in low tunnels. Growth in and out of the tunnels was progressing well by the end of May. Early plantings began to bloom and transplanting of tomatoes continued until mid-June. In New Jersey, cold overnight temperatures during May stalled tomato growth. Hot and humid weather in late June benefitted plant development. Harvest will start the second week of July. No problems have been reported for the crop this season. In Pennsylvania, moisture and a severe late frost in mid-May delayed planting by one to two weeks. Some growers in the southern areas of the State were able to start planting by the middle of April. However, most of the tomato planting began in late May and early June. Drought conditions abound throughout much of the State with the Harrisburg area reporting at 4.4 inches below normal for precipitation. In Virginia, a dry and mild spring was favorable for the tomato crop. Tomato acres in the Commonwealth have declined due to high input cost.

Watermelon: Summer area for harvest is forecast at 71,600 acres, up 13 percent from 2006. The Georgia crop is in fair to good condition despite dry conditions. California's harvest was behind schedule due to delayed plantings. No major insect or disease problems have been reported. In Mississippi, irrigated and non-irrigated melons have developed well despite the unusually warm dry weather. The watermelon crop is expected to be sweeter than normal due to clear weather and lack of rain. South Carolina experienced a freeze during the Easter weekend causing some producers to replant the melon crop. After the freeze, drought like conditions affected crop progress and development throughout the State. However, June began with Tropical Depression Barry bringing much needed rainfall across most of the State. Harvest of the Texas crop was on schedule in the Rio Grande Valley. Rainfall has been sufficient and the melon crop looks good.

Strawberries: Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by State and Total, 2005-2006 and Forecasted 2007 [1]

Season and State	Area			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest						
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Cwt*	*Cwt*	*Cwt*	*1,000 Cwt*	*1,000 Cwt*	*1,000 Cwt*
CA	34,300	35,800	35,500	600	590	570	20,580	21,163	20,235
FL [2]	7,300	7,300	7,500	245	280	300	1,789	2,044	2,250
OR	2,200	2,100	2,000	115	110	107	250	230	214
Major Sts Total	43,800	45,200	45,000	516	519	504	22,619	23,437	22,699

[1] Includes fresh market and processing.
[2] 2007 forecast carried forward from *Vegetables*, released April 3, 2007.

Strawberry Production Down 3 Percent from 2006

Strawberries: Strawberry production in the U.S. is forecast at 22.7 million cwt, 3 percent below comparable States in 2006. Area harvested, at 45,000 acres, is virtually unchanged from last year. California acreage is down 1 percent from 2006. In late May, cool foggy weather in the central California coastal areas hindered strawberry production. Production from the Salinas Watsonville area rebounded from the slow start. Peak season is normally in mid-June, however, it was expected to start in early to mid-July. In Oregon, weather conditions have been favorable for the strawberry crop. Spring conditions were warm and dry, but temperatures cooled down just in time for harvest. Slower ripening allowed growers to stretch their harvest. June 12 was the peak of harvest for Oregon strawberries. Plenty of fresh strawberries are being sold at farmer's markets, fruit stands, and u-pick operations throughout the Willamette Valley.

Onions: Area Planted and Harvested, and Yield Per Acre by Season, State, and United States, 2006 and Forecasted 2007 [1]

Season and State	Area Planted		Area Harvested		Yield per Acre	
	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Cwt*	*Cwt*
Spring [2]						
AZ	1,000	1,200	1,000	1,200	490	450
CA	8,100	7,700	7,900	7,500	415	420
GA	14,000	12,500	10,500	12,000	310	300
TX	17,700	12,500	15,200	10,800	270	360
Total	40,800	33,900	34,600	31,500	322	355
Summer						
Non-storage [2]						
CA	9,800	8,900	9,400	8,500	560	530
NV	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	720	800
NM	6,000	6,500	5,500	6,300	480	525
TX	1,000	1,100	900	1,000	240	400
WA [3]	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	380	380
Total	20,900	20,600	19,900	19,900	531	546
Storage [4]						
CA [5]	33,100	31,600	31,800	30,200	425	
CO	10,000	10,000	9,500	9,500	400	
ID	9,700	9,400	9,400	9,200	540	
MI	2,700	2,600	2,600	2,500	250	
NY	14,100	12,400	12,800	11,700	330	
OR						
Malheur	11,700	12,000	11,700	11,900	520	
Other	8,400	8,500	8,400	8,500	550	
WA	20,000	21,000	20,000	21,000	600	
WI	1,900	1,800	1,900	1,700	300	
Oth Sts [6]	2,280	2,180	2,180	2,080	378	
Total	113,880	111,480	110,280	108,280	466	
Total Summer	134,780	132,080	130,180	128,180	476	
US	175,580	165,980	164,780	159,680	443	
Processed [7]						

[1] Estimates for 2006 revised.
[2] Primarily fresh market.
[3] Includes Walla Walla and other non-storage onions.
[4] Yield and production for 2007 will be published October 4, 2007.
[5] Primarily dehydrated and other processing.
[6] OH and UT.
[7] CA only, acreage and yield are not available.

Onions: Production, Shrinkage and Loss by Season, State, and United States, 2005-2006 and Production Forecasted 2007 [1]

Season and State	Production			Shrinkage and Loss	
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006
	1,000 Cwt	*1,000 Cwt*	*1,000 Cwt*	*1,000 Cwt*	*1,000 Cwt*
Spring [2]					
AZ	920	490	540		
CA	3,800	3,279	3,150		
GA	2,205	3,255	3,600		
TX	4,650	4,104	3,888		
Total	11,575	11,128	11,178		
Summer					
Non-storage [2]					
CA	5,115	5,264	4,505		
NV	2,112	1,872	2,080		
NM	3,392	2,640	3,308		
TX	333	216	400		
WA [3]	518	570	570		
Total	11,470	10,562	10,863		
Storage [4]					
CA [5]	12,240	13,515		250	250
CO	4,180	3,800		500	380
ID	6,080	5,076		850	910
MI	754	650		150	130
NY	3,808	4,224		650	1,394
OR					
Malheur	7,360	6,084		740	850
Other	2,808	4,620		390	600
WA	11,700	12,000		1,400	1,200
WI	660	570		70	60
Oth Sts [6]	869	825		98	74
Total	50,459	51,364		5,098	5,848
Summer	61,929	61,926		5,098	5,848
US	73,504	73,054		5,098	5,848
Processed [7]	8,290	9,365			

[1] Estimates for 2006 revised. Shrinkage and loss for 2007 will be published in the *Vegetables 2007 Summary*, released January 2008.
[2] Primarily fresh market.
[3] Includes Walla Walla and other non-storage onions.
[4] Yield and production for 2007 will be published October 4, 2007.
[5] Primarily dehydrated and other processing.
[6] 2005 - MN and OH.
2006 - OH and UT.
[7] CA only, shrinkage and loss not available.

Onions: Price and Value by Season, State, and United States, 2005-2006 [1]

Season and State	Value Per Cwt		Total Value	
	2005	2006	2005	2006
	Dollars	*Dollars*	*1,000 Dollars*	*1,000 Dollars*
Spring [2]				
AZ	10.20	9.00	9,384	4,410
CA	12.40	9.30	47,120	30,495
GA	29.70	25.20	65,489	82,026
TX	29.70	20.00	138,105	82,080
Total	22.50	17.90	260,098	199,011
Summer				
Non-storage [2]				
CA	11.00	12.40	56,265	65,274
NV	15.00	18.00	31,680	33,696
NM	15.80	17.40	53,594	45,936
TX	33.70	34.00	11,222	7,344
WA [3]	23.60	22.40	12,225	12,768
Total	14.40	15.60	164,986	165,018
Storage				
CA [4]	8.49	9.15	101,741	121,407
CO	15.10	18.40	55,568	62,928
ID	8.00	17.10	41,840	71,239
MI	13.00	14.60	7,852	7,592
NY	15.20	19.40	48,002	54,902
OR				
Malheur	7.60	17.30	50,312	90,548
Other	6.70	10.60	16,201	42,612
WA	8.80	12.30	90,640	132,840
WI	8.60	10.90	5,074	5,559
Oth Sts [5]	8.41	11.10	6,484	8,362
Total	9.34	13.10	423,714	597,989
Summer	10.40	13.60	588,700	763,007
US	12.40	14.30	848,798	962,018
Processed [6]	7.14	7.80	59,191	73,047

[1] 2006 revised.
[2] Primarily fresh market.
[3] Includes Walla Walla and other non-storage onions.
[4] Primarily dehydrated and other processing.
[5] 2005 - MN and OH.
2006 - OH and UT.
[6] CA only.

Onion Crop Comments

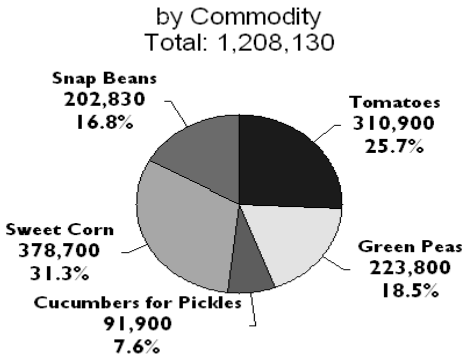
Spring Onions: Production of spring onions in 2007 is forecast at 11.2 million cwt, up slightly from last year. The crop is produced on 31,500 harvested acres. The average yield is 355 cwt per acre, 33 cwt above 2006. In west Texas, spring onion transplants have begun to bulb. The 2006 drought adversely affected spring planting. Heavy rains in late May and early June halted onion harvest in some areas and resulted in some production losses. In California, planting of spring onions began by early November under favorable conditions. Freezing temperatures caused some localized damage while other growing regions reported good to exceptional production. There were few reports of mildew problems. In Georgia, rainfall during the winter months was near normal while rainfall during the spring was well below normal. The State is currently under severe drought conditions. Disease problems for the onion crop have been minimal. Irrigation use was active this season. The crop is in good condition and yields are higher than anticipated. Harvest was virtually complete by the end of May, which is one to two weeks ahead of normal.

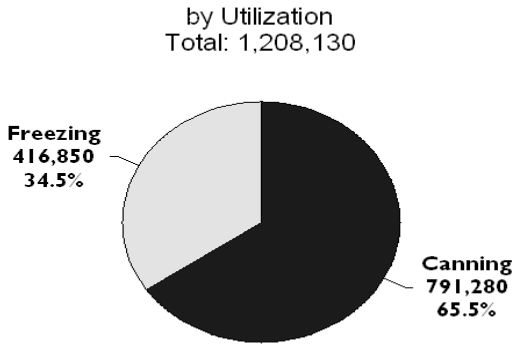
Summer, Non-Storage Onions: Production of non-storage onions is forecast at 10.9 million cwt, up 3 percent from last year. Harvested area covers 19,900 acres, unchanged from 2006. California non-storage summer onion growers noted rain delays during planting. Early mild temperatures and timely rainfall after planting helped the crop to progress well. No major disease problems were reported. Cool temperatures slowed development which delayed harvest up to several weeks in the San Joaquin region. Some growers reported heavy seeders. In Nevada, the onion crop is reported to be in very good condition. Well irrigation is predominate in the onion fields, therefore, diminished surface water supplies had little impact. In New Mexico, harvest was well underway. Quality of the crop is reported to be excellent.

Summer, Storage Onions: Growers expect to harvest 108,280 acres of storage onions this year, down 2 percent from last year for comparable States. In California, storage summer onion growers noted rain delays during planting. Early mild temperatures and timely rainfall after planting helped the crop to progress well. No major disease problems were reported. Cool temperatures slowed development delaying harvest up to several weeks in the San Joaquin region. Colorado's growing areas experienced hot and dry conditions throughout much of the growing season. Dry weather, hail, and thrip damage had a large impact on production. In Idaho, planting was delayed due to a wet spring followed by an extremely hot summer. Weather conditions, disease, and pests contributed to reduced yields. In Michigan, onion planting is nearly complete showing good growth towards the middle of May. Growth continued to show progress throughout the season but slowed in mid-June due to cooler temperatures. In New York, a cool and wet spring in Orange county flooded onion fields in May resulting in some acreage loss. Later, hot dry weather across the State caused onion seedlings to shrivel. Some replanting has been necessary. In Malheur County Oregon, wet weather conditions during spring hindered planting. Hot summer temperatures adversely affected crop development. Reports of thrip problems resulted from the summer heat. In the "Other Area" of Oregon, planting was delayed due to very wet conditions during spring. In Washington, the onion crop is reported to be in good condition.

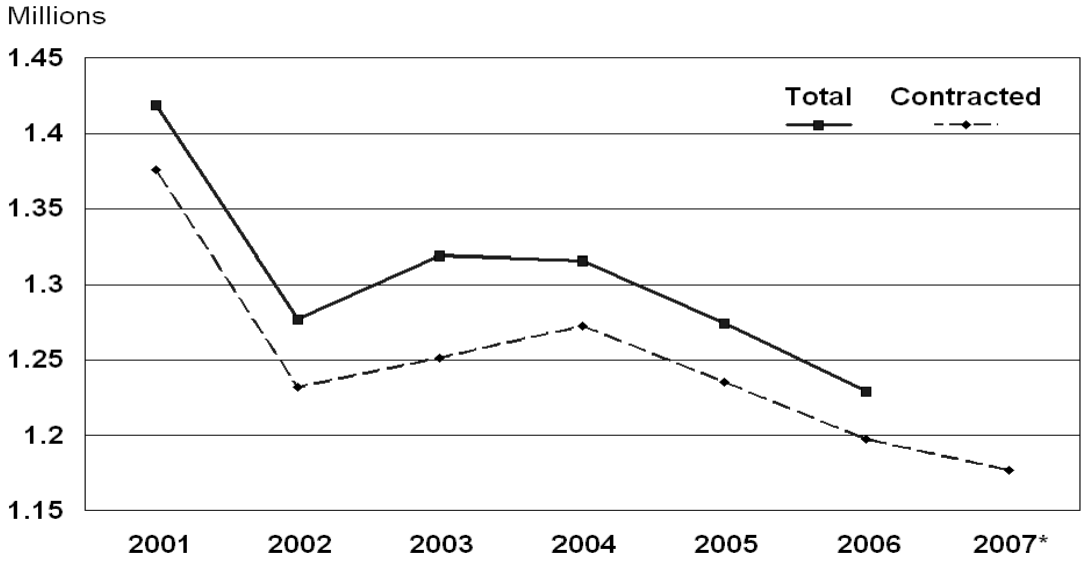
2006 Storage Onions, Revised: The final tally of 2006 storage onion production is 51.4 million cwt, up 2 percent from 2005. Harvested area, at 110,280 acres, is up 1 percent from 2005. Average yield of 466 cwt per acre is 2 cwt above 2005. The 2006 storage crop is valued at $598 million, an increase of 41 percent from 2005. Average price per cwt increased from $9.34 in 2005 to $13.10 in 2006. With spring and non-storage summer onions added in, total value of the 2006 harvested onions is $962 million, up 13 percent from 2005.

2007 Processing Vegetables, Contracted Area Planted
5 Major Crops





5 Major Processed Vegetables: Total and Contracted Acres
United States, 2001-2007



* Preliminary, total for 2007 not yet available.

Processing Vegetables: Area Planted, Production, and Utilization by Crop, United States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted 2007 (Domestic Units)

Utilization and Crop	Area Planted			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*
All Processing				
Snap Beans	210,230	211,920	206,551	202,830
Sweet Corn	421,510	394,400	394,400	378,700
Cucumbers for Pickles	114,000	107,400	86,200	91,900
Green Peas	218,600	215,100	212,800	223,800
Tomatoes	285,840	300,700	297,690	310,900
Total	1,250,180	1,229,520	1,197,641	1,208,130
Canning				
Snap Beans	147,330	142,580	139,741	125,680
Sweet Corn	227,000	197,600	197,600	180,300
Cucumbers for Pickles	114,000	107,400	86,200	91,900
Green Peas	93,500	90,600	90,600	82,500
Tomatoes	285,840	300,700	297,690	310,900
Total Canning	867,670	838,880	811,831	791,280
Freezing				
Snap Beans	62,900	69,340	66,810	77,150
Sweet Corn	194,510	196,800	196,800	198,400
Green Peas	125,100	124,500	122,200	141,300
Total Freezing	382,510	390,640	385,810	416,850
	Production			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Tons	*Tons*	*Tons*	*Tons*
All Processing				
Green Peas	383,120	409,850	405,270	409,940
Tomatoes	10,193,120	10,611,820	10,531,665	12,347,140
Total	10,576,240	11,021,670	10,936,935	12,757,080

[1] Includes acreage from major brokers.

Processing Vegetables: Area Planted, Production, and Utilization by Crop, United States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted 2007 (Metric Units)

Utilization and Crop	Area Planted			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Hectares	*Hectares*	*Hectares*	*Hectares*
All Processing				
Snap Beans	85,080	85,760	83,590	82,080
Sweet Corn	170,580	159,610	159,610	153,260
Cucumbers for Pickles	46,130	43,460	34,880	37,190
Green Peas	88,470	87,050	86,120	90,570
Tomatoes	115,680	121,690	120,470	125,820
Total [2 3]	505,940	497,570	484,670	488,920
Canning				
Snap Beans	59,620	57,700	56,550	50,860
Sweet Corn	91,860	79,970	79,970	72,970
Cucumbers for Pickles	46,130	43,460	34,880	37,190
Green Peas	37,840	36,660	36,660	33,390
Tomatoes	115,680	121,690	120,470	125,820
Total Canning [2]	351,140	339,490	328,540	320,220
Freezing				
Snap Beans	25,460	28,060	27,040	31,220
Sweet Corn	78,720	79,640	79,640	80,290
Green Peas	50,630	50,380	49,450	57,180
Total Freezing [2]	154,800	158,090	156,130	168,700
	Production			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Metric Tons	*Metric Tons*	*Metric Tons*	*Metric Tons*
All Processing				
Green Peas	347,560	371,810	367,650	371,890
Tomatoes	9,246,990	9,626,830	9,554,120	11,201,080
Total [2]	9,594,550	9,998,640	9,921,770	11,572,970

[1] Includes acreage from major brokers.
[2] Totals may not add due to rounding.
[3] Utilization may not add to total crop because of rounding.

Snap Beans for Processing: Area Planted and Contracted by State and United States, and Utilization by United States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007

State and Utilization	Area Planted			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*
FL	2,100	3,300	2,800	2,400
IL	18,000	15,800	14,200	13,900
IN	5,700	5,600	5,600	5,100
MI	17,000	19,000	19,000	22,700
NY [2]	21,400	22,200	20,600	
OR	18,600	18,900	18,900	18,100
PA	9,900	10,900	9,800	9,200
WI	77,100	73,500	73,500	72,800
Oth Sts [3] [4]	40,430	42,720	42,151	58,630
US	210,230	211,920	206,551	202,830
Canning	147,330	142,580	139,741	125,680
Freezing	62,900	69,340	66,810	77,150

[1] Includes acreage from major brokers.
[2] 2007 data not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
[3] 2005 - AR, CA, DE, GA, MD, MN, MO, NJ, NC, TX, and VA.
2006 - CA, DE, GA, MD, MN, NJ, NC, TX, and VA.
2007 - CA, DE, GA, MD, MN, NJ, NY, NC, TX, and VA.
[4] Seasonal forecasts for AR and MO are not available. Estimates to be published in the *Vegetables 2007 Summary*, released in January 2008.

Sweet Corn for Processing: Area Planted and Contracted by State and United States, and Utilization by United States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007

State and Utilization	Area Planted			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*
DE [2]	7,300	4,700	4,700	
MD	6,700	6,300	6,300	6,300
MN	143,500	135,200	135,200	121,600
NY [2]	19,400	18,400	18,400	
OR	23,200	26,100	26,100	20,400
PA [2]	1,300	1,200	1,200	
WA	81,900	80,200	80,200	85,300
WI	97,400	86,200	86,200	89,500
Oth Sts [3]	40,810	36,100	36,100	55,600
US	421,510	394,400	394,400	378,700
Canning	227,000	197,600	197,600	180,300
Freezing	194,510	196,800	196,800	198,400

[1] Includes acreage from major brokers.
[2] 2007 data not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
[3] 2005 - ID, IL, IA, NJ, TN, and VA.
2006 - ID, IL, IA, NJ, and TN.
2007 - DE, ID, IL, IA, NJ, NY, PA, TN, and VA.

Cucumbers for Pickles: Area Planted and Contracted by State and United States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007

State	Area Planted					
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]		
		Total	Contract [1]	Early	Late	All
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*
FL [2]	6,500	6,700	5,700			6,000
IN	1,700	1,600	1,600	1,500		1,500
MD [3]	3,000	3,200	1,300			
MI	34,000	34,000	24,600	31,000		31,000
NC [2]	16,200	11,100	9,400			9,200
OH	3,400	3,100	2,600	2,500		2,500
SC	4,800	3,500	3,500	2,400	600	3,000
TX	8,000	8,200	8,000	6,500	1,500	8,000
WI	4,600	4,800	4,800	5,100		5,100
Oth Sts [4] [5]	31,800	31,200	24,700	32,100	8,700	25,600
US	114,000	107,400	86,200	81,100	10,800	91,900

[1] Includes acreage from major brokers.
[2] Early and late acreage not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
[3] 2007 data not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
[4] 2005 - AL, CA, DE, GA, MA, MO, and WA.
2006 - AL, CA, DE, GA, and MO.
2007 - AL, CA, DE, GA, MD, and MO.
[5] Seasonal forecasts for WA are not available. Estimates to be published in the *Vegetables 2007 Summary*, releasesd January 2008.

Green Peas for Processing: Area Planted, Harvested, Yield and Production and Contracted by State and United States, and Utilization by United States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted Area 2007

State and Utilization	Area Planted			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*
DE	6,000	5,800	3,500	5,800
MN [2]	77,200	86,700	86,700	
NY [2]	20,600	19,500	19,500	
OR	16,200	17,600	17,600	24,400
WA	37,100	34,300	34,300	36,900
WI	40,200	31,900	31,900	44,400
Oth Sts [3]	21,300	19,300	19,300	112,300
US	218,600	215,100	212,800	223,800
Canning	93,500	90,600	90,600	82,500
Freezing	125,100	124,500	122,200	141,300

	Area Harvested			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*
DE	6,000	5,400	3,100	5,500
MN [2]	76,200	80,200	80,200	
NY [2]	19,900	17,400	17,400	
OR	16,100	16,200	16,200	20,700
WA	36,700	32,100	32,100	36,900
WI	39,400	31,000	31,000	42,700
Oth Sts [3]	20,500	17,700	17,700	106,200
US	214,800	200,000	197,700	212,000

	Yield per Acre			Production			
	2005 Total	2006 Total	2007 Contract [1]	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
					Total	Contract [1]	
	Tons	*Tons*	*Tons*	*Tons*	*Tons*	*Tons*	*Tons*
DE	1.50	2.05	1.90	9,000	11,070	6,490	10,450
MN [2]	1.38	1.62		105,100	130,190	130,190	
NY [2]	1.49	2.22		29,660	38,700	38,700	
OR	1.93	2.52	2.00	31,040	40,800	40,800	41,400
WA	2.43	2.51	2.40	89,140	80,480	80,480	88,560
WI	1.87	2.11	2.15	73,650	65,410	65,410	91,810
Oth Sts [3]	2.22	2.44	1.67	45,530	43,200	43,200	177,720
US	1.78	2.05	1.93	383,120	409,850	405,270	409,940

[1] Includes acreage from major brokers.
[2] 2007 data not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
[3] 2005 - CA, ID, IL, MD, and NJ.
2006 - CA, ID, IL, MD, and NJ.
2007 - ID, IL, MD, MN, NJ, and NY.

Tomatoes for Processing: Area Planted, Production and Contracted by State and United States, 2005-2006 and Forecasted 2007

State	Area Planted			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Acres	*Acres*	*Acres*	*Acres*
CA	267,000	283,000	280,000	293,000
IN	8,300	8,000	8,000	8,400
MI [2]		3,300	3,300	3,400
OH	6,200	6,400	6,390	6,100
Oth Sts [3 4]	4,340			
US	285,840	300,700	297,690	310,900
	Production			
	2005 Total	2006		2007 Contract [1]
		Total	Contract [1]	
	Tons	*Tons*	*Tons*	*Tons*
CA	9,600,000	10,104,000	10,024,000	11,800,000
IN	266,470	225,500	225,500	258,440
MI [2]		115,500	115,500	118,000
OH	175,280	166,820	166,665	170,700
Oth Sts [3 4]	151,370			
US	10,193,120	10,611,820	10,531,665	12,347,140

[1] Includes acreage from major brokers.
[2] 2005 data not published to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
[3] 2005 - MD, MI, and NJ.
[4] MD and NJ dropped from the national estimating program in 2006.

Processing Crop Comments

Snap Beans: Processors contracted 202,830 acres for harvest in 2007, down 2 percent from the previous year for comparable States. Canning area, at 125,680 acres, is down 10 percent from last year for comparable States. Area contracted for freezing, at 77,150 acres, is up 15 percent for comparable States. In Wisconsin, the crop is progressing well with minimal disease problems reported. Planting in New York was delayed due to dry fields. Indiana farmers reported that early vegetable planting went well due to dry weather from May into early June. Weather conditions remained dry and hot until the third week in June when scattered showers and storm fronts moved across the State. Michigan's crop emerged by the beginning of June. Early planted snap beans were budding and growers continued to monitor for pests. Water availability is currently below normal in Oregon. Warm temperatures from May to June continued to melt the remaining snow pack, and reservoirs began to draw down earlier than normal in order to supply irrigators. In Pennsylvania, moisture and a severe late frost during mid-May delayed planting by a week. Drought conditions were reported in many areas of the State with the Harrisburg area currently at 4.4 inches below normal for precipitation.

Sweet Corn: Processors contracted 378,700 acres for harvest in 2007, down 4 percent from last year. Canning area, at 180,300 acres, is down 9 percent from 2006. Area contracted for freezing, at 198,400 acres, is up 1 percent from last year. In Minnesota, planting was delayed by cold, wet conditions in early April. Above normal temperatures in late April and the beginning of May helped planting progress. As of June 3, sweet corn planting was 78 percent complete. In Washington, water availability should not be a concern this season. In Oregon, early planted sweet corn looks good. Total precipitation for the month of May ranged from one-third to one-half of normal and continued the same trend into June. Irrigation supplies may be limited when needed later in the season.

Cucumbers for Pickles: Pickle processors contracted 91,900 acres for harvest in 2007, up 7 percent from last year for comparable States. Michigan cucumbers are progressing normally. In Indiana, farmers reported that early vegetable planting went well due to dry weather from May into early June. Weather conditions remained dry and hot until the third week in June when scattered showers and storm fronts moved across the State. Ohio's crop was 77 percent planted by June 17. In Wisconsin, early warm weather conditions allowed growers to plant earlier than normal.

Green Peas: Contracted production is forecast at 409,940 tons, up 1 percent from last year. Area for harvest, at 212,000 acres, is up 7 percent from 2006. The expected yield, at 1.93 tons per acre, is 0.12 tons less than a year ago. Area contracted for planting, at 223,800 acres, is up 5 percent from 2006. Area contracted for canning, at 82,500 acres, is down 9 percent from last year. Area contracted for freezing, at 141,300 acres, is up 16 percent from 2006. In Minnesota, cold, wet weather slowed fieldwork in early April. Above normal temperatures in late April and early May helped planting progress. By June 3, 92 percent of the crop was planted. In Wisconsin, early planted peas were stressed by dry and warm weather during May. Harvest is expected to begin ahead of schedule. In New York, a cool and wet spring delayed planting. In Oregon, reservoir storage dropped considerably since May as irrigators were forced to draw water earlier than normal to compensate for the warm and dry conditions.

Tomatoes: Contracted production is forecast at 12.3 million tons, up 17 percent from last year's comparable States. Planted area contracted, at 310,900 acres, is up 4 percent from 2006 for comparable States. In California, early warm spring weather accelerated planting and transplanting. Dry conditions accelerated demand for irrigation water. Growers continued to monitor infestations of brown apple moths and yellow leaf curl virus. Good growth and development was reported. In Indiana, early vegetable planting was successful due to dry weather conditions in May and early June. In Michigan, planting started by the beginning of May. Early plantings of tomatoes were beginning to bloom by mid-June. In Ohio, planting was 94 percent complete as of June 10. No problems have been reported.

Vegetables for Fresh Market: Prices Received Monthly, by States and United States, 2004-2006

State and Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
	Spring Onions					
	Dollars per Cwt	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*
CA						
2004				10.70	10.80	9.70
2005				12.40	12.80	11.90
2006				10.70	9.10	9.30
GA						
2004				27.70	19.90	21.10
2005					28.60	29.60
2006					22.70	25.80
TX						
2004				23.50	21.50	22.30
2005				32.00	25.60	29.20
2006				19.10	18.40	26.40
US						
2004				23.00	17.60	17.20
2005				29.70	20.80	20.00
2006				18.10	16.60	18.30
	Summer Onions Non-Storage					
CA						
2004						
2005						
2006						
NM						
2004						13.60
2005						12.70
2006						13.10
TX						
2004						
2005						
2006						
WA [1]						
2004						22.20
2005						22.20
2006						23.30
US						
2004						14.10
2005						13.80
2006						14.40
	Summer Onions Storage					
CA						
2004	21.50	21.00	21.40			
2005	11.30	11.20	10.90			
2006	6.40	11.70	10.60			
CO						
2004	19.90					
2005	10.30	9.20				
2006	14.50	14.10				
ID						
2004	14.10	12.10	11.80	7.00		
2005	3.10	2.30	2.30	5.30		
2006	7.60	7.00	6.60	7.30		
MI						
2004	14.50	15.00	15.20			
2005	10.40	9.60	9.80			
2006	14.20	13.40	14.80			

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Vegetables for Fresh Market: Prices Received Monthly, by States and United States, 2004-2006, (continued)

State and Year	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	Spring Onions					
	Dollars per Cwt	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*
CA						
2004	9.60					
2005						
2006						
GA						
2004	26.80	30.30				
2005	32.90					
2006	30.30					
TX						
2004						
2005						
2006						
US						
2004	15.50	30.30				
2005	32.90					
2006	30.30					
	Summer Onions Non-Storage					
CA						
2004	9.80	8.10	8.20	8.00		
2005	10.80	10.20	12.10	14.40		
2006	12.40	12.10	14.10			
NM						
2004	12.00	12.10				
2005	17.80	18.10				
2006	20.50	20.30				
TX						
2004	23.80	23.70	26.50			
2005	33.70	33.70				
2006	34.20	33.30				
WA [1]						
2004	15.40	13.70				
2005	26.00	21.10				
2006	21.60	23.40				
US						
2004	13.10	10.50	10.70	8.00		
2005	15.40	13.10	12.10	14.40		
2006	15.90	14.40	14.10			
	Summer Onions Storage					
CA						
2004	9.80	8.10	8.20	8.10	7.90	7.60
2005	10.80	10.20	12.10	14.40	17.00	16.80
2006	12.40	12.10	14.10			
CO						
2004		14.30	13.60	12.40	11.30	10.70
2005			16.00	15.10	13.90	14.10
2006		19.00	17.40	16.70	17.20	23.00
ID						
2004		4.90	4.70	3.90	3.40	3.20
2005		10.80	9.60	8.80	8.20	7.80
2006		12.10	12.20	8.70	10.50	17.00
MI						
2004		17.20	12.40	11.80	11.10	10.80
2005		15.50	12.80	11.80	11.20	14.30
2006			17.50	13.50	13.50	12.70

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Vegetables for Fresh Market: Prices Received Monthly, by States and United States, 2004-2006, (continued)

State and Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
	Summer Onions Storage					
	Dollars per Cwt	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*
NY						
2004	12.90	13.10	12.00	11.40		
2005	10.90	10.70	11.00	11.70	9.20	
2006	17.60	16.80	13.10	13.60		
OR-Malheur						
2004	13.50	12.60	12.40			
2005	3.00	2.40	2.30	5.10		
2006	7.30	6.70	6.40			
OR-Other						
2004	10.90	10.50	9.20			
2005	4.90	4.30	4.70	5.40		
2006	6.60	6.50	6.50			
WA [1]						
2004	11.20	11.00	10.20	7.00		
2005	1.90	0.70	1.30	4.40	3.80	
2006	8.00	6.60	5.70	6.10	5.60	10.90
US						
2004	13.10	12.20	11.60	8.35		
2005	4.82	3.99	4.18	5.91	4.50	
2006	8.64	8.04	7.45	8.55	5.60	10.90
	All Summer Onions					
US						
2004	13.10	12.20	11.60	8.35		14.10
2005	4.82	3.99	4.18	5.91	4.50	13.80
2006	8.64	8.04	7.45	8.55	5.60	14.10
	All Onions					
US						
2004	13.10	12.20	11.60	19.40	17.60	16.10
2005	4.82	3.99	4.18	17.70	19.50	17.80
2006	8.64	8.04	7.45	15.10	15.60	17.00

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Vegetables for Fresh Market: Prices Received Monthly, by States and United States, 2004-2006, (continued)

State and Year	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	Summer Onions Storage					
	Dollars per Cwt	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*	*Dollars per Cwt*
NY						
2004			17.00	12.20	11.90	13.60
2005		15.30	17.60	15.30	13.90	13.60
2006		15.30	15.50	12.70	13.20	15.50
OR-Malheur						
2004		4.80	4.80	4.10	3.30	3.40
2005		10.20	9.40	8.60	7.00	7.40
2006		12.90	11.80	8.70	10.70	17.30
OR-Other						
2004			5.70	5.30	5.10	4.90
2005		7.10	6.70	6.70	6.60	6.50
2006		7.40	6.70	6.30	7.30	9.70
WA [1]						
2004	5.50	5.10	4.60	3.30	3.20	2.10
2005	9.60	10.50	8.80	9.90	14.40	8.40
2006	13.50	12.40	9.90	10.80	10.50	17.30
US						
2004	9.80	8.37	8.13	6.21	6.28	5.76
2005	10.60	10.40	12.10	13.00	11.00	8.90
2006	12.50	13.30	12.20	10.90	11.10	16.60
	All Summer Onions					
US						
2004	11.50	9.25	8.44	6.27	6.28	5.76
2005	13.00	11.60	12.10	13.00	11.00	8.90
2006	14.20	13.70	12.30	10.90	11.10	16.60
	All Onions					
US						
2004	13.00	9.92	8.44	6.27	6.28	5.76
2005	15.10	11.60	12.10	13.00	11.00	8.90
2006	16.80	13.70	12.30	10.90	11.10	16.60

[1] Equivalent packinghouse door returns for WA.

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