Acreage

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For subscribers of "CROP PRODUCTION"

HIGHLIGHTS

CORN planted for all purposes is estimated at 79.9 million acres (32.4 million hectares), up 33 percent from last year, when planted acreage was the lowest since records began, but down 2 percent from the 1982 plantings. Growers expect to harvest 71.6 million acres (29.0 million hectares) for grain, up 39 percent from 1983.

SORGHUM planted for all purposes is estimated at 16.2 million acres (6.55 million hectares), an increase of 38 percent from 1983 and up 9 percent from the February Intentions. Growers expect to harvest 14.6 million acres (5.92 million hectares) for grain, up 49 percent from last year.

FEED GRAIN planted acreage (corn, sorghum, oats and barley) totaled 120 million acres (48.7 million hectares), up 17 percent from 1983. Acreage intended for grain is placed at 106 million acres (42.7 million hectares), up 32 percent from a year earlier.

ALL WHEAT acreage seeded is estimated at 79.5 million acres (32.2 million hectares), up 4 percent from last year. Durum wheat seeded acreage, at 3.28 million acres (1.33 million hectares) is up 28 percent from 1983. Other spring wheat seeded, at 12.4 million acres (5.02 million hectares), is 6 percent above last year. Winter wheat acreage for harvest, at 51.1 million acres (20.7 million hectares), is up 7 percent from 1983.

FOOD GRAIN seeded acreage (wheat, rice and rye), at 85.4 million acres (34.6 million hectares) is 5 percent above 1983. Acreage for harvest as grain is pegged at 70.3 million acres (28.4 million hectares), up 9 percent from 1983.

COTTON acreage planted is estimated at 11.3 million acres (4.59 million hectares), 43 percent more than last year and virtually the same as the 1982 planted acres.

SOYBEAN area planted is estimated at 68.0 million acres (27.5 million hectares), up 8 percent from a year earlier but 4 percent less than 1982.

OILSEEDS planted acreage (cotton, flaxseed, peanuts, soybeans and sunflower) total 85.1 million acres (34.5 million hectares), 12 percent more than planted in 1983.

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DATA SOURCES AND RELIABILITY

This acreage report is based on surveys conducted about June 1 using a probability area frame survey with a sample of nearly 16,000 land area segments, and a mail survey with responses from about 125,000 growers. Data for some commodities are also obtained from processors. For the area frame survey, trained interviewers collect the data by personal enumeration, accounting for all land area within the boundaries of the sample segments and recording acreages devoted to each crop or use, including intended use for crops not fully planted. Growers responding voluntarily to the mail survey provide acreages for the individual crops grown or intended to be grown on their farms.

These surveys are subject to sampling and non-sampling type errors that are common to all surveys. Sampling variability is present because crop acreages are obtained from only a sample of producers rather than from all producers. Non-sampling errors cannot be measured directly but can occur due to mistakes in reporting and recording, data omissions or duplications, errors in processing, and other reasons. To minimize non-sampling type errors, rigorous quality controls are used in the data collection process, and all reported and summary data are carefully reviewed for consistency and reasonableness.

Sampling errors are for the probability area frame survey. Relative standard errors are presented in the table below for some of the major crop acreages at the U.S. level. Used as a measure of survey reliability, a relative standard error of 2 percent means chances are about 2 out of 3 that the survey estimate will be within 2 percent of the complete coverage value if the same procedures were used to survey all producers, or 9 chances in 10 that the estimate will be within 3.3 percent of the complete coverage value. These sampling errors provide some guidance as to the reliability of the data, but cannot be applied directly to the acreages published in this report since the Crop Reporting Board estimates represent a composite of information from more than a single survey source.

RELATIVE SAMPLING ERRORS FOR U.S. PLANTED ACREAGES
SRS AREA FRAME SURVEY
JUNE 1984

CROP	SAMPLING ERROR-PERCENT
BARLEY	3.3
CORN	1.1
COTTON (UPLAND)	3.4
HAY, ALL (FOR HARVEST)	1.6
OATS	2.6
SORGHUM	3.2
SOYBEANS	1.7
WHEAT - WINTER	1.5
OTHER SPRING	3.4
DURUM	7.6

APPROVED:

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UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY
(DOMESTIC UNITS)

CROP	AREA PLANTED FOR ALL PURPOSES			
	1982	1983	IND 1984	1984/1983
	1,000 ACRES			PERCENT
CORN	81,857	60,177	79,940	132.8
SORGHUM	16,028	11,695	16,194	138.5
OATS	13,951	20,290	12,229	60.3
BARLEY	9,549	10,419	11,978	115.0
ALL WHEAT	86,232	76,419	79,526	104.1
WINTER	65,516	62,105	63,829	102.8
DURUM	4,290	2,565	3,282	128.0
OTHER SPRING	16,426	11,749	12,415	105.7
RICE	3,295.0	2,190.0	2,901.0	132.5
RYE	2,533	2,707	2,956	109.2
SOYBEANS	70,884	63,139	68,025	107.7
FLAXSEED	780	605	575	95.0
PEANUTS	1,311.4	1,411.0	1,546.0	109.6
SUNFLOWER	4,815	3,080	3,654	118.6
ALL COTTON	11,345.4	7,946.3	11,343.0	142.7
UPLAND	11,274.5	7,883.3	11,252.0	142.7
AMER-PIMA	70.9	63.0	91.0	144.4
ALL HAY				
ALFALFA				
ALL OTHER				
DRY EDIBLE BEANS	1,924.5	1,178.0	1,459.0	123.9
SUMMER POTATOES	103.4	104.1	111.1	106.7
SWEETPOTATOES	118.7	105.3	110.7	105.1
TOBACCO				
SUGARBEETS	1,054.2	1,080.4	1,118.5	103.5
SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED				

	AREA HARVESTED 1/			
	1982	1983	IND 1984	1984/1983
	1,000 ACRES			PERCENT
CORN	72,719	51,443	71,554	139.1
SORGHUM	14,137	9,836	14,619	148.6
OATS	10,258	9,076	8,095	89.2
BARLEY	9,013	9,727	11,363	116.8
ALL WHEAT	77,937	61,390	66,428	108.2
WINTER	57,633	47,584	51,147	107.5
DURUM	4,177	2,492	3,205	128.6
OTHER SPRING	16,127	11,314	12,076	106.7
RICE	3,262.0	2,169.0	2,871.0	132.4
RYE	677	896	958	106.9
SOYBEANS	69,442	61,815	66,733	108.0
FLAXSEED	735	580	555	95.7
PEANUTS	1,277.4	1,373.5	1,516.0	110.4
SUNFLOWER	4,724	3,033	3,605	118.9
ALL COTTON	9,733.9	7,367.5		
UPLAND	9,663.4	7,304.8		
AMER-PIMA	70.5	62.7		
ALL HAY	59,812	59,697	62,251	104.3
ALFALFA	26,188	25,710	27,257	106.0
ALL OTHER	33,624	33,987	34,994	103.0
DRY EDIBLE BEANS	1,777.0	1,136.7	1,412.0	124.2
SUMMER POTATOES	101.1	100.0	107.9	107.9
SWEETPOTATOES	115.4	102.4	107.9	105.4
TOBACCO	912.7	789.0	797.6	101.1
SUGARBEETS	1,026.8	1,055.8	1,098.2	104.0
SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED	741.7	767.7	738.5	96.2

1/ HARVESTED FOR PRINCIPAL USE OF EACH CROP, I.E., GRAIN, BEANS, NUTS, ETC.

UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY
(METRIC UNITS)

CROP	AREA PLANTED FOR ALL PURPOSES			
	1982	1983	IND 1984	1984/1983
	HECTARES			PERCENT
CORN	33 126 710	24 353 030	32 350 920	132.8
SORGHUM	6 486 370	4 732 850	6 553 550	138.5
OATS	5 645 830	8 211 160	4 948 950	60.3
BARLEY	3 864 380	4 216 470	4 847 380	115.0
ALL WHEAT	34 897 230	30 926 000	32 183 380	104.1
WINTER	26 513 670	25 133 270	25 830 960	102.8
DURUM	1 736 120	1 038 030	1 328 190	128.0
OTHER SPRING	6 647 440	4 754 700	5 024 230	105.7
RICE	1 333 450	886 270	1 174 010	132.5
RYE	1 025 080	1 095 500	1 196 260	109.2
SOYBEANS	28 686 050	25 551 720	27 529 040	107.7
FLAXSEED	315 660	244 840	232 700	95.0
PEANUTS	530 710	571 020	625 650	109.6
SUNFLOWER	1 948 580	1 246 450	1 478 740	118.6
ALL COTTON	4 591 370	3 215 790	4 590 400	142.7
UPLAND	4 562 680	3 190 290	4 553 570	142.7
AMER-PIMA	28 690	25 500	36 830	144.4
ALL HAY				
ALFALFA				
ALL OTHER				
DRY EDIBLE BEANS	778 830	476 720	590 440	123.9
SUMMER POTATOES	41 840	42 130	44 960	106.7
SWEETPOTATOES	48 040	42 610	44 800	105.1
TOBACCO				
SUGARBEETS	426 620	437 230	452 650	103.5
SUGARCANE FOR				
SUGAR AND SEED				
	AREA HARVESTED 1/			
	1982	1983	IND 1984	1984/1983
	HECTARES			PERCENT
CORN	29 428 650	20 818 470	28 957 190	139.1
SORGHUM	5 721 100	3 980 530	5 916 160	148.6
OATS	4 151 310	3 672 970	3 275 970	89.2
BARLEY	3 647 470	3 936 420	4 598 490	116.8
ALL WHEAT	31 540 330	24 843 920	26 882 750	108.2
WINTER	23 323 500	19 256 770	20 698 680	107.5
DURUM	1 690 390	1 008 490	1 297 030	128.6
OTHER SPRING	6 526 440	4 578 660	4 887 040	106.7
RICE	1 320 100	877 770	1 161 860	132.4
RYE	273 980	362 600	387 690	106.9
SOYBEANS	28 102 480	25 015 910	27 006 180	108.0
FLAXSEED	297 450	234 720	224 600	95.7
PEANUTS	516 950	555 840	613 510	110.4
SUNFLOWER	1 911 760	1 227 420	1 458 910	118.9
ALL COTTON	3 939 210	2 981 550		
UPLAND	3 910 680	2 956 180		
AMER-PIMA	28 530	25 370		
ALL HAY	24 205 320	24 158 780	25 192 360	104.3
ALFALFA	10 598 020	10 404 580	11 030 640	106.0
ALL OTHER	13 607 300	13 754 200	14 161 720	103.0
DRY EDIBLE BEANS	719 130	460 010	571 420	124.2
SUMMER POTATOES	40 910	40 470	43 670	107.9
SWEETPOTATOES	46 700	41 440	43 670	105.4
TOBACCO	369 360	319 300	322 780	101.1
SUGARBEETS	415 540	427 270	444 430	104.0
SUGARCANE FOR				
SUGAR AND SEED	300 160	310 680	298 860	96.2

1/ HARVESTED FOR PRINCIPAL USE OF EACH CROP, I.E., GRAIN, BEANS, NUTS, ETC.

1984 PLANTING PROGRESS

Warmer than normal temperature early in January over the Great Plains caused snow cover to disappear, leaving winter wheat exposed to possible cold damage. However, moderate snow cover was available to protect wheat from bitter cold temperatures which pushed as far south as Texas at midmonth. Areas with light snow cover suffered some damage. Cool weather prevailed in the Southeast allowing the salvage of some citrus damaged by the December freeze. Wet weather slowed fieldwork in the Southeast for much of the month. Precipitation was ample in southern and southeastern Texas, the western portion of the central Plains, and from Georgia to south-central Virginia.

Above normal temperatures during February left winter grains with limited or no protective snow cover on the Great Plains, but stimulated early spring growth of crops and pastures in the South. Heavy snow at midmonth and again at the month's end halted fertilizing of small grains and land preparation across much of the Corn Belt. Planting in the Southeast was continually delayed by widespread precipitation. However, corn planting was underway across the extreme South from Texas to Florida by the end of the month. Grain sorghum planting was underway in southern Texas. Land preparation and preplant irrigation of cotton fields progressed rapidly in California and the Southwest. Tobacco growers prepared and seeded plantbeds across the South. Transplanting was delayed by wet conditions in Florida. Deciduous fruit growers pruned and sprayed trees when conditions permitted. Warm weather pushed peach development as much as 1 month ahead of schedule in the Southeast. Vegetable planting and harvesting was active in Florida, Texas, Arizona, and California.

Spring fieldwork was delayed by rain and wet fields across much of the Delta States and the Southeast during March. Rain and snow throughout the month increased soil moisture supplies, but limited land preparation, topdressing of wheat, and seeding of small grains from the central Plains through the Corn Belt. Potential small grain and pasture growth was limited by cool temperatures from the central Plains into the southern Corn Belt for most of March. Corn planting extended as far north as southern Virginia at the month's end. Progress was well behind normal across the South, except in Texas and Louisiana. Emerged plants were rated fair in the extreme South due to wet fields. Grain sorghum planting centered in Texas and was running slightly behind normal. Cotton planting was widespread in Arizona, moved into central Texas and got underway in California by late March. Tobacco transplanting was delayed by continued wet conditions in the Southeast. Peaches were blooming from Arkansas to South Carolina as the month ended.

Untimely rains and saturated soils slowed land preparation and planting from the central Plains to the east coast during most of April. The Corn Belt and Southeast were the hardest hit as cool, damp weather stalled fieldwork, leaving farm activities mostly one week behind schedule as the month ended. All areas had adequate to surplus moisture available for crop development except from California through Texas and in portions of Montana where supplies were short. Growth and development of crops was retarded for much of the month by abnormally cool temperatures east of the Rocky Mountains. High winds depleted soil moisture and eroded topsoils from California through the southern Plains at the month's end. Wet conditions hampered corn planting in most regions throughout the month. By April 28, 5 percent of the acreage was seeded in the 17 major producing States, compared with 8 percent a year earlier and 13 percent average. Planting was underway in all States except Michigan, Nebraska, Pennsylvania, and South Dakota. Sorghum planting moved northward into Missouri and Oklahoma, but most activity centered in Texas. Planting was 62 percent finished in Texas by April 28, 3 percentage points behind normal. Cotton planting advanced to 27 percent completion by April 28, 4 percentage points behind normal. Planting lagged normal in all States except Arizona, California, Louisiana, and New Mexico. Oklahoma was the only State where planting had not begun by the end of April. Soybean seeding was just getting underway at the end of April. Rice seeding reached 38 percent completion, 6 percentage points slower than average. Progress lagged normal in all States except Louisiana and Texas. Spring wheat seeding was 30 percent finished, trailing the average of 35 percent. Seeding lagged normal in all States except Minnesota and Montana.

During May widespread rainfall delayed fieldwork across the eastern half of the Nation. Land preparation and planting fell behind schedule until midmonth when a week of generally open weather allowed rapid progress. Abnormally cool temperatures slowed emergence and development of crops for much of the month from the northern Plains to the east coast. Dryland crops and ranges were severely stressed by persistent hot, dry weather from California through Texas. Soil moisture was generally adequate to surplus elsewhere during the month, except in Montana where some shortages were evident. By June 3, corn planting reached 90 percent completion, 1 point behind average. Progress was 26 points behind normal in Pennsylvania and 6 points behind in Illinois. Producers in Georgia and North Carolina finished planting corn by the end of May. Fields were silking across the South. Soybean planting was 51 percent complete by June 3, trailing the 60 percent average. Progress was 36 points behind average in Michigan, 25 in Ohio and 23 in Alabama. Sorghum planting by June 3 was 53 percent finished, 3 points ahead of the average progress. However, progress was 20 points behind normal in Nebraska and 18 points behind in South Dakota. Cotton planting lagged normal during May. Planting was 80 percent finished by June 3, 4 points slower than average. In southern areas, early planted fields were 8 percent squared by the end of May. Spring wheat seeding got off to an early start and progressed rapidly. Seeding reached 99 percent completion as of June 3, 4 points ahead of average. The crop had emerged on 89 percent of the acreage. Soil moisture was short in some producing areas. Rice seeding was 95 percent finished, 1 point ahead of normal. Peanut planting was virtually complete in the Southeast and 33 percent finished in Texas at the end of May. Early planted fields were blooming. Tobacco transplanting lagged normal because of persistent wet conditions in most producing areas.

The percentage of major U.S. crop acreages planted by June 1 are shown below:

ACREAGE PLANTED BY JUNE 1, U.S., 1980-84

CROP	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
CORN	97	87	83	82	86
SORGHUM	59	54	43	40	46
OATS	100	100	97	97	99
BARLEY	100	100	92	98	98
SOYBEANS	65	46	52	42	44
COTTON	81	88	77	72	76
SPRING WHEAT	100	100	87	96	98

SPRING WEATHER REVIEW
March Through May 1984

A cool, wet spring prevailed across the Corn Belt and much of the East. Above-normal precipitation also fell in the Northwest and the central Rockies. Parts of eastern Nebraska had over twice the normal precipitation. It was much drier than normal from southeastern Texas to southeastern Colorado, in the Southwest, California, the upper Mississippi Valley, the Great Lakes, and throughout Montana. Very dry conditions prevailed throughout Texas for most of the period, but were partially relieved in the eastern part and the Rio Grande Valley at the end of the season. Temperatures were cooler than normal in most of the East, but warmer than normal in southern Texas, the extreme northern Plains, and most of the West. In March, freezing temperatures caught some early blooming peaches in the Southeast but the damage was minimal.

MARCH...A series of Pacific storms spread above-normal precipitation over the Northwest, the Plateau, and the Rockies. The storms intensified in the central Plains triggering snow in the central and northern Plains. Showers and thunderstorms fell from central Texas and Oklahoma into the Ohio Valley and along the east coast from Georgia to New Jersey. Some of the storms created near blizzard conditions as they moved from the Midwest through New England. Late in the month a line of devastating tornadoes swept through an area from northern Georgia to southeastern Virginia. Freezing temperatures reached all the way to the Gulf coast. Early in the month, a cold outbreak brought temperatures in the mid-twenties to peach orchards in the Southeast and caused minor losses to early blooms. Average temperatures for the month were significantly colder than normal from the central Plains through New England and as much as 10 degrees colder than normal in the eastern Corn Belt. The West was generally warmer than normal.

APRIL...Cool, wet weather dominated most of the Nation throughout the month. Average temperatures were 4-8 degrees colder than normal from the central Plains to the southern and central Appalachians. Temperatures were warmer than normal through the northern tier of States, in southern Texas, and along the west coast. Precipitation was twice the normal amount in the central Rockies and Plains and the northern part of the northern Plains. Above-normal precipitation covered most of the East and the Northwest. It was a very dry month for most of Texas, the Southwest, and California. Southern and southwestern Texas had no rain, but the northern part of the Panhandle had some showers. It remained dry from south-central to northeastern Montana, but the southeastern corner had some heavy snow.

MAY...Above-normal rain slowed land preparation and planting through the Corn Belt, the South, and the East, but by the end of the month, most planting was near normal after a short break in the weather. Heavy rain relieved drought conditions through the Rio Grande Valley, but much of the high and low Plains and central Texas remained very dry. Dry weather also prevailed in the northern Plains, the western Great Lakes, parts of the Southwest, and the central Plateau. The Southwest was much warmer than normal, and the warm area spread northeastward over the central Plateau and northern Rockies. The Northwest and the East were cooler than normal, and the Corn Belt was 3-5 degrees cooler than normal. (Prepared by NOAA/USDA Joint Agricultural Weather Facility).

CORN: Corn planted for all purposes is estimated at 79.9 million acres (32.4 million hectares), up 33 percent from last year, when the acreage reduction programs lowered planted acreage to the lowest since records began, but down 2 percent from 1982. All regions show an increase in planted acres from last year. The major producing North Central region shows a 36 percent increase in planted acres. This region accounts for 80 percent of the total corn planted acres. The acreage increases for the major States follow: Iowa, 4.20 million; Illionis, 3.00 million; Minnesota, 2.15 million; Nebraska, 2.10 million; Indiana, 1.30 million; and Ohio, 1.02 million acres.

In the Southern States, plantings are expected to increase 27 percent from last year. All States in this region are expecting an increase in planted acres. Kentucky growers indicate an increase of 420 thousand acres; Texas, 400 thousand acres; North Carolina, 300 thousand acres; and Georgia growers show a 250 thousand acre increase.

In the West, all States are expecting increases in planted acres, except Oregon which is unchanged. California is expecting the largest increase--up 130 thousand acres. In the Northeast, all States are showing increases. The two major States in this region, Pennsylvania and New York are expecting increases of 180 thousand and 120 thousand acres, respectively.

Growers expect to harvest 71.6 million acres (29.0 million hectares) for grain in 1984, up 39 percent from 1983. This is 90 percent of the planted acres.

Planting of the corn crop got off to a slow start in many areas due to the wet fields and frequent rains. Planting progress in the major States was well behind normal for most of the spring. However, weather conditions were good for planting in late May and by June 1, 86 percent of the corn crop was planted compared with 82 percent last year and the average of 88 percent. By June 10, 97 percent of the crop was planted, which was actually ahead of normal. The crop was in generally good condition by June 1 with ample moisture in most areas.

SORGHUM: Sorghum planted for all purposes is estimated at 16.2 million acres (6.55 million hectares), an increase of 38 percent from last year and 1 percent above the 16.0 million acres (6.49 million hectares) planted in 1982.

Kansas, Texas, Nebraska and Missouri account for 73 percent of the total sorghum planted for all purposes in the U.S. in 1984. Sorghum plantings, or intentions to plant, in those States are: 4.30 million acres in Kansas, up 26 percent from 1983; 4.10 million acres in Texas, up 19 percent; 2.10 million acres in Nebraska, up 75 percent; and 1.35 million acres in Missouri, up 82 percent.

Sorghum to be harvested for grain is estimated at 14.6 million acres (5.92 million hectares), up 49 percent from a year ago and 3 percent above the 1982 crop.

Sorghum planting was 53 percent complete by June 3, 1984 in the seven major producing States, 10 percentage points ahead of last year, and 3 points ahead of the 5-year average. Planting progress in Kansas, at 30 percent complete, equalled the average; Texas was 81 percent complete compared with an average of 66 percent; Nebraska, at 40 percent, was 20 percentage points below average; while Missouri, with 62 percent planted, was 10 percentage points ahead of average. As of June 17, planting progress in the seven major States had advanced to 78 percent complete compared with 74 percent last year and an average of 81 percent.

OATS: Seeding of oats last fall and this spring totaled 12.2 million acres (4.95 million hectares), a 40 percent decrease from 1983 and 12 percent below 1982. The large decrease reflects a movement toward more normal acreage after the large acreage planted for conservation use under the Payment In Kind (PIK) program in 1983.

Area to be harvested for grain is expected to total 8.10 million acres (3.28 million hectares). This is an 11 percent decrease from the previous year and 21 percent below the 1982 acreage.

Planting started strong but was slowed by the late and unusually wet and cool spring. Seeding again moved ahead and had caught up by June 1, with almost the entire crop planted, equalling the previous year. The crop was in mostly good condition with some shortage of moisture in Texas and surplus moisture in Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa.

BARLEY: Area of barley planted last fall and this spring totaled 12.0 million acres (4.85 million hectares), a 15 percent increase from 1983 and 13 percent above the February Intentions. Area for harvest is indicated at 11.4 million acres (4.60 million hectares), up 17 percent from the 1983 crop.

As of June 1, soil moisture was mostly adequate in major producing States with conditions favorable for rapid completion of planting and normal crop growth. Montana growers were ahead of normal with 95 percent of their expected acreage seeded.

North Dakota barley seeding was 100 percent complete by June 4 compared with the normal of 92 percent. Crop development was ahead of normal by almost one week, and the crop was in mostly good condition with adequate moisture in most growing areas. Harvest is underway in the southern States with North Carolina 70 percent complete compared with the normal of 50 percent.

ALL WHEAT: Total area seeded last fall and this spring for the 1984 crop is estimated at 79.5 million acres (32.2 million hectares), up 4 percent from the 76.4 million acres (30.9 million hectares) seeded for 1983. However, this estimate is 8 percent less than the 1982 acreage.

Area for harvest as grain is expected to total 66.4 million acres (26.9 million hectares), an 8 percent increase over 1983, but 15 percent less than in 1982. The acreage not for grain in 1984 totals 13.1 million acres, 16 percent of the seeded area. Acres not for grain were 15.0 million in 1983.

WINTER WHEAT: Area seeded to winter wheat is estimated at 63.8 million acres (25.8 million hectares), up 3 percent from the 62.1 million acres (25.1 million hectares) seeded for the 1983 crop, but down 3 percent from 1982 seeded acres. Harvested area is expected to total 51.1 million acres (20.7 million hectares), up 7 percent from last year, but 11 percent less than the 1982 crop. The current seeded acreage estimate is 2 percent below the December 1983 seedings estimate, and the current harvested acres estimate is off 1 percent from the June 1 forecast. Acreage not harvested for grain is expected to total 12.7 million acres, nearly 20 percent of the seeded acreage. This compares with the 14.5 million acres not harvested in 1983.

As of June 1, the winter wheat crop was generally rated in fair to good condition. Development lagged average progress in much of the Great Plains. In the 15 major producing States 60 percent of the acreage was headed as of June 1, behind last year's 63 percent and the 5-year average of 72 percent. Stands were turning color across the South. Harvest trailed average progress across much of the South but was gaining momentum. California and Texas harvests were progressing well ahead of normal.

DURUM WHEAT: Area seeded to durum wheat in 1984 is estimated to be 3.28 million acres (1.33 million hectares), 28 percent more than in 1983 but 23 percent below 1982 acreage. Durum wheat acreage to be harvested for grain, is expected to total 3.21 million acres (1.30 million hectares), up 29 percent from last year but 23 percent below 1982.

Durum seeding progress in North Dakota was excellent this year with 99 percent seeded by June 3 compared with an average of 90 percent. Durum growing areas of North Dakota and Montana were very dry during much of the spring until showers in early June improved crop prospects. However, moisture reserves were still considered low. Harvest in durum areas of California and Arizona was proceeding rapidly in June and crop condition was considered very good.

OTHER SPRING WHEAT: Growers seeded an estimated 12.4 million acres (5.02 million hectares) of spring wheat, other than durum, in 1984. This is 6 percent above last year but 24 percent below the 1982 seeded acreage.

Area harvested for grain is expected to total 12.1 million acres (4.89 million hectares), up 7 percent from 1983 but 25 percent below the 1982 crop. Seeding and crop development were generally ahead of the normal pace by early June in the major producing States of North and South Dakota, Montana, and Minnesota. June rains replenished soil moisture except in portions of Montana where moisture reserves remained low. Crop conditions were judged fair to good depending upon the amount of precipitation received.

RICE: Growers seeded an estimated 2.90 million acres (117 million hectares), up 32 percent from the 2.19 million acres (886 thousand hectares) in 1983. Harvested area is estimated at 2.87 million acres (116 million hectares), an increase of 32 percent from the previous year. All States are indicating substantial increases in planted acres because of the reductions incurred last year under the government programs.

Of the three lengths of grain, long grain seedings showed a sharp increase--38 percent above last year. Medium grain seedings were up 23 percent, while short grain seedings declined 3 percent from 1983.

Rice seedings were 93 percent complete by June 1, 1 percentage point ahead of average. Seeding was complete in Mississippi and Texas. Progress was ahead of schedule in all States, except Arkansas which was slightly behind normal. Rice had emerged on 81 percent of acreage in the major producing States and was rated in good condition.

RYE: Area seeded to rye totaled 2.96 million acres (1.20 million hectares), up 9 percent from the 2.71 million acres (1.10 million hectares) seeded in 1983. Area to be harvested for grain is expected to total 958 thousand acres (388 thousand hectares), 7 percent more than the 896 thousand acres (363 thousand hectares) harvested last year.

Favorable winter weather in the major producing areas in the northern Great Plains resulted in good to excellent prospects for the 1984 rye crop. A wet spring has slowed maturity in South Dakota, but is not considered a significant problem. In the southern States, harvest proceeded rapidly during June and crop prospects were substantially improved from last year's freeze damaged crop.

SOYBEANS: The area planted to soybeans is estimated at 68.0 million acres (27.5 million hectares), up 8 percent from 1983 but 4 percent below 1982. This estimate is 4 percent above the prospective acreage reported in February.

The North Central States account for 45.5 million acres, up 12 percent from 1983. The 15.0 million acres planted in the South Central States was down 2 percent from 1983. Acreage planted in the Atlantic States totals 7.52 million acres, up 6 percent from last year.

Soybean plantings got off to a slow start because of wet and cool weather. By mid-May only 4 percent of the acreage had been planted compared with 6 percent a year earlier and the average of 13 percent. Conditions for planting improved in late May and by June 1, 44 percent was planted, slightly ahead of last year but still below the average of 53 percent.

FLAXSEED: Flaxseed plantings in 1984 are estimated at 575 thousand acres (233 thousand hectares), down 5 percent from last year and 26 percent below 1982. Area for harvest is currently estimated at 555 thousand acres (225 thousand hectares), down 4 percent from a year earlier and 24 percent below 1982.

North Dakota, the leading State in planted acreage of flax is up 2 percent from a year earlier. Planted acreages in Minnesota and South Dakota are down 41 and 5 percent, respectively.

PEANUTS: Peanuts planted for all purpose in 1984 total 1.55 million acres (626 thousand hectares), 10 percent above 1983 and 18 percent above 1982. This is the largest crop planted since 1959. Acres planted are up in all States but most of the increase is coming from the southeastern States. Area to be harvested for nuts is estimated at 1.52 million acres (614 thousand hectares), up 10 percent from 1983 and 19 percent above 1982.

Southeastern growers (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina) seeded 943 thousand acres, 13 percent above last year. Alabama's and Florida's acreage is up 21 and 23 percent, respectively. Georgia growers increased their acreage 10 percent. South Carolina acreage is 8 percent above last year. Planting got off to a slow start in Georgia due to cool wet weather, but ended nearly on schedule. Crop condition is rated mostly good to fair. Alabama's crop is rated mostly fair to good. Blooming and pegging is active in most areas but about a week behind normal.

Acres planted in the Virginia-North Carolina area is estimated at 255 thousand acres, 4 percent above 1983. North Carolina's acreage is up 4 percent. Virginia growers are increasing their acreage 3 percent from 1983. Virginia's crop is in mostly good condition overall although poor stands were reported in some areas. Planting was virtually complete by the end of May, slightly ahead of schedule, in North Carolina. Crop condition was rated mostly good to fair as of mid-June.

Southwestern growers (Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico) planted 348 thousand acres, 4 percent above the previous year. Growers in New Mexico planted 2000 acres more than in 1983. Acreage is up 8 percent in Oklahoma and 2 percent in Texas. Planting was nearing completion in Texas by mid-June. Growing conditions continue to look favorable.

SUNFLOWER: Planted area of sunflower for all purposes in the 4-State area of North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, and Texas is estimated at 3.65 million acres (1.48 million hectares), up 19 percent from 1983 but 24 percent below 1982. Area planted to oil varieties is expected to total 3.37 million acres (1.36 million hectares), up 14 percent from a year ago but down 26 percent from 1982. Sunflower for oil represents 92 percent of the total sunflower acreage planted in 1984.

Area planted for all purposes was up in all States, except Minnesota. North Dakota, the leading State, reported an increase of 17 percent, South Dakota-44 percent, and Texas-14 percent. Minnesota was down 14 percent.

COTTON: Planted acreage of all cotton in the United States is expected to total 11.3 million arcres (4.59 million hectares), 43 percent above 1983 plantings and up 5 percent from February intentions. Upland acreage is estimated at 11.3 million acres (4.55 million hectares) and American-pima at 91.0 thousand acres (36.8 thousand hectares). About three-fourths of the intended acreage was planted by June 1 and planting was virtually complete by mid-June except in Oklahoma and Texas.

In the Southeastern States, growers planted 701 thousand acres up 50 percent from 1983 and 9 percent above February intentions. Plantings started one to two weeks later than normal due to wet fields but made good progress except in Georgia, after mid-May and was nearly complete by June 1.

Acreage in the Delta States is estimated at 2.76 million acres, up 55 percent from last year and 6 percent above intentions. Over three-fourths of the acreage was planted by May 20 and planting was almost finished by June 1. Some early fields had to be replanted due to heavy rains. Stands are good and plants have made progress under favorable growing conditions.

Oklahoma and Texas upland acreage is estimated at 5.80 million acres, 34 percent above 1983 and up 6 percent from February intentions. The south Texas acreage was planting on schedule and now shows excellent yield prospects. Planting of the dryland acreage in the High and Rolling Plains of Texas and in Oklahoma was delayed by dry weather. Rains in late May and early June broght some relief but additional moisture is needed to complete planting and aid germination.

Upland growers in the Western States planted 1.98 million acres, 51 percent more than last year and 1 percent above intentions. Planting was virtually complete in Arizona and California by mid-May. With the exception of a few brief periods of cool weather in the San Joaquin Valley, growing conditons have been favorable.

American-pima acreage is estimated at 91.0 thousand acres compared with 63.0 thousand acres planted last year.

HAY: Growers expect to harvest 62.3 million acres (25.2 million hectares) of all hay during 1984. This is 4 percent more than the 59.7 million acres (24.2 million hectares) harvested last year and the acreage harvested during 1982. Ample moisture has provided for excellent growth throughout most of the Nation.

Acreage of alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures for harvest is estimated at 27.3 million acres (11.0 million hectares), up 6 percent from the 25.7 million acres (10.4 million hectares) harvested last year, and 4 percent above the acreage harvested during 1982. States with the largest acreage are: Wisconsin-up 5 percent from 1983, South Dakota and Minnesota-both up 3 percent.

All other hay acreage for harvest in 1984 is estimated at 35.0 million acres (14.2 million hectares), up 3 percent from 1983 and 4 percent above the acreage harvested in 1982.

DRY EDIBLE BEANS: Dry edible bean planted acreage in the U.S. is estimated to total 1.46 million acres (590 thousand hectares), up 24 percent from the previous year but 24 percent below 1982. Growers except to harvest 1.41 million acres (571 thousand hectares), 24 percent above 1983. This represents a 21 percent decline from the 1.78 million acres (719 thousand hectares) harvested in 1982. Both planted and harvested acreage is up in all States.

California growers planted 28 percent more acres than in 1983. Acreage is up 13 and 11 percent respectively, in Colorado and Michigan. Planted acreage is reported to be up 24 percent in North Dakota and 15 percent in Nebraska.

Excessive moisture in southwestern Colorado, their major dryland dry bean area, slowed planting of the 1984 crop. Most of the States's crop is in good condition, but acreage in the southwest is reported poor. Improved weather conditions should advance development in the next two weeks. Planting of double crop dry bean acreage is virtually complete in California. Most fields have emerged and are showing normal growth and development. Planting got off to a slow start in Michigan because of the extremely wet weather. Planting continued behind normal into early June but is expected to be completed on schedule around July 4th. North Dakota's crop is in generally good condition. Plantings were about 90 percent complete as of mid-June, 4 percentage points behind normal.

SUMMER POTATOES: Planted area of summer potatoes is estimated at 111 thousand acres (45.0 thousand hectares), up 7 percent from both 1983 and 1982. This is the largest summer potato acreage planted in 7 years. Area for harvest is forecast at 108 thousand acres (43.7 thousand hectares), a gain of 8 percent from last year and 7 percent above 1982. Summer potatoes have fared well after a cool, wet spring gave way to hot weather in June. Drying soils are becoming worrisome across the south.

Virginia farmers planted 17.0 thousand acres this year, up 3 percent from 1983. Spring rains delayed planting and damaged early planted fields, resulting in poor stands. Harvest has begun on the Eastern Shore. In New Jersey, conditions have improved after a late spring and prospects are good at this time. Alabama potatoes are suffering from dry weather.

Across the Mid-West, hot weather followed a cold, wet spring. Stands are light in Ohio. Indiana farmers are irrigating potatoes where possible. In Michigan, farmers have increased acreage 8 percent from last year and prospects appear good. Hot, humid weather in June has been favorable, pushing harvest up 7 to 10 days to July 1.

Fields in Texas and New Mexico, aided by irrigation, are doing well, although some scattered wind damage was reported in Texas. Acreage in Colorado and Nebraska is up from last year. California growers report excellent growing and harvest weather this year. Harvest is ahead of schedule.

SWEETPOTATOES: Area planted to sweetpotatoes in the U.S. in 1984 is estimated at 111 thousand acres (44.8 thousand hectares), up 5 percent from last year but 7 percent below two years ago. Area for harvest is set at 108 thousand acres (43.7 thousand hectares), a gain of 5 percent from last year, but 6 percent under two years ago. Increases from 1983 in California and North Carolina more than offset a decrease in Louisiana.

In California, planting was completed by last May. Presently, the crop looks good despite hot, dry winds during June. Texas had some planting delays due to excessive rains. Once in, however, crop growth has been normal.

By June 1, planting in Louisiana was nearly on schedule and well ahead of last year. Crop condition is fair to good. Planting in Alabama was delayed by cold, wet weather, and there were shortages of sets reported. South Carolina planting started early but is finishing a little late.

North Carolina transplanting has been behind schedule because of wet fields. Planting, as of mid-June, was 75 percent completed compared with 85 percent normally. Crop prospects in New Jersey are good and planting is nearly completed.

TOBACCO: U.S. all tobacco area for harvest is estimated at 798 thousand acres (323 thousand hectares), 1 percent above 1983. Most of the increase is in burley acreage, which more than offset declines in flue-cured and some other types.

Flue-cured acreage, at a record low 396 thousand acres (160 thousand hectares), is down 3 percent from the previous record low of 410 thousand acres (166 thousand hectares) harvested in 1983. North Carolina acreage is down 1 percent while South Carolina, Florida, and Georgia are off 9, 10 and 11 percent, respectively. Cool temperatures restricted growth early in the season but response was favorable later as temperatures returned to more normal readings.

U.S. burley acreage increased 9 percent from last year to 318 thousand acres (129 thousand hectares). Kentucky, with approximately two-thirds of the burley acreage, lead the increase with a 13 percent rise over their 1983 acreage.

Wet, cool weather caused delays in transplantings in several areas. A reversal to hot, dry weather later has caused plants in many areas to show stress. Disease levels are low.

SUGARBEETS: Acreage of sugarbeets planted in 1984 is estimated at 1.12 million acres (453 thousand hectares), up 4 percent from the 1.08 million acres (437 thousand hectares) in 1983. Beets are being grown in 13 States this year, the same as last year. No beets will be grown in Arizona or New Mexico. Ten of the 13 States have acreage this year which is equal to, or greater than last year. The largest percentage increases are in California, Colorado, and Texas where acreage increased 18, 17 and 15 percent respectively. Acreage planted in Idaho is unchanged from 1983 while acreage in North Dakota is virtually the same as a year earlier. Acreage in the other major States--of Michigan, increased 3 percent and Minnesota, 1 percent.

Plantings in Minnesota and North Dakota were slower than normal due to wet soils and cool temperatures in late April and early May. However, warmer weather arrived in mid-May and plantings were complete by May 20th. California's crop is making good progress with ideal weather conditions. Treatment for mildew has been active. Michigan planting was slowed during April because of cool, wet conditions but warmer weather in early June has helped growth and development. Planting of the crop in Nebraska stayed on schedule with only a few delays and was virtually complete by the end of April. Growth and development of the Colorado crop is ahead of last year after a slow start due to a wet spring and contract disputes. Plant thinning is ahead of last year and the crop is in good condition.

SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED: Growers intend to harvest 739 thousand acres (299 thousand hectares) of sugarcane in 1984, 4 percent less than in 1983. Acreage is up fractionally in Florida, unchanged in Texas, and down 5 percent in Hawaii. Acreage in Louisiana is 9 percent below 1983. The decrease in Hawaii comes mostly from acreage normally harvested for sugar and is the result of a plantation being phased out of production on Hawaii Island, the replacement of some sugar lands with macadamia nut orchards and cutbacks in less productive fields. The large acreage decrease in Louisiana brings acreage in that State to the lowest level since 1958. The decrease results from winter kill of second year stubble which has since been plowed under.

The Hawaiian crop is in excellent condition with yields higher than the previous year. The crop in Florida had favorable weather conditions in late spring and is making good growth with adequate moisture. Cool weather conditions in Louisiana early in the year followed the record cold winter and hampered growth of the crop. On June 1, the crop was in fair condition. A hot and dry spring in Texas has led to heavy irrigation needs in the Rio Grande Valley. The crop currently looks good considering the December 1983 freeze.

AREA PLANTED AND HARVESTED, UNITED STATES, 1975-84

YEAR	CORN			SORGHUM		
	ALL		HARVESTED FOR GRAIN	ALL		HARVESTED FOR GRAIN
	PLANTED	HARVESTED		PLANTED	HARVESTED	
	1,000 ACRES					
1975	78,719	78,033	67,625	18,080	17,604	15,403
1976	84,588	83,642	71,506	18,143	17,061	14,466
1977	84,328	81,537	71,614	16,636	16,192	13,797
1978	81,675	80,987	71,930	16,197	15,583	13,410
1979	81,394	80,777	72,400	15,277	14,876	12,901
1980	84,043	82,844	72,961	15,639	14,659	12,513
1981	84,097	83,192	74,524	15,930	15,487	13,677
1982	81,857	81,278	72,719	16,028	15,654	14,137
1983	60,177	59,557	51,443	11,695	11,212	9,836
1984	79,940	78,900	71,554	16,194	15,600	14,619

YEAR	OATS		BARLEY		FEED GRAINS
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED 1/
	1,000 ACRES				
1975	16,434	13,038	9,373	8,617	104,683
1976	16,620	11,834	9,301	8,439	106,245
1977	17,732	13,485	10,778	9,728	108,624
1978	16,407	11,126	9,989	9,248	105,714
1979	13,960	9,682	8,116	7,527	102,510
1980	13,381	8,657	8,320	7,260	101,391
1981	13,632	9,407	9,618	9,038	106,646
1982	13,951	10,258	9,549	9,013	106,127
1983	20,290	9,076	10,419	9,727	80,082
1984	12,229	8,095	11,978	11,363	105,631

YEAR	WHEAT					
	ALL	WINTER	DURUM		OTHER SPRING	
	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED
	1,000 ACRES					
1975	69,499	51,376	4,830	4,680	14,116	13,443
1976	70,927	49,578	4,748	4,584	17,825	16,765
1977	66,686	48,772	3,183	3,025	15,758	14,889
1978	56,495	38,491	4,110	4,024	14,330	13,980
1979	62,454	43,427	4,042	3,932	15,595	15,095
1980	71,125	51,635	5,525	4,840	17,492	14,650
1981	80,642	58,476	5,776	5,655	16,928	16,511
1982	77,937	57,633	4,290	4,177	16,426	16,127
1983	61,390	47,584	2,565	2,492	11,749	11,314
1984	66,428	51,147	3,282	3,205	12,415	12,076

SEE FOOTNOTES ON PAGE B-3.

CONTINUED

AREA PLANTED AND HARVESTED, UNITED STATES, 1975-84 - CONTINUED

YEAR	RICE		RYE	FOOD GRAINS	SOYBEANS	
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED 2/	PLANTED	HARVESTED FOR BEANS
	1,000 ACRES					
1975	2,833.0	2,818.0	728	73,045	54,590	53,617
1976	2,489.0	2,480.0	719	74,126	50,269	49,401
1977	2,261.0	2,249.0	677	69,612	58,978	57,830
1978	2,993.0	2,970.0	926	60,391	64,708	63,663
1979	2,890.0	2,869.0	850	66,173	71,411	70,343
1980	3,380.0	3,312.0	650	75,087	69,930	67,813
1981	3,827.0	3,792.0	685	85,119	67,543	66,163
1982	3,295.0	3,262.0	677	81,876	70,884	69,442
1983	2,190.0	2,169.0	896	64,455	63,139	61,815
1984	2,901.0	2,871.0	958	70,257	68,205	66,733

	FLAXSEED		PEANUTS		SUNFLOWER 3/	
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED FOR NUTS	PLANTED	HARVESTED
	1,000 ACRES					
1975	1,621	1,511	1,531.9	1,500.0	787	709
1976	1,045	955	1,544.6	1,517.5	834	810
1977	1,330	1,239	1,540.6	1,512.4	2,321	2,205
1978	710	687	1,540.8	1,509.1	2,840	2,798
1979	922	878	1,545.9	1,519.7	5,555	5,410
1980	759	663	1,521.4	1,399.8	3,910	3,683
1981	605	577	1,514.0	1,488.7	3,865	3,811
1982	780	735	1,311.4	1,277.4	4,815	4,724
1983	605	580	1,411.0	1,373.5	3,080	3,033
1984	575	555	1,546.0	1,516.0	3,654	3,605

	COTTON		ALL HAY	DRY EDIBLE BEANS	
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED
	1,000 ACRES				
1975	9,477.6	8,796.0	61,353	1,514.2	1,466.1
1976	11,635.5	10,913.5	60,377	1,531.8	1,489.3
1977	13,679.5	13,275.3	60,988	1,402.7	1,269.9
1978	13,375.1	12,400.0	62,113	1,503.9	1,454.4
1979	13,977.5	12,830.9	61,279	1,427.0	1,387.7
1980	14,533.8	13,214.8	58,870	1,920.0	1,859.0
1981	14,330.1	13,841.2	59,599	2,390.0	2,270.0
1982	11,345.4	9,733.9	59,812	1,924.5	1,777.0
1983	7,946.3	7,367.5	59,697	1,178.0	1,136.7
1984	11,343.0		62,251	1,459.0	1,412.0

SEE FOOTNOTES ON PAGE B-3.

CONTINUED

AREA PLANTED AND HARVESTED, UNITED STATES, 1975-84 - CONTINUED

YEAR	POTATOES		SWEETPOTATOES	
	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED
	1,000 ACRES			
1975	1,298.5	1,259.5	117.8	114.3
1976	1,404.2	1,371.4	119.8	114.8
1977	1,398.9	1,360.2	111.8	107.1
1978	1,401.0	1,374.5	115.7	112.2
1979	1,295.4	1,258.3	117.9	114.2
1980	1,175.4	1,147.8	107.8	102.2
1981	1,255.3	1,232.4	113.2	109.8
1982	1,302.8	1,266.9	118.7	115.4
1983	1,270.4	1,240.7	105.3	102.4
1984			110.7	107.9

YEAR	TOBACCO	SUGARBEETS		SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR & SEED	PRINCIPAL CROPS	
	HARVESTED	PLANTED	HARVESTED	HARVESTED	PLANTED 4/	HARVESTED 5/
	1,000 ACRES					
1975	1,086.7	1,595.0	1,516.6	774.0	332,236	324,040
1976	1,046.9	1,525.4	1,478.8	747.0	336,091	325,324
1977	965.8	1,272.6	1,216.2	759.4	344,873	333,282
1978	963.7	1,305.4	1,269.2	743.7	336,438	326,423
1979	827.7	1,160.7	1,119.7	732.7	345,803	336,736
1980	921.0	1,231.3	1,189.5	732.7	355,677	340,103
1981	976.6	1,251.6	1,228.1	755.4	363,167	354,295
1982	912.7	1,054.2	1,026.8	741.7	358,708	349,644
1983	789.0	1,080.4	1,055.8	767.7	308,634	292,985
1984	797.6	1,118.5	1,098.2	738.5	343,946	334,687

1/ CORN FOR GRAIN, OATS, BARLEY AND SORGHUM FOR GRAIN. 2/ WHEAT, RYE, RICE. 3/ MINN, N DAK, S DAK, AND TEX; PRIOR TO 1977, MINN AND N DAK. 4/ CROP ACREAGES INCLUDED ARE PLANTED FOR CORN, SORGHUM, OATS, BARLEY, DURUM AND OTHER SPRING WHEAT, RICE, SOYBEANS, FLAXSEED, PEANUTS, SUNFLOWER, COTTON, DRY EDIBLE BEANS, POTATOES (CURRENT YEAR INCLUDES FALL 1983 CROP AS 1984 FALL CROP NOT AVAILABLE), SWEETPOTATOES, AND SUGARBEETS; HARVESTED ACREAGE FOR WINTER WHEAT, RYE, ALL HAY, TOBACCO, AND SUGARCANE. 5/ CROP ACREAGES INCLUDED ARE CORN, SORGHUM, OATS, BARLEY, WHEAT, RICE, RYE, SOYBEANS, FLAXSEED, PEANUTS, SUNFLOWER, COTTON (CURRENT YEAR DERIVED BY SUBTRACTING AVERAGE ABANDONMENT FROM PLANTED ACREAGE), ALL HAY, DRY EDIBLE BEANS, POTATOES (CURRENT YEAR INCLUDES FALL 1983 CROP AS 1984 FALL CROP NOT AVAILABLE), SWEETPOTATOES, TOBACCO, SUGARCANE, AND SUGARBEETS.

AREA PLANTED, PRINCIPAL CROPS BY STATES, 1984 WITH COMPARISONS 1/

STATE	1982	1983	1984 2/
		1,000 ACRES	
ALA	4,545	3,550	3,739
ARIZ	952	702	965
ARK	9,395	8,000	8,655
CALIF	6,582	5,201	6,130
COLO	6,295	6,208	6,568
CONN	156	149	154
DEL	593	550	554
FLA	1,440	1,239	1,379
GA	6,294	5,320	5,735
HAW	95	99	94
IDAHO	4,850	4,564	4,910
ILL	24,060	21,879	24,006
IND	13,004	11,083	12,666
IOWA	25,906	23,995	25,526
KANS	22,905	19,509	20,905
KY	5,947	5,041	6,456
LA	5,565	4,603	4,215
MAINE	424	407	414
MD	1,700	1,537	1,645
MASS	169	170	171
MICH	7,470	6,406	7,590
MINN	22,142	19,570	21,801
MISS	6,955	5,639	6,485
MO	14,600	12,936	14,823
MONT	9,919	8,967	9,847
NEBR	19,069	15,572	18,887
NEV	590	599	636
N H	115	115	120
N J	540	468	485
N MEX	1,402	1,171	1,289
N Y	4,261	3,974	4,140
N C	5,895	4,939	5,539
N DAK	22,308	18,940	21,455
OHIO	10,980	9,332	10,698
OKLA	10,425	7,608	9,127
OREG	2,813	2,725	2,795
PA	4,668	4,373	4,583
R I	18	18	18
S C	3,427	2,691	2,984
S DAK	16,376	14,226	15,976
TENN	5,847	8,844	5,429
TEX	25,442	14,902	22,085
UTAH	1,182	1,090	1,127
VT	553	553	559
VA	3,258	3,012	3,236
WASH	4,936	4,724	4,763
W VA	781	773	774
WIS	9,951	8,776	9,854
WYO	1,908	1,885	1,954
U S	358,708	308,634	343,946

1/ CROP ACREAGES INCLUDED ARE PLANTED FOR CORN, SORGHUM, OATS, BARLEY, DURUM AND OTHER SPRING WHEAT, RICE, SOYBEANS, FLAXSEED, PEANUTS, SUNFLOWER, COTTON, DRY EDIBLE BEANS, POTATOES, SWEETPOTATOES, AND SUGARBEETS; HARVESTED ACREAGE FOR WINTER WHEAT, RYE, ALL HAY, TOBACCO, AND SUGARCANE. 2/ ALL POTATOES IN THESE TOTALS INCLUDE FALL 1983 CROP AS 1984 FALL CROP NOT AVAILABLE.

CORN

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED FOR GRAIN		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	450	350	450	380	305	380
ARIZ	30	25	32	18	17	26
ARK	40	40	55	30	33	49
CALIF	550	440	570	330	260	370
COLO	980	780	840	790	610	680
CONN	62	60	62	0	0	0
DEL	188	155	160	177	145	150
FLA	265	168	250	210	122	210
GA	900	830	1,080	815	735	930
IDAHO	152	145	165	71	65	85
ILL	11,700	8,200	11,200	11,440	7,900	10,930
IND	6,450	4,900	6,200	6,270	4,670	6,000
IOWA	13,750	9,100	13,300	13,150	8,550	12,800
KANS	1,400	1,100	1,050	1,220	880	925
KY	1,680	1,230	1,650	1,490	960	1,460
LA	55	70	90	40	56	78
MAINE	42	40	42	0	0	0
MD	750	650	685	640	545	590
MASS	46	43	44	0	0	0
MICH	3,150	2,200	3,000	2,740	1,800	2,600
MINN	7,300	5,100	7,250	6,500	4,370	6,380
MISS	150	100	130	90	55	105
MO	2,130	1,700	2,050	1,970	1,430	1,850
MONT	80	65	80	14	13	15
NEBR	7,300	5,300	7,400	6,800	4,850	6,800
N H	26	26	27	0	0	0
N J	152	125	140	114	90	105
N MEX	90	70	85	65	50	60
N Y	1,410	1,200	1,320	765	600	740
N C	1,740	1,500	1,800	1,570	1,280	1,650
N DAK	890	720	920	520	435	630
OHIO	4,280	3,080	4,100	4,000	2,800	3,820
OKLA	80	65	75	45	37	55
OREG	70	65	65	39	33	37
PA	1,820	1,600	1,780	1,300	1,050	1,300
R I	4	4	5	0	0	0
S C	430	320	490	380	275	435
S DAK	3,400	2,450	3,400	2,690	1,970	2,950
TENN	800	650	850	630	480	680
TEX	1,200	1,150	1,550	1,140	1,080	1,450
UTAH	90	80	82	17	14	15
VT	108	108	109	0	0	0
VA	835	610	750	620	340	540
WASH	220	160	180	160	110	130
W VA	120	103	115	80	60	76
WIS	4,400	3,190	4,150	3,350	2,300	3,400
WYO	92	110	112	49	68	68
U S	81,857	60,177	79,940	72,719	51,443	71,554

SORGHUM

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED FOR GRAIN		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	100	90	210	68	65	190
ARIZ	20	20	18	15	13	12
ARK	280	350	620	263	320	590
CALIF	80	50	50	70	45	45
COLO	385	295	350	310	240	280
GA	200	118	180	135	68	110
ILL	135	145	300	111	117	270
IND	20	20	20	13	7	13
IOWA	30	40	20	15	5	6
KANS	3,900	3,400	4,300	3,350	2,700	3,800
KY	48	48	120	38	41	105
LA	170	200	270	145	180	250
MISS	150	260	380	110	225	350
MO	880	740	1,350	830	690	1,280
NEBR	1,950	1,200	2,100	1,760	1,000	2,000
N MEX	330	200	260	280	150	200
N C	90	68	75	60	42	55
OKLA	600	420	530	510	360	460
S C	60	50	60	35	25	32
S DAK	480	400	580	375	290	410
TENN	100	110	280	85	95	250
TEX	6,000	3,450	4,100	5,550	3,150	3,900
VA	20	21	21	9	8	11
U S	16,028	11,695	16,194	14,137	9,836	14,619

OATS

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	85	80	80	40	40	35
ARK	45	60	55	33	50	35
CALIF	310	310	300	50	45	50
COLO	90	115	130	40	42	65
GA	160	155	125	90	85	65
IDAHO	66	69	75	46	48	46
ILL	330	2,100	375	200	210	165
IND	145	380	120	105	80	80
IOWA	1,350	4,700	1,300	950	750	750
KANS	215	150	175	172	110	120
KY	31	28	25	7	7	6
MAINE	47	42	47	44	38	42
MD	19	17	18	16	14	15
MICH	475	450	320	450	300	300
MINN	1,700	2,800	1,500	1,530	1,350	1,100
MO	120	110	65	78	54	36
MONT	260	210	220	150	120	140
NEBR	560	670	400	460	310	320
N J	8	6	7	7	5	6
N Y	320	260	250	280	200	185
N C	155	140	125	75	70	65
N DAK	1,200	1,500	1,150	1,050	1,260	1,030
OHIO	380	450	220	340	240	200
OKLA	190	150	190	90	80	95
OREG	135	115	135	85	75	85
PA	360	330	300	335	300	280
S C	80	64	70	50	40	45
S DAK	2,350	2,000	1,650	2,130	1,650	1,450
TENN	40	35	30	8	7	5
TEX	1,300	1,400	1,500	290	500	250
UTAH	28	22	26	15	13	14
VA	48	47	30	17	22	12
WASH	68	75	75	30	33	33
W VA	16	14	11	10	9	9
WIS	1,180	1,140	1,020	930	850	880
WYO	85	96	110	55	69	81
U S	13,951	20,290	12,229	10,258	9,076	8,095

1/ INCLUDES AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.

BARLEY

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ARIZ	42	32	55	38	27	52
CALIF	700	560	540	620	490	460
COLO	225	232	350	215	220	325
DEL	44	61	55	38	53	48
IDAHO	1,150	1,050	1,370	1,100	1,030	1,340
KANS	70	100	95	57	90	85
KY	37	34	40	30	25	30
MD	105	100	108	92	90	95
MICH	38	35	35	36	33	34
MINN	900	1,000	1,050	880	820	950
MONT	1,650	1,950	2,320	1,560	1,850	2,220
NEBR	25	85	95	22	78	88
NEV	35	37	40	32	34	37
N J	28	25	21	17	17	14
N MEX	47	27	24	37	23	20
N C	77	55	70	65	45	60
N DAK	2,000	2,600	3,100	1,950	2,520	3,050
OKLA	35	40	70	29	34	60
OREG	260	280	250	250	270	240
PA	70	70	75	65	65	70
S C	36	27	34	33	23	30
S DAK	560	580	610	545	550	580
TEX	60	70	60	35	45	45
UTAH	171	160	170	161	154	162
VA	124	124	120	100	100	96
WASH	850	880	1,000	810	850	960
W VA	4	5	6	4	4	6
WIS	51	40	45	48	35	42
WYO	155	160	170	144	152	164
U S	9,549	10,419	11,978	9,013	9,727	11,363

1/ INCLUDES AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.

ALL WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	850	600	480	725	460	380
ARIZ	145	135	145	143	119	140
ARK	2,000	1,700	1,600	1,900	1,500	1,450
CALIF	1,150	810	885	1,075	680	800
COLO	3,350	3,865	3,875	2,958	3,063	3,170
DEL	59	55	50	58	54	49
GA	1,470	1,060	1,000	1,370	910	880
IDAHO	1,600	1,500	1,550	1,510	1,305	1,280
ILL	1,600	1,550	1,800	1,500	1,400	1,600
IND	1,150	1,100	1,170	1,030	970	1,050
IOWA	115	75	110	100	50	100
KANS	14,100	13,200	13,500	13,100	10,800	11,000
KY	750	740	670	620	520	500
LA	550	430	400	500	250	300
MD	145	145	147	136	131	135
MICH	650	830	900	560	730	800
MINN	3,240	2,340	2,635	3,184	2,140	2,473
MISS	1,100	720	770	950	600	640
MO	2,500	2,200	2,350	2,200	1,850	2,050
MONT	5,750	4,810	5,105	5,360	4,455	4,790
NEBR	3,050	2,800	3,200	2,900	2,300	2,300
NEV	32	21	25	29	18	22
N J	60	55	48	45	38	40
N MEX	730	750	730	510	470	460
N Y	145	175	180	125	160	170
N C	700	600	700	650	470	600
N DAK	10,525	7,370	8,900	10,300	7,205	8,610
OHIO	1,430	1,300	1,240	1,200	1,200	1,100
OKLA	8,000	7,800	7,700	6,900	4,300	5,300
OREG	1,260	1,170	1,210	1,200	1,085	1,125
PA	235	210	230	228	200	220
S C	580	440	400	550	375	380
S DAK	3,900	3,080	3,795	3,595	2,727	3,292
TENN	980	820	670	830	600	520
TEX	8,200	7,750	7,400	6,000	4,600	5,100
UTAH	275	250	269	266	217	231
VA	400	410	350	350	340	300
WASH	2,990	3,050	2,810	2,840	2,690	2,590
W VA	11	11	12	9	9	10
WIS	130	148	190	122	128	177
WYO	325	344	325	309	271	294
U S	86,232	76,419	79,526	77,937	61,390	66,428

1/ INCLUDES AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.

WINTER WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	850	600	480	725	460	380
ARIZ	65	70	63	64	64	60
ARK	2,000	1,700	1,600	1,900	1,500	1,450
CALIF	1,020	730	770	950	610	690
COLO	3,300	3,800	3,800	2,910	3,000	3,100
DEL	59	55	50	58	54	49
GA	1,470	1,060	1,000	1,370	910	880
IDAHO	1,000	1,000	1,150	930	830	900
ILL	1,600	1,550	1,800	1,500	1,400	1,600
IND	1,150	1,100	1,170	1,030	970	1,050
IOWA	115	75	110	100	50	100
KANS	14,100	13,200	13,500	13,100	10,800	11,000
KY	750	740	670	620	520	500
LA	550	430	400	500	250	300
MD	145	145	147	136	131	135
MICH	650	830	900	560	730	800
MINN	90	100	400	86	75	280
MISS	1,100	720	770	950	600	640
MO	2,500	2,200	2,350	2,200	1,850	2,050
MONT	2,450	2,550	2,700	2,120	2,260	2,480
NEBR	3,050	2,800	3,200	2,900	2,300	2,300
NEV	16	9	9	15	8	8
N J	60	55	48	45	38	40
N MEX	730	750	730	510	470	460
N Y	145	175	180	125	160	170
N C	700	600	700	650	470	600
N DAK	175	180	700	140	155	580
OHIO	1,430	1,300	1,240	1,200	1,200	1,100
OKLA	8,000	7,800	7,700	6,900	4,300	5,300
OREG	1,150	1,080	1,130	1,100	1,000	1,050
PA	235	210	230	228	200	220
S C	580	440	400	550	375	380
S DAK	1,350	1,550	2,000	1,100	1,250	1,550
TENN	980	820	670	830	600	520
TEX	8,200	7,750	7,400	6,000	4,600	5,100
UTAH	240	220	230	233	190	195
VA	400	410	350	350	340	300
WASH	2,700	2,850	2,600	2,560	2,500	2,390
W VA	11	11	12	9	9	10
WIS	100	120	170	94	105	160
WYO	300	320	300	285	250	270
U S	65,516	62,105	63,829	57,633	47,584	51,147

1/ AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.

DURUM WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ARIZ	80	65	82	79	55	80
CALIF	130	80	115	125	70	110
MINN	80	40	35	78	35	33
MONT	350	210	205	340	205	200
N DAK	3,500	2,090	2,750	3,410	2,050	2,690
S DAK	150	80	95	145	77	92
U S	4,290	2,565	3,282	4,177	2,492	3,205

RYE

STATE	AREA PLANTED 1/			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
COLO	17	12	15	2	2	2
DEL	32	30	29	4	4	3
GA	450	400	430	70	70	80
ILL	55	65	85	13	12	9
IND	40	35	50	10	10	12
IOWA	20	21	30	4	3	4
KANS	50	65	75	10	10	13
KY	47	50	60	2	3	3
MD	70	65	55	10	8	7
MICH	135	135	140	18	20	20
MINN	120	200	200	100	160	170
MO	35	30	47	3	2	4
NEBR	85	105	235	47	55	54
N J	80	76	60	11	13	11
N Y	100	106	105	11	13	13
N C	145	155	160	25	22	25
N DAK	80	140	130	75	135	120
OHIO	80	75	60	5	6	6
OKLA	170	160	180	32	30	40
OREG	30	25	25	4	4	4
PA	60	60	80	12	17	19
S C	112	107	90	27	20	26
S DAK	150	250	280	130	230	260
TEX	155	160	115	28	25	20
VA	175	155	190	14	12	25
WIS	40	25	30	10	10	8
U S	2,533	2,707	2,956	677	896	958

1/ AREA PLANTED IN PRECEDING FALL.

OTHER SPRING WHEAT

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
COLO	50	65	75	48	63	70
IDAHO	600	500	400	580	475	380
MINN	3,070	2,200	2,200	3,020	2,030	2,160
MONT	2,950	2,050	2,200	2,900	1,990	2,110
NEV	16	12	16	14	10	14
N DAK	6,850	5,100	5,450	6,750	5,000	5,340
OREG	110	90	80	100	85	75
S DAK	2,400	1,450	1,700	2,350	1,400	1,650
UTAH	35	30	39	33	27	36
WASH	290	200	210	280	190	200
WIS	30	28	20	28	23	17
WYO	25	24	25	24	21	24
U S	16,426	11,749	12,415	16,127	11,314	12,076

RICE

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
	LONG GRAIN					
ARK	1,151.0	811.0	1,100.0	1,134.0	803.0	1,083.0
CALIF	14.0	22.0	57.0	14.0	22.0	56.0
LA	270.0	210.0	330.0	269.0	206.0	329.0
MISS	250.0	162.0	200.0	245.0	161.0	200.0
MO	71.0	61.0	70.0	71.0	60.0	69.0
TEX	443.0	310.0	418.0	442.0	308.0	416.0
U S	2,199.0	1,576.0	2,175.0	2,175.0	1,560.0	2,153.0
	MEDIUM GRAIN					
ARK	177.0	103.0	80.0	175.0	102.0	78.0
CALIF	409.0	200.0	308.0	406.0	199.0	305.0
LA	330.0	180.0	220.0	329.0	179.0	219.0
MO	8.5	2.0	1.0	8.5	2.0	1.0
TEX	32.0	10.0	2.0	32.0	10.0	2.0
U S	956.5	495.0	611.0	950.5	492.0	605.0
	SHORT GRAIN					
ARK	22.0	11.0	20.0	21.0	10.0	19.0
CALIF	117.0	108.0	95.0	115.0	107.0	94.0
MO	.5			.5		
U S	139.5	119.0	115.0	136.5	117.0	113.0
	ALL					
ARK	1,350.0	925.0	1,200.0	1,330.0	915.0	1,180.0
CALIF	540.0	330.0	460.0	535.0	328.0	455.0
LA	600.0	390.0	550.0	598.0	385.0	548.0
MISS	250.0	162.0	200.0	245.0	161.0	200.0
MO	80.0	63.0	71.0	80.0	62.0	70.0
TEX	475.0	320.0	420.0	474.0	318.0	418.0
U S	3,295.0	2,190.0	2,901.0	3,262.0	2,169.0	2,871.0

PEANUTS

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	179.0	182.0	220.0	177.0	180.0	218.0
FLA	59.0	69.0	85.0	51.0	60.0	76.0
GA	475.0	567.0	624.0	472.0	562.0	620.0
N MEX	10.4	11.0	13.0	10.4	11.0	13.0
N C	152.0	150.0	156.0	149.0	147.0	153.0
OKLA	88.0	93.0	100.0	86.0	91.0	98.0
S C	12.0	13.0	14.0	12.0	12.5	14.0
TEX	240.0	230.0	235.0	225.0	215.0	225.0
VA	96.0	96.0	99.0	95.0	95.0	99.0
U S	1,311.4	1,411.0	1,546.0	1,277.4	1,373.5	1,516.0

SOYBEANS

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	2,050	1,500	1,400	2,000	1,450	1,370
ARK	4,500	3,900	3,900	4,400	3,800	3,800
DEL	275	250	260	270	245	255
FLA	429	327	340	402	312	330
GA	2,400	2,000	2,050	2,350	1,950	1,950
ILL	9,250	8,900	9,300	9,200	8,800	9,220
IND	4,540	4,000	4,400	4,500	3,950	4,350
IOWA	8,470	8,000	8,500	8,400	7,960	8,450
KANS	1,820	1,600	1,730	1,780	1,520	1,690
KY	1,680	1,450	1,480	1,630	1,390	1,440
LA	3,000	2,620	2,400	2,900	2,570	2,330
MD	420	375	435	415	370	430
MICH	1,150	1,050	1,150	1,140	1,040	1,140
MINN	4,950	4,650	5,850	4,830	4,600	5,750
MISS	3,700	3,150	3,300	3,550	3,050	3,250
MO	5,800	5,200	5,600	5,700	5,050	5,500
NEBR	2,300	2,100	2,600	2,250	2,050	2,550
N J	172	135	135	170	133	133
N C	2,150	1,750	1,850	2,100	1,650	1,740
N DAK	425	540	830	415	530	810
OHIO	3,750	3,300	3,800	3,700	3,280	3,770
OKLA	300	250	240	280	230	220
PA	143	152	175	135	145	170
S C	1,850	1,480	1,520	1,800	1,430	1,470
S DAK	820	950	1,250	800	935	1,210
TENN	2,400	2,000	1,850	2,300	1,950	1,800
TEX	1,000	460	450	920	420	400
VA	680	650	750	665	610	735
WIS	460	400	480	440	395	470
U S	70,884	63,139	68,025	69,442	61,815	66,733

PERCENT OF SOYBEAN ACREAGE PLANTED
FOLLOWING ANOTHER CROP, SELECTED STATES 1/

STATE	1981	1982	1983	1984	STATE	1981	1982	1983	1984
ALA	26	37	18	21	MISS	12	25	18	15
ARK	33	35	33	25	MO	19	16	15	14
DEL	45	43	44	31	N J	32	29	19	23
FLA	16	50	42	49	N C	35	37	31	32
GA	52	59	40	31	OHIO	1	1	2	0
ILL	7	4	6	5	OKLA	45	52	27	39
IND	4	5	3	6	PA	10	17	9	7
KANS	24	12	11	19	S C	36	44	32	32
KY	35	33	35	34	TENN	34	32	29	27
LA	5	16	8	9	TEX	14	18	3	3
MD	43	47	41	38	VA	51	43	46	38
					U S	15	16	12	11

1/ DATA AS OBTAINED FROM AREA FRAME SAMPLES. THESE DATA DO NOT REPRESENT OFFICIAL ESTIMATES OF THE CROP REPORTING BOARD BUT PROVIDE RAW DATA AS OBTAINED FROM SURVEY RESPONDENTS. THE PURPOSE OF THESE DATA IS TO PORTRAY TRENDS IN SOYBEAN PRODUCTION PRACTICES.

SUNFLOWER

STATE AND VARIETAL TYPE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
OIL						
MINN	505	240	200	475	230	193
N DAK	3,190	2,230	2,480	3,140	2,200	2,450
S DAK	621	449	646	619	445	641
TEX	250	35	40	245	34	39
U S	4,566	2,954	3,366	4,479	2,909	3,323
NON-OIL						
MINN	35	10	14	33	9	13
N DAK	210	115	270	208	114	265
S DAK	4	1	4	4	1	4
TEX	0	0	0	0	0	0
U S	249	126	288	245	124	282
ALL						
MINN	540	250	214	508	239	206
N DAK	3,400	2,345	2,750	3,348	2,314	2,715
S DAK	625	450	650	623	446	645
TEX	250	35	40	245	34	39
U S	4,815	3,080	3,654	4,724	3,033	3,605

FLAXSEED

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
MINN	120	65	50	110	75	45
N DAK	480	410	420	435	400	410
S DAK	200	110	105	190	105	100
U S	780	605	575	735	580	555

ALASKA 1/

CROP	AREA PLANTED			
	1982	1983	1984	1984/1983
	ACRES			PERCENT
ALL OATS	3,200	3,100	8,500	274
ALL BARLEY	8,500	16,000	16,000	100
MIXED GRAIN CROPS	700	800	800	100
GRAIN HAY OR SILAGE 2/ 3/	2,900	3,800	8,800	232
GRASS HAY OR SILAGE 3/	12,000	13,900	15,200	109
POTATOES	530	560	570	102

1/ ESTIMATES ARE PROVIDED TO MEET SPECIAL NEEDS OF DATA USERS FOR CROP AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION STATISTICS. ESTIMATES ARE EXCLUDED FROM COMMODITY DATA TABLES. 2/ INCLUDED IN THE ABOVE GRAIN CROP ESTIMATES. 3/ AREA HARVESTED.

COTTON

CROP AND STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED 1/		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
UPLAND						
ALA	287.0	219.0	300.0	285.0	215.0	
ARIZ	471.0	291.0	480.0	470.0	284.0	
ARK	410.0	340.0	475.0	390.0	310.0	
CALIF	1,380.0	960.0	1,420.0	1,370.0	950.0	
FLA	16.0	12.5	14.0	15.0	12.0	
GA	163.0	120.0	200.0	158.0	115.0	
KANS	.5	.4	1.0	.4	.4	
LA	605.0	420.0	660.0	595.0	410.0	
MISS	1,000.0	687.0	1,150.0	990.0	675.0	
MO	154.0	108.0	150.0	151.0	93.0	
NEV	.7	.0	.0	.7	.0	
N MEX	79.0	56.0	80.0	68.0	47.0	
N C	71.0	60.0	95.0	70.0	59.0	
OKLA	480.0	320.0	400.0	450.0	300.0	
S C	97.0	69.0	106.0	95.0	69.0	
TENN	260.0	220.0	320.0	255.0	215.0	
TEX	5,800.0	4,000.0	5,400.0	4,300.0	3,550.0	
VA	.3	.4	1.0	.3	.4	
U S	11,274.5	7,883.3	11,252.0	9,663.4	7,304.8	
AMER-PIMA						
ARIZ	41.8	29.5	58.0	41.6	29.3	
N MEX	9.5	11.1	13.0	9.4	11.1	
TEX	19.6	22.4	20.0	19.5	22.3	
U S	70.9	63.0	91.0	70.5	62.7	
ALL						
ALA	287.0	219.0	300.0	285.0	215.0	
ARIZ	512.8	320.5	538.0	511.6	313.3	
ARK	410.0	340.0	475.0	390.0	310.0	
CALIF	1,380.0	960.0	1,420.0	1,370.0	950.0	
FLA	16.0	12.5	14.0	15.0	12.0	
GA	163.0	120.0	200.0	158.0	115.0	
KANS	.5	.4	1.0	.4	.4	
LA	605.0	420.0	660.0	595.0	410.0	
MISS	1,000.0	687.0	1,150.0	990.0	675.0	
MO	154.0	108.0	150.0	151.0	93.0	
NEV	.7	.0		.7	.0	
N MEX	88.5	67.1	93.0	77.4	58.1	
N C	71.0	60.0	95.0	70.0	59.0	
OKLA	480.0	320.0	400.0	450.0	300.0	
S C	97.0	69.0	106.0	95.0	69.0	
TENN	260.0	220.0	320.0	255.0	215.0	
TEX	5,819.6	4,022.4	5,420.0	4,319.5	3,572.3	
VA	.3	.4	1.0	.3	.4	
U S	11,345.4	7,946.3	11,343.0	9,733.9	7,367.5	

1/ ESTIMATES TO BE RELEASED AUGUST 10, 1984.

HAY

STATE	ALL HAY AREA HARVESTED			ALFALFA AND ALFALFA MIXTURES AREA HARVESTED			ALL OTHER AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	IND 1984	1982	1983	IND 1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES								
ALA	650	650	680				650	650	680
ARIZ	185	170	175	160	145	150	25	25	25
ARK	870	885	900	50	60	35	820	825	865
CALIF	1,470	1,480	1,530	960	950	1,020	510	530	510
COLO	1,360	1,470	1,445	710	720	770	650	750	675
CONN	89	86	89	23	22	23	66	64	66
DEL	19	20	21	7	7	7	12	13	14
FLA	274	255	280				274	255	280
GA	500	500	470				500	500	470
IDAHO	1,340	1,420	1,400	1,020	1,030	1,040	320	390	360
ILL	1,130	1,120	1,220	690	650	800	440	470	420
IND	795	790	850	385	390	430	410	400	420
IOWA	2,200	2,100	2,300	1,700	1,550	1,800	500	550	500
KANS	2,350	2,330	2,520	1,000	930	920	1,350	1,400	1,600
KY	1,605	1,525	1,750	225	225	230	1,380	1,300	1,520
LA	353	362	340	13	12	12	340	350	328
MAINE	228	230	230	25	27	27	203	203	203
MD	230	226	230	75	76	80	155	150	150
MASS	119	123	123	29	29	29	90	94	94
MICH	1,370	1,400	1,700	1,050	1,100	1,400	320	300	300
MINN	2,870	2,830	2,800	1,950	1,900	1,960	920	930	840
MISS	750	675	680				750	675	680
MO	3,230	3,160	3,480	540	480	480	2,690	2,680	3,000
MONT	2,450	2,170	2,300	1,350	1,170	1,200	1,100	1,000	1,100
NEBR	3,700	3,650	3,700	1,600	1,550	1,600	2,100	2,100	2,100
NEV	510	530	560	225	230	210	285	300	350
N H	89	89	93	18	19	21	71	70	72
N J	112	115	120	50	45	45	62	70	75
N MEX	320	320	345	250	250	260	70	70	85
N Y	2,300	2,270	2,310	975	930	950	1,325	1,340	1,360
N C	395	390	410	35	30	40	360	360	370
N DAK	2,800	2,900	2,900	1,550	1,550	1,550	1,250	1,350	1,350
OHIO	1,340	1,260	1,450	490	460	650	850	800	800
OKLA	1,720	1,940	2,170	370	340	370	1,350	1,600	1,800
OREG	1,070	1,110	1,150	420	440	450	650	670	700
PA	2,000	1,970	1,980	840	850	850	1,160	1,120	1,130
R I	11	11	10	3	3	3	8	8	7
S C	220	215	230				220	215	230
S DAK	4,150	4,040	4,110	2,250	2,340	2,410	1,900	1,700	1,700
TENN	1,330	1,350	1,500	130	140	140	1,200	1,210	1,360
TEX	2,980	3,070	3,090	180	170	190	2,800	2,900	2,900
UTAH	608	595	600	470	455	465	138	140	135
VT	445	445	450	110	105	110	335	340	340
VA	1,010	1,040	1,070	95	90	100	915	950	970
WASH	800	790	770	460	440	430	340	350	340
W VA	630	640	630	90	100	100	540	540	530
WIS	3,650	3,800	3,900	3,050	3,200	3,350	600	600	550
WYO	1,185	1,180	1,190	565	500	550	620	680	640
U S	59,812	59,697	62,251	26,188	25,710	27,257	33,624	33,987	34,994

DRY EDIBLE BEANS 1/

CROP AND STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
LARGE LIMA						
CALIF	32.0	27.5	32.0	28.0	27.0	31.0
BABY LIMA						
CALIF	27.0	24.5	28.0	25.0	24.0	27.0
OTHER						
CALIF	179.0	89.0	120.0	157.0	87.0	116.0
ALL						
CALIF	238.0	141.0	180.0	210.0	138.0	174.0
COLO	190.0	155.0	175.0	185.0	150.0	170.0
IDAHO	143.0	90.0	140.0	141.0	88.0	138.0
KANS	30.0	11.0	13.0	28.0	9.0	11.7
MICH	560.0	360.0	400.0	550.0	350.0	390.0
MINN	95.0	42.0	60.0	73.0	39.0	56.0
MONT	8.5	3.0	9.0	7.0	2.8	8.5
NEBR	225.0	135.0	155.0	212.0	131.0	150.0
N Y	50.0	29.0	35.0	49.0	28.0	34.0
N DAK	300.0	170.0	210.0	240.0	160.0	200.0
UTAH	11.0	7.0	9.0	10.0	6.9	8.8
WASH	38.0	16.0	35.0	37.0	16.0	34.0
WYO	36.0	19.0	38.0	35.0	18.0	37.0
U S	1,924.5	1,178.0	1,459.0	1,777.0	1,136.7	1,412.0

1/ EXCLUDES BEANS GROWN FOR GARDEN SEED.

SUMMER POTATOES

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	9.0	9.5	8.5	8.6	9.3	8.3
CALIF	8.4	8.0	8.1	8.4	8.0	8.1
COLO	7.0	7.0	7.3	6.9	6.8	7.1
DEL	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.5
ILL	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.4
IND	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.8
IOWA	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5
MD	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.7
MICH	10.5	12.0	13.0	10.3	11.8	12.8
MINN	6.7	5.2	6.2	6.6	5.1	6.1
NEBR	1.2	1.1	2.3	1.0	1.0	2.1
N J	8.6	8.8	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.3
N MEX	5.0	5.7	9.0	4.9	5.7	8.9
N C	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.9	3.9	2.9
OHIO	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1
TENN	2.7	2.5	2.0	2.7	2.5	2.0
TEX	8.8	9.4	11.5	8.7	9.3	11.3
VA	17.0	16.5	17.0	16.5	14.3	16.0
TOTAL	103.4	104.1	111.1	101.1	100.0	107.9

TOBACCO BY CLASS AND TYPE

CLASS AND TYPE	AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	IND 1984
	ACRES		
CLASS 1, FLUE-CURED			
TYPES 11-14			
FLA	9,300	7,800	7,000
GA	49,000	44,000	39,000
N C	313,000	267,000	265,000
S C	59,000	54,000	49,000
VA	42,000	37,000	36,000
U S	472,300	409,800	396,000
CLASS 3A, LIGHT AIR-CURED			
TYPE 31			
IND	8,600	8,100	8,600
KY	225,000	186,000	210,000
MO	3,000	3,100	2,900
N C	12,700	10,700	10,000
OHIO	12,600	10,500	10,500
TENN	68,000	60,000	62,000
VA	14,300	12,000	11,500
W VA	2,000	2,200	2,300
U S	346,200	292,600	317,800
ALL OTHER CLASSES AND TYPES			
CONN	2,660	1,940	1,740
KY	19,100	17,300	18,300
MD	27,000	27,000	24,000
MASS	550	425	570
N C 1/	40		
OHIO	1,800	1,400	1,200
PA	13,000	12,000	12,000
TENN	14,610	12,910	13,500
VA	5,370	5,190	4,700
WIS	10,100	8,400	7,800
U S	94,230	86,565	83,810
ALL	912,730	788,965	797,610

1/ NOT PLANTED IN 1983 OR 1984.

TOBACCO BY STATES

STATE	AREA HARVESTED		IND
	1982	1983	1984
	ACRES		
CONN	2,660	1,940	1,740
FLA	9,300	7,800	7,000
GA	49,000	44,000	39,000
IND	8,600	8,100	8,600
KY	244,100	203,300	228,300
MD	27,000	27,000	24,000
MASS	550	425	570
MO	3,000	3,100	2,900
N C	325,740	277,700	275,000
OHIO	14,400	11,900	11,700
PA	13,000	12,000	12,000
S C	59,000	54,000	49,000
TENN	82,610	72,910	75,500
VA	61,670	54,190	52,200
W VA	2,000	2,200	2,300
WIS	10,100	8,400	7,800
U S	912,730	788,965	797,610

SWEETPOTATOES

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ALA	5.7	5.0	6.0	5.5	4.9	5.9
CALIF	9.2	8.8	9.0	9.2	8.8	9.0
GA	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.3	5.8	6.8
LA	26.0	25.0	24.0	25.0	24.0	23.0
MD	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.1
MISS	5.2	4.8	5.0	5.0	4.7	4.8
N J	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.9	2.4	2.4
N C	45.0	38.0	41.0	44.0	37.0	40.0
S C	5.5	4.0	5.0	5.3	4.0	5.0
TENN	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.6
TEX	7.6	7.4	7.6	7.2	7.1	7.3
VA	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.2	1.2	1.0
U S	118.7	105.3	110.7	115.4	102.4	107.9

SUGARCANE FOR SUGAR AND SEED

STATE	AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES		
FLA	355.3	367.9	369.0
HAW	94.7	99.3	94.0
LA	255.0	265.0	240.0
TEX	36.7	35.5	35.5
U S	741.7	767.7	738.5

SUGARBEETS 1/

STATE	AREA PLANTED			AREA HARVESTED		
	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	IND 1984
	1,000 ACRES					
ARIZ	13.1	.0	.0	12.8	.0	.0
CALIF	169.0	174.0	205.0	162.0	169.0	200.0
COLO	50.0	42.0	49.0	46.0	37.2	46.0
IDAHO	139.0	145.0	145.0	136.0	143.0	143.0
KANS	9.9	7.5	7.8	9.5	6.9	7.2
MICH	97.5	106.0	109.0	96.5	104.0	107.0
MINN	253.0	262.0	265.0	252.0	259.0	263.0
MONT	43.1	41.6	25.2	43.0	41.3	25.0
NEBR	52.0	67.8	73.4	45.4	65.3	72.0
N MEX	.7	.0	.0	.7	.0	.0
N DAK	145.7	143.1	143.0	144.8	142.2	142.0
OHIO	.0	13.4	11.5	.0	12.6	11.0
OREG	10.7	11.6	11.8	10.3	11.3	11.5
TEX	30.7	33.8	39.0	29.4	31.9	37.0
WYO	39.8	32.6	33.8	38.4	32.1	33.5
U S	1,054.2	1,080.4	1,118.5	1,026.8	1,055.8	1,098.2

1/ RELATES TO YEAR OF INTENDED HARVEST EXCEPT FOR OVERWINTERED SPRING PLANTED BEETS IN CALIF.

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