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Wheat Situation

Economics, Statistics, and Cooperatives Service

U.S. Department of Agriculture

MAY 1980

WS-252



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May 1980	

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^{1/} IMPORTS AND EXPORTS INCLUDE FLOUR AND OTHER PRODUCTS EXPRESSED IN WHEAT EQUIVALENT. 2/ RESIDUAL; APPROXIMATES FEED USE.
3/ INCLUDES OUTSTANDING AND RESERVE LOANS. 4/ PRELIMINARY. 5/ PROJECTED. 6/ INCLUDES DEFICIENCY, DIVERSION, DISASTER AND RESERVE STORAGE PAYMENTS. 7/ UNPLANTED PORTION OF ALLOTMENT QUALIFIED FOR \$2.47. N.A.=NOT AVAILABLE. *TOTALS MAY NOT ADD DUE TO ROUNDING.

THE WHEAT SITUATION

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Principal Contributor: Allen G. Schienbein (202) 447-8776

National Economics Division

Economics, Statistics, and Cooperatives Service

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SUMMARY

Wheat Outlook Favors a Large 1980 Crop

Harvesting is underway on a 1980 U.S. winter wheat crop estimated as of May 1 at 1.71 billion bushels. This is over 100 million above 1979's level and 70 million above 1975's alltime high. The increased production reflects the sharp expansion in acreage as last fall's adverse seeding conditions and dry weather have reduced yield prospects 2.6 bushels below 1979's record 36.9 bushels. With the absence of set-aside requirements and strong prices last fall, producers increased plantings by nearly 5 million acres. Chances are 2 out of 3 that final 1980 winter wheat production will be within 115 million bushels of the estimate.

Spring wheat growers—Durum and Hard Spring—are in the process of seeding 3 million more acres than in 1979. However, dry soil conditions and virtually no rainfall in the Northern Plains in the past month causes current crop prospects to be less than favorable. For the total 1980 wheat crop, a repeat of 1979's record yields is unlikely but the added 8 million acres should be offsetting and another large wheat harvest is probable.

With no set-aside requirement for the 1980 crop, all producers are eligible for loans, the farmer-owned reserve, target price protection, and the disaster payment program. Producers may place 1980 wheat directly into the reserve at the time that it is put under loan.

Improved winter wheat crop conditions here and abroad, expanded spring wheat acreage, and higher carrying charges have contributed to weaker prices over the past few months. For much of 1979/80, market prices averaged about a dollar a bushel above a year earlier; but this difference narrowed significantly by early May. Although current farm prices are around \$3.50 a bushel, the 1979/80 season average will likely be around \$3.75, a reflection of large farmer marketings at early season higher price levels. The 1978/79 farm price averaged \$2.98 per bushel.

World wheat stock levels will be below year-ago levels going into 1980/81, but prospects are favorable for larger 1980 world wheat harvests in all major Northern Hemisphere countries except India and China. As a result, total supplies will be sufficient to meet world consumption requirements. World trade is expected to remain high in 1980/81, with U.S. exports around 1979/80's record 1.37 billion bushels.

Total disappearance of wheat during June 1979-March 1980 was up from the same period a year

ago. A 15-percent boost in exports and a slight increase in food and seed use has more than offset a sharp outbreak in wheat feeding. Total wheat usage for 1979/80 will be a record 2.15 billion bushels, about matching 1979's near-record crop. Consequently, carryover stocks will be virtually unchanged from a year earlier. Farmer-owned reserve stocks and CCC inventory will isolate about 50 percent of the June 1 stock level from the market.

OUTLOOK FOR 1980/81

Record 1980 Winter Wheat Crop Likely

The May 1 estimate of the 1980 winter wheat harvest was a record 1.71 billion bushels, over 100 million above last year's crop and 70 million above the previous 1975 record. Estimated harvested acreage was up about 6 million acres offsetting a 2.6 bushel reduction in yield from 1979's record 36.9 bushels per acre. Chances are 2 out of 3 that the final harvest will not differ from the May 1 forecast by more than 115 million bushels.

In response to strong wheat prices last fall, and no set-aside requirements, farmers increased winter wheat planted acreage by 9 percent to 57 million acres. Acreage was up 6 percent in major Hard Red Winter States, and over a fourth in Soft Red Winter production areas. Although dry soil conditions slowed plant development needed before winter dormancy, a relatively mild winter along with widespread winter and spring precipitation greatly improved the crop condition. Pacific Northwest White Winter wheat producers increased plantings slightly and experienced minimal winterkill.

Sharp Increase in Spring Wheat Acreage, **Dry Conditions May Reduce 1980 Crop Prospects**

On April 1, growers indicated their intention to increase Durum acreage 37 percent and other spring wheat plantings by 10 percent. Total spring wheat area of around 22.6 million acres compares with 19.6 million in 1979. Along with returning 1979's set-aside acreage to wheat production, some additional acreage apparently shifted from sunflower and oats to wheat—particularly Durum. A shortage of winter precipitation in the Northern Plains has caused concern as topsoils were too dry for good germination. Conditions in some areas improved during April but record breaking high temperatures and limited rainfall continue to leave soil moisture short. This could reduce yields somewhat from a year ago. Nevertheless, with the increased acreage, the total 1980 spring wheat

Wheat: Supply and disappearance

Item	1980/81 Projected
	Million bushels
June 1 stocks	920 2,100-2,450
Total supply 1	3,022-3,372
Exports	1,200-1,500 605-615 90-102 50-125
Total disappearance	2,000-2,300
Ending stocks	850-1,300

¹ includes imports

harvest may again be large, possibly matching the record 582 million bushels harvested in 1976.

Large 1980 U.S. Wheat Crop in Prospect

The 1980/81 wheat production, supply, demand, and price outlook is subject to a large degree of uncertainty at this early date. To account for these uncertainties, ranges are shown for 1980/81 marketing year forecasts.

Precipitation received in the last few months greatly increased 1980 U.S. crop prospectsespecially for winter wheat. The 1979 all wheat record yield of 34.2 bushels per acre is not likely to be repeated, but the added 8 million acres should be offsetting so a 1980 crop between 2.10 and 2.45 billion bushels is likely. Yet, until the 1980 crop is in the bin, weather remains the determining factor that may change yields and harvested acres. Coupled with an estimated June 1 carryover stocks of 920 million bushels, total 1980/81 supply would be between 3.02 and 3.37 billion bushels.

Although the 1980/81 world wheat outlook begins with a reduced carryover stock level from a year earlier, prospects for a larger world harvest are in the making. As a result total world supplies will be sufficient to meet world consumption requirements. However, U.S. wheat exports could range from 1.2 to 1.5 billion bushels depending on production levels in other countries and availability of grain from competing exporters. Wheat prices will likely continue above feed grains so wheat feeding should total between 50 and 125 million bushels compared with 75 million in 1979/80.

Total 1980/81 use may fall short of production causing ending stocks to increase. The large supply could put downward pressure on prices but increased placement of wheat into the farmerowned reserve will likely moderate any price declines from this year's level. However, if world production prospects were to deteriorate, stocks could decline and prices could improve from this year's level. For 1980/81 the U.S. average farm price may range from \$3.45 to \$4.15 per bushel, compared with about \$3.75 in 1979/80.

A Review of 1980 Wheat Program Features

Major features applicable to the 1980 wheat program have been announced. Here is a review of how the program stacks up.

There is no set-aside requirement for the 1980 crop. Accordingly, all producers are eligible for loans, the farmer-owned reserve, target price protection and the disaster program.

- To be eligible for any program benefits. producers must certify 1980 planted acreage at their county ASCS office by not later than the final certification date established. Certification dates vary by State and county.
- To receive the \$3.63 target price protection, a producer must stay within his normal crop acreage (NCA), which generally equates to all the land planted to NCA crops in 1977. If this acreage is exceeded, the target price protection is \$3.08 per bushel. A \$50.000 per person limit applies to deficiency payments.
- A \$2.50 loan rate is applicable to the 1980 crop, whether or not the NCA requirement is met. The interest rate on all 1980 crop loans will be 13 percent.
- A disaster payment program is in effect based on the target price for which the producer is eligible. However, a \$100,000 perperson limit is applicable for one or more of wheat, feed grains, upland cotton, and rice crops.
- Producers may put 1980 crop wheat into the farmer-owned reserve at the time wheat is put under loan. The release and call levels are set at \$3.75 and \$4.63 per bushel, respectively. Entry of loan grain into the reserve can continue until either the call level is reached or the reserve totals 700 million bushels. Participants receive a prepaid yearly storage payment of 261/2 cents per bushel

THE 1979/80 SITUATION

Wheat Disappearance Alltime High, **CCC Wheat Stocks Expand**

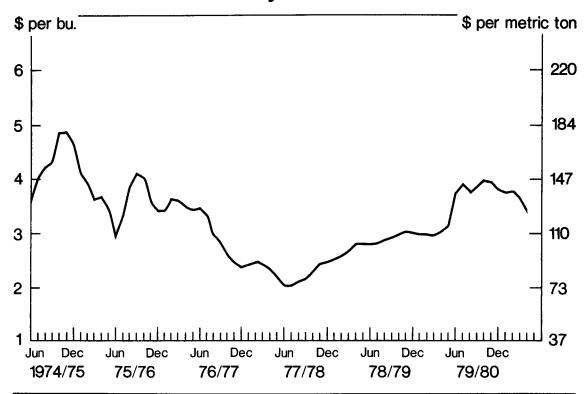
Wheat disappearance through March was 5 percent ahead of the same period a year ago. April 1 stocks of 1.22 billion bushels were on par with a year ago despite the larger 1979 crop. Indicated June-March domestic use for food and seed was up while wheat feeding showed a sharp drop. A 15 percent boost in exports was the main reason for increased disappearance. Total 1979/80 usage will likely be a record 2.15 billion bushels about matching the 1979 near-record crop. Consequently, the yearend stock level will be comparable with a year ago.

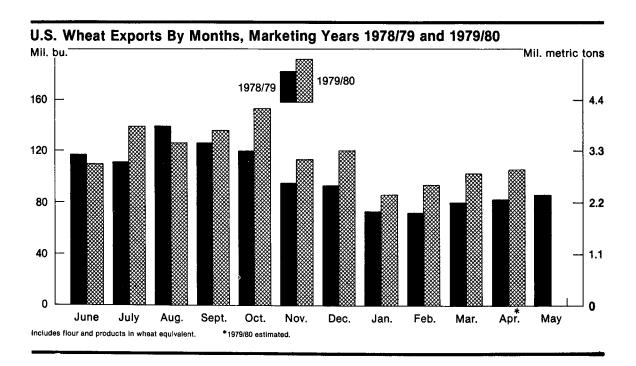
While April 1's all wheat inventory matches that of a year ago, some apparent changes in class stock levels are evident. Durum and Hard Red Spring inventories are down 17 and 15 percent, respectively. Both classes experienced reduced 1979 harvests and relatively good export seasons. The April 1 winter wheat supply (Hard Red. Soft Red. and White) was higher than a year ago with Soft Red up nearly a third. Although exports of these classes were also higher, 1979 production was up.

Wheat: Supply and disappearance

	June-	March
Item	1978/79	1979/80
	Million	bushels
June 1 stocks	1,177	925
Production	1,798	2,142
Imports	1	1
Total supply	2,976	3,068
Exports	1,027	1,182
Food	493	504
Seed	62	69
Feed ,	168	88
Total disappearance	1,750	1,843
April 1 stocks	1,226	1,225

Wheat Prices Received by Farmers





A record 1.1 billion bushel Hard Red Winter crop was harvested.

By mid-April, CCC completed wheat purchases of 4.2 million metric tons (155 million bushels)—equal to the amount destined for the Soviet Union before the suspension. The first 60 million bushels were purchased from country elevators and the remaining 95 million was purchased directly from farmers. CCC ownership of wheat, in addition to about 250 million bushels in the farmer-owned reserve, means that nearly 50 percent of estimated June 1 carryover will be isolated from the market.

An accelerated output of wheat milled to flour during June-March points to a record year for wheat product consumption. Another optimistic outlook for wheat food use is that 1979's per capita flour consumption at 120 pounds, is 3 pounds above 1978.

Note - Prior issues of the Wheat Situation included tabular presentation of data used to compute per capita consumption of wheat flour. Over the past two years, major data revisions have made adjustments in the per capita figure necessary. Table 12 in this issue is a revision and updating of U.S. wheat flour supply and disappearance for the past twenty years on a calendar year basis.

Record Export Pace Slows

Wheat exports during January-March fell off 100 million bushels from last fall partly because of the suspension action. Still, total shipments were well above year-ago levels and for the season are expected to reach 1,375 million bushels exceeding the 1973/74 record by over 150 million. Loadings for the remainder of the year will be considerably reduced from the average monthly rate of 128

million bushels during the first half of 1979/80. New crop year bookings are already a third above last year, suggesting reasonably heavy shipments early in the 1980/81 marketing year.

The marvel of this year's record export activity is that record export season's for oilseeds, feed grains and rice are developing at the same time. Although transportation and handling disruptions still occur, this record grain movement is evidence of improved logistical conditions and handling capacity in the United States.

April Wheat Prices Turn Down

April wheat prices, responded to factors such as, expanded spring wheat acreage, improved winter wheat crop conditions, and higher carrying charges, and declined to their lowest level this season. December market prices were over a dollar a bushel above the same level of a year earlier. By mid-May, lower prices reduced this spread to around 30 cents per bushel. Some recovery was experienced in early May reflecting concern for dry conditions in Spring wheat areas. Durum is the only wheat class that shows some stability at a level considerably above a year ago.

USDA's mid-month April national average wheat farm price of \$3.40 per bushel was the season's low; but was still nearly 40 cents per bushel above last year's level. Because farmers sold the largest share of their 1979/80 production while prices were strong, marketings during the remainder of the marketing year will not appreciably change this season's estimated average price of \$3.75 cents per bushel.

Many of the factors mentioned above in addition to crop prospects in the rest of the world, will continue to be important to the price outlook for the 1980/81 crop year.

WORLD WHEAT OUTLOOK

Production Projections for 1980

Early prospects for world wheat output in 1980/81 suggest production may range from 420 to 460 million metric tons, compared with 420 million in 1978/79. This would indicate that 1979's reduced harvest will likely be exceeded and that a record world production is possible if generally favorable conditions continue.

Weather conditions continue generally favorable for winter wheat in the Northern Hemisphere. In Western Europe, moisture supplies have been adequate and the wheat area is likely to be up in many countries. Eastern Europe expanded planted area and abundant precipitation early in the win-

ter, left the crop in good condition. Below-normal moisture in Poland may pose a problem. USSR's winter grain area is up a tenth and indicated winter kill has been below average. Planting of spring wheat in the Soviet Union is lagging well behind normal and the area may be below seeding plans. In China, favorable March rainfalls benefited winter wheat as it came out of dormancy. Abandonment and winterkill exceeded normal levels and the crop will likely fall short of last year's record, even if the spring wheat harvest is near normal. Plantings of 1980 wheat are expected to expand in Canada with Durum area up over 10 percent. Conditions are on the dry side this year contrasting with an excessively wet spring in 1979.

Wheat: World wheat supply and distribution, marketing years 1976-801

Year	Beginning stocks ²	Production	Total exports	Utilization total ³
		Million m	etric tons	
976/77	63.0	415.8	63.1	378.5
977/78	100.3	382.8	72.9	400.5
978/79	82.6	447.8	71.2	424.6
979/804	105.9	420.0	82.5	437.4
980/815	88.4	420.0-460.0	79,0-90,0	423.0-440,0

¹ Data in this table are based on aggregate of differing local marketing years, and will therefore differ from July-June data appearing elsewhere in this report. ² Stocks data are only for selected countries and exclude such important countries such as USSR, China, and part of Eastern Europe for which stocks data are not available; the aggregate stocks levels have, however, been adjusted for estimated year-to-year changes in USSR grain stocks. ³ For countries for which stock data are not available, or for which no adjustments have been made for year-to-year changes, utilization estimates assume a constant stock level. ⁴ Preliminary. ⁵ Projected.

Source: Foreign Agricultural Service. World Grain Situation: FG 17-80, May 1980.

A scarcity of rain during the *Indian* monsoon season will cause below normal yields from unirrigated wheat. A stepped-up irrigation program in northern areas may be partially offsetting but a large 1980 crop is expected to fall about a tenth below last year's record. Overall, world wheat developments point at this time to increased production in 1980/81. Larger crops may come from the United States, USSR, Western and Eastern Europe, Turkey, and Canada, with possible decreases in China and India.

World Wheat Trade Expected to Remain Strong

Although world wheat production is likely to be up in 1980/81, world trade will likely remain high,

ranging from 79 to 90 million tons. This compares with the 1979/80 record of 82 million tons.

Factors that may influence the outlook for 1980/81 world and U.S. wheat trade include:

- Total Soviet import levels for the 1980/81 season.
- The performance of the summer monsoon in India and its possible effects on the need for India to import wheat.
- Weather conditions and planting intentions for world spring wheat growers and developments in Southern Hemisphere wheat crops.
- Competition from other exporters.
- · China's level of grain import needs.

WHEAT BY CLASS

Another Record HRW Crop Expected

Based upon conditions as of May 1, a record 1.10 billion bushels 1980 HRW crop is expected, up slightly from last year's record. A substantial increase in harvested acreage—mainly the result of no 1980 set-aside—offsets an estimated yield decrease of about 5 bushels per acre. A crop this size added to June 1 carryover will likely result in total 1980 HRW supply about equal to those in 1979/80.

April 1 stocks of Hard Red Winter (HRW) totaled around 580 million bushels, up slightly from a year ago. Last year, over 55 percent of April's supply was isolated from the market in the farmer-owned reserve or owned by CCC. As a result, the readily marketable HRW supply situation was relatively tight when compared with past years. While June-December 1979 prices were at high levels, farmers redeemed over half of their HRW reserve stocks. However, the post-suspension

wheat purchase program added over 100 million bushels to CCC-owned HRW inventory bringing the total to 140 million. This inventory, which cannot be sold on the market, and the farmer-owned reserve stocks represent about 45 percent of total April supply and over half of June's estimated carryover.

Influenced mainly by the January grain export suspension, January-March HRW shipments dropped about 70 million bushels below the October-December level. Total 1979/80 exports were originally projected to nearly equal 1973/74's record 775 million bushels. Even with the reduced loading rate, this year's total HRW export will be the second largest ever and equal to about two-thirds of the record crop (table 2).

HRW prices (Kansas City ordinary) weakened considerably since January, falling below \$4 per bushel for much of April. Prices strengthened during early May but the outlook for another large

crop will bear heavily on market price levels in coming weeks.

HRS Stocks At Three Year Low

April 1 stocks of Hard Red Spring (HRS) totaled around 370 million bushels, the lowest April level since 1977. It is noteworthy that nearly a third of the stocks are in the 3-year farmer-owned reserve (FOR) program and that recent Government purchases have increased CCC's HRS stocks to around 45 million bushels. Accordingly, over half of June 1's projected HRS carryover (316 million bushels) will be out of commercial marketing channels.

Disappearance of HRS during June-March is about on par with the same pace of a year ago. Another 200 million bushel export season seems certain. Also, some expansion of domestic use is expected as HRS prices have been quite competitive with HRW for most of 1979/80.

Minneapolis HRS prices weakened from January in a similar pattern as other wheat classes. Prices in April slipped below \$4 a bushel for the first time this year but concern for the new crop facing widespread dry soil conditions caused May prices to recover from earlier losses. Futures market prices suggest that high protein spring wheat may again be competitively priced in the 1980/81 marketing year.

As of April 1, HRS producers intended to increase plantings about 13 percent. North Dakota, the largest producer, indicated 6 percent more acreage while Minnesota and South Dakota reported 34 percent and 27 percent more, respectively. Lack of winter moisture has caused dry soil conditions in many upper Midwest areas which could cause some serious germination problems if spring rains are not sufficient. Yields could fall below 1979's 26 bushels per acre.

Durum Stocks Down, Acreage Up

Durum stocks on April 1 totaled around 86 million bushels, 13 percent below last year. Reflecting this season's favorable Durum farm prices, most of the 1979 crop that was placed in loan has been redeemed and very little was placed in the farmer-owned reserve. In fact, about 4 million of the 11 million bushels of Durum previously pledged to the reserve program have been liquidated. Also, no Durum was bought during the recent CCC purchase program. This year's reduced supply and probable record exports are the main reasons that June carryover stocks are expected to be down nearly a fifth.

Despite last summer's shut-down of Duluth-Superior, overseas Durum commitments currently top last year by nearly 20 percent and could easily exceed 75 million bushels, or 70 percent of 1979/80

production. Sales to Tunisia have reached nearly 10 million bushels making that country the second largest importer of U.S. Durum after Algeria.

For much of the year, Durum has been priced around \$1.00 per bushel above HRS. This would tend to increase blending of hard wheat in pasta flour production. Nevertheless, semolina production continues strong and may exceed last year by nearly 20 percent.

Wheat prices in general have been quite volatile since early January, but Minneapolis Durum markets have been fairly stable at around \$5.00 per bushel. This compares with around \$3.65 a year ago. Ample supplies and the indicated sizeable increase in 1980 Durum acreage point to chances of some price weakening as the new crop year approaches. Also, Canadian Durum acreage may be up over 10 percent from a year ago.

Favorable prices and no set-aside induced producers to plan a sharp increase in 1980 Durum acreage. Growers intend to seed 1.5 million acres more than the 4.0 million in 1979. With this expanded acreage and a yield per acre about equal to the latest 5 year average, 1980 Durum production could exceed 1976's record 135 million bushels.

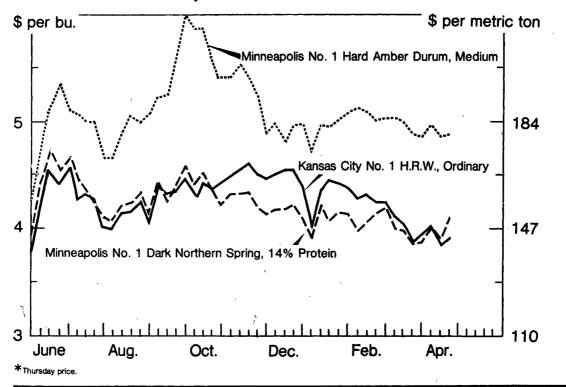
Marketable SRW Stocks Tighten, **Record 1980 Crop Forecast**

Stocks of Soft Red Winter (SRW) totaled about 70 million bushels on April 1 or about 25 million above last April. Nearly all of the SRW previously in the farmer-owned reserve has now been redeemed in response to strong early season prices. Under the recent USDA purchase program (from March 25 thru April 14, 1980), CCC procured nearly 6 million bushels of SRW from country elevators and over 1 million from producers. Coupled with approximately 2 million bushels previously acquired through forfeiture of some 1976 and 1977 crop loans, CCC now owns nearly 9 million bushels of SRW, about a fourth of the estimated yearend stocks. This supply is to be included in the foreign food-aid wheat reserve and will not be resold in the commercial market. Thus, until the harvest of a likely record 1980 crop, readily marketable SRW supplies will be tight.

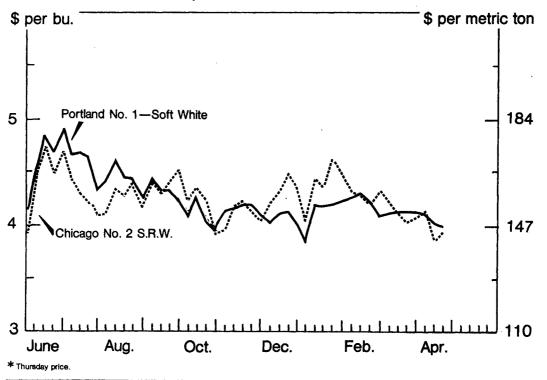
Heavy SRW exports to date reflect the fact that soft wheats have been competively priced at dockside for most of this season. While China was a large HRW buyer last season (when SRW supplies were limited), expanded purchases this year have bolstered total projected exports to around 165 million bushels, nearly 75 percent over 1978/79.

Last fall, Chicago SRW cash prices gave way to a strong HRW market that was supported by extremely heavy export sales to the Soviet Union. But recent deteriorating price levels after the

Cash Wheat Prices, 1979/80*



Cash Wheat Prices, 1979/80*



suspension reversed the spread and soft red prices are now at a premuim over hard wheat cash markets.

Due to widespread good to excellent crop conditions and a 25 percent increase in 1980 planted acreage, a record SRW harvest is expected. The May 1 forecast places the 1980 crop at 382 million bushels, 61 million above a year ago and above 1977's record 350 million bushels.

White Wheat Exports Improved, Larger 1980 Crop Likely

White wheat stocks on April 1 totaled around 115 million bushels. A year ago, White wheat in the farmer-owned reserve represented about 15 percent of total stocks but subsequent high prices and the reserve in release status caused a sell-off of nearly half of (FOR) stocks. However, as a result of White wheat being included in the recent CCC purchase action, CCC now owns about 12 percent of projected yearend stocks (9.8 million bushels).

Exports during June-December were running about 15 percent short of the year-earlier pace, but stepped-up shipments to China, Egypt, Korea and Bangladesh lifted 1979/80 White wheat export prospects to slightly below last season's 185 million bushels. U.S. wheat shipments to Iran, normally a large soft White wheat buyer, totaled 10 million bushels, compared with an average of 40 million for the past 3 years.

Increased export activity since January helped advance Portland cash White wheat prices while Chicago soft red wheat prices were easing off. Some slowing of export sales for the remainder of the year, and indications of a larger 1980 crop, could cause prices to ease into the new crop year at slightly below last June's level.

Winter White wheat farmers seeded about 4 percent more acres than in 1979. However, April intentions indicate a sharp decrease in spring White wheat plantings as reduced winter killed wheat in the Pacific Northwest required reseeding this spring. Nevertheless greatly improved soil moisture conditions and expanded acreage from

last year, point to a 15 percent larger 1980 White wheat crop—224 million bushels as of May 1.

Smaller 1980 Rye Crop Likely

Two successively larger rye crops (1978 and 1979) have resulted in large supplies hanging over the market. The 1979/80 rye supply was the largest in 6 years. June-March disappearance was about equal to the level of the past two years while April 1 stocks were up a third from a year ago. Feed use has not increased despite lower rye prices relative to other feed grains. The exception to an uneventful rye usage year has been the biggest export season since 1974/75. Shipments may reach nearly 3 million bushels mostly representing purchases by Finland.

Reflecting an abundant supply and reduced prices, rye growers cut fall planted acreage by 14 percent. Major rye grain producing States in the North Central area reduced planted acres for the 1980 crop by 35 percent from a year ago. Dry soil conditions in the area could further reduce prospects for the 1980 crop by lowering yields per acre. Ample spring rains could overcome this concern.

Rye: Supply and disappearance

I.L. own	June-	March
Item	1978/79	1979/80
	Million	bushels
June 1 stocks	4.1	9.7
Production	26.2	24.5
Imports	.1	(1)
Total supply	30.4	34.2
Exports	(¹)	2.2
Food	3.1	3.0
Seed	4.9	4.2
Industrial	1.8	1.6
Feed	8.0	7.0
Total disappearance	17.8	18.0
January 1 stocks	12.6	16.2

¹ Less than 50,000 bushels.

TABLE 2. -- WHEAT CLASSES: MARKETING YEAR SUPPLY AND DISAPPEARANCE, 1976-79 1/

	:	SUPPLY		: : DIS	SAPPEARANC		: : : : ::ENDING
BEGINNING JUNE 1	BEGIN- NING	:DUCTION:	TOTAL 2/	:DOMESTIC : USE :	EXPORTS:	TOTAL	:STOCKS :MAY 31
			MI	LION BUSH	HELS		****
RED WINTER HARD SPRING DURUM	57 116 53	336 411 135	393 528 1 90	57	181 124	321 278 98	72 250 92
ALL CLASSES	:						
RED WINTER HARD SPRING DURUM WHITE	72 250 92 93	350 398 80 216	422 649 173 309		197 156 62 174	106 2 3 6	71 335 67 73
ALL CLASSES	1,112	2,036	3,150	849	1,124	1,973	1,177
	67 73	134 247	202 320	44 67	72 185	116 252	86 68
1979/80 4/ HARD WINTER RED WINTER HARD SPRING DURUM	420 27 324	1,093 321 365 107	1,513 348 690 194	347 150 164 48	737 165 210 78	1,084 315 374 126	429 33 316 68
ALL CLASSES	:			65 774	185	250 2,149	74 920

^{1/} DATA, EXCEPT PRODUCTION, ARE APPROXIMATIONS. 2/ TOTAL SUPPLY INCLUDES IMPORTS. 3/ IMPORTS AND EXPORTS INCLUDE FLOUR AND OTHER PRODUCTS IN WHEAT EQUIVALENT. 4/ ESTIMATED.

TABLE 3.--WHEAT: MARKETING YEAR SUPPLY AND DISAPPEARANCE, SPECIFIED PERIODS, 1975-80 *

:	,	SUPF	PLY				D1:						TNG: STOCK	
YEAR AND PERIODS BEGINNING	١:	•	: :	9	!	0.0	FSTIC U	SF	::		:		:	•
JUNE 1	NING .	TTON	:PORTS:	TOTAL	: :	ALC. :	:	:	::	PORTS	: DESAP- :	OWNED :	VATELY :	TOTAL
	:	:	: - :		:	AGES :	:	<u>2</u> / :	:		: :		<u>3</u> /	:
							MILLIO	BUSHELS	;					
1975/76														
JUNE-SEPT. OCT DEC. JANA-MAR.	435.0	2,122.5	i 0,7	2,558.1	195.6	<u>4</u> /	33.0	16.6	245.2	428-4			1.884.5	
OCT DEC.	1.884.5		0.7	1,885.3	150.4	4/	35.D	-29.3	156.1		499'•6		1,385.7	
JANS-MAR. APRI-MAY	1,385.7		0.3	1 • 386 • 0	148.5	4/	1.0	52.4	201.9	247.3			936 • 8	936 • 1
APRI-MAY	936.8		0'•6	937.4	94 • 2	4/	30.0	-5.7	118.5	153.7	272.1		665.3	665.3
MKT. YEAR	435%0	2 • 1 2 2 • 5	2.4	2 • 55 9 • 8	588.6	0.1	99.0	34.0	721•7	1,172.9	1+894-6		665.3	665.3
1976/77														
JUNE-SEPT.	685.3	2.142.4	0.9	2.808.5	200 - 4	<u>4</u> /	32.0	-11.0	221.5	398∙8	620.3		2.188.2	2 .188 . 2
OCT DEC.	2.188-2		0 • 4	2.188.6	152.5	<u>4</u> /	34.0	41	186.6	220.3	406.8	,	1,781.8	1.781.8
JANMAR.	1,781.8		0.4	1.782.1	147.3	4/ 4/	1.0	65.5	213.8	178.8	392.6		1,389.5	1,389.5
JAN MAR - APR MAY	1,389.5		1.1	1.390.6	87.9	<u>4</u> /	25.0	13.9	126.7	151 • 6	278•4		1.112.2	1.112.2
MKT. YEAR	•			2.810.3	588.0	0.1	92.0	68•4	748.6	949.5	1-698-1		1.112.2	1.112.2
1977/78	•	,												
JUNE-SEPT.	1.11262	2,036.3	0′+8	3,149.4	193.3	4/	32.0		367.3		749.0		2.392.2	
OCTDEC.	2.400.4		D • 4	2,400.7		4/	23.0	5.1	181.6	225.4			1,962.0	
JANMAR.				1,994.2		4/	1.0	41.4	187.9	278.6			1.482.9	
APRMAY	1,527.7		· 0′• 3	1,528.0	94.2	<u>4</u> /	24.0	-5.2	113.1	238•2	351.3	45.7	1.131.0	1.176.7
MKT' YEAR	1.112.2	2.036.3	149.	3,150.5	586.5	0.1	80.0	183.3	849.9	1.123.9	1,973.8	45.7	1+131+0	1,176.7
1978/79														
JUNE-SEPT.	1,176.7	1,797.5	0.6	2,974.8	191.7	<u>4</u> /	27.0	124.9	343.6	493.3	836.9	48.9	2,089.0	2,137.9
OCTA-DECA	2.137.9		0.5	2.138.4	153.8	4/	34.0	9.0	196.7	308.8		49.5	1,583.3	1,632.8
JANMAR. APR:-MAY	1,632.8	,	0.5	1,633.3	147.4	<u>4</u> /	1.0	34.6	183.0	224.5		49.5	1,176.3	1,225.8
APR&-MAY	1,225.8	`	0.3	1,226.1	98.9	0.1	25.0	9.9	133.9	167.5	301.4	50.2	874.5	924.7
MKT. YEAR	/ 1 ,176.7	.1;797.5	1.9	2,976.1	591.8	0.1	87.0	178.4	857.3	1,194.1	2,051.4	50.2	874.5	924,7
1979/80 <u>5</u> /														
JUNE - SEPT.	924.7	2,141.7	0.7	3,067.2	198.0	<u>4</u> 7	33.0	53.1	284.1	511.0	795.1	49.9	2,222.2	2,272.1
OCT DEC'-	2.272.1		0.5	2.272.6	157.6	4/	35.0		168.7		556.6			
JANS-MAR'S APR'S-MAY	1,716.0	·	- 0.5	1,716.5	148.1	0 • 1	1.0	59.4	208.6	282.7	491.3	63.3	1,161.9	1,225.
MKT. YEAR											•	,		

^{1/} IMPORTS AND EXPORTS INCLUDE FLOUR AND OTHER PRODUCTS EXPRESSED IN WHEAT EQUIVALENT. 2/ RESIDUAL; APPROXIMATES FEED USE.
3/ INCLUDES OUTSTANDING AND RESERVE LOANS. 4/ LESS THAN 50,000 BUSHELS. 5/ PRELIMINARY. *TOTALS MAY NOT ADD DUE TO ROUNDING.

Table 4.--Wheat price support loan status on specified dates--1976-79 crops

Crop	Total :	Put in :	Repa	id :	Delivered	: Outst	anding
of	loans	reserve	Loans	Reserve	to CCC <u>1</u> /	Loans	Reserve
			<u>M</u> i	illion bushe	els		
	***************************************		As o	of June 1, 1	L979	`	
1976	498.8	215.8	234.7	3.1	48.0	0.3	212.7
1977	: 590.8	192. $\dot{1}$	392.2	1.8	2.2	4.3	190.3
1978 1979	254.3		136.9			117.4	
Total	***	***	***	***	50.2	122.0	403.0
			As of	October 1	, 1979		
1976	498.8	216.1	234.7	87.3	48.0		128.8
1977	590.8	194.7	392.9	73.8	2.2	1.0	120.9
1978	255.1		198.6			56.5	
1979	55.6		1.3			54.3	
Total	***	***	***	** *	49.9	111.8	249.7
		en e	As of	January 1	, 1980		
1976	498.8	216.1	234.7	99.2	48.0		116.9
1977	590.8	194.9	393.7	86.1	2.2		108.8
	: 255.1	3.4	210.4	'		41.3	3.4
1979	: 115.5	0.6	13.4			101.5	0.6
Total	***	***	***	***	49.6	142.8	229.7
	*		As o	of April 1,	1980		
1976	498.8	216 1	22/- 7	111 0	49.0		104.9
1977	· 490.0 : ,590.8	216.1 194.9	234.7 393.7	111.2 96.5	48.0 2.2		98.4
1978	· 255.1	11.2	218.4	0.2	4 • 4	25.5	11.0
19 79	: 161.0	12.5	43.5			105.0	12.5
Total	: : ***	***	***	***	<u>2</u> / 63.3	130.5	226.8
1/0		000	+1 1-1.	increase and a	oot add due	to disposi	tions

^{1/} Outstanding CCC-owned stocks delivered may not add due to dispositions.

^{2/} Includes 13.7 million bushels of open market purchases in March, additional purchases during April totaled 141.3 million bushels.

Source: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service monthly loan activity reports.

 $[\]underline{1}/$ Includes meal and groats and durum. $\underline{2}/$ Includes macaroni, rolled wheat and bulgar.

^{*}Totals may not add due to independent rounding.

SOURCE: Bureau of the Census.

Table 6 .--Wheat: Farm price for leading classes and major feed grain in region, 1977-80 1/

Commodity and year		-	: :Aug. :	-	: :Oct. :	: :Nov. :			: :Feb. :	: :Mar. :		: May :	Simple average	Loai rate
7	:						l pric							
	:				Cor	tral s	ind So	Plair	s (Har	d Wint	er) 2/			
heat:	:				- 001	iciai e	ind bo.	1144	(1141	u name				
1977/78	:1.94	1.98	1.94	2.06	2.19		2.38	2.37	2.44	2.55	2.69	2.69	2.30	2.1
1978/79	:2.72	2.71	2.74	2.82	2.96			2.93	2.96	2.97	3.00	3.12	2.91	2.2
1979/80	:3.63	3.0T	3.72	3.82	3.86	3.93	3.89	3.81	3./3	3.51				2.4
orghum:	:													
1977/78	:1.82	1.75	1.59			1.87		1.87		2.02	2.16	2.21	1.87	1.7
1978/79	:2.15	2.05	1.97	1.96	2.06					2.12	2.15	2.17	2.09	2.0
1979/80	:2.55	2.68	2.51	2.48	2.45	2.45	2.41	2.44	2.44	2.47				2.1
	:					Cornt	elt (S	oft Re	d Wint	er) 3/	,			
neat: 1977/78	:1.99	1.97	1.88	1.88	2.01	2.35	2.45	2.45	2.48	2.64	2.88	2.89	2.32	2.2
1977/78	:1.99	2.90		3.08	3.23	3.34	3.37	3.37	3.50	3.38	3.44	3.58	3.26	2.3
1979/80	:3.85			3.93			3.99	4.03	4.11	3.82	''			2.4
	:													
orn: 1977/78	: 2.30	2.01	1.74	1.70	1.80	2.07	2.16	2.17	2.21	2.33	2.47	2.50	2.12	1.9
1978/79	:2.52		2.18	2.13	2.12			2.31	2.39		2.51	2.61	2.34	2.1
1979/80	:2.78	3.02	2.88	2.81	2.59	2.48	2.71	2.66	2.65	2.63				2.3
	:							(0)			<u> </u>	·		
neat:	:			···	Not	thern	Plains	(Spri	ng and	Durun	n) 4/			
1977/78	:2.25		2.16	2.28		2.59		2.60		2.66	2.81	2.84	2.50	2.2
1978/79 1979/80	:2.79		2.71	2.78	2.87		2.86	2.75		2.84	2.89	3.14	2.84	2.3
19/9/60	:3.49	3.69	3.62	3.67	3.83	3.76	3.61	3.54	3.60	3.57				2.5
arley:	:													
1977/78	:2.10		1.70			2.11					2.34	2.39	2.05	1.7
1978/79	:2.25		2.02	2.14	2.22		2.33	2.27	2.26	2.34	2.46	2.55	2.27	1.9
1979/80	:2.65 :	2.72	2.50	2.63	2.72	2.79	2.69	2.68	2.52	2.60				2.0
	:					Paci	fic No	rthwes	t (Whi	te) 5/				
heat: 1977/78	:	2 52	2 55	2.45	2 //0	2 50	2 62	2 40	2 02	2 07	2 17	2 22	2 72	2 2
1977/78 1978/79	:2.47	2.52 3.29	2.55	3.36	2.40		2.62 3.34	2.69	2.92 3.21	3.07 3.22	3.17 3.30	3.22	2.72 3.30	2.3
1979/80				4.03				3.68			5.50	5.44	3.30	2.5
1	:													
arley: 1977/78	: 2 47	2 44	2 25	2.32	2 10	2 21	2 30	2 26	2 47	2 56	2 6%	2.71	2.41	1 0
1978/79				2.32								2.71	2.41	1.9 2.1
1979/80				3.09				3.10			2.77	2.50	2.77	2.2
	<u>:</u>							C A177	'D A-CP					
neat:	:							S. AVE					·····	
1977/78	:2.03	2.04	2.13	2.16	2.30	2.46	2.47	2.53	2.59	2.67	2.82		<u>6</u> /2.33	2.2
1978/79	:2.81	2.81	2.88	2.92	2.99	3.04	3.01	2.99	2.99	2.97	3.01	3.20	<u>6</u> /2.94	2.3
1979/80	:3./2	3.89	3./4	3.87	3.98	3.94	3.80	3.74	3.78	3.64				2.5

^{1/} To adjust prices to relative feed value multiply: corn 1.00; wheat 1.05; barley .90; sorghum .95; reported in Consumption of Feed by Livestock, Production Research Report No. 79, ERS, USDA. 2/ Kansas, Nebraska, Texas, Oklahoma, and Colorado. 3/ Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri. 4/ North Dakota, South Dakota, and Minnesota. 5/ Washington, Oregon, and Idaho. 6/ Season average price including allowance for unredeemed loans and purchases by CCC.

Table 7.--Wheat: Major cash market prices for leading classes, 1977-80

Year	: June	July	Aug.	-	Oct. :		Dec.		: Feb.		: : Apr. :	: : May :	Simple averag
	Dollars per bushel												
	:		ŀ	Cansas (City, No). 1 Ha	rd Red V	Winter	(ordina	ry prot	ein)		
977/78	: 2.31	2.35	2.31	2.47	2.56	2.81	2.80	2.82	2.84	3.07	3.21	3.12	2.72
978/79	: 3.12	3.14	3.14	3.24	3.42	3.48	3.39	3.42	3.50	3.52	3.53	3.64	3.38
979/80	: 4.17 :	4.34	4.12	4.26	4.39	4.53	4.51	4.33	4.32	4.07			
977/78	. 2 51	2 / 2	2 20	2 52	2 61	,	3% prot	ein 2.92	2 02	2 00	3.36	3.25	2.81
977/70 978/79	: 2.51 : 3.20	2.43 3.17	2.38 3.15	2.53 3.26	2.61 3.42	2.86 3.48	2.87 3.40	3.43	2.92 3.52	3.09 3.55	3.58	3.71	3.41
979/80	: 4.22	4.42	4.28	4.39	4.55	4.67	4.60	4.40	4.35	4.14	3.30	3.71	J. 7 I
	<u>. </u>				Chic	cago, No	o. 2 So:	ft Red	Winter				
977/78	2.29	2.20	2.08	2.20	2.27	2.59	2.65	2.69	2.64	2.82	3.11	3.14	2.56
978/79	: 3.18	3.22	3.32	3.42	3.51	3.68	3.68	3.73	3.88	3.79	3.60	3.86	3.57
979/80	: 4.36 :	4.39	4.23	4.28	4.30	4.13	4.26	4.36	4.39	4.18			
	:								Winter				
977/78	: 2.15	2.14	1.97	2.01	2.28	2.70	2.74	2.75	2.71	2.90	3.09	2.99	2.54
978/79 979/80	: 3.05 : 4.08 :	3.16 4.18	3.21 4.04	3.23 4.08	3.41 4.02	3.57 4.10	3.50 4.28	3.57 4.26	3.66 4.32	3.51 4.11	3.62	3.68	3.43
177/70	:	0.10	2 02	2.00		Ledo, No				0 77	2 07	2 02	2 / 0
977/78 978/79	: 2.21 : 3.09	2.13 3.13	2.03 3.21	2.08 3.32	2.21 3.46	2.53 3.73	2.57 3.72	2.62 3.73	2.55 3.69	2.77 3.66	3.07 3.56	3.03 3.71	2.48 3.50
979/80	: 4.17	4.37	4.22	4.28	4.29	4.21	4.28	4.21	4.32	4.08	3.70	J./1	3.30
077/70						Coledo,					- 2 0 7	2.02	- 2 /0
977/78 978/79	: 2.21 : 3.10	2.16 3.26	2.04 3.45	2.06 3.63	2.18 3.69	2.52 3.87	2.56 3.77	2.62 3.72	2.56 3.63	2.77 3.44	3.07 3.35	3.03 3.53	2.48 3.54
979/80	: 4.08	4.31	4.15	4.17	4.12	4.20	4.18	4.10	4.14	3.90	3.33	J. JJ	3.34
	<u> </u>	·			Po	ortland	, No. 1	Soft W	hite				
977/78	: 2.79	2.88	2.88	2.80	2.75	2.91	2.97	3.17	3.33	3.41	3.62	3.60	3.09
978/79	: 3.60	3.74	3.72	3.77	3.76	3.76	3.71	3.70	3.65	3.70	3.70	3.91	3.73
979/80	: 4.46 :	4.67	4.45	4.31	4.13	4.16	4.10	4.10	4.26	4.13			
77/70	:	2.29	2,22						(ordina			3.10	2.66
977/78 97 8 /79	: 2.43	2.29	2.22	3.07	2.61 3.21	3.32	2.68 3.15	2.73 3.12	2.72 3.12	3.18	3.29		3.17
79/80	: 4.23	4.31	4.10	4.18	4.31	4.27	4.18	4.06	4.13	4.04	3.27	3.02	3.17
,	:						14% pro						
977/78	: 2.65	2.54	2.48	2.75	2.87	2.96	2.92	2.94	2.90	3.03	3.23	3.27	2.88
978/79 979/80	: 3.21 : 4.32	3.11 4.42	3.13 4.19	3.26 4.29	3.41 4.45	3.47 4.29	3.32 4.17	3.30 4.07	3.36 4.08	3.42 4.02	3.45	3.73	3.35
					Hard	Amber	Durum,	No. 1 (medium)			<u> </u>	
977/78	: 2.84	2.84	2.80	3.12	3.42	3.54	3.51	3.62	3.61	3.60	3.72	3.79	3.37
978/79	: 3.72	3.56	3.55	3.52	3.69	3.70	3.53	3.60	3.64	3.72	3.71	3.98	3.66
979/80	: 4.75	4.99	4.88	5.27	5.80	5.38	4.99	4.93	5.05	4.98			

Source: Grain Market News, Agriculture Marketing Service.

Table 8.--Wheat: Monthly average export prices at selected ports, 1976-80

Year	: June	: : July	: Aug.	: Sept.	: : Oct. :	: : Nov. :	: : Dec.	: : Jan. :	: : Feb. :	: : Mar. :	: Apr.	: : May :	Simple average
	:					<u>Dolla</u>	rs per me	tric ton					
	: :				GULF:	NO. 1 HARD	RED WINT	ER, ORDIN	ARY PROTE	IN			
1976/77	: : 146	142	127	120	111	107	106	109	111	107	102	95	115
1977/78	93	97	96	100	104	112	115	114	116	124	130	124	110
1978/79	: 126	127	128	131	137	138	136	138	140	140	140	143	135
1979/80	: 168	175	1 69	174	178	178	180	176	173	164	156		
	: 					GULF: N	0. 1 SOFT	RED WINT	ER				
1976/77	: : 129	128	115	114	105	101	101	103	106	102	100	94	108
1977/78	: 83	85	80	83	91	104	107	108	110	116	125	121	101
1978/79	: 123	124	126	130	136	141	137	140	144	144	144	141	136
1979/80	: 164	169	163	165	163	164	172	170	168	162	153		
	: :					PORTLAND:	NO. 2 W	ESTERN WH	ITE				
1976/77	: : 133	134	126	122	112	110	104	108	112	110	111	110	116
1977/78	: 105	107	108	105	104	109	112	118	124	128	136	134	116
1978/79	: 136	141	139	141	140	141	139	139	137	138	138	148	140
1979/80	: 171	178	167	163	160	157	155	157	162	157	155		
	:				DULUT	H: NO. 2	NORTHERN	SPRING, 1	4% PROTEI	N			
1976/77	: : 162	155	137	126	120	115	111	112	114	111	111	105	123
1977/78	: 98	94	93	103	107	109	107	107	106	110	118	120	106
1978/79	: 119	116	117	121	127	129	120	122	123	126	127	138	124
1979/80	: 163	166	1/	167	167	158	150	1/	1/	1/	146		
	:		_					_	_				

 $[\]underline{1}/$ No price quotes available.

Source: Grain Market News.

Table 9.--Wheat: Rotterdam, c.i.f., quotations for cargoes/parcels in nearest shipment position, by months, 1976-80 $\underline{1}/$

Year	: : June :	: : July :	: Aug.	: Sept.	: : Oct. :	: Nov.	: Dec.	: Jan. :	: : Feb.	: : Mar. :	: : Apr. :	: : May :	Simple average
	:					<u>Dolla</u>	rs per m	etric ton			.		
	<u>:</u>					Canadia	in No. 1	CWRS - 13	.5				
1976/77 1977/78 1978/79 1979/80	: 2/188 : 127 : 2/157 : NQ	2/175 122 161 NQ	158 117 163 NQ	156 129 166 NQ	145 137 170 <u>2</u> /213	141 144 177 <u>2</u> /215	139 145 NQ NQ	145 153 NQ NQ	146 155 <u>2</u> /169 NQ	135 2/148 2/164 NQ	133 2/154 <u>2</u> /159	134 2/159 NQ	150 141 165
	<u>:</u>				Uni	ted States	No. 2 H	ard Winte	r, 13.5%				-
1976/77 1977/78 1978/79 1979/80	: 172 : 114 : 150 : 193	176 116 146 204	159 116 147 200	150 120 148 205	139 126 156 209	131 135 161 212	132 137 157 212	133 134 155 200	140 132 160 200	132 139 165 197	130 151 157	121 142 166	143 130 156
	<u></u>				Uni	ted State	B Dark No	rthern Sp	ring, 14%				
1976/77 1977/78 1978/79 1979/80	: 181 : 115 : 142 : 192	176 111 138 202	158 110 140 194	148 121 144 199	138 126 153 205	137 131 159 204	142 132 150 205	145 144 164 206	148 147 170 205	134 147 164 196	130 147 154	127 146 166	147 131 154

 $[\]underline{1}/$ Hamburg Mercantile Exchange prices for Rotterdam. Averages: Basis daily market quotes. 30 days delivery. $\underline{2}/$ Canadian Western Spring Wheat (CWRS)--No. 2--12.5 protein.

Compiled from Foreign Agriculture Grain Circular, Foreign Agriculture Service.

NQ - Not quoted.

Table 10. --Wheat and flour: Price relationships at milling centers, annual and by periods, 1976-80

:	; 		At Kansas C	ity		:		At Minneapo	lis			
: Year	Cost of :	•	Wholesale	price of-		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Wholesale price of-					
and :	wheat to : produce :	Bakery	Byprod-	Total products		: wheat to :	Bakery	Byprod-	Total products			
; ; ; ;	100 lb. : of flour : <u>1</u> / :		obtained 100 lb. flour 3/	Actual	Over cost of wheat	: 100 lb. : : of flour : : 1/ :	per 100 1b.	obtained 100 lb. flour 3/	Actual	Over cost of wheat		
:					Do1	lars				-		
: 1976/77 :												
June-Sept. :	8.47	8.31	1.70	10.01	1.54	8.98	9.64	1.74	11.38	2.40		
OctDec. :	6.92	7.05	1.71	8.76	1.84	7.16	8.04	1.72	9.76	2.60		
JanMar. :	6.75	6.70	1.63	8.33	1.58	7.02	7.78	1.66	9.44	2.42		
AprMay :	6.12	6.02	1.62	7.64	1.52	6.66	7.02	1.66	8.68	2.02		
Season average:	7.06	7.02	1.66	8.68	1.62	7.46	8.12	1.70	9.82	2.36		
: 1977/78 :												
June-Sept. :	5.61	5.86	1.19	7.05	1.44	5.97	6.70	1.23	7.93	1.96		
OctDec. :	6.34	6.46	1.33	7.79	1.45	6.69	7.24	1.23	8.47	1.78		
JanMar. :	6.77	6.88	1.37	8.25	1.48	6.82	7.52	1.25	8.77	1.95		
AprMay	7.54	7.86	1.14	9.00	1.46	7.45	8.52	1.08	9.60	2.15		
Season average:	6.56	6.76	1.26	8.02	1.46	6.73	7.49	1.20	8.69	1.96		
1978/79 :												
June-Sept. :	7.29	7.49	1.27	8.76	1.47	7.27	8.03	1.16	9.19	1.92		
OctDec. :	7.83	7.77	1.67	9.44	1.61	7.78	8.15	1.48	9.63	1.85		
JanMar.	7.98	7.84	1.61	9.45	1.47	7.74	8.05	1.44	9.49	1.75		
AprMay	8.31	8.46	1.35	9.81	1.50	8.26	8.65	1.29	9.94	1.68		
Season average:	7.85	7.89	1.47	9.36	1.51	7.76	8.22	1.34	9.56	1.80		
1979/80												
June-Sept. :	9.87	9.91	1.70	11.61	1.74	9.88	10.22	1.61	11.83	1.95		
OctDec.	: 10.50	10.39	1.85	12.24	1.74	9.99	10.57	1.63	12.20	2.21		
JanMar. <u>4</u> / : AprMay :	9.79	10.02	1.77	11.79	2.00	9.46	10.20	1.45	11.65	2.19		
Season average:												

1/Based on 73 percent extraction rate, cost of 2.28 bushels: At Kansas City, No. 1 Hard Winter, 13 percent protein, and at Minneapolis, No. 1 Dark Northern Spring, simple average of 13 percent and 15 percent protein. 2/Quoted as 95 percent patent at Kansas City and standard patent at Minneapolis, bulk basis. 3/Assumed 50-50 millfeed distribution between bran and shorts or middlings, bulk basis. 4/Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of Agricultural Marketing Service and Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.

Table 11.--Cereal and bakery products: Retail price index, 1967-80

Year	:	June	: : July	: Aug.	: : Sept	: . : Oct.	: Nov.	: : Dec.	: : Jan.	: : Feb.	: : Mar.	: : Apr.	: : May	: Average
	:		1	:		<u>:</u>		;	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u></u>	<u>:</u>	:	;
	:						(1	Index 1967	= 100)					
1967	:	99.8	99.7	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.8	99.9	99.8
1968	:	100.1	100.6			101.1	101.4				102.3	102.4	102.6	101.5
1969		103.0	103.5				104.				107.2	107.7	108.0	105.3
1970	:	108.2	108.7	109.8	110.2	111.0	111.3	2 111.6	112.4	112.8	113.0	113.9	114.1	111.4
1971	:	114.2	114.8	114.5	114.6	114.3	114.	1 113.8	113.7	114.3	114.8	115.0	114.7	114.4
1972	:	114.5	114.4	114.4	114.6	114.6	115.0	115.8	116.3	117.8	119.0	120.2	122.1	116.6
1973	:	123.0	123.5	124.7	132.4	139.0	145.	3 148.5	149.7	154.4	158.6	161.4	164.3	143.8
1974	:	165.3	166.7	168.2	170.4	174.7	177.	6 181.7	185.3	187.3	189.1	188.9	187.0	178.5
	:													
1975	:	185.2	184.6	182.6	181.6	181.6	181.	9 182.2	182.0	181.1	180.6	180.2	180.8	182.0
1976	:	181.3	180.9	180.3	180.4	180.1	179.	9 179.3	179.9	180.0	181.3	182.6	182.5	180.7
1977	:	182.8	183.3	182.7	184.9	185.4	187.	1 189.0	190.8	194.5	194.4	194.8	198.2	189.0
1978	:	199.4	201.3	203.1	203.8	205.1	206.	6 207.9	210.0	212.2	213.5	214.5	216.2	207.8
1979	;	217.8	220.1	223.7	225.6	227.0	228.	7 231.€	234.2	236.8	238.6			
	:													
	:													

Calendar year	Wheat ground	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	produc-	and	Total supply	Ez Flour	: Products : 2/	: Domestic disappear- ance	Total popu- lation July 1	Per capita disappear- ance
	1,000 bu.	1,000 tons	:		1,000) cwt	: <u>2</u> / :	:	Millions	Pounds
1961 : 1962 : 1963 :	582,719 591,999 595,353 589,245 591,654	4,827 4,858 4,876 4,794 4,890	255,596 260,709 262,403 260,291 261,905	141 131 132 136 142	255,737 260,840 262,535 260,427 262,047	42,135 43,528 47,719 44,498 42,328	58 42 22 19 26	213,544 217,270 214,794 215,910 219,693	180.7 183.7 186.5 189.2 191.8	118 118 115 114 115
1966 : 1967 : 1968 :	5 564,724 5 568,673 5 549,801 5 569,649 5 567,956	4,645 4,619 4,423 4,511 4,458	250,591 253,176 245,390 254,310 254,194	145 179 222 233 274	250,736 253,355 245,612 254,543 254,468	30,597 33,091 21,056 28,068 26,333	194 178 16 133 158	219,945 220,086 224,540 226,342 227,977	194.2 196.5 198.6 200.6 202.6	113 112 113 113 113
1971 : 1972 : 1973 :	563,714 5555,092 557,801 567,287	4,409 4,279 4,303 4,395 4,483	253,094 249,810 250,441 254,661 251,097	325 341 477 550 665	253,419 250,151 250,918 255,211 251,762	26,054 20,685 20,335 16,107 14,453	144 152 194 265 335	227,221 229,314 230,389 238,839 236,974	204.8 207.0 208.8 210.4 211.9	111 111 110 114 112
1975 : 1976 : 1977 : 1978 :	582,675 518,284 518,125 521,321 534,954	4,701 4,920 4,880 4,861 4,932	258,985 275,077 275,784 277,905 283,905	621 604 604 773 823	259,606 275,681 276,388 278,678 284,728	12,364 16,064 22,053 22,170 20,927	219 439 372 431 109	247,023 259,178 253,963 256,077 263,692	213.5 215.1 216.8 218.5 219.6	116 120 117 117 120

^{1/} Commercial production of wheat flour, whole wheat, industrial and durum flour and farina reported by Bureau of Census. Production prior to 1970 includes estimate for non-commercial wheat milled. 2/ Imports and exports of macaroni products (flour equivalent). 3/ Preliminary. This table revises "Wheat Flour: Supply and utilization 1960-77" data last published in the Wheat Situation, WS-243, February 1978, page 27.

Table 13.--Wheat and Wheat Flour: World trade, production, stocks and utilization, July-June 1977-80

Country or region	: 1977/78 :	: : 1978/79 :	: 1979/80 : :	rorecast
	:	<u>M:</u>	illion metric tons	
xports:	: :			
Canada	: 15.9	13.5	14.0	14.0 - 16.0
Australia	: 11.1	6.7	14.5	10.0 - 14.5
Argentina	: 2.6	3.3	3.9	2.5 - 4.5
Sub-total	: 29.5	23.5	32.4	28.0 - 34.0
W. Europe	: 6.3	9.5	10.2	10.0 - 12.0
USSR	: 1.0	1.5	0.5	0 - 1.0
All others	: 4.5	4.4	1.9	2.0 - 4.0
Total non-U.S.	: 41.3	38.8	45.0	43.0 - 50.0
USA 1/	: 31.5	32.4	37.0	32.6 - 40.8
World total	72.9	71.2	82.5	79.0 - 90.0
mports:	:			
W. Europe	: 7.1	6.7	6.7	6.0 - 7.0
USSR	: 6.6	5.1	11.9	9.0 - 15.0
Japan	: 5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4
E. Europe	: 5.0	4.2	6.2	4.0 - 5.0
China	: 8.6	8.0	8.0	8.0 - 10.5
All others	: 39.9	41.4	44.1	42.0 - 49.0
World total	72.9	71.2	82.5	79.0 - 90.0
(World total including	:			
intra EC-9)	. 79.7	77.3	88.1	83.5 - 95.5
Amadabda	:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
<u>'roduction: 2</u> / Canada	: : 19.9	21.1	17.7	17.5 - 21.5
Australia		18.1	16.3	11.5 - 16.0
Argentina	: 9.4 : 5.7	8.1	7.8	7.5 - 9.0
W. Europe		58.5	7.8 55.4	58.0
USSR 3/	: 47.7 : 92.2	120.8	90.1	90.0 - 115.0
E. Europe	: 34.5	35.8	27.7	34.8
India	: 29.0	31.7	35.0	32.0
All other foreign	: 89.1	104.6	111.8	105.0 - 120.0
Total foreign	327.4	398.9	361.7	365.0 - 405.0
USA	: 55.4	48.9	58.3	57.0 - 66.5
World total	: 382.8	447.8	420.0	420.0 - 460.0
world total	302.0	447.0	420.0	420.0 400.0
tilization: 4/	: : 23.1	23.3	21.1	20.3 - 22.9
USA				
USSR <u>3</u> /	: 106.8	106.5	116.3 68.5	98.0 - 110.0
China	: 49.6	62.0	• • • • •	65.0 - 69.0
All other foreign	: 221.0	232.7	231.6	233.0 - 242.0
World total	400.5	424.6	437.4	423.0 - 440.0
tocks, ending: $5/$	82.6	105.9	88.5	80.0 - 105.0

^{1/} Includes transshipments through Canadian ports; excludes products other than flour. 2/ Production data include all harvests occurring within the July-June year shown, except that small grain crops from the early harvesting Northern Hemisphere areas are "moved forward"; i.e., the May 1978 harvests in areas such as India, North Africa, and southern United States are actually included in "1978/79" accounting period which begins July 1, 1978. 3/ "Bunker weight" basis: not discounted for excess moisture and foreign material. 4/ Utilization data are based on an aggregate of differing local marketing years. For countries for which stocks data are not available, (excluding the USSR) utilization estimates represent "apparent" utilization, i.e., they are inclusive of annual stock level adjustments. 5/ Stocks data are based on an aggregate of differing local marketing years and should not be construed as representing world stock levels at a fixed point in time. Stocks data are not available for all countries and exclude those such as China and parts of Eastern Europe; the world stock levels have been adjusted for estimated year-to-year changes in USSR grain stocks, but do not purport to include the entire absolute level of USSR stocks.

Source: Foreign Agricultural Service. World Grain Situation: FG-17-80.

TABLE 14---RYE: MARKETING YEAR SUPPLY, DISAPPEARANCE, AREA AND PRICES, 1975-79 *

		SUPP	_Y	:			DIS	APPEARAI			:	ENDING STOCKS MAY 31			
YEAR BEGINNING JUNE 1	BEGIN-	DRADHC-		: :	DOMESTIC USE :							GOVI	: PRT- :		
:	NING :	TION	PORTS:	TOTAL :	F00D :	ALC.: BEVER-:	SEED :	FEED :	TOTAL :	PORTS	: DISAP-: :PEARANCE: :	OWNED :	VATELY: OWNED: 2/:	TOTAL	
,								BUSHELS							
1975/76	6.6	16.0	0.9	23.5	4 • 2	2•1	4 • 2	7.6	19.0	1 • 1	19•1		4 • 4	4.4	
1976/77	4.4	15.0	0.2	19•6	3 • 7	1.9	4 • 2	5.3	15.1	<u>3</u> /	15.2		4 - 4	4.4	
1977/78	4.4	17.3	0 • 1	21.8	3 • 6	1.9	4 • 8	7 • 4	17.7	<u>3</u> /	17.7		4 • 1	4 • 1	
1978/79 4/	4.1	26.2	0.1	30.4	3.7	2.4	4.9	9.4	20.4	0.3	20.7		9.7	9.7	
1979/80 <u>5</u> /	9.7	24.5	0.1	34.3	3.7	2.5	4.2	8.1	18.5	4.0	22.5	N.A.	N.A.	11.8	
	: :		AREA		:	YIE	LD	:	A VE	RAGE PR	RICES	:			
	PLA	NTED	:	HARVESTED FOR GRAIN	:	PE HARVE AC	STED	:	RECEIVED BY FARMERS	:	MINNEAPOL NO. 2	IS,	NATIO AVG Loan P	•	
		MILLI	ON ACRE	:s	-	виѕн	ELS	-		DO	LLARS PER	BUSHEL -			
1975/76		2 • 8		0.7		21	• 9		2.36		2.84		0.89	9	
1976/77	•	2.7		0.7		20	• 7		2.47		2.87		1.20)	
1977/78	•	2.7		0 • 7		24	• 6		2.05		2.53		1.70)	
1978/79 <u>4</u> /		3.0		1.0		26	• 3		1.98		2.44		1.70)	
1979/80 <u>5</u> /		3.1		0.9		25	• 9		2.05				1.79)	

^{1/} RESIDUAL; APPROXIMATES TOTAL FEED USE. 2/ INCLUDES OUTSTANDING LOANS. 3/ LESS THAN 50,000 BUSHELS. 4/ PRELIMINARY. 5/ PROJECTED.

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WS-252

MAY 1980

Weights, Measures and Conversion Factors

Bushel weights:

Wheat & soybeans = 60 lbs.
Corn, sorghum & rye = 56 lbs.
Barley (grain) = 48 lbs.: malt = 34 lbs.
Oats = 32 lbs.

Bushels to metric tons:

Wheat & soybeans = bushels x .027216 Barley = bushels x .021772 Corn, sorghum, rye = bushels x .025400 Oats = bushels x .014515

1 Metric ton equals: 2204.622 lbs. 22.046 hundredweight 10 quintals 1,000 kilograms

36.7437 bushels wheat or soybeans 39.3679 bushels corn, sorghum, or rye 45.9296 bushels barley 68.8944 bushels oats

Area:

1 Acre = .404694 hectares 1 Hectare = 2.4710 acres

Yields:

Wheat = bushels per acre \times 0.6725 = quintals per hectare Rye, corn = bushels per acre \times 0.6277 = quintals per hectare Barley = bushels per acre \times 0.5380 = quintals per hectare Oats = bushels per acre \times 0.3587 = quintals per hectare