

Released October 9, 2026, by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, United States Department of Agriculture (USDA).

Update Alert – October 23, 2026

The *Crop Production* report released on October 9, 2026 by USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) is being reissued to reflect updates made to the September 2026 *Crop Production* report. Corrections were made on pages 6, 32, and 33. Updates were made to the September 2026 Corn Yield forecast for Kansas, Nebraska, and the United States; the September 2026 Corn for Grain Plant Populations per acre for Kansas, Nebraska (all corn only), and the 10-State Region; and the September 2026 Corn for Grain Number of Ears per acre for Kansas, Nebraska (all corn only), and the 10-State Region. All tables, charts, and narratives affected by these changes have been updated. The updated estimates were published to the Quick Stats database on October 23, 2026.

Key Takeaways

Based on conditions as of October 1, 2026

CORN

Corn production for grain is forecast at 16.0 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the previous forecast but down 5 percent from 2025. If realized, this would be the second highest grain production on record for the Nation. The average yield is forecast at 181.2 bushels per acre, up 2.4 bushels from the previous forecast but down 5.3 bushels from 2025.



SOYBEANS

Soybean production for beans is forecast at a record high 4.56 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the previous forecast and up 7 percent from 2025. Yields are expected to average a record high 53.1 bushels per acre, up 0.3 bushel from the previous forecast and up 0.1 bushel from 2025.



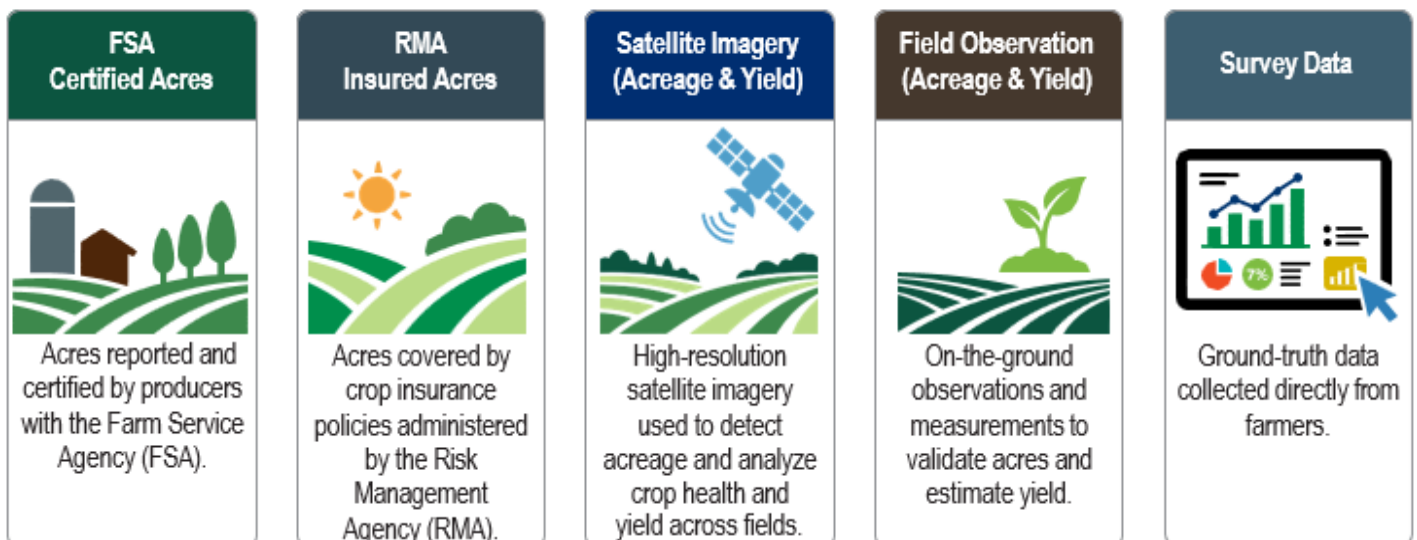
ALL COTTON

All cotton production is forecast at 13.4 million 480-pound bales, up 2 percent from the previous forecast but down 3 percent from 2025. The average yield is forecast at 790 pounds per harvested acre, up 14 pounds from the previous forecast but down 62 pounds from 2025.



Multiple Data Inputs. One Estimate

Integrated analysis of multiple data sources to produce accurate and reliable estimates of acreage and crop yield.



This report was approved on October 9, 2026.



Secretary of Agriculture
Designate
Dudley Hoskins



Agricultural Statistics Board
Chairperson
Lance Honig

The current corn and soybean production forecasts are based on information collected before harvest was complete, so the final numbers may change as more information becomes available. Based on **20 years** of actual results, there is a **90% chance** that the **final corn production** will be between **15.5 billion bushels and 16.6 billion bushels**, and the **final soybean production** will fall between **4.35 billion bushels and 4.77 billion bushels**.

WATCH LIVE

Crop production livestream

Join us on release day for a live presentation with NASS experts.



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ASK QUESTIONS

#StatChat

Chat live with our statisticians following the report release.



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Each October, NASS has the opportunity to revise planted and harvested acreage estimates for canola, dry edible beans, and sunflower. Revisions are based on all available data, including the latest certified acreage data from the Farm Service Agency (FSA). These revisions can be found on pages 12, 15, and 21 of this report. For full methodology and additional data, visit www.nass.usda.gov.

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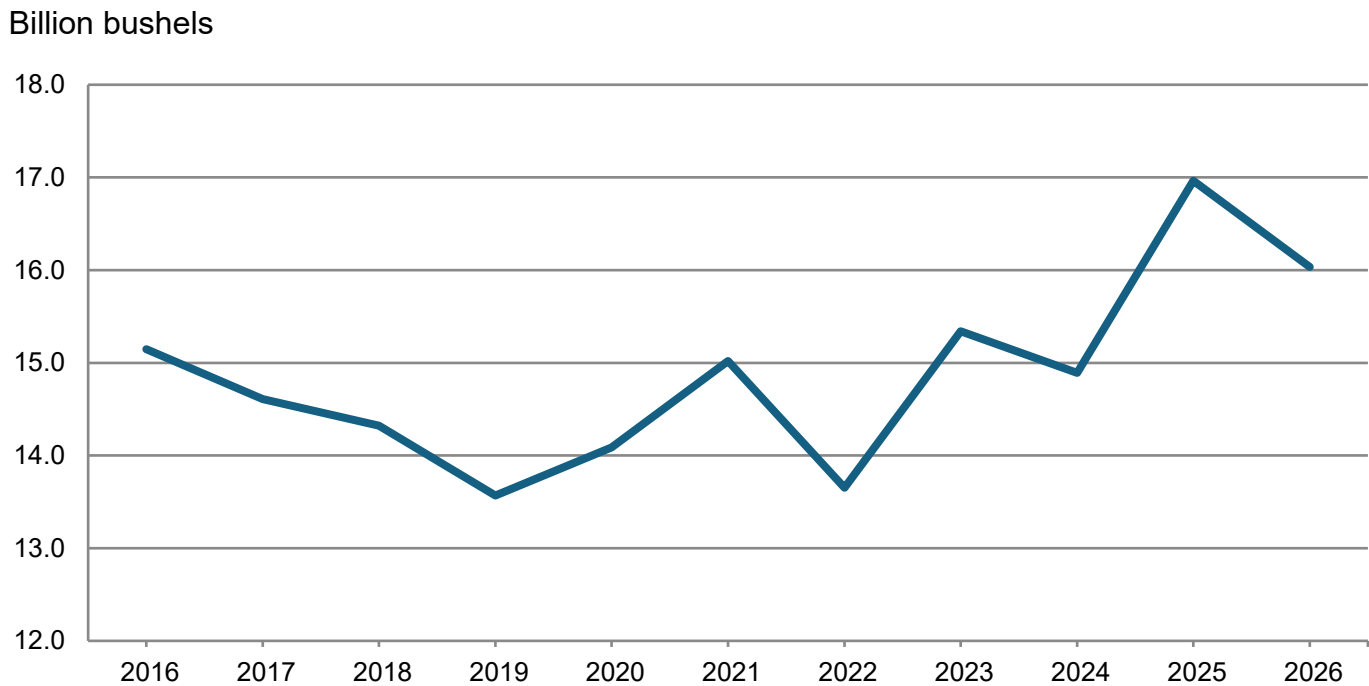
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Corn for Grain Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	330	345	152.0	150.0	155.0	50,160	53,475
Arkansas	790	740	182.0	188.0	193.0	143,780	142,820
Colorado	1,230	1,170	133.0	97.0	97.0	163,590	113,490
Delaware	172	172	191.0	197.0	188.0	32,852	32,336
Georgia	505	515	187.0	172.0	170.0	94,435	87,550
Idaho	145	125	209.0	198.0	194.0	30,305	24,250
Illinois	10,950	10,950	214.0	209.0	208.0	2,343,300	2,277,600
Indiana	5,240	5,160	204.0	200.0	200.0	1,068,960	1,032,000
Iowa	13,150	12,800	210.0	219.0	219.0	2,761,500	2,803,200
Kansas	6,450	6,550	145.0	118.0	125.0	935,250	818,750
Kentucky	1,420	1,425	167.0	191.0	193.0	237,140	275,025
Louisiana	790	585	193.0	177.0	171.0	152,470	100,035
Maryland	410	415	171.0	170.0	174.0	70,110	72,210
Michigan	1,980	1,950	178.0	173.0	180.0	352,440	351,000
Minnesota	8,440	8,300	201.0	195.0	195.0	1,696,440	1,618,500
Mississippi	865	720	180.0	191.0	196.0	155,700	141,120
Missouri	3,640	3,470	185.0	181.0	181.0	673,400	628,070
Nebraska	10,390	9,610	194.0	182.0	188.0	2,015,660	1,806,680
New York	435	535	140.0	162.0	161.0	60,900	86,135
North Carolina	905	860	144.0	120.0	121.0	130,320	104,060
North Dakota	4,490	4,450	158.0	130.0	132.0	709,420	587,400
Ohio	3,150	3,230	184.0	194.0	200.0	579,600	646,000
Oklahoma	485	490	122.0	100.0	100.0	59,170	49,000
Pennsylvania	645	710	151.0	165.0	165.0	97,395	117,150
South Carolina	370	335	138.0	99.0	92.0	51,060	30,820
South Dakota	6,350	5,840	171.0	145.0	151.0	1,085,850	881,840
Tennessee	865	880	162.0	181.0	189.0	140,130	166,320
Texas	2,140	2,120	135.0	114.0	122.0	288,900	258,640
Virginia	355	345	168.0	162.0	167.0	59,640	57,615
Washington	125	125	251.0	234.0	229.0	31,375	28,625
Wisconsin	3,210	3,100	188.0	180.0	182.0	603,480	564,200
Other States ¹	526	484	169.0	161.2	161.2	88,896	78,028
United States	90,948	88,506	186.5	178.8	181.2	16,963,628	16,033,944

¹ Other States include Arizona, California, Florida, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, West Virginia, and Wyoming. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2026 Summary*.

Corn Production – United States



Sorghum for Grain Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Colorado	500	410	52.0	28.0	32.0	26,000	13,120
Kansas	2,800	2,450	90.0	67.0	65.0	252,000	159,250
Nebraska	205	165	87.0	78.0	85.0	17,835	14,025
Oklahoma	405	340	58.0	36.0	39.0	23,490	13,260
South Dakota	210	160	80.0	74.0	72.0	16,800	11,520
Texas	1,900	1,700	53.0	42.0	47.0	100,700	79,900
United States	6,020	5,225	72.6	54.4	55.7	436,825	291,075

Rice Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production ¹	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Arkansas	1,250	886	7,480	7,500	7,500	93,449	66,450
California	521	498	8,450	8,750	8,700	44,024	43,326
Louisiana	465	394	6,660	6,750	6,700	30,963	26,398
Mississippi	157	49	7,430	7,400	7,400	11,665	3,626
Missouri	208	112	7,630	7,900	7,900	15,867	8,848
Texas	139	118	7,730	7,700	7,700	10,739	9,086
United States	2,740	2,057	7,544	7,690	7,668	206,707	157,734

¹ Includes sweet rice production.

Rice Production by Class – United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

Year	Long grain	Medium grain	Short grain ¹	All
	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
2025	153,296	50,953	2,458	206,707
2026 ²	103,245	52,256	2,233	157,734

¹ Sweet rice production included with short grain.

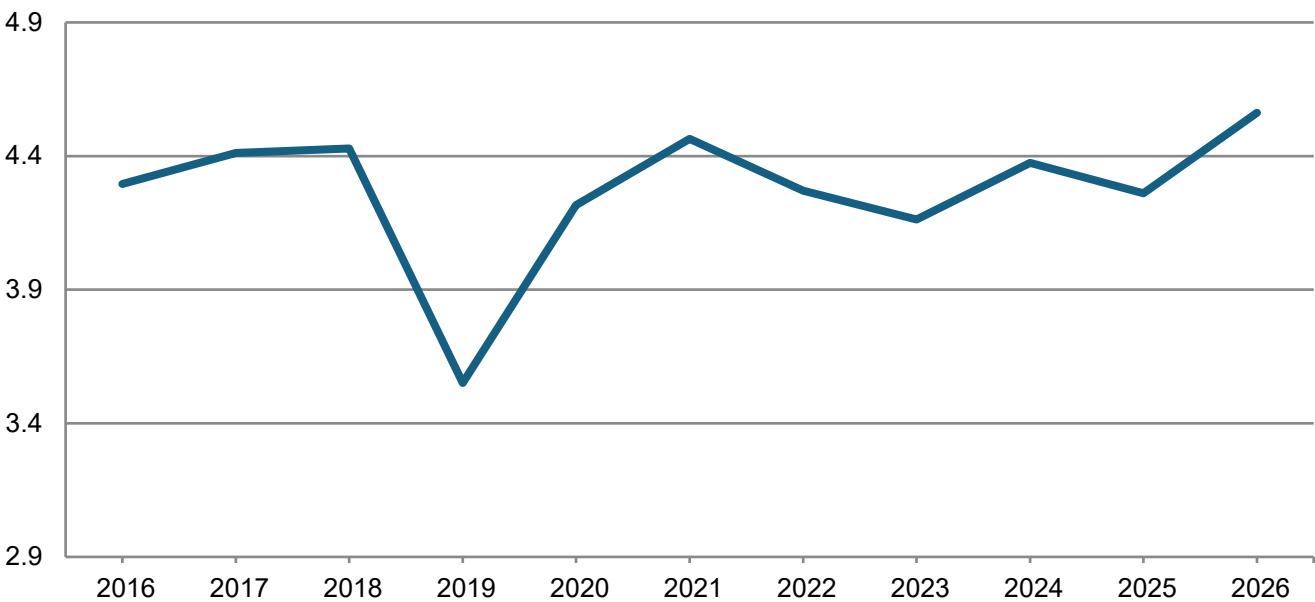
² The 2026 rice production by class forecasts are based on class harvested acreage estimates and the 5-year average class yield compared to the all rice yield.

Soybeans for Beans Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	290	295	37.0	47.0	39.0	10,730	11,505
Arkansas	2,570	3,430	55.0	57.0	59.0	141,350	202,370
Delaware	138	148	49.0	50.0	48.0	6,762	7,104
Georgia	145	170	49.0	48.0	46.0	7,105	7,820
Illinois	10,230	10,430	62.5	66.0	68.0	639,375	709,240
Indiana	5,430	5,630	59.5	63.0	63.0	323,085	354,690
Iowa	9,380	9,730	63.5	64.0	63.0	595,630	612,990
Kansas	4,050	4,690	48.5	35.0	33.0	196,425	154,770
Kentucky	1,780	1,840	42.0	53.0	54.0	74,760	99,360
Louisiana	770	1,020	53.5	53.0	55.0	41,195	56,100
Maryland	460	445	44.0	45.0	50.0	20,240	22,250
Michigan	2,070	2,190	48.5	48.0	51.0	100,395	111,690
Minnesota	7,070	7,330	52.5	49.0	49.0	371,175	359,170
Mississippi	1,790	2,300	56.0	61.0	59.0	100,240	135,700
Missouri	5,530	5,880	50.0	50.0	48.0	276,500	282,240
Nebraska	4,790	5,290	65.5	60.0	59.0	313,745	312,110
New Jersey	99	98	39.0	42.0	42.0	3,861	4,116
New York	295	315	40.0	50.0	50.0	11,800	15,750
North Carolina	1,610	1,580	36.0	42.0	41.0	57,960	64,780
North Dakota	6,490	6,790	34.5	30.0	32.0	223,905	217,280
Ohio	4,880	4,930	53.0	59.0	62.0	258,640	305,660
Oklahoma	350	500	29.0	27.0	23.0	10,150	11,500
Pennsylvania	570	580	44.0	49.0	49.0	25,080	28,420
South Carolina	350	345	31.0	35.0	36.0	10,850	12,420
South Dakota	5,060	5,400	47.0	42.0	42.0	237,820	226,800
Tennessee	1,520	1,620	42.0	50.0	54.0	63,840	87,480
Texas	90	95	32.0	32.0	32.0	2,880	3,040
Virginia	590	590	38.0	42.0	43.0	22,420	25,370
Wisconsin	2,020	2,220	56.0	55.0	54.0	113,120	119,880
United States	80,417	85,881	53.0	52.8	53.1	4,261,038	4,561,605

Soybean Production – United States

Billion bushels



Sunflower Area Planted and Harvested by Type – States and United States: 2025 and 2026

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

Varietal type and State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2025	2026	2025	2026 ¹
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Oil				
California	14.0	20.0	14.0	19.5
Colorado	36.0	40.0	35.0	37.0
Kansas	25.0	21.5	24.0	20.0
Minnesota	81.0	97.0	80.0	95.0
Nebraska	36.0	22.0	34.5	21.0
North Dakota	510.0	555.0	500.0	545.0
South Dakota	430.0	450.0	420.0	435.0
Texas	57.0	32.0	54.0	29.0
United States	1,189.0	1,237.5	1,161.5	1,201.5
Non-oil				
California	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5
Colorado	3.5	2.0	3.0	1.5
Kansas	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0
Minnesota	3.3	8.0	3.1	7.5
Nebraska	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.1
North Dakota	65.0	71.0	61.0	67.0
South Dakota	20.0	24.0	19.5	22.5
Texas	5.3	6.5	3.7	5.0
United States	100.2	115.2	93.4	107.1
All				
California	14.3	20.5	14.3	20.0
Colorado	39.5	42.0	38.0	38.5
Kansas	25.5	22.5	24.5	21.0
Minnesota	84.3	105.0	83.1	102.5
Nebraska	38.3	24.2	36.8	23.1
North Dakota	575.0	626.0	561.0	612.0
South Dakota	450.0	474.0	439.5	457.5
Texas	62.3	38.5	57.7	34.0
United States	1,289.2	1,352.7	1,254.9	1,308.6

¹ Forecasted.

Sunflower Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

[Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Varietal type and State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026 ¹	2025	2026 ¹
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Oil						
California	14.0	19.5	1,400		19,600	
Colorado	35.0	37.0	1,100		38,500	
Kansas	24.0	20.0	1,560		37,440	
Minnesota	80.0	95.0	2,200		176,000	
Nebraska	34.5	21.0	1,120		38,640	
North Dakota	500.0	545.0	1,940		970,000	
South Dakota	420.0	435.0	1,960		823,200	
Texas	54.0	29.0	750		40,500	
United States	1,161.5	1,201.5	1,846		2,143,880	
Non-oil						
California	0.3	0.5	1,150		345	
Colorado	3.0	1.5	1,100		3,300	
Kansas	0.5	1.0	1,250		625	
Minnesota	3.1	7.5	1,750		5,425	
Nebraska	2.3	2.1	770		1,771	
North Dakota	61.0	67.0	2,100		128,100	
South Dakota	19.5	22.5	2,300		44,850	
Texas	3.7	5.0	2,000		7,400	
United States	93.4	107.1	2,054		191,816	
All						
California	14.3	20.0	1,395	1,394	19,945	27,875
Colorado	38.0	38.5	1,100	1,004	41,800	38,650
Kansas	24.5	21.0	1,554	1,102	38,065	23,150
Minnesota	83.1	102.5	2,183	1,889	181,425	193,625
Nebraska	36.8	23.1	1,098	1,032	40,411	23,835
North Dakota	561.0	612.0	1,957	1,740	1,098,100	1,064,700
South Dakota	439.5	457.5	1,975	1,959	868,050	896,400
Texas	57.7	34.0	830	1,074	47,900	36,500
United States	1,254.9	1,308.6	1,861	1,761	2,335,696	2,304,735

¹ 2026 yield and production estimates for oil and non-oil varieties will be published in the *Crop Production 2026 Summary*.

Peanut Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	195.0	142.0	192.0	139.0
Arkansas	48.0	40.0	47.0	39.0
Florida	177.0	134.0	169.0	126.0
Georgia	915.0	670.0	910.0	660.0
Mississippi	21.0	13.0	20.0	12.0
Missouri	27.0	25.0	26.0	24.0
North Carolina	140.0	128.0	139.0	127.0
Oklahoma	19.0	11.0	18.0	10.0
South Carolina	90.0	71.0	87.0	68.0
Texas	285.0	149.0	254.0	123.0
Virginia	33.0	30.0	33.0	30.0
United States	1,950.0	1,413.0	1,895.0	1,358.0

State	Yield per acre			Production	
	2025	2026		2025	2026
		September 1	October 1		
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Alabama	3,400	3,100	3,000	652,800	417,000
Arkansas	5,000	4,700	4,700	235,000	183,300
Florida	3,790	3,800	3,700	640,510	466,200
Georgia	4,030	4,200	4,050	3,667,300	2,673,000
Mississippi	4,000	3,600	3,600	80,000	43,200
Missouri	5,230	4,900	4,800	135,980	115,200
North Carolina	3,780	4,100	4,100	525,420	520,700
Oklahoma	4,300	3,800	3,700	77,400	37,000
South Carolina	3,550	3,900	3,900	308,850	265,200
Texas	2,490	2,350	2,150	632,460	264,450
Virginia	4,330	4,300	4,300	142,890	129,000
United States	3,746	3,879	3,766	7,098,610	5,114,250

Canola Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2025 and 2026

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2025	2026	2025	2026 ¹
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Idaho	82.0	98.0	80.0	96.0
Kansas	10.5	13.0	8.0	10.5
Minnesota	115.0	170.0	113.0	168.0
Montana	155.0	185.0	147.0	175.0
North Dakota	1,810.0	2,330.0	1,800.0	2,310.0
Oklahoma	16.0	27.0	11.0	19.0
Washington	150.0	190.0	147.0	187.0
United States	2,338.5	3,013.0	2,306.0	2,965.5

¹ Forecasted.

Canola Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Idaho	80.0	96.0	1,800	1,900	144,000	182,400
Kansas	8.0	10.5	1,760	700	14,080	7,350
Minnesota	113.0	168.0	2,310	2,200	261,030	369,600
Montana	147.0	175.0	1,220	1,350	179,340	236,250
North Dakota	1,800.0	2,310.0	2,120	1,830	3,816,000	4,227,300
Oklahoma	11.0	19.0	1,050	1,000	11,550	19,000
Washington	147.0	187.0	1,530	1,750	224,910	327,250
United States	2,306.0	2,965.5	2,017	1,811	4,650,910	5,369,150

Cotton Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

Type and State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production ¹	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 bales) ²	(1,000 bales) ²
Upland							
Alabama	285.0	370.0	948	986	921	563.0	710.0
Arizona	86.0	79.0	1,429	1,397	1,519	256.0	250.0
Arkansas	515.0	555.0	1,239	1,297	1,384	1,329.0	1,600.0
California	17.9	16.7	2,199	2,012	2,012	82.0	70.0
Florida	60.0	74.0	880	778	778	110.0	120.0
Georgia	825.0	1,030.0	1,033	932	932	1,775.0	2,000.0
Kansas	77.0	77.0	966	810	561	155.0	90.0
Louisiana	80.0	110.0	1,350	1,004	1,091	225.0	250.0
Mississippi	325.0	355.0	1,167	1,082	1,149	790.0	850.0
Missouri	340.0	305.0	1,084	1,369	1,385	768.0	880.0
 New Mexico	 24.0	 35.0	 780	 535	 535	 39.0	 39.0
North Carolina	275.0	340.0	1,115	1,002	1,059	639.0	750.0
Oklahoma	350.0	320.0	912	255	285	665.0	190.0
South Carolina	167.0	197.0	992	828	804	345.0	330.0
Tennessee	190.0	190.0	889	960	1,061	352.0	420.0
Texas	4,000.0	3,900.0	628	529	535	5,230.0	4,350.0
Virginia	72.0	74.0	1,127	1,038	1,038	169.0	160.0
 United States	 7,688.9	 8,027.7	 842	 766	 781	 13,492.0	 13,059.0
American Pima							
Arizona	15.5	15.0	898	960	960	29.0	30.0
California	91.0	87.0	1,683	1,655	1,600	319.0	290.0
New Mexico	12.9	9.7	819	544	891	22.0	18.0
Texas	19.0	25.0	884	979	864	35.0	45.0
 United States	 138.4	 136.7	 1,405	 1,376	 1,345	 405.0	 383.0
All							
Alabama	285.0	370.0	948	986	921	563.0	710.0
Arizona	101.5	94.0	1,348	1,328	1,430	285.0	280.0
Arkansas	515.0	555.0	1,239	1,297	1,384	1,329.0	1,600.0
California	108.9	103.7	1,767	1,713	1,666	401.0	360.0
Florida	60.0	74.0	880	778	778	110.0	120.0
Georgia	825.0	1,030.0	1,033	932	932	1,775.0	2,000.0
Kansas	77.0	77.0	966	810	561	155.0	90.0
Louisiana	80.0	110.0	1,350	1,004	1,091	225.0	250.0
Mississippi	325.0	355.0	1,167	1,082	1,149	790.0	850.0
Missouri	340.0	305.0	1,084	1,369	1,385	768.0	880.0
 New Mexico	 36.9	 44.7	 793	 537	 612	 61.0	 57.0
North Carolina	275.0	340.0	1,115	1,002	1,059	639.0	750.0
Oklahoma	350.0	320.0	912	255	285	665.0	190.0
South Carolina	167.0	197.0	992	828	804	345.0	330.0
Tennessee	190.0	190.0	889	960	1,061	352.0	420.0
Texas	4,019.0	3,925.0	629	532	537	5,265.0	4,395.0
Virginia	72.0	74.0	1,127	1,038	1,038	169.0	160.0
 United States	 7,827.3	 8,164.4	 852	 776	 790	 13,897.0	 13,442.0

¹ Production ginned and to be ginned.

² 480-pound net weight bale.

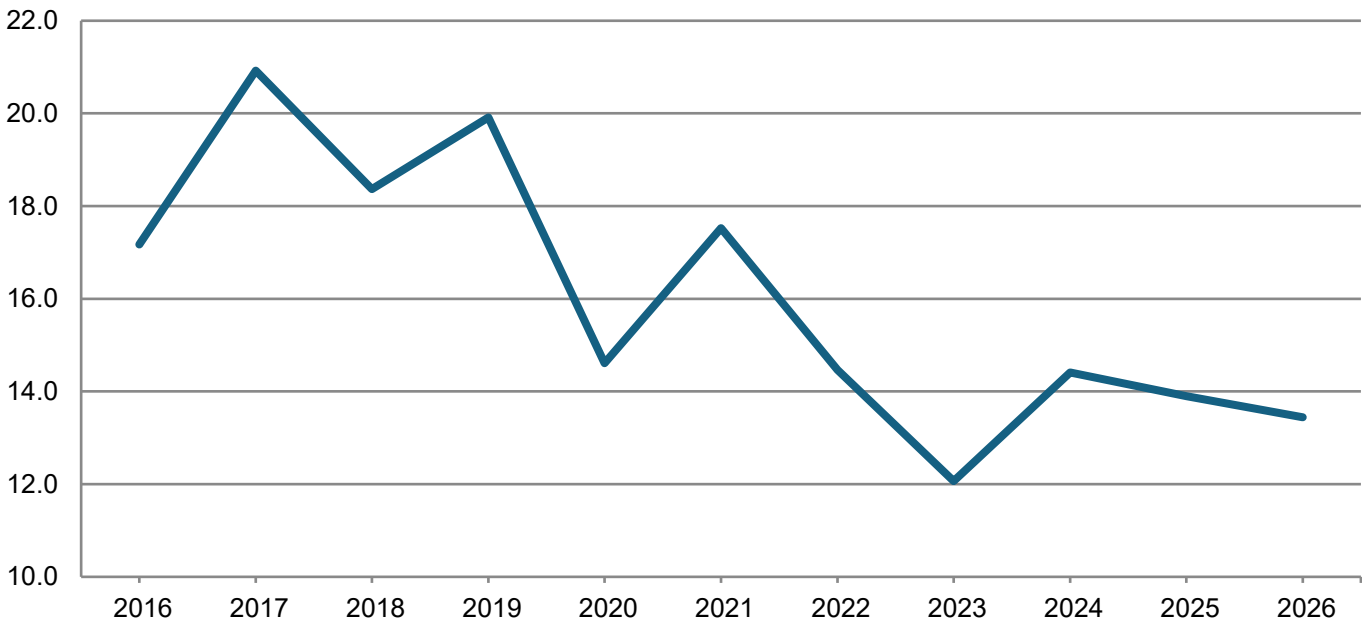
Cottonseed Production – United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Production	
	2025	2026 ¹
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
United States	4,132.0	4,017.0

¹ Based on a 3-year average lint-seed ratio.

Cotton Production - United States

Million bales



**Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures for Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States:
2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026**

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Arizona	280	260	7.40	7.50	2,072	1,950
California	460	440	6.80	7.20	3,128	3,168
Colorado	620	660	3.80	4.10	2,356	2,706
Idaho	870	870	4.10	4.30	3,567	3,741
Illinois	265	250	3.65	4.20	967	1,050
Indiana	270	280	3.30	3.30	891	924
Iowa	720	780	4.20	4.30	3,024	3,354
Kansas	490	490	3.60	3.70	1,764	1,813
Kentucky	95	100	3.00	3.30	285	330
Michigan	550	620	3.10	3.20	1,705	1,984
Minnesota	760	730	3.75	3.35	2,850	2,446
Missouri	285	275	2.35	2.60	670	715
Montana	1,400	1,350	2.20	2.40	3,080	3,240
Nebraska	865	815	3.70	3.50	3,201	2,853
Nevada	215	220	4.70	4.70	1,011	1,034
New Mexico	115	100	4.20	4.00	483	400
New York	210	230	2.30	2.60	483	598
North Dakota	1,290	1,320	1.90	1.70	2,451	2,244
Ohio	320	290	3.50	3.60	1,120	1,044
Oklahoma	235	230	2.40	2.00	564	460
Oregon	350	320	4.70	4.30	1,645	1,376
Pennsylvania	230	300	3.20	3.40	736	1,020
South Dakota	1,490	1,400	2.40	2.10	3,576	2,940
Texas	100	100	3.40	3.00	340	300
Utah	480	460	4.30	4.40	2,064	2,024
Virginia	35	40	3.20	3.30	112	132
Washington	340	350	5.00	5.20	1,700	1,820
Wisconsin	710	820	3.90	3.90	2,769	3,198
Wyoming	500	450	2.50	2.90	1,250	1,305
Other States ¹	126	135	2.77	2.91	349	393
United States	14,676	14,685	3.42	3.44	50,213	50,562

¹ Other States include Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Vermont, and West Virginia. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2026 Summary*.

All Other Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Alabama ¹	720	760	2.60	2.90	1,872	2,204
Arkansas	1,270	1,400	2.30	2.00	2,921	2,800
California	360	320	3.60	3.50	1,296	1,120
Colorado	530	520	1.60	1.80	848	936
Georgia ¹	470	530	2.90	3.10	1,363	1,643
Idaho	280	320	2.20	2.40	616	768
Illinois	185	175	2.65	2.10	490	368
Indiana	280	260	2.40	2.30	672	598
Iowa	290	280	2.30	2.40	667	672
Kansas	1,910	1,800	2.25	1.60	4,298	2,880
Kentucky	2,200	2,150	2.30	2.30	5,060	4,945
Louisiana ¹	410	450	2.20	2.10	902	945
Michigan	210	250	2.10	1.70	441	425
Minnesota	520	500	2.75	2.00	1,430	1,000
Mississippi ¹	560	600	2.40	2.50	1,344	1,500
Missouri	2,700	2,680	2.00	1.80	5,400	4,824
Montana	760	900	1.60	1.40	1,216	1,260
Nebraska	1,435	1,400	1.65	1.70	2,368	2,380
New York	910	940	1.80	2.10	1,638	1,974
North Carolina	500	580	2.40	2.00	1,200	1,160
North Dakota	1,100	1,260	1.85	1.30	2,035	1,638
Ohio	500	460	2.60	2.30	1,300	1,058
Oklahoma	3,100	3,000	1.95	1.70	6,045	5,100
Oregon	430	430	2.80	2.40	1,204	1,032
Pennsylvania	860	890	2.10	2.40	1,806	2,136
South Dakota	1,150	1,100	1.85	1.30	2,128	1,430
Tennessee	1,700	1,650	2.10	2.30	3,570	3,795
Texas	5,000	4,900	1.85	2.00	9,250	9,800
Virginia	1,050	1,140	2.30	1.90	2,415	2,166
Washington	310	310	2.40	2.70	744	837
West Virginia	600	650	1.70	1.60	1,020	1,040
Wisconsin	440	400	1.60	1.80	704	720
Wyoming	450	440	1.50	1.50	675	660
Other States ³	1,691	1,657	2.29	2.51	3,880	4,151
United States	34,881	35,102	2.09	1.99	72,818	69,965

¹ Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures included in all other hay.

² Other States include Alaska, Arizona, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Utah, and Vermont. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2026 Summary*.

Sugarbeet Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

[Relates to year of intended harvest in all States except California]

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California ^{1 2}	-	(NA)	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)
Colorado	22.6	16.3	32.4	30.2	29.9	732	487
Idaho	166.3	150.0	45.1	40.7	40.6	7,500	6,090
Michigan	133.3	136.0	28.6	28.1	28.9	3,812	3,930
Minnesota	417.0	408.0	29.9	30.3	29.1	12,468	11,873
Montana	24.5	23.6	35.1	30.5	30.6	860	722
Nebraska	45.8	34.4	29.7	30.1	30.5	1,360	1,049
North Dakota	207.5	202.0	33.2	29.2	28.0	6,889	5,656
Oregon	10.0	10.9	42.0	39.5	40.0	420	436
Washington	2.0	1.8	52.0	51.4	51.4	104	93
Wyoming	30.8	26.3	32.3	30.6	30.4	995	800
United States	1,059.8	1,009.3	33.2	31.5	30.8	35,140	31,136

- Represents zero.

(NA) Not available.

(X) Not applicable.

¹ Relates to year of planting for overwintered beets in southern California.

² Estimates discontinued in 2026.

Sugarcane for Sugar and Seed Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre ¹			Production ¹	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Florida	417.0	404.0	42.1	39.7	39.8	17,573	16,079
Louisiana	529.0	540.0	31.9	32.0	32.0	16,872	17,280
United States	946.0	944.0	36.4	35.4	35.3	34,445	33,359

¹ Net tons.

Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2025 and 2026

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Excludes beans grown for garden seed and chickpeas]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2025	2026	2025	2026 ¹
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Colorado	40.0	31.0	34.3	27.0
Idaho	40.0	39.0	39.9	38.5
Michigan	250.0	225.0	248.9	222.0
Minnesota	295.0	275.0	291.3	267.0
Nebraska	106.0	68.0	99.1	63.0
North Dakota	580.0	455.0	566.3	445.0
Washington	55.0	52.0	54.8	51.5
United States	1,366.0	1,145.0	1,334.6	1,114.0

¹ Forecasted.

Dry Edible Bean Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

[Excludes beans grown for garden seed and chickpeas]

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre ¹		Production ¹	
	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Colorado	34.3	27.0	1,700	1,900	584	513
Idaho	39.9	38.5	2,860	2,900	1,143	1,117
Michigan	248.9	222.0	2,350	2,300	5,852	5,106
Minnesota	291.3	267.0	2,060	2,140	5,990	5,714
Nebraska	99.1	63.0	2,520	2,400	2,502	1,512
North Dakota	566.3	445.0	1,650	1,400	9,331	6,230
Washington	54.8	51.5	2,650	2,650	1,453	1,365
United States	1,334.6	1,114.0	2,012	1,935	26,855	21,557

¹ Clean basis.

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Kentucky	29,400	32,800	2,245	2,263	2,307	65,995	75,680
North Carolina	121,000	117,000	2,050	2,350	2,250	248,050	263,250
Tennessee	7,500	8,300	2,095	2,465	2,364	15,715	19,620
Virginia	13,400	12,400	2,150	2,000	2,000	28,810	24,800
United States	171,300	170,500	2,093	2,313	2,248	358,570	383,350

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class and Type – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

Class, type, and State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026		2025	2026
				September 1	October 1		
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Class 1, Flue-cured (11-14)							
North Carolina	121,000	117,000	2,050	2,350	2,250	248,050	263,250
Virginia	13,400	12,400	2,150	2,000	2,000	28,810	24,800
United States	134,400	129,400	2,060	2,316	2,226	276,860	288,050
Class 2, Fire-cured (21-23)							
Kentucky	3,100	3,600	3,200	2,600	3,000	9,920	10,800
Tennessee	2,900	3,400	2,750	3,300	3,300	7,975	11,220
United States	6,000	7,000	2,983	2,940	3,146	17,895	22,020
Class 3A, Light air-cured							
Type 31, Burley							
Kentucky	23,900	26,000	2,050	2,200	2,200	48,995	57,200
Tennessee	3,800	3,800	1,500	1,650	1,400	5,700	5,320
United States	27,700	29,800	1,975	2,130	2,098	54,695	62,520
Class 3B, Dark air-cured (35-37)							
Kentucky	2,400	3,200	2,950	2,400	2,400	7,080	7,680
Tennessee	800	1,100	2,550	2,700	2,800	2,040	3,080
United States	3,200	4,300	2,850	2,477	2,502	9,120	10,760
All tobacco							
United States	171,300	170,500	2,093	2,313	2,248	358,570	383,350

Utilized Production of Citrus Fruits by Crop – States and United States: 2025-2026 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

[The crop year begins with the bloom of the first year shown and ends with the completion of harvest the following year]

Crop and State	Utilized production boxes ¹		Utilized production ton equivalent	
	2025-2026	2026-2027	2025-2026	2026-2027
	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 boxes)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Oranges				
California, all	49,500	50,500	1,980	2,020
Early, mid, and Navel ²	41,000	42,000	1,640	1,680
Valencia	8,500	8,500	340	340
Florida, all	12,950	10,000	583	450
Early, mid, and Navel ²	4,770	3,000	215	135
Valencia	8,180	7,000	368	315
Texas, all	1,090	1,200	47	51
Early, mid, and Navel ²	560	650	24	28
Valencia	530	550	23	23
United States, all	63,540	61,700	2,610	2,521
Early, mid, and Navel ²	46,330	45,650	1,879	1,843
Valencia	17,210	16,050	731	678
Grapefruit				
California	4,400	4,800	176	192
Florida, all	1,350	1,300	57	55
Texas	2,100	2,400	84	96
United States	7,850	8,500	317	343
Tangerines and mandarins ³				
California	31,000	32,000	1,240	1,280
Florida	460	450	22	21
United States	31,460	32,450	1,262	1,301
Lemons				
Arizona	720	850	29	34
California	26,000	28,000	1,040	1,120
Florida	900	950	41	43
United States	27,620	29,800	1,110	1,197

¹ Net pounds per box: oranges in California-80, Florida-90, Texas-85; grapefruit in California-80, Florida-85, Texas-80; tangerines and mandarins in California-80, Florida-95; lemons in Arizona-80, California-80, Florida-90.

² Navel and miscellaneous varieties in California. Early (including Navel) and midseason varieties in Florida and Texas.

³ Includes tangelos and tangors.

Utilized Production of Walnuts – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State	Utilized production (in-shell basis)	
	2025	2026
	(tons)	(tons)
California	809,000	680,000
United States	809,000	680,000

Pecan Production by Variety – States and United States: 2025 and Forecasted October 1, 2026

State and variety	Utilized production (in-shell basis)	
	2025	2026
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Arizona	40,800	51,000
Improved	40,800	51,000
Georgia	111,500	110,000
Improved	111,500	110,000
New Mexico	76,000	83,000
Improved	76,000	83,000
Oklahoma	14,360	12,800
Improved	3,360	3,800
Native and seedling	11,000	9,000
Texas	41,600	44,500
Improved	38,000	39,000
Native and seedling	3,600	5,500
United States	284,260	301,300
Improved	269,660	286,800
Native and seedling	14,600	14,500

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2025 and 2026

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2026 crop year.
Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Grains and hay				
Barley	2,307	2,206	1,783	1,604
Corn for grain ¹	98,713	96,777	90,948	88,506
Corn for silage	(NA)		6,187	
Hay, all	(NA)	(NA)	49,557	49,787
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	14,676	14,685
All other	(NA)	(NA)	34,881	35,102
Oats	2,370	2,638	944	917
Proso millet	442	500	397	
Rice	2,812	2,102	2,740	2,057
Rye	2,209	2,095	339	235
Sorghum for grain ¹	6,640	5,980	6,020	5,225
Sorghum for silage	(NA)		448	
Wheat, all	45,488	42,521	37,345	31,899
Winter	33,248	31,200	25,582	20,890
Durum	2,200	1,741	2,108	1,634
Other spring	10,040	9,580	9,655	9,375
Oilseeds				
Canola	2,338.5	3,013.0	2,306.0	2,965.5
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Flaxseed	248	305	234	286
Mustard seed	126.2	131.5	111.8	123.1
Peanuts	1,950.0	1,413.0	1,895.0	1,358.0
Rapeseed	18.6	19.0	16.6	17.3
Safflower	116.5	125.0	108.5	115.5
Soybeans for beans	81,215	86,865	80,417	85,881
Sunflower	1,289.2	1,352.7	1,254.9	1,308.6
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all	9,282.5	10,447.0	7,827.3	8,164.4
Upland	9,141.0	10,306.0	7,688.9	8,027.7
American Pima	141.5	141.0	138.4	136.7
Sugarbeets	1,079.0	1,025.8	1,059.8	1,009.3
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	946.0	944.0
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	171.3	170.5
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	536.0	430.0	520.3	416.7
Dry edible beans	1,366.0	1,145.0	1,334.6	1,114.0
Dry edible peas	1,173.0	1,132.0	1,063.0	1,084.0
Lentils	1,072.0	627.0	949.0	585.0
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	(NA)	(NA)	41.7	42.4
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Peppermint oil	(NA)		22.9	
Potatoes	908.0	873.0	903.2	867.6
Spearmint oil	(NA)		11.6	

See footnote(s) at end of table.

--continued

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2025 and 2026 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2026 crop year.
Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Yield per acre		Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
			(1,000)	(1,000)
Grains and hay				
Barley bushels	79.9	72.1	142,508	115,667
Corn for grain bushels	186.5	181.2	16,963,628	16,033,944
Corn for silage tons	21.8		135,090	
Hay, all tons	2.48	2.42	123,031	120,527
Alfalfa tons	3.42	3.44	50,213	50,562
All other tons	2.09	1.99	72,818	69,965
Oats bushels	73.8	75.3	69,626	69,081
Proso millet bushels	35.9		14,239	
Rice ² cwt	7,544	7,668	206,707	157,734
Rye bushels	36.6	37.0	12,399	8,701
Sorghum for grain bushels	72.6	55.7	436,825	291,075
Sorghum for silage tons	16.4		7,325	
Wheat, all bushels	53.3	48.1	1,989,176	1,533,739
Winter bushels	54.9	48.8	1,405,403	1,019,380
Durum bushels	40.7	39.7	85,773	64,809
Other spring bushels	51.6	48.0	498,000	449,550
Oilseeds				
Canola pounds	2,017	1,811	4,650,910	5,369,150
Cottonseed tons	(X)	(X)	4,132.0	4,017.0
Flaxseed bushels	22.2		5,202	
Mustard seed pounds	636		71,120	
Peanuts pounds	3,746	3,766	7,098,610	5,114,250
Rapeseed pounds	2,126		35,290	
Safflower pounds	1,319		143,160	
Soybeans for beans bushels	53.0	53.1	4,261,038	4,561,605
Sunflower pounds	1,861	1,761	2,335,696	2,304,735
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all ² bales	852	790	13,897.0	13,442.0
Upland ² bales	842	781	13,492.0	13,059.0
American Pima ² bales	1,405	1,345	405.0	383.0
Sugarbeets tons	33.2	30.8	35,140	31,136
Sugarcane tons	36.4	35.3	34,445	33,359
Tobacco pounds	2,093	2,248	358,570	383,350
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas ² cwt	1,315	1,403	6,844	5,845
Dry edible beans ² cwt	2,012	1,935	26,855	21,557
Dry edible peas ² cwt	1,738	1,927	18,480	20,888
Lentils ² cwt	1,112	1,389	10,557	8,124
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops pounds	1,996	1,966	83,143.4	83,427.1
Maple syrup gallons	(NA)	(NA)	5,701	5,877
Mushrooms pounds	(NA)	(NA)	671,262	636,221
Peppermint oil pounds	108		2,471	
Potatoes cwt	462		417,594	
Spearmint oil pounds	139		1,609	

(NA) Not available.

(X) Not applicable.

¹ Area planted for all purposes.

² Yield in pounds.

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2025 and 2026

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2026 crop year.
Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)
Grains and hay				
Barley	933,620	892,750	721,560	649,120
Corn for grain ¹	39,948,160	39,164,680	36,805,750	35,817,490
Corn for silage	(NA)		2,503,820	
Hay, all ²	(NA)	(NA)	20,055,220	20,148,300
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	5,939,230	5,942,870
All other	(NA)	(NA)	14,115,990	14,205,430
Oats	959,120	1,067,570	382,030	371,100
Proso millet	178,870	202,350	160,660	
Rice	1,137,990	850,660	1,108,850	832,450
Rye	893,960	847,830	137,190	95,100
Sorghum for grain ¹	2,687,140	2,420,050	2,436,230	2,114,510
Sorghum for silage	(NA)		181,300	
Wheat, all ²	18,408,540	17,207,820	15,113,150	12,909,210
Winter	13,455,130	12,626,330	10,352,780	8,453,970
Durum	890,320	704,570	853,090	661,260
Other spring	4,063,090	3,876,930	3,907,280	3,793,970
Oilseeds				
Canola	946,370	1,219,330	933,220	1,200,110
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Flaxseed	100,360	123,430	94,700	115,740
Mustard seed	51,070	53,220	45,240	49,820
Peanuts	789,150	571,830	766,890	549,570
Rapeseed	7,530	7,690	6,720	7,000
Safflower	47,150	50,590	43,910	46,740
Soybeans for beans	32,866,900	35,153,400	32,543,960	34,755,180
Sunflower	521,730	547,420	507,850	529,580
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all ²	3,756,530	4,227,800	3,167,630	3,304,050
Upland	3,699,270	4,170,740	3,111,620	3,248,730
American Pima	57,260	57,060	56,010	55,320
Sugarbeets	436,660	415,130	428,890	408,450
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	382,840	382,030
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	69,320	69,000
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	216,910	174,020	210,560	168,630
Dry edible beans	552,810	463,370	540,100	450,820
Dry edible peas	474,700	458,110	430,190	438,680
Lentils	433,830	253,740	384,050	236,740
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	(NA)	(NA)	16,860	17,180
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Peppermint oil	(NA)		9,270	
Potatoes	367,460	353,290	365,520	351,110
Spearmint oil	(NA)		4,690	

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2025 and 2026 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2026 crop year.
Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Yield per hectare		Production	
	2025	2026	2025	2026
	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)
Grains and hay				
Barley	4.30	3.88	3,102,750	2,518,350
Corn for grain	11.71	11.37	430,896,000	407,280,940
Corn for silage	48.95		122,551,590	
Hay, all ²	5.57	5.43	111,611,850	109,340,260
Alfalfa	7.67	7.72	45,552,470	45,869,070
All other	4.68	4.47	66,059,380	63,471,180
Oats	2.65	2.70	1,010,620	1,002,710
Proso millet	2.01		322,930	
Rice	8.46	8.59	9,376,070	7,154,690
Rye	2.30	2.32	314,950	221,020
Sorghum for grain	4.55	3.50	11,095,870	7,393,650
Sorghum for silage	36.65		6,645,130	
Wheat, all ²	3.58	3.23	54,136,500	41,741,540
Winter	3.69	3.28	38,248,800	27,742,980
Durum	2.74	2.67	2,334,360	1,763,810
Other spring	3.47	3.22	13,553,340	12,234,750
Oilseeds				
Canola	2.26	2.03	2,109,620	2,435,410
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	3,748,490	3,644,160
Flaxseed	1.40		132,140	
Mustard seed	0.71		32,260	
Peanuts	4.20	4.22	3,219,880	2,319,780
Rapeseed	2.38		16,010	
Safflower	1.48		64,940	
Soybeans for beans	3.56	3.57	115,966,450	124,146,540
Sunflower	2.09	1.97	1,059,450	1,045,410
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all ²	0.96	0.89	3,025,720	2,926,650
Upland	0.94	0.88	2,937,540	2,843,260
American Pima	1.57	1.51	88,180	83,390
Sugarbeets	74.33	69.15	31,878,470	28,246,100
Sugarcane	81.62	79.22	31,247,980	30,262,780
Tobacco	2.35	2.52	162,640	173,880
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	1.47	1.57	310,440	265,120
Dry edible beans	2.26	2.17	1,218,120	977,810
Dry edible peas	1.95	2.16	838,240	947,460
Lentils	1.25	1.56	478,860	368,500
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	2.24	2.20	37,710	37,840
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	28,510	29,390
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	304,480	288,580
Peppermint oil	0.12		1,120	
Potatoes	51.82		18,941,750	
Spearmint oil	0.16		730	

(NA) Not available.

(X) Not applicable.

¹ Area planted for all purposes.

² Total may not add due to rounding.

Fruits and Nuts Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2026 and 2027

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2026 crop year, except citrus which is for the 2026-2027 season. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Production	
	2026	2027
Citrus ¹		
Grapefruit 1,000 tons	317	343
Lemons 1,000 tons	1,110	1,197
Oranges 1,000 tons	2,610	2,521
Tangerines and mandarins 1,000 tons	1,262	1,301
Noncitrus		
Apples, commercial million pounds	10,437.0	
Apricots tons	36,500	
Avocados tons		
Blueberries, Cultivated 1,000 pounds		
Blueberries, Wild (Maine) 1,000 pounds		
Cherries, Sweet tons	310,500	
Cherries, Tart million pounds	91.0	
Coffee (Hawaii) 1,000 pounds		
Cranberries barrel	7,870,000	
Dates tons		
Grapes tons	5,167,000	
Kiwifruit (California) tons		
Nectarines (California) tons		
Olives (California) tons		
Papayas (Hawaii) 1,000 pounds		
Peaches tons	604,200	
Pears tons	650,000	
Plums (California) tons		
Prunes (California) tons		
Raspberries, all 1,000 pounds		
Strawberries 1,000 cwt		
Nuts and miscellaneous		
Almonds, shelled (California) 1,000 pounds	2,700,000	
Hazelnuts, in-shell (Oregon) tons		
Macadamias (Hawaii) 1,000 pounds		
Pecans, in-shell 1,000 pounds	301,300	
Pistachios (California) 1,000 pounds		
Walnuts, in-shell (California) tons	680,000	

¹ Production years are 2025-2026 and 2026-2027.

Fruits and Nuts Production in Metric Units – United States: 2026 and 2027

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2026 crop year, except citrus which is for the 2026-2027 season. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Production	
	2026	2027
	(metric tons)	(metric tons)
Citrus ¹		
Grapefruit	287,580	311,160
Lemons	1,006,980	1,085,900
Oranges	2,367,750	2,287,010
Tangerines and mandarins	1,144,870	1,180,250
Noncitrus		
Apples, commercial	4,734,140	
Apricots	33,110	
Avocados		
Blueberries, Cultivated		
Blueberries, Wild (Maine)		
Cherries, Sweet	281,680	
Cherries, Tart	41,280	
Coffee (Hawaii)		
Cranberries	356,980	
Dates		
Grapes	4,687,420	
Kiwifruit (California)		
Nectarines (California)		
Olives (California)		
Papayas (Hawaii)		
Peaches	548,120	
Pears	589,670	
Plums (California)		
Prunes (California)		
Raspberries, all		
Strawberries		
Nuts and miscellaneous		
Almonds, shelled (California)	1,224,700	
Hazelnuts, in-shell (Oregon)		
Macadamias (Hawaii)		
Pecans, in-shell	136,670	
Pistachios (California)		
Walnuts, in-shell (California)	616,890	

¹ Production years are 2025-2026 and 2026-2027.

Corn for Grain Objective Yield Data

The National Agricultural Statistics Service is conducting objective yield surveys in 10 corn-producing States during 2026. Randomly selected plots in corn for grain fields are visited monthly from September through harvest to obtain specific counts and measurements. Data in these tables are rounded actual field counts from this survey.

Corn for Grain Plant Population per Acre – Selected States: 2022-2026

[Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

State and month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	State and month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Illinois						Nebraska					
September	32,050	32,550	31,850	32,700	31,950	All corn					
October	32,500	32,450	32,250	32,350	32,000	September ...	26,450	26,600	25,950	26,450	27,300
November	32,450	32,400	32,200	32,200		October	26,250	26,700	25,800	26,350	27,150
Final	32,450	32,400	32,200	32,300		November	26,200	26,650	25,800	26,450	
						Final	26,200	26,650	25,800	26,550	
Indiana						Irrigated					
September	29,050	31,000	30,850	29,650	29,450	September ...	29,000	29,650	28,300	27,900	29,050
October	28,550	30,800	30,650	29,500	29,350	October	28,950	29,600	28,150	27,450	29,100
November	28,600	31,100	30,600	29,800		November	28,850	29,550	28,050	27,450	
Final	28,600	31,100	30,600	29,450		Final	28,850	29,550	28,050	27,400	
Iowa						Non-irrigated					
September	31,750	32,250	30,900	30,750	31,850	September ...	23,850	23,450	23,000	25,000	25,100
October	31,550	31,900	30,500	30,800	32,050	October	23,500	23,650	22,850	25,200	24,750
November	31,600	31,950	30,600	30,850		November	23,500	23,700	23,000	25,450	
Final	31,600	31,950	30,850	30,850		Final	23,500	23,700	23,000	25,450	
Kansas						Ohio					
September	22,600	23,800	21,700	21,650	21,250	September	29,400	30,050	31,300	31,200	30,400
October	23,200	23,400	21,650	22,000	21,400	October	29,350	29,900	31,250	31,250	30,300
November	23,350	23,600	21,750	22,200		November	29,700	29,650	31,150	31,050	
Final	23,350	23,600	21,700	22,000		Final	29,700	29,650	31,150	30,950	
Minnesota						South Dakota					
September	31,300	31,300	30,200	31,350	31,450	September	26,400	26,050	25,650	23,600	26,900
October	31,250	31,450	30,500	31,250	31,150	October	26,200	26,150	25,350	24,100	26,000
November	31,300	31,450	30,550	31,300		November	25,900	26,100	25,400	24,000	
Final	31,300	31,450	30,500	31,300		Final	25,900	26,100	25,400	24,200	
Missouri						Wisconsin					
September	27,500	27,350	28,500	27,450	27,600	September	30,700	30,300	30,350	29,650	30,850
October	27,100	27,300	28,150	27,700	27,900	October	30,300	29,900	30,300	30,000	30,800
November	27,200	27,400	28,150	27,600		November	30,200	30,050	30,450	29,300	
Final	27,200	27,400	28,150	27,600		Final	30,200	30,000	30,450	29,650	
						10 State					
						September	29,250	29,650	28,900	28,800	29,250
						October	29,200	29,500	28,800	28,800	29,200
						November	29,200	29,550	28,850	28,800	
						Final	29,200	29,550	28,900	28,800	

Corn for Grain Number of Ears per Acre – Selected States: 2022-2026

[Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

State and month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	State and month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Illinois						Nebraska					
September	31,500	32,250	31,500	31,950	31,250	All corn					
October	31,850	32,050	31,900	31,600	31,550	September	25,850	26,300	26,300	26,700	27,050
November	31,800	32,000	31,850	31,400		October	25,000	26,700	25,750	26,600	26,700
Final	31,800	32,000	31,850	31,400		November	24,950	26,600	25,800	26,550	
						Final	24,950	26,600	25,850	26,700	
Indiana						Irrigated					
September	28,700	30,700	31,700	29,900	28,850	September	28,900	29,350	28,400	28,200	29,050
October	28,400	30,950	30,850	29,050	28,450	October	28,350	29,800	27,750	27,850	28,700
November	28,500	30,950	30,750	29,050		November	28,300	29,700	27,750	27,650	
Final	28,500	30,950	30,750	28,850		Final	28,300	29,700	27,750	27,650	
Iowa						Non-irrigated					
September	30,850	32,050	31,100	30,300	31,550	September	22,700	23,150	23,600	25,150	24,550
October	30,800	31,700	30,450	30,250	31,650	October	21,600	23,500	23,200	25,300	24,250
November	30,800	31,750	30,500	30,350		November	21,600	23,450	23,300	25,450	
Final	30,800	31,750	30,750	30,350		Final	21,600	23,450	23,450	25,450	
Kansas						Ohio					
September	22,800	23,500	21,350	22,300	20,450	September	29,250	29,850	30,800	30,800	30,050
October	22,300	22,800	20,850	22,500	20,500	October	29,250	30,400	30,550	30,400	29,800
November	22,100	23,150	21,000	22,650		November	29,550	29,950	30,450	30,200	
Final	22,100	23,150	21,000	22,750		Final	29,500	29,950	30,450	30,100	
Minnesota						South Dakota					
September	31,200	31,350	30,150	31,450	31,700	September	25,300	25,900	26,200	24,500	26,100
October	31,450	31,300	30,450	30,900	30,800	October	24,700	25,950	25,300	24,500	24,850
November	31,450	31,300	30,450	31,050		November	24,250	26,150	25,250	24,500	
Final	31,450	31,300	30,400	31,050		Final	24,250	26,150	25,250	24,800	
Missouri						Wisconsin					
September	26,300	26,500	28,450	26,850	27,250	September	29,900	30,450	30,050	29,250	30,450
October	26,200	26,300	27,950	27,200	27,550	October	29,550	30,200	30,400	29,650	30,250
November	26,300	26,350	27,900	27,100		November	29,400	30,200	30,400	28,950	
Final	26,300	26,350	27,900	27,100		Final	29,400	30,200	30,550	29,100	
						10-State					
						September	28,650	29,400	28,950	28,700	28,850
						October	28,500	29,350	28,650	28,550	28,600
						November	28,450	29,350	28,650	28,500	
						Final	28,450	29,350	28,700	28,550	

Corn Objective Yield Percent of Samples Processed in the Lab – United States: 2022-2026

[Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Year	October		November	
	Dent stage ¹	Mature ²	Dent stage ¹	Mature ²
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
2022	38	50	(Z)	94
2023	26	60	1	95
2024	29	54	(Z)	96
2025	26	64	1	90
2026	22	60		

(Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

¹ Includes corn in the dent stage of development. Ears are firm and solid. Kernels fully dented with no milk present in most kernels.

² Includes that portion of the crop that is mature and ready for harvest. No green foliage is present.

Soybean Objective Yield Data

The National Agricultural Statistics Service is conducting objective yield surveys in 11 soybean-producing States during 2026. Randomly selected plots in soybean fields are visited monthly from September through harvest to obtain specific counts and measurements. Data in these tables are actual field counts from this survey.

Soybean Pods with Beans per 18 Square Feet – Selected States: 2022-2026

[Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

State and month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	State and month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Arkansas						Missouri					
September	1,721	2,043	1,666	1,927	1,674	September	1,736	2,099	2,034	2,194	2,092
October	1,746	1,844	1,667	1,999	1,649	October	1,606	1,991	2,044	2,191	2,151
November	1,711	1,856	1,650	1,875		November	1,880	2,062	2,022	2,247	
Final	1,711	1,824	1,693	1,857		Final	1,875	2,058	2,023	2,270	
Illinois						Nebraska					
September	1,896	1,952	1,938	2,178	2,195	September	1,592	1,644	1,977	2,053	1,890
October	1,888	2,085	2,167	2,225	2,268	October	1,597	1,678	1,873	2,143	1,861
November	2,010	2,121	2,167	2,208		November	1,586	1,709	1,886	2,158	
Final	2,011	2,121	2,167	2,264		Final	1,586	1,709	1,894	2,171	
Indiana						North Dakota					
September	1,655	1,927	1,978	2,094	2,115	September	1,281	1,250	1,352	1,283	1,166
October	1,749	1,998	2,005	2,171	2,123	October	1,298	1,203	1,435	1,436	1,276
November	1,763	1,962	1,914	2,124		November	1,357	1,408	1,485	1,444	
Final	1,773	1,962	1,913	2,159		Final	1,357	1,404	1,490	1,520	
Iowa						Ohio					
September	1,585	1,814	1,859	2,079	2,264	September	1,798	1,847	1,797	2,230	2,341
October	1,653	1,997	1,992	2,126	2,195	October	1,890	2,003	1,957	2,308	2,309
November	1,785	2,071	2,039	2,114		November	1,788	2,030	1,929	2,180	
Final	1,780	2,070	2,038	2,089		Final	1,780	2,030	1,908	2,179	
Kansas						South Dakota					
September	1,456	1,500	1,365	1,595	1,354	September	1,258	1,520	1,345	1,577	1,333
October	1,400	1,372	1,366	1,851	1,628	October	1,291	1,552	1,438	1,692	1,288
November	1,392	1,500	1,256	1,856		November	1,305	1,644	1,457	1,717	
Final	1,391	1,529	1,362	1,875		Final	1,305	1,644	1,465	1,702	
Minnesota						11-State					
September	1,468	1,648	1,619	1,732	1,871	September	1,604	1,755	1,746	1,923	1,901
October	1,581	1,695	1,591	1,895	1,982	October	1,628	1,799	1,820	2,018	1,933
November	1,610	1,687	1,561	1,822		November	1,690	1,856	1,812	1,995	
Final	1,610	1,667	1,543	1,812		Final	1,689	1,854	1,819	2,011	

Soybean Objective Yield Percent of Samples Processed in the Lab – United States: 2022-2026

[Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Year	October	November
	Mature ¹	Mature ¹
	(percent)	(percent)
2022	42	90
2023	51	91
2024	55	96
2025	54	87
2026	46	

¹ Includes soybeans with brown pods and are considered mature or almost mature.

Cotton Objective Yield Data

The National Agricultural Statistics Service conducted objective yield surveys in 4 cotton-producing States during 2026. Randomly selected plots in cotton fields are visited monthly from September through harvest to obtain specific counts and measurements. Data in this table are actual field counts from this survey.

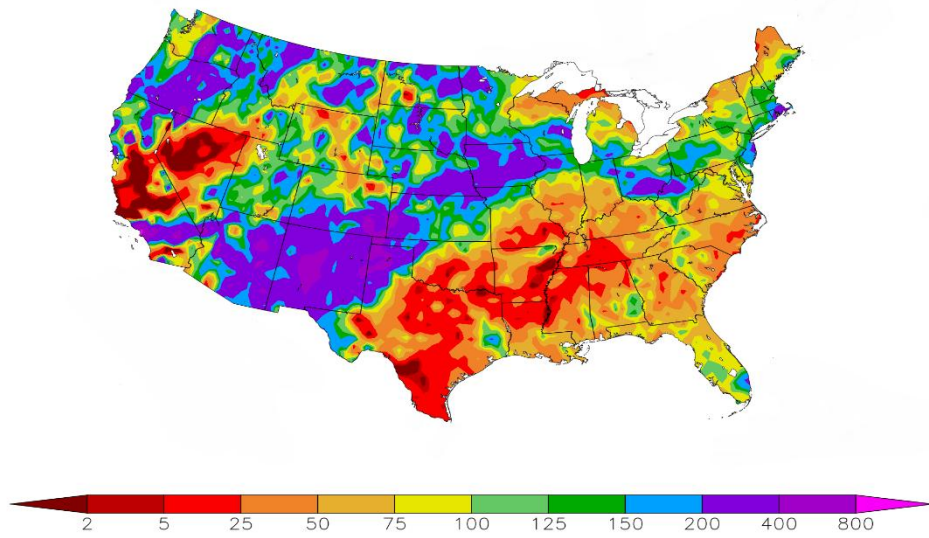
Cotton Cumulative Boll Counts – Selected States: 2022-2026

[Includes small bolls (less than one inch in diameter), large unopened bolls (at least one inch in diameter), open bolls, partially opened bolls, and burrs per 40 feet of row. November, December, and Final exclude small bolls. Blank cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

State and month	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Arkansas					
September	811	795	(NA)	(NA)	917
October	799	877	(NA)	(NA)	867
November	799	888	(NA)	(NA)	
December	799	888	(NA)	(NA)	
Final	799	888	(NA)	(NA)	
Georgia					
September	605	581	(NA)	(NA)	457
October	648	660	(NA)	(NA)	704
November	705	706	(NA)	(NA)	
December	721	721	(NA)	(NA)	
Final	721	721	(NA)	(NA)	
Mississippi					
September	804	828	(NA)	(NA)	910
October	814	863	(NA)	(NA)	792
November	830	849	(NA)	(NA)	
December	828	849	(NA)	(NA)	
Final	828	849	(NA)	(NA)	
Texas					
September	583	416	(NA)	(NA)	386
October	615	422	(NA)	(NA)	395
November	629	462	(NA)	(NA)	
December	640	487	(NA)	(NA)	
Final	643	488	(NA)	(NA)	
4-State					
September	641	513	(NA)	(NA)	481
October	668	543	(NA)	(NA)	519
November	692	578	(NA)	(NA)	
December	701	597	(NA)	(NA)	
Final	708	635	(NA)	(NA)	

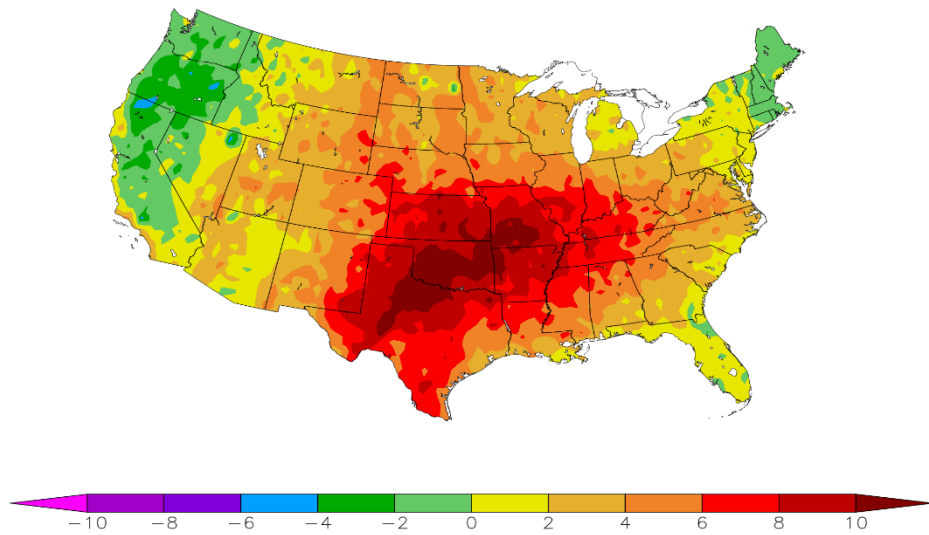
(NA) Not available.

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)
9/1/2026 – 9/30/2026



ACIS Web Services

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)
9/1/2026 – 9/30/2026



ACIS Web Services

September Weather Summary

Highlights: El Niño-driven changes began to significantly influence North American weather patterns during September, leading to multiple rounds of heavy rain from the Southwest into the Midwest, as atmospheric moisture from a swarm of Pacific tropical cyclones was drawn northeastward. Eastern Pacific cyclones of note during September included Hurricanes Marie, Odalys, and Polo. Among those hurricanes, only Polo made landfall in Mexico, striking Baja California Sur late September 28 and crossing the Gulf of California into southern Sonora early the next day. Less than a week earlier, on September 22, Polo had become the second-strongest tropical cyclone on record—based on a minimum central pressure of 892 millibars (26.34 inches of mercury)—for areas of the Pacific Ocean north of the equator and east of the International Dateline.

As surges of tropical moisture wrapped around the western and northern edges of a stubborn ridge of high pressure and interacted with a variety of disturbances and cold fronts, September rainfall totaled at least twice normal from portions of the Four Corners States into the western Corn Belt. More than a foot of rain fell in some Midwestern locations, including Des Moines, Iowa, where the monthly sum of 14.50 inches represented its second-wettest September on record, behind only 14.81 inches in 1914. For some locations, including Lincoln, Nebraska, it was the wettest September on record, with 11.49 inches (previously, 8.32 inches in 1914). The heavy rain, spread across several weeks, curtailed fieldwork, including corn and soybean harvesting, and threatened crop quality.

Related to El Niño's disruptive influence on tropical cyclone intensification over the Atlantic Ocean, a satellite-era record was established for the latest date of the season's first Atlantic Basin hurricane. Prior to this year, the latest initial Atlantic hurricane formation had occurred on September 11, 2002, and 2013. Through September, there were no Atlantic Basin hurricanes and eight tropical storms, three of which made landfall on the Gulf Coast of the United States—most recently Edouard near Johnson Bayou, Louisiana, on September 1. Edouard was a small tropical storm that moved inland with sustained winds near 60 mph and had a relatively small footprint of heavy rain and gusty winds, mainly across eastern Texas.

Showery weather helped to limit September wildfire activity, except in parts of California and the Great Basin. Even with fewer explosive fires, the Nation's year-to-date wildfire burned area topped 9 million acres by early October, nearly 150 percent of the 10-year average of 6.1 million acres. Impressively, Alaska provided only a miniscule contribution to the national total, with fewer than 90,000 acres burned through the end of September. In the modern era, national wildfire acreage first topped 9 million in 2006 and since then has done so six times (2007, 2012, 2015, 2017, 2020, and 2026), with a peak of 10.13 million acres burned in 2015.

Meanwhile, topsoil moisture in the Nation's agricultural regions was rated 37 percent very short to short on October 4, a significant improvement from the 2026 peak of 55 percent on September 6, according to USDA/NASS. However, statewide topsoil moisture was still rated at least 70 percent very short to short on October 4 in four Western States (Colorado, Nevada, Oregon, and Wyoming) and four Mississippi Delta States (Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Tennessee). Conversely, statewide topsoil moisture on October 4 was rated 45 percent surplus in Iowa, along with 30 percent in Ohio. The *U.S. Drought Monitor* reflected a balance between worsening drought conditions during September in most areas from the southeastern Plains and the western Gulf Coast region to the southern Appalachians, and steady or improving conditions across large sections of the Plains, West, and upper Midwest. Drought was affecting 59.38 percent of the Lower 48 States on September 29, marking the 55th consecutive week with national coverage greater than 40 percent.

On a national scale, crops experiencing notable drought during 2026 included cotton, rated 37 percent very poor to poor on October 4, and sorghum, 34 percent, according to USDA/NASS. Drought impacts were regional for crops such as corn and soybeans, with lower crop condition ratings mostly in the western Corn Belt. Thirty-eight percent of North Dakota's corn was rated very poor to poor on October 4, along with 28 percent of its soybeans, compared to respective national values of 18 and 14 percent. However, barely half (54 percent) of the Nation's corn was rated good to excellent on October 4, along with just 57 percent of the soybeans. Meanwhile, national rangeland and pastures rated in very poor to poor condition improved to 49 percent on October 4, down from annual peaks of 53 percent on September 6 and 20. In some parts of the country, drought-affected rangeland and pastures may not fully recover until next spring or beyond, even if favorably wet weather prevails, as the window for autumn grass growth will soon close from north to south.

Near- or above-normal September temperatures prevailed nationwide, except in New England and the Far West. A core area of summer-like heat, with monthly temperatures averaging at least 4 to 8 degrees F above normal, stretched from central and southern sections of the Rockies and Plains to the southern Appalachians, extending as far north as the southern tier of the Corn Belt. The late-season heat coincided with a persistent ridge of high pressure that remained steadfast across the southern United States for more than 2 months, starting in late July. Records for the warmest September on record were set in dozens of communities from the south-central United States into the lower Midwest, with Abilene, Texas, reporting a monthly average temperature that was 9.4 degrees F above normal. The persistent heat (and dryness) favored fieldwork and hastened summer crop maturation, but reduced surface water supplies and stressed livestock, rangeland, pastures, and immature crops.

September Agricultural Summary

September was warmer than normal for most of the Nation. Parts of the Great Plains, lower Missouri Valley, Delta recorded temperatures 6°F or more above normal for the month. While much of the Great Basin, Southern Plains, and Southeast remained drier than normal, parts of Northwest, Southwest, and Northern Plains recorded at least twice the normal amount of precipitation. Mainly due to storms connected to El Niño, parts of the Southwest and western Corn Belt recorded 6 inches or more of rain. Some locations in Iowa received 9 inches or more of rain for the month.

Ninety-six percent of the corn crop was at the dough stage by September 6, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Seventy-six percent of the corn crop had reached the dented stage by September 6, four percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Twenty-five percent of the Nation's corn crop was mature by September 6, one percentage point ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Five percent of the 2026 corn acreage had been harvested by September 6, one percentage point ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By September 13, eighty-six percent of the corn crop had reached the dented stage, 3 percentage points ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Forty-two percent of the Nation's corn crop was mature by September 13, three percentage points ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Eight percent of the 2026 corn acreage had been harvested by September 13, one percentage point ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By September 27, ninety-six percent of the corn crop had reached the dented stage, 2 percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-two percent of the Nation's corn crop was mature by September 27, three percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Eighteen percent of the 2026 corn acreage had been harvested by September 27, one percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. On September 27, fifty-seven percent of the Nation's corn crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 9 percentage points below the same time last year.

Twenty-six percent of the soybean crop had dropped leaves by September 6, six percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By September 13, forty-four percent of the soybean crop had dropped leaves, 6 percentage points ahead of last year and 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Six percent of the 2026 soybean acreage had been harvested by September 13, one percentage point ahead of last year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By September 27, seventy-five percent of the soybean crop had dropped leaves, one percentage point behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Seventeen percent of the 2026 soybean acreage had been harvested by September 27, one percentage point behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. On September 27, fifty-eight percent of the Nation's soybean crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 4 percentage points below the same time last year.

Two percent of the intended 2027 winter wheat acreage had been planted by September 6, two percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By September 13, eight percent of the intended 2027 winter wheat acreage had been planted, 2 percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By September 27, twenty-seven percent of the intended 2027 winter wheat acreage had been planted, 5 percentage points behind last year and 7 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Eight percent of the winter wheat acreage had emerged by September 27, four percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average.

Ninety-six percent of the Nation's cotton crop was setting bolls by September 6, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. Forty percent of the Nation's cotton crop had bolls opening by September 6, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Seven percent of the 2026 cotton acreage had been harvested by September 6, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By September 13, fifty-seven percent of the Nation's cotton crop had bolls opening, 8 percentage points ahead of last year and 9 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Eight percent of the 2026 cotton acreage had been harvested by September 13, one percentage point behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Seventy percent of the Nation's cotton crop had bolls opening by September 27, four percentage points ahead of last year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Seventeen percent of the 2026 cotton acreage had been harvested by September 27, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. On September 27, thirty-five percent of the cotton crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 12 percentage points below the same time last year.

Ninety-four percent of the sorghum crop had reached the headed stage by September 6, three percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Sixty-eight percent of the sorghum crop had reached the coloring stage by September 6, one percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. Forty-one percent of the Nation's sorghum crop was mature by September 6, five percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Twenty percent of the 2026 sorghum acreage had been harvested by September 6, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. By September 13, ninety-seven percent of the sorghum crop had reached the headed stage, 3 percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Seventy-eight percent of the sorghum crop had reached the coloring stage by September 13, two percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. Forty-nine percent of the Nation's sorghum crop was mature by September 13, six percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Twenty-two percent of the 2026 sorghum acreage had been harvested by September 13, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. By September 27, ninety-three percent of the sorghum crop had reached the coloring stage, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Sixty-seven percent of the Nation's sorghum crop was mature by September 27, seven percentage points ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Twenty-nine percent of the 2026 sorghum acreage had been harvested by September 27, one percentage point ahead of last year but 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On September 27, twenty-six percent of the sorghum crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 38 percentage points below the same time last year.

Fifty percent of the Nation's rice acreage had been harvested by September 6, seven percentage points ahead of last year and 12 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By September 13, sixty-two percent of the Nation's rice acreage had been harvested, 3 percentage points ahead of last year and 12 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By September 27, eighty percent of the Nation's rice acreage had been harvested, four percentage points ahead of last year and 11 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Ninety-eight percent of the Nation's oat crop had been harvested by September 6, five percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By September 6, oat harvest was complete in 5 of the 9 estimating States.

Ninety percent of the barley acreage had been harvested by September 6, five percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By September 13, ninety-four percent of the Nation's barley crop had been harvested, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety-eight percent of the barley acreage had been harvested by September 20, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Harvest progress was at or beyond 96 percent in all 5 estimating States.

Eighty-six percent of the spring wheat acreage had been harvested by September 6, three percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By September 13, ninety-three percent of the spring wheat acreage had been harvested, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Harvest progress was at or beyond 96 percent in 4 of the 6 estimating States.

One percent of the 2026 peanuts acreage had been harvested by September 6, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. By September 13, two percent of the 2026 peanut acreage had been harvested, 1 percentage point behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. On September 13, sixty-one percent of the Nation's peanut crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points below the same time last year. By September 27, twelve percent of the

2026 peanut acreage had been harvested, 4 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. On September 27, fifty-eight percent of the Nation's peanut crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points above the same time last year.

Eight percent of the 2026 sugarbeet acreage had been harvested by September 13, one percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By September 27, sixteen percent of the 2026 sugarbeet crop had been harvested, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average.

Two percent of the 2026 sunflower crop had been harvested by September 27, two percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average.

Crop Comments

Corn: The 2026 area harvested for grain is forecast at 88.5 million acres, unchanged from the previous estimate but down 3 percent from last year.

Production for grain is forecast at 16.0 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the previous forecast but down 5 percent from last year. If realized, this would be the second highest production for grain on record for the United States. Based on conditions as of October 1, the yield is forecast at 181.2 bushels per acre, up 2.4 bushels from the previous forecast but down 5.3 bushels from last year's record high 186.5 bushels per acre. Record high yields are forecast in Arkansas, Iowa, Kentucky, Mississippi, Ohio, and Tennessee.

Ninety-six percent of the corn crop was at the dough stage by September 6, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Ninety-six percent of the corn crop had reached the dented stage by September 27, two percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Eighty-three percent of the Nation's corn crop was mature by October 4, equal to the 5-year average. Twenty-three percent of the 2026 corn acreage had been harvested by October 4, four percentage points behind the 5-year average. On October 4, fifty-four percent of the Nation's corn crop was rated in good to excellent condition.

Sorghum: Production is forecast at 291 million bushels, up 3 percent from the previous forecast but down 33 percent from last year. Based on October 1 conditions, yield is forecast at 55.7 bushels per acre, 1.3 bushels above the previous forecast but 16.9 bushels below the 2025 yield of 72.6 bushels per acre.

By October 4, seventy-two percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was mature, 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Thirty-two percent of the crop had been harvested, 6 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Twenty-six percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was rated in good to excellent condition on October 4, even with the previous week.

Rice: All rice production is forecast at 158 million cwt, down less than one percent from the previous forecast and down 24 percent from the previous year. Area for harvest is expected to total 2.06 million acres, unchanged from the previous estimate and down 25 percent from last year. Based on conditions as of October 1, the average United States yield is forecast at 7,668 pounds per acre, down 22 pounds per acre from the previous forecast but up 124 pounds per acre from 2025.

As of October 4, eighty-six percent of the Nation's rice acreage was harvested, 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Soybeans: Production is forecast at a record 4.56 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the previous estimate and up 7 percent from last year. The forecasted yield, at a record 53.1 bushels per acre, is up 0.1 bushel from last year's final estimate of 53.0 bushels per acre. Acreage harvested for beans is forecast at 85.9 million acres, unchanged from the previous forecast but up 7 percent from last year.

The October objective yield data for the 11 major soybean-producing States (Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) indicate a lower pod count compared with the

previous year. Compared with final counts for 2025, pod counts are down in 7 of the 11 published States. South Dakota showed the greatest decrease, down 414 pods per 18 square feet from the previous year.

As of October 4, eighty-five percent of the United States soybean acreage was at or beyond the leaf dropping stage, 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Soybean harvest was 25 percent complete as of October 4, eight percentage points behind the 5-year average. As of October 4, fifty-seven percent of the Nation's soybean acreage was rated in good to excellent condition.

If realized, the forecasted yield will be a record high in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Mississippi, North Carolina, Ohio, and Tennessee.

Sunflower: The first production forecast for 2026 is 2.30 billion pounds, down 1 percent from the revised 2025 production of 2.34 billion pounds. Area planted, at 1.35 million acres, is up less than 1 percent from the June estimate and up 5 percent from last year. Sunflower growers expect to harvest 1.31 million acres, up 1 percent from the June forecast and up 4 percent from 2025. Acreage updates were made in several States based on a thorough review of all available data. The October yield forecast, at 1,761 pounds per acre, is 100 pounds lower than last year's average yield but will still represent the fourth highest on record for the Nation, if realized.

The forecasted production in North Dakota, the leading sunflower-producing State this year, is 1.06 billion pounds, a decrease of 3 percent from 2025. Compared with last year, the average yield forecast of 1,740 pounds per acre in North Dakota is down 217 pounds per acre. In South Dakota, the average yield is forecast at 1,959 pounds per acre, down 16 pounds per acre from last year's record high.

As of October 4, six percent of the Nation's sunflower acreage was harvested, 4 percentage points ahead of last year's pace and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average pace.

Peanuts: Production is forecast at 5.11 billion pounds in 2026, down 3 percent from the previous forecast and down 28 percent from the revised 2025 total of 7.10 billion pounds. Area harvested is expected to total 1.36 million acres, unchanged from the previous forecast but down 28 percent from the revised 2025 total of 1.90 million acres. Based on conditions as of October 1, the average yield for the United States is forecast at 3,766 pounds per acre, down 113 pounds per acre from the previous forecast but up 20 pounds per acre from the revised 2025 yield of 3,746 pounds per acre.

As of October 4, twenty-two percent of the Nation's peanut acreage was harvested, 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. As of October 4, fifty-seven percent of the peanut acreage was rated in good to excellent condition.

Canola: The first production forecast for 2026 is a record high 5.37 billion pounds, up 15 percent from the 2025 revised production. Production in Minnesota, North Dakota, and Washington will be the highest on record, if realized. Production in Montana will be the second highest on record, if realized. Area planted for the Nation, at a record high 3.01 million acres, is up 2 percent from the June estimate and up 29 percent from last year. Canola farmers expect to harvest a record high 2.97 million acres, up 2 percent from June and up 29 percent from 2025. Acreage updates were made in several States based on a thorough review of all available data. The October yield forecast, at 1,811 pounds per acre, is 206 pounds less than last year's revised yield but will still represent the sixth highest yield on record, if realized. Compared with last year, the average yield in Montana and Washington are up 130 pounds and 220 pounds per acre, respectively. Meanwhile, the average yield forecast is expected to decline from last year in Kansas, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Oklahoma.

The yield in North Dakota, the largest canola-producing State, is forecast at 1,830 pounds per acre, down 290 pounds from last year's yield. Planted area in North Dakota is estimated at a record high 2.33 million acres, up 29 percent from last year. Planting of this year's canola crop in North Dakota progressed ahead of last year's pace and the 5-year average pace throughout the month of May and June. As of June 7, ninety-five percent of the crop had been planted, 3 percentage points ahead of last year's pace and 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Blooming of the canola crop began in late June but lagged behind both last year's pace and the 5-year average pace. As of June 28, twenty-five percent of the canola acreage was at or past the blooming stage, 8 percentage points behind last year's pace and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average pace. Harvest began in mid-August and progressed to 94 percent complete by October 4,

six percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Cotton: All cotton production is forecast at 13.4 million 480-pound bales, up 2 percent from the previous forecast but down 3 percent from 2025. Based on conditions as of October 1, yields are expected to average 790 pounds per harvested acre, up 14 pounds from the previous forecast but down 62 pounds from 2025. Upland cotton production is forecast at 13.1 million 480-pound bales, up 2 percent from the previous forecast but down 3 percent from 2025. Pima cotton production is forecast at 383,000 bales, down 2 percent from the previous month and down 5 percent from 2025.

On October 4, seventy-four percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had bolls opening, 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By October 4, twenty-three percent of the 2026 cotton acreage had been harvested, 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. At that time, thirty-three percent of the crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 2 percentage points lower than the previous week.

Ginnings totaled 917,150 running bales prior to October 1.

Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures: Production of alfalfa and alfalfa mixture dry hay for 2026 is forecast at 50.6 million tons, up 6 percent from the August forecast and up 1 percent from 2025. Based on October 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 3.44 tons per acre, up 0.19 ton from the August forecast and up 0.02 ton from last year. Harvested area is forecast at 14.7 million acres, unchanged from the previous forecast but up slightly from 2025. Record high yields are forecast for Iowa, Utah, and Wisconsin.

Other hay: Production of other hay is forecast at 70.0 million tons, up 7 percent from the August forecast but down 4 percent from 2025. Based on October 1 conditions, the United States yield is expected to average 1.99 tons per acre, up 0.12 ton from the August forecast but down 0.10 ton from last year. Harvested area is forecast at 35.1 million acres, unchanged from the previous forecast but up 1 percent from 2025. A record low production is expected in Illinois.

Dry beans: Production of dry edible beans is forecast at 21.6 million cwt, down 8 percent from the previous estimate and down 20 percent from 2025. Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Area planted is estimated at 1.15 million acres, down 1 percent from the August forecast and down 16 percent from 2025. Area harvested is forecast at 1.11 million acres, down 1 percent from the August forecast and down 17 percent from 2025. The yield is forecast at 1,935 pounds per acre, a decrease of 144 pounds from the previous forecast and down 77 pounds from last season.

Tobacco: The 2026 United States all tobacco production is forecast at 383 million pounds, down 3 percent from the previous forecast but up 7 percent from 2025. Area harvested, at 170,500 acres, is unchanged from the previous forecast but down less than 1 percent from 2025. Yield for the 2026 tobacco crop year is forecast at 2,248 pounds per acre, down 65 pounds from last month but up 155 pounds from last year's average.

Sugarbeets: Production of sugarbeets for the 2026 crop year is forecast at 31.1 million tons, down 2 percent from last month and down 11 percent from last year. Producers expect to harvest 1.01 million acres, unchanged from the previous estimate but down 5 percent from last year. Yield is forecast at 30.8 tons per acre, down 0.7 ton from the previous estimate and down 2.4 tons from last year.

Sugarcane: Production for sugar and seed is estimated at 33.4 million tons, down 1 percent from last month and down 3 percent from 2025. Producers intend to harvest 944,000 acres for sugar and seed during the 2026 crop year, down 1 percent from the previous estimate and down slightly from last season. Yields for sugar and seed are estimated to average 35.3 tons per acre, down 0.1 ton from last month and down 1.1 tons from 2025. Record high production for sugarcane for sugar and seed is estimated in Louisiana.

Oranges: The United States all orange forecast for the 2026-2027 season is 2.52 million tons, down 3 percent from the 2025-2026 final utilization. The California all orange forecast is 50.5 million boxes (2.02 million tons), up 2 percent from last season's final utilization. The California Navel orange forecast is 42.0 million boxes (1.68 million tons), unchanged from last month but up 2 percent from the last season's final utilization. The California Valencia orange forecast is 8.50 million boxes (340,000 tons), unchanged from last season's final utilization.

The Florida all orange forecast, at 10.0 million boxes (450,000 tons), is down 23 percent from the last season's final utilization. In Florida, early, midseason, and Navel varieties are forecast at 3.00 million boxes (135,000 tons), down 37 percent from last season's final utilization. The Florida Valencia orange forecast, at 7.00 million boxes (315,000 tons), is down 14 percent from last season's final utilization. The Texas all orange forecast, at 1.20 million boxes (51,000 tons), is up 10 percent from last season's final utilization.

Grapefruit: The United States 2026-2027 grapefruit crop is forecast at 343,000 tons, up 8 percent from last season's final utilization. The California forecast, at 4.80 million boxes (192,000 tons), is up 9 percent from 2025-2026 season. The Florida forecast, at 1.30 million boxes (55,000 tons), is down 4 percent from the last season.

Lemons: The 2026-2027 United States lemon crop is forecast at 1.20 million tons, up 8 percent from last season's final utilization. The California forecast, at 28.0 million boxes (1.12 million tons), is up 8 percent from the 2025-2026 season. The Florida forecast, at 950,000 boxes (43,000 tons), is up 6 percent from last year.

Tangerines and mandarins: The United States tangerine and mandarin crop is forecast at 1.30 million tons, up 3 percent from last season's final utilization. The California tangerine and mandarin forecast, at 32.0 million boxes (1.28 million tons), is up 3 percent from the previous year. The Florida tangerine and mandarin forecast, at 450,000 boxes (21,000 tons), is down 2 percent from the previous year.

Walnuts: The 2026 California walnut utilized production (in-shell basis) is forecast at 680,000 tons, down 16 percent from the 2025 utilized production (in-shell basis) of 809,000 tons. The forecast is based on the Walnut Objective Measurement Survey. Survey data indicated an average nut set per tree of 796, down 18 percent from the 2025 average of 972.

The complete report is available at:

https://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics_by_State/California/Publications/Specialty_and_Other_Releases/Walnut/Objective-Measurement/202610walom.pdf

Pecans: Production is forecast at 301 million pounds, up 6 percent from 2025. Improved varieties are expected to produce 287 million pounds, or 95 percent of the total. The native and seedling varieties are expected to produce 14.5 million pounds, making up the remaining 5 percent of production.

Statistical Methodology

Field crop survey procedures: Objective yield and farm operator surveys were conducted between September 24 and October 5 to gather information on expected yield as of October 1. The objective yield surveys for corn, cotton, and soybeans were conducted in the major producing States that usually account for about 75 percent of the United States production. Randomly selected plots were revisited to make current counts. The counts made within each sample plot depend on the crop and the maturity of that crop. In all cases, plant counts are recorded along with other measurements that provide information to forecast the number of ears, bolls, or pods and their weight. The counts are used with similar data from previous years to develop a projected biological yield. The average harvesting loss is subtracted to obtain a net yield. The plots are visited starting in September and are revisited each month until crop maturity when the fruit is harvested and weighed. After the farm operator has harvested the sample field, another plot is sampled to obtain current year harvesting loss.

The farm operator survey was conducted primarily by telephone with some use of mail, internet, and personal interviewers. Approximately 8,300 producers were interviewed during the survey period and asked questions about probable yield. These growers will continue to be surveyed throughout the growing season to provide indications of average yields.

Orange survey procedures: In Florida, during August and September, the number of bearing trees and the number of fruit per tree is determined. In August, September, December, and March, fruit size measurement and fruit droppage surveys are conducted, which are combined with the previous components to develop the current forecast of production. California and Texas conduct grower surveys on a quarterly basis in October, January, April, and July. California also conducts objective measurement surveys in September for Navel oranges and in March for Valencia oranges.

Field crop estimating procedures: The Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) reviews multiple data sources at the National and State level, including USDA administrative acreage data, satellite imagery, and objective yield and grower reported data. All data were reviewed for reasonableness and consistency with historical estimates. The data were also reviewed considering weather patterns and crop progress compared with previous months and previous years.

Orange estimating procedures: State level objective measurement estimates for Florida oranges were reviewed for errors, reasonableness, and consistency with historical estimates. Reports from growers in California and Texas were also used for setting estimates. The ASB analyzes the survey data to prepare the published October 1 forecast.

Revision policy: The October 1 production forecast will not be revised; instead, a new forecast will be made each month throughout the growing season. End-of-season estimates are made after harvest. At the end of the marketing season, a balance sheet is calculated using carryover stocks, production, exports, millings, feeding, and ending stocks. Revisions are then made if the balance sheet relationships or other administrative data warrant changes. Estimates of acres for barley, corn, cotton, dry edible beans, oats, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, sugarbeets, and wheat are subject to revision in the *August Crop Production* report. Acres for chickpeas, corn, cotton, dry edible peas, lentils, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, and sugarbeets are subject to revision in the *September Crop Production* report each year. Barley, oats, rye, and wheat end-of-season estimates are published in the *Small Grains Annual Summary* report at the end of September. Canola, dry edible beans, and sunflower acres are subject to revision in the *October Crop Production* report. Potato acres are subject to revision in the *November Crop Production* report. End-of-season estimates for all other row crops are published in the *Annual Crop Production Summary* in January. Revisions to planted acres will only be made when either special survey data, administrative data, such as Farm Service Agency program “sign up” data, or remote sensing data are available. Harvested acres may be revised any time a production forecast is made if there is strong evidence that the intended harvested area has changed since the last forecast. End-of-season orange estimates will be published in *August Citrus Fruits Summary*. The orange production estimates are based on all data available at the end of the marketing season, including information from marketing orders, shipments, and processor records. Allowances are made for recorded local utilization and home use.

Reliability: To assist users in evaluating the reliability of the October 1 production forecast, the “Root Mean Square Error,” a statistical measure based on past performance, is computed. The deviation between the October 1 production forecast and the final estimate is expressed as a percentage of the final estimate. The average of the squared percentage

deviations for the latest 20-year period is computed. The square root of the average becomes statistically the “Root Mean Square Error.” Probability statements can be made concerning expected differences in the current forecast relative to the final end-of-season estimate, assuming that factors affecting this year’s forecast are not different from those influencing recent years. For example, the “Root Mean Square Error” for the October 1 corn for grain production forecast is 2.0 percent. This means that chances are 2 out of 3 that the current production forecast will not be above or below the final estimate by more than 2.0 percent. Chances are 9 out of 10 (90 percent confidence level) that the difference will not exceed 3.5 percent.

Also, shown in the following table is a 20-year record for selected crops of the differences between the October 1 forecast and the final estimate. Using corn again as an example, changes between the October 1 forecast and the final estimate during the last 20 years have averaged 221 million bushels, ranging from 1 million bushels to 635 million bushels. The October 1 forecast has been below the final estimate 7 times and above 11 times. This does not imply that the October 1 corn forecast this year is likely to understate or overstate final production.

Reliability of October 1 Crop Production Forecasts

[Based on data for the past twenty years]

Crop	Root mean square error	90 percent confidence interval	Difference between forecast and final estimate				
			Production			Years	
			Average	Smallest	Largest	Below final	Above final
	(percent)	(percent)	(millions)	(millions)	(millions)	(number)	(number)
Corn for grainbushels	2.0	3.5	221	1	635	7	11
Hay							
Alfalfa tons	5.7	9.9	3	(Z)	7	5	13
Other tons	4.2	7.3	3	(Z)	6	2	16
Oranges ¹ tons	9.2	16.0	299	2	1,102	2	16
Peanut ¹ pounds	6.2	10.7	285	17	729	10	8
Rice cwt	1.9	3.2	3	(Z)	12	10	8
Sorghum for grainbushels	9.6	16.6	19	2	57	8	10
Soybeans for beansbushels	2.7	4.6	69	1	261	12	6
Sugarbeets for sugar tons	5.2	9.0	1	(Z)	5	6	12
Sugarcane tons	4.9	8.4	1	(Z)	3	12	7
Upland cotton ¹ bales	6.7	11.6	843	76	2,439	6	12

(Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

¹ Quantity is in thousands of units.

USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service - Estimation Branch Contacts

For more information about specific data items, please contact the Estimation Branch staff members below. You can also email inquiries to nass@usda.gov.

Anthony Prillaman, Associate Deputy Administrator (202) 720-2127

Darin Jantzi, Section Chief..... (701) 412-5953

Crops: Apricots, Bell Peppers, Broccoli, Canola, Cauliflower, Chile Peppers, Cucumbers, Hemp, Macadamias, Mustard Seed, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, Pumpkins, Prunes, Rapeseed, Rye, Safflower, Soybeans, Squash, Sunflower

Jeff Lemmons, Section Chief..... (202) 973-3272

Crops: Artichokes, Avocados, Cabbage, Crop Progress, Dates, Dry Edible Beans, Grapes, Green Peas, Hops, Olives, Pistachios, Potatoes, Rice, Snap Beans, Sugarbeets, Sugarcane, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes, Walnuts, Wheat

Fleming Gibson, Section Chief (Acting)..... (202) 236-2428

Crops: Almonds, Asparagus, Barley, Beets, Blueberries, Carrots, Chickpeas, Coffee, Corn, Cranberries, Dry Edible Peas, Garlic, Grapefruit, Lemons, Lentils, Mandarins/Tangerines, Maple, Mushrooms, Onions, Oranges, Papayas, Pears, Pecans, Raspberries, Sweet Corn, Tobacco

Julie Weber, Section Chief (202) 317-0165

Crops: Apples, Cantaloupe, Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Cotton System Consumption and Stocks, Fats and Oils, Flaxseed, Flour Milling Products, Grain Crushings, Hay, Hazelnuts, Honeydew, Kale, Kiwifruit, Lettuce, Mint, Oats, Peanuts, Proso Millet, Sorghum, Spinach, Strawberries, Sweet Cherries, Tart Cherries, Watermelon

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- Economics, Statistics, and Market Information (ESMIS) – National Agricultural Library (NAL) website houses NASS’s and other agency archived reports at <https://esmis.nal.usda.gov>. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from <https://esmis.nal.usda.gov>. To receive the reports via e-mail, you will have to go to the website, create a new account and subscribe to the reports. You should whitelist notifications@esmis.nal.usda.gov in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

If you have specific questions you would like an expert to respond to, please visit our “Ask A Specialist” website at www.nass.usda.gov/Contact_Us/Ask_a_Specialist.

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USDA Virtual Data Users' Meeting
October 14, 2026
12:00 PM ET

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) will host a virtual USDA Fall Data Users' Meeting on October 14, 2026, starting at 12:00 p.m. ET. This Data Users' Meeting is free of charge and open to the public.

The event is regularly held to share recent and pending updates to USDA data and statistical products with the public and to solicit input on agency programs important to agriculture. It is organized by NASS in cooperation with the World Agricultural Outlook Board, Farm Service Agency, Economic Research Service, Agricultural Marketing Service, Foreign Agricultural Service, and the U.S. Census Bureau. Leaders from each agency will be available to take questions and comments.

To view the complete agenda and register for the meeting, please visit www.nass.usda.gov/go/data_users. For more information, contact Shareefah Williams at Shareefah.williams@usda.gov.