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National Agricultural Statistics Service

Crop Production
2025 Summary

January 2026

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Corn for grain production in 2025 was estimated at a record high 17.0 billion bushels, up 14 percent from the 2024 estimate. The average yield in the United States was estimated at a record high 186.5 bushels per acre, 7.2 bushels above the 2024 yield of 179.3 bushels per acre. Area harvested for grain was estimated at 91.3 million acres, up 10 percent from the 2024 estimate.

Sorghum: Grain production in 2025 was estimated 437 million bushels, up 27 percent from the 2024 total. Planted area for 2025 was estimated at 6.64 million acres, up 5 percent from 2024. Area harvested for grain, at 6.02 million acres, was up 7 percent from 2024. Grain yield was estimated at 72.6 bushels per acre, up 11.3 bushels from 2024.

Rice: Production in 2025 totaled 207 million cwt, down 7 percent from the 2024 total. Planted area for 2025 was estimated at 2.81 million acres, down 4 percent from 2024. Area harvested, at 2.74 million acres, was down 5 percent from the previous crop year. The average yield for all United States rice was estimated at 7,544 pounds per acre, down 209 pounds from 2024.

Soybean production in 2025 totaled 4.26 billion bushels, down 3 percent from 2024. The average yield per acre was estimated at a record high 53.0 bushels per acre, up 2.3 bushels from 2024. Harvested area, at 80.4 million acres, was down 7 percent from last year.

All cotton production is estimated at 13.9 million 480-pound bales, down 3 percent from 2024. The United States yield is estimated at 856 pounds per acre, down 30 pounds from last year. Harvested area, at 7.80 million acres, is down slightly from last year.

This report was approved on January 12, 2026.

Secretary of Agriculture
Designate
Richard Fordyce

Agricultural Statistics Board
Chairperson
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Contents

Principal Crops Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2023-2025 7

Corn and Soybean Area Left to be Harvested – States and United States: 2024 and 2025 8

Corn Area Planted for All Purposes and Harvested for Grain, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 9

Corn for Silage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 11

Corn for Grain Plant Population per Acre – Selected States: 2021-2025 12

Corn for Grain Number of Ears per Acre – Selected States: 2021-2025 13

Corn for Grain Percentage Distribution by Plant Population per Acre – Selected States: 2021-2025 14

Corn for Grain Frequency of Farmer Reported Row Widths – Selected States: 2021-2025 15

Corn for Grain Percentage Distribution by Measured Row Width and Average Row Width – Selected States: 2021-2025 16

Sorghum Area Planted for All Purposes and Harvested for Grain, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 17

Sorghum for Silage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 18

Oat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 19

Barley Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 21

All Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 23

Winter Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 25

Other Spring Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 27

Durum Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 28

Wheat Production by Class – United States: 2023-2025 28

Rice Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 29

Rye Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 31

Proso Millet Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 32

All Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 33

Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures for Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 35

All Other Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 37

All Forage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025 39

All Alfalfa Forage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025 40

All Other Forage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025 41

All Haylage and Greenchop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025 42

Alfalfa Haylage and Greenchop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025 43

All Other Haylage and Greenchop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025 44

New Seedings of Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures – States and United States: 2023-2025 45

Peanut Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 46

Canola Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 47

Sunflower Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2023-2025 48

Soybeans for Beans Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 50

Percent of Soybean Acreage Planted Following Another Harvested Crop – Selected States and United States: 2021-2025 52

Soybean Pods with Beans per 18 Square Feet – Selected States: 2021-2025 53

Soybean Frequency of Farmer Reported Row Widths – Selected States: 2021-2025 55

Soybean Percentage Distribution by Measured Row Width and Average Row Width – Selected States: 2021-2025 57

Flaxseed Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 59

Safflower Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 59

Other Oilseed Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Crop – United States: 2023-2025 60

Cotton Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2023-2025 61

Cottonseed Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 63

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 64

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class and Type – States and United States: 2023-2025 65

Sugarbeet Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 67

Sugarcane Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 68

Potato Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 69

Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 70

Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 71

Lentil Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 81

Chickpea Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 82

Dry Edible Pea Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 84

Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Variety – States and United States: 2023-2025 85

Hop Organic Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – United States: 2023-2025 91

Mint for Oil Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Crop – States and United States: 2023-2025 92

Maple Syrup Taps, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 93

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2024 and 2025 94

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2024 and 2025 96

2025 Annual Weather Summary 98

2025 Annual Crop Summary 102

Crop Comments 105

Statistical Methodology 114

Information Contacts 115

Principal Crops Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2023-2025

[Crops included are corn, sorghum, oats, barley, rye, winter wheat, Durum wheat, other spring wheat, rice, soybeans, peanuts, sunflower, cotton, dry edible beans, chickpeas, potatoes, canola, proso millet, and sugarbeets. Harvested acreage is used for all hay, tobacco, and sugarcane in computing total area planted. Includes double cropped acres and unharvested small grains planted as cover crops]

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	2,120	2,030	1,960	2,034	1,958	1,891
Alaska	27	30	30	26	28	29
Arizona	597	562	558	592	558	554
Arkansas	7,211	7,053	6,632	7,072	6,934	6,515
California	2,411	2,484	2,254	2,044	2,208	2,046
Colorado	5,950	5,951	5,807	5,245	5,484	5,450
Connecticut	77	74	68	73	70	64
Delaware	438	421	398	415	392	376
Florida	1,087	1,050	1,052	1,073	1,034	1,038
Georgia	3,296	3,185	3,180	3,115	2,993	2,980
Idaho	4,057	4,137	4,056	3,852	4,003	3,917
Illinois	22,855	22,865	22,780	22,647	22,652	22,484
Indiana	11,885	11,790	11,720	11,775	11,680	11,580
Iowa	24,250	24,095	24,130	23,915	23,823	23,890
Kansas	25,024	23,899	23,957	21,505	22,836	23,073
Kentucky	6,147	6,112	6,134	5,967	5,902	5,934
Louisiana	3,214	3,091	3,112	3,136	3,000	3,050
Maine	242	232	232	234	223	225
Maryland	1,526	1,486	1,456	1,343	1,299	1,273
Massachusetts	68	63	63	65	60	60
Michigan	6,270	6,186	6,205	6,160	6,093	6,105
Minnesota	19,444	19,221	19,806	19,117	18,851	19,414
Mississippi	4,209	4,151	3,860	4,112	4,076	3,779
Missouri	14,657	13,628	13,620	14,284	13,298	13,289
Montana	9,707	9,457	8,895	9,214	8,940	8,254
Nebraska	19,473	19,467	19,542	18,763	19,029	19,112
Nevada	393	370	371	391	367	369
New Hampshire	54	51	48	53	50	46
New Jersey	305	272	276	298	264	273
New Mexico	855	807	768	509	563	541
New York	2,730	2,733	2,599	2,659	2,680	2,510
North Carolina	4,397	4,228	4,043	4,237	4,014	3,890
North Dakota	24,077	23,305	24,231	23,512	22,805	23,691
Ohio	9,850	9,860	9,740	9,705	9,725	9,620
Oklahoma	10,724	9,815	9,515	7,914	7,738	7,846
Oregon	1,852	1,895	1,727	1,803	1,853	1,702
Pennsylvania	3,395	3,379	3,245	3,111	3,109	2,932
Rhode Island	8	8	8	7	7	7
South Carolina	1,423	1,382	1,345	1,385	1,317	1,295
South Dakota	17,222	16,836	17,197	16,420	16,232	16,576
Tennessee	5,000	4,823	4,753	4,865	4,713	4,598
Texas	22,135	21,194	21,573	13,559	14,649	16,542
Utah	856	910	866	834	888	842
Vermont	254	244	253	245	235	242
Virginia	2,583	2,347	2,431	2,458	2,176	2,319
Washington	3,807	3,709	3,732	3,733	3,639	3,642
West Virginia	654	648	656	649	640	654
Wisconsin	7,875	7,968	8,080	7,400	7,517	7,674
Wyoming	1,416	1,192	1,247	1,360	1,143	1,192
United States [1]	319,542	311,996	311,541	295,043	293,919	295,542

[1] States may not add to United States due to rye unallocated acreage and/or rounding.

Corn and Soybean Area Left to be Harvested – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

Crop	Planted		Harvested [1]		Acres Left to be Harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Corn [2]	90,909	98,788	83,046	91,258	188	415
Soybeans	87,260	81,215	86,208	80,437	282	241

[1] Includes area left to be harvested
[2] Planted for all purposes; harvested for grain

Corn Area Planted for All Purposes and Harvested for Grain, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted for all purposes			Area harvested for grain		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	330	280	350	320	270	340
Arizona	105	70	65	38	19	16
Arkansas	850	500	810	830	480	790
California	400	440	420	40	55	50
Colorado	1,330	1,460	1,500	1,015	1,180	1,250
Connecticut [1]	24	24	23	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Delaware	175	165	175	172	161	172
Florida	90	85	85	62	47	57
Georgia	485	375	550	440	305	500
Idaho	360	380	430	115	110	145
Illinois	11,200	10,800	11,200	11,050	10,650	11,000
Indiana	5,450	5,200	5,400	5,310	5,050	5,230
Iowa	13,100	12,900	13,550	12,550	12,450	13,200
Kansas	5,750	6,300	6,850	5,150	5,800	6,500
Kentucky	1,600	1,370	1,520	1,500	1,280	1,420
Louisiana	700	470	810	680	440	790
Maine [1]	28	30	30	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Maryland	480	440	460	440	380	410
Massachusetts [1]	14	14	14	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	2,400	2,300	2,350	2,060	1,950	1,980
Minnesota	8,600	8,200	8,900	8,180	7,730	8,450
Mississippi	790	490	910	770	470	870
Missouri	3,850	3,500	3,800	3,670	3,350	3,660
Montana	135	130	145	68	77	75
Nebraska	9,950	10,050	10,750	9,500	9,590	10,450
Nevada [1]	13	20	26	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
New Hampshire [1]	13	12	12	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
New Jersey	74	72	75	65	61	66
New Mexico	125	105	105	47	49	44
New York	1,040	1,020	970	600	555	450
North Carolina	950	890	950	900	810	910
North Dakota	4,050	3,950	4,700	3,800	3,640	4,500
Ohio	3,600	3,400	3,400	3,400	3,200	3,160
Oklahoma	390	450	540	340	410	495
Oregon	95	110	105	55	63	75
Pennsylvania	1,040	1,050	1,010	680	700	680
Rhode Island [1]	2	2	2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
South Carolina	365	340	390	350	305	370
South Dakota	6,300	5,900	6,850	5,620	5,390	6,350
Tennessee	940	700	930	890	660	865
Texas	2,500	2,200	2,500	2,100	1,890	2,140
Utah	75	80	85	27	27	33
Vermont [1]	89	94	95	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Virginia	495	460	470	370	290	350
Washington	160	205	200	75	103	110
West Virginia	44	41	41	30	24	30
Wisconsin	4,000	3,750	4,150	3,140	2,960	3,220
Wyoming	85	85	85	57	65	55
United States	94,641	90,909	98,788	86,506	83,046	91,258

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Corn Area Planted for All Purposes and Harvested for Grain, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	164.0	112.0	152.0	52,480	30,240	51,680
Arizona	206.0	225.0	198.0	7,828	4,275	3,168
Arkansas	183.0	187.0	182.0	151,890	89,760	143,780
California	178.0	182.0	173.0	7,120	10,010	8,650
Colorado	122.0	116.0	133.0	123,830	136,880	166,250
Connecticut [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Delaware	189.0	171.0	191.0	32,508	27,531	32,852
Florida	158.0	141.0	155.0	9,796	6,627	8,835
Georgia	174.0	163.0	187.0	76,560	49,715	93,500
Idaho	203.0	206.0	209.0	23,345	22,660	30,305
Illinois	206.0	217.0	214.0	2,276,300	2,311,050	2,354,000
Indiana	203.0	198.0	204.0	1,077,930	999,900	1,066,920
Iowa	201.0	211.0	210.0	2,522,550	2,626,950	2,772,000
Kansas	119.0	129.0	145.0	612,850	748,200	942,500
Kentucky	187.0	178.0	167.0	280,500	227,840	237,140
Louisiana	175.0	185.0	193.0	119,000	81,400	152,470
Maine [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Maryland	165.0	143.0	171.0	72,600	54,340	70,110
Massachusetts [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	168.0	181.0	178.0	346,080	352,950	352,440
Minnesota	185.0	174.0	201.0	1,513,300	1,345,020	1,698,450
Mississippi	181.0	186.0	180.0	139,370	87,420	156,600
Missouri	153.0	183.0	185.0	561,510	613,050	677,100
Montana	129.0	85.0	132.0	8,772	6,545	9,900
Nebraska	182.0	188.0	194.0	1,729,000	1,802,920	2,027,300
Nevada [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
New Hampshire [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
New Jersey	168.0	157.0	161.0	10,920	9,577	10,626
New Mexico	155.0	157.0	173.0	7,285	7,693	7,612
New York	159.0	169.0	140.0	95,400	93,795	63,000
North Carolina	147.0	87.0	144.0	132,300	70,470	131,040
North Dakota	143.0	149.0	158.0	543,400	542,360	711,000
Ohio	198.0	177.0	185.0	673,200	566,400	584,600
Oklahoma	149.0	98.0	122.0	50,660	40,180	60,390
Oregon	214.0	208.0	236.0	11,770	13,104	17,700
Pennsylvania	157.0	138.0	151.0	106,760	96,600	102,680
Rhode Island [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
South Carolina	150.0	101.0	138.0	52,500	30,805	51,060
South Dakota	152.0	164.0	171.0	854,240	883,960	1,085,850
Tennessee	173.0	152.0	162.0	153,970	100,320	140,130
Texas	122.0	112.0	135.0	256,200	211,680	288,900
Utah	185.0	167.0	172.0	4,995	4,509	5,676
Vermont [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Virginia	157.0	114.0	168.0	58,090	33,060	58,800
Washington	240.0	235.0	251.0	18,000	24,205	27,610
West Virginia	145.0	110.0	153.0	4,350	2,640	4,590
Wisconsin	176.0	174.0	188.0	552,640	515,040	605,360
Wyoming	153.0	155.0	145.0	8,721	10,075	7,975
United States	177.3	179.3	186.5	15,340,520	14,891,756	17,020,549

(NA) Not available.

[1] Area harvested for grain not estimated.

Corn for Silage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Alabama	4	4	4	16.0	16.0	15.0	64	64	60
Arizona	66	50	48	27.0	27.0	29.0	1,782	1,350	1,392
Arkansas	5	5	3	16.0	20.0	13.0	80	100	39
California	350	380	365	26.0	26.0	27.0	9,100	9,880	9,855
Colorado	235	200	200	24.5	22.5	23.0	5,758	4,500	4,600
Connecticut	20	20	19	17.0	20.0	21.0	340	400	399
Delaware	2	2	2	25.0	23.0	25.0	50	46	50
Florida	25	34	24	19.0	16.0	15.0	475	544	360
Georgia	35	45	35	23.0	21.0	22.0	805	945	770
Idaho	240	265	280	28.0	30.0	31.0	6,720	7,950	8,680
Illinois	90	90	90	20.0	24.0	20.0	1,800	2,160	1,800
Indiana	120	130	130	22.0	23.0	22.0	2,640	2,990	2,860
Iowa	380	340	250	20.0	24.0	25.0	7,600	8,160	6,250
Kansas	330	310	230	15.0	16.0	23.0	4,950	4,960	5,290
Kentucky	80	70	70	22.0	19.0	21.0	1,760	1,330	1,470
Louisiana	3	3	3	15.0	18.0	15.0	45	54	45
Maine	23	26	25	15.0	19.0	13.0	345	494	325
Maryland	30	40	40	17.0	16.0	18.0	510	640	720
Massachusetts	11	11	11	16.0	19.0	17.0	176	209	187
Michigan	320	325	350	20.0	20.5	22.5	6,400	6,663	7,875
Minnesota	350	380	360	18.5	21.0	23.0	6,475	7,980	8,280
Mississippi	6	7	15	15.0	16.0	18.0	90	112	270
Missouri	100	100	80	14.0	18.0	16.0	1,400	1,800	1,280
Montana	62	37	57	23.0	20.0	23.0	1,426	740	1,311
Nebraska	280	280	210	17.0	21.0	21.0	4,760	5,880	4,410
Nevada	11	17	24	21.0	25.0	22.0	231	425	528
New Hampshire	12	11	10	18.0	21.0	17.0	216	231	170
New Jersey	6	5	7	18.0	17.0	20.0	108	85	140
New Mexico	69	51	59	21.0	22.0	23.0	1,449	1,122	1,357
New York	430	455	500	20.0	19.0	17.0	8,600	8,645	8,500
North Carolina	30	20	30	18.0	12.0	22.0	540	240	660
North Dakota	200	260	170	17.5	15.0	19.0	3,500	3,900	3,230
Ohio	160	160	200	21.0	20.0	22.0	3,360	3,200	4,400
Oklahoma	30	20	25	14.0	12.0	14.0	420	240	350
Oregon	39	46	29	26.0	23.0	23.0	1,014	1,058	667
Pennsylvania	345	320	315	20.0	16.0	20.0	6,900	5,120	6,300
Rhode Island	1	1	1	21.0	18.0	12.0	21	18	12
South Carolina	8	7	6	19.0	18.0	19.0	152	126	114
South Dakota	520	410	390	17.0	15.0	17.0	8,840	6,150	6,630
Tennessee	30	25	35	20.0	17.0	19.0	600	425	665
Texas	280	160	265	18.0	18.0	22.0	5,040	2,880	5,830
Utah	46	50	51	25.0	23.0	24.0	1,150	1,150	1,224
Vermont	80	85	84	17.0	19.0	18.0	1,360	1,615	1,512
Virginia	100	95	100	17.0	14.0	21.0	1,700	1,330	2,100
Washington	85	101	89	24.0	26.0	27.0	2,040	2,626	2,403
West Virginia	9	9	9	17.0	12.0	19.0	153	108	171
Wisconsin	780	730	885	21.0	20.0	22.0	16,380	14,600	19,470
Wyoming	23	15	23	23.0	23.0	23.0	529	345	529
United States	6,461	6,207	6,208	20.1	20.2	21.8	129,854	125,590	135,540

Corn for Grain Objective Yield Data

The National Agricultural Statistics Service conducted objective yield surveys in 10 corn producing States during 2025. Randomly selected plots in corn for grain fields were visited monthly from September through harvest to obtain specific counts and measurements. Data in these tables are rounded actual field counts from this survey.

Corn for Grain Plant Population per Acre – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Illinois					
September	31,550	32,050	32,550	31,850	32,700
October	31,550	32,500	32,450	32,250	32,350
November	31,500	32,450	32,400	32,200	32,200
Final	31,500	32,450	32,400	32,200	32,300
Indiana					
September	29,700	29,050	31,000	30,850	29,650
October	29,650	28,550	30,800	30,650	29,500
November	29,750	28,600	31,100	30,600	29,800
Final	29,750	28,600	31,100	30,600	29,450
Iowa					
September	31,850	31,750	32,250	30,900	30,750
October	31,850	31,550	31,900	30,500	30,800
November	31,800	31,600	31,950	30,600	30,850
Final	31,800	31,600	31,950	30,850	30,850
Kansas					
September	22,050	22,600	23,800	21,700	21,650
October	21,550	23,200	23,400	21,650	22,000
November	21,800	23,350	23,600	21,750	22,200
Final	21,800	23,350	23,600	21,700	22,000
Minnesota					
September	30,750	31,300	31,300	30,200	31,350
October	30,700	31,250	31,450	30,500	31,250
November	30,700	31,300	31,450	30,550	31,300
Final	30,700	31,300	31,450	30,500	31,300
Missouri					
September	27,250	27,500	27,350	28,500	27,450
October	27,400	27,100	27,300	28,150	27,700
November	27,350	27,200	27,400	28,150	27,600
Final	27,350	27,200	27,400	28,150	27,600

State and month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Nebraska					
All corn					
September	26,750	26,450	26,600	25,950	26,450
October	26,650	26,250	26,700	25,800	26,350
November	26,650	26,200	26,650	25,800	26,450
Final	26,650	26,200	26,650	25,800	26,550
Irrigated					
September	29,350	29,000	29,650	28,300	27,900
October	29,300	28,950	29,600	28,150	27,450
November	29,300	28,850	29,550	28,050	27,450
Final	29,300	28,850	29,550	28,050	27,400
Non-irrigated					
September	24,050	23,850	23,450	23,000	25,000
October	24,000	23,500	23,650	22,850	25,200
November	23,950	23,500	23,700	23,000	25,450
Final	23,950	23,500	23,700	23,000	25,450
Ohio					
September	30,400	29,400	30,050	31,300	31,200
October	30,050	29,350	29,900	31,250	31,250
November	30,050	29,700	29,650	31,150	31,050
Final	30,050	29,700	29,650	31,150	30,950
South Dakota					
September	26,150	26,400	26,050	25,650	23,600
October	26,100	26,200	26,150	25,350	24,100
November	25,750	25,900	26,100	25,400	24,000
Final	25,750	25,900	26,100	25,400	24,200
Wisconsin					
September	29,900	30,700	30,300	30,350	29,650
October	29,550	30,300	29,900	30,300	30,000
November	29,400	30,200	30,050	30,450	29,300
Final	29,400	30,200	30,000	30,450	29,650
10 State					
September	29,100	29,250	29,650	28,900	28,800
October	29,000	29,200	29,500	28,800	28,800
November	29,000	29,200	29,550	28,850	28,800
Final	29,000	29,200	29,550	28,900	28,800

Corn for Grain Number of Ears per Acre – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Illinois					
September	31,100	31,500	32,250	31,500	31,950
October	31,050	31,850	32,050	31,900	31,600
November	31,050	31,800	32,000	31,850	31,400
Final	31,050	31,800	32,000	31,850	31,400
Indiana					
September	29,700	28,700	30,700	31,700	29,900
October	29,750	28,400	30,950	30,850	29,050
November	29,900	28,500	30,950	30,750	29,050
Final	29,900	28,500	30,950	30,750	28,850
Iowa					
September	31,750	30,850	32,050	31,100	30,300
October	31,800	30,800	31,700	30,450	30,250
November	31,800	30,800	31,750	30,500	30,350
Final	31,800	30,800	31,750	30,750	30,350
Kansas					
September	22,250	22,800	23,500	21,350	22,300
October	21,450	22,300	22,800	20,850	22,500
November	21,700	22,100	23,150	21,000	22,650
Final	21,700	22,100	23,150	21,000	22,750
Minnesota					
September	30,800	31,200	31,350	30,150	31,450
October	30,650	31,450	31,300	30,450	30,900
November	30,600	31,450	31,300	30,450	31,050
Final	30,600	31,450	31,300	30,400	31,050
Missouri					
September	26,900	26,300	26,500	28,450	26,850
October	26,950	26,200	26,300	27,950	27,200
November	26,950	26,300	26,350	27,900	27,100
Final	26,950	26,300	26,350	27,900	27,100

State and month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Nebraska					
All corn					
September	26,650	25,850	26,300	26,300	26,700
October	26,950	25,000	26,700	25,750	26,600
November	26,800	24,950	26,600	25,800	26,550
Final	26,800	24,950	26,600	25,850	26,700
Irrigated					
September	29,000	28,900	29,350	28,400	28,200
October	29,600	28,350	29,800	27,750	27,850
November	29,500	28,300	29,700	27,750	27,650
Final	29,500	28,300	29,700	27,750	27,650
Non-irrigated					
September	24,250	22,700	23,150	23,600	25,150
October	24,200	21,600	23,500	23,200	25,300
November	24,050	21,600	23,450	23,300	25,450
Final	24,050	21,600	23,450	23,450	25,450
Ohio					
September	30,650	29,250	29,850	30,800	30,800
October	30,350	29,250	30,400	30,550	30,400
November	30,350	29,550	29,950	30,450	30,200
Final	30,350	29,500	29,950	30,450	30,100
South Dakota					
September	26,250	25,300	25,900	26,200	24,500
October	26,150	24,700	25,950	25,300	24,500
November	25,400	24,250	26,150	25,250	24,500
Final	25,400	24,250	26,150	25,250	24,800
Wisconsin					
September	30,100	29,900	30,450	30,050	29,250
October	29,500	29,550	30,200	30,400	29,650
November	29,400	29,400	30,200	30,400	28,950
Final	29,400	29,400	30,200	30,550	29,100
10-State					
September	29,050	28,650	29,400	28,950	28,700
October	28,950	28,500	29,350	28,650	28,550
November	28,850	28,450	29,350	28,650	28,500
Final	28,850	28,450	29,350	28,700	28,550

Corn for Grain Percentage Distribution by Plant Population per Acre – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and year	Plant populations					
	Less than 20,000	20,000-22,500	22,501-25,000	25,001-27,500	27,501-30,000	More than 30,000
	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)
Illinois 2021	1.6	0.8	1.6	7.1	19.0	69.9
2022	-	-	1.6	6.5	14.6	77.3
2023	0.8	0.8	2.3	2.3	15.6	78.2
2024	-	0.9	1.8	5.4	13.4	78.5
2025	2.5	-	0.8	9.3	9.3	78.1
Indiana 2021	1.6	1.6	6.3	14.3	25.4	50.8
2022	3.7	5.6	7.4	14.8	22.2	46.3
2023	-	1.5	1.5	11.9	20.9	64.2
2024	1.6	4.9	1.6	6.6	19.7	65.6
2025	8.5	1.7	6.8	10.2	11.9	60.9
Iowa 2021	-	1.6	2.4	5.5	12.6	77.9
2022	0.7	0.7	0.7	3.3	17.6	77.0
2023	0.7	-	0.7	8.1	16.8	73.7
2024	1.5	2.9	4.4	8.1	18.4	64.7
2025	1.6	2.4	1.6	6.3	23.0	65.1
Kansas 2021	26.3	13.1	24.2	15.2	9.1	12.1
2022	19.2	9.6	20.5	11.0	20.5	19.2
2023	13.8	13.8	20.0	12.5	26.1	13.8
2024	24.6	18.8	27.7	7.2	13.0	8.7
2025	35.6	17.9	17.9	11.6	10.7	6.3
Minnesota 2021	1.1	4.3	2.2	4.3	28.3	59.8
2022	1.8	2.6	1.8	7.0	14.9	71.9
2023	2.0	2.9	2.9	10.8	9.8	71.6
2024	1.1	1.1	5.7	5.7	23.0	63.4
2025	1.7	0.9	1.7	8.6	20.7	66.4
Missouri 2021	2.6	5.3	14.5	18.4	44.7	14.5
2022	6.4	9.0	17.9	10.3	28.2	28.2
2023	7.6	5.1	16.5	8.9	35.3	26.6
2024	2.4	2.4	15.9	13.4	34.2	31.7
2025	6.7	5.6	13.3	17.8	32.2	24.4
Nebraska 2021	15.8	2.5	14.2	14.2	20.0	33.3
2022	7.0	13.2	10.9	16.3	26.2	26.4
2023	11.7	10.8	5.0	17.5	26.7	28.3
2024	16.9	12.1	12.1	14.5	16.1	28.3
2025	17.5	7.8	10.7	9.7	17.5	36.8
Ohio 2021	2.3	1.1	4.6	9.2	32.2	50.6
2022	2.4	3.5	3.5	15.3	28.2	47.1
2023	2.9	6.9	7.8	11.8	17.6	53.0
2024	1.2	-	3.5	8.1	18.6	68.6
2025	1.4	1.4	5.7	10.0	21.4	60.1
South Dakota 2021	14.5	1.8	21.8	25.5	20.0	16.4
2022	8.3	12.5	18.8	27.0	16.7	16.7
2023	10.0	10.0	18.0	18.0	20.0	24.0
2024	13.5	15.4	11.5	26.9	15.4	17.3
2025	10.0	16.0	26.0	30.0	12.0	6.0
Wisconsin 2021	1.5	4.5	4.5	10.6	28.8	50.1
2022	4.2	4.2	-	14.1	16.9	60.6
2023	-	1.4	5.7	17.1	21.4	54.4
2024	-	-	6.3	12.5	25.0	56.2
2025	1.8	1.8	8.9	12.5	25.0	50.0

- Represents zero.

Corn for Grain Frequency of Farmer Reported Row Widths – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and year	Row width (inches)				
	Less than 30	30	36	38	More than 38
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Illinois 2021	3	127	-	-	-
2022	1	126	2	-	-
2023	8	124	1	-	-
2024	4	115	-	-	-
2025	6	114	-	-	-
Indiana 2021	1	63	-	-	-
2022	1	57	-	-	-
2023	2	69	-	-	-
2024	4	60	-	-	1
2025	3	61	-	-	-
Iowa 2021	4	126	2	-	-
2022	6	149	-	-	-
2023	5	145	1	-	-
2024	9	130	1	-	-
2025	13	118	-	1	-
Kansas 2021	14	91	-	-	-
2022	4	85	-	-	-
2023	3	91	-	-	-
2024	2	84	-	-	-
2025	9	107	2	-	-
Minnesota 2021	22	73	-	1	-
2022	17	99	1	-	-
2023	24	76	2	1	-
2024	16	84	-	1	-
2025	19	99	-	1	-
Missouri 2021	2	72	1	5	-
2022	5	69	1	4	-
2023	1	73	3	1	-
2024	3	83	-	2	-
2025	8	83	1	6	-
Nebraska 2021	-	108	20	-	-
2022	1	134	14	-	-
2023	2	119	12	1	-
2024	5	126	8	-	-
2025	-	110	8	-	1
Ohio 2021	3	83	1	-	-
2022	5	86	-	-	-
2023	5	96	1	1	-
2024	3	82	1	-	-
2025	3	74	1	-	-
South Dakota 2021	3	55	2	-	-
2022	6	45	1	-	-
2023	3	51	1	1	-
2024	5	54	-	-	-
2025	7	52	-	-	-
Wisconsin 2021	2	71	2	2	-
2022	2	72	1	1	-
2023	2	70	5	-	-
2024	2	70	2	1	-
2025	3	67	2	1	-

- Represents zero.

Corn for Grain Percentage Distribution by Measured Row Width and Average Row Width – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and year	Samples	Row width (inches)						Average row width
		20.5 or less	20.6-30.5	30.6-34.5	34.6-36.5	36.6-38.5	38.6 or greater	
	(number)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(inches)
Illinois 2021	126	1.6	80.1	18.3	-	-	-	30.0
2022	123	-	82.1	16.3	1.6	-	-	30.1
2023	128	3.1	83.6	13.3	-	-	-	29.8
2024	112	1.8	86.6	11.6	-	-	-	29.8
2025	118	5.1	78.0	16.9	-	-	-	29.7
Indiana 2021	63	1.6	79.4	19.0	-	-	-	30.1
2022	54	-	72.2	27.8	-	-	-	30.3
2023	67	1.5	71.6	26.9	-	-	-	30.0
2024	61	0.0	78.7	16.4	-	3.3	1.6	30.7
2025	59	1.7	78.0	20.3	-	-	-	30.0
Iowa 2021	127	3.9	82.7	12.6	0.8	-	-	29.7
2022	153	2.6	78.4	19.0	-	-	-	29.9
2023	149	1.3	75.8	21.5	0.7	0.7	-	30.1
2024	136	3.7	84.6	10.3	0.7	0.7	-	29.8
2025	126	2.4	84.1	11.1	-	2.4	-	29.6
Kansas 2021	99	3.0	83.9	13.1	-	-	-	29.9
2022	73	4.1	78.1	17.8	-	-	-	29.5
2023	80	2.5	81.2	12.5	2.5	1.3	-	29.9
2024	69	-	87.0	11.6	1.4	-	-	30.1
2025	112	3.6	75.0	19.6	1.8	-	-	29.9
Minnesota 2021	92	3.3	88.0	7.6	-	1.1	-	28.5
2022	114	-	83.3	15.8	0.9	-	-	29.2
2023	102	4.9	82.3	10.8	1.0	-	1.0	28.5
2024	87	3.4	88.6	6.9	-	-	1.1	28.8
2025	116	5.2	84.4	9.5	-	-	0.9	28.7
Missouri 2021	76	2.6	76.3	13.2	1.3	6.6	-	30.5
2022	78	3.8	69.2	19.2	2.6	2.6	2.6	30.8
2023	79	1.3	81.0	12.7	2.5	2.5	-	30.4
2024	82	2.4	83.0	12.2	-	1.2	1.2	30.1
2025	90	2.2	71.1	17.8	-	6.7	2.2	30.5
Nebraska 2021	120	-	69.2	15.8	14.2	0.8	-	30.9
2022	129	0.8	65.8	24.0	7.8	1.6	-	30.8
2023	120	-	68.3	21.7	5.0	5.0	-	30.8
2024	124	1.6	64.6	29.0	2.4	2.4	-	30.5
2025	103	-	70.9	19.4	6.8	2.9	-	30.9
Ohio 2021	87	3.4	82.9	12.6	1.1	-	-	29.9
2022	85	4.7	87.1	8.2	-	-	-	29.7
2023	102	3.9	77.4	16.7	1.0	1.0	-	29.9
2024	86	2.3	89.5	7.0	1.2	-	-	29.9
2025	70	2.9	81.4	14.3	1.4	-	-	30.0
South Dakota 2021	55	1.8	76.4	14.5	1.8	5.5	-	30.2
2022	48	6.3	79.1	10.4	2.1	2.1	-	29.3
2023	50	4.0	64.0	28.0	2.0	2.0	-	30.1
2024	52	7.7	71.1	21.2	-	-	-	29.3
2025	50	8.0	62.0	30.0	-	-	-	29.3
Wisconsin 2021	66	-	71.3	22.7	1.5	4.5	-	30.5
2022	71	-	63.4	31.0	2.8	1.4	1.4	30.6
2023	70	-	72.8	24.3	2.9	-	-	30.3
2024	64	-	79.6	17.2	1.6	-	1.6	30.1
2025	56	1.8	74.9	17.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	30.3

- Represents zero.

Sorghum Area Planted for All Purposes and Harvested for Grain, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted for all purposes			Area harvested for grain		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Colorado	510	535	545	460	460	500
Kansas	3,600	3,000	3,000	3,250	2,800	2,800
Nebraska	340	290	250	225	260	205
Oklahoma	410	370	440	350	330	405
South Dakota	335	420	255	280	305	210
Texas	2,000	1,700	2,150	1,550	1,450	1,900
United States	7,195	6,315	6,640	6,115	5,605	6,020

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Colorado	32.0	30.0	52.0	14,720	13,800	26,000
Kansas	52.0	65.0	90.0	169,000	182,000	252,000
Nebraska	73.0	85.0	87.0	16,425	22,100	17,835
Oklahoma	47.0	39.0	58.0	16,450	12,870	23,490
South Dakota	90.0	76.0	80.0	25,200	23,180	16,800
Texas	49.0	62.0	53.0	75,950	89,900	100,700
United States	52.0	61.3	72.6	317,745	343,850	436,825

Sorghum for Silage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Colorado	25	17	12	14.0	11.0	12.0	350	187	144
Kansas	90	45	140	12.0	12.5	15.5	1,080	563	2,170
Nebraska	40	18	35	14.0	8.3	14.0	560	149	490
Oklahoma	14	21	21	14.0	15.0	11.0	196	315	231
South Dakota	30	65	30	13.0	11.5	13.5	390	748	405
Texas	185	140	210	13.0	15.0	18.5	2,405	2,100	3,885
United States	384	306	448	13.0	13.3	16.4	4,981	4,062	7,325

Oat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted [1]			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Arkansas [2]	8	(NA)	(NA)	5	(NA)	(NA)
California [2]	90	(NA)	(NA)	5	(NA)	(NA)
Georgia	55	65	85	15	21	20
Idaho	45	40	40	12	10	14
Illinois	55	50	50	17	17	14
Iowa	190	145	120	95	73	50
Kansas	185	160	160	30	26	35
Maine	22	20	18	21	16	17
Michigan	50	50	45	25	33	21
Minnesota	165	205	245	87	140	165
Missouri [2]	32	(NA)	(NA)	9	(NA)	(NA)
Montana	65	65	80	22	27	38
Nebraska	155	120	125	24	36	20
New York	61	60	43	44	40	30
North Carolina	37	41	43	14	14	16
North Dakota	280	285	335	105	137	175
Ohio	40	40	50	15	20	30
Oklahoma [2]	140	(NA)	(NA)	13	(NA)	(NA)
Oregon	20	20	13	12	11	5
Pennsylvania	70	74	68	47	51	46
South Dakota	265	270	315	69	88	135
Texas	390	380	385	70	68	48
Wisconsin	135	145	150	75	66	65
United States	2,555	2,235	2,370	831	894	944

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Oat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Arkansas [2]	62.0	(NA)	(NA)	310	(NA)	(NA)
California [2]	75.0	(NA)	(NA)	375	(NA)	(NA)
Georgia	61.0	62.0	59.0	915	1,302	1,180
Idaho	91.0	92.0	60.0	1,092	920	840
Illinois	90.0	93.0	99.0	1,530	1,581	1,386
Iowa	80.0	82.0	92.0	7,600	5,986	4,600
Kansas	66.0	66.0	58.0	1,980	1,716	2,030
Maine	62.0	73.0	86.0	1,302	1,168	1,462
Michigan	66.0	66.0	72.0	1,650	2,178	1,512
Minnesota	77.0	88.0	87.0	6,699	12,320	14,355
Missouri [2]	68.0	(NA)	(NA)	612	(NA)	(NA)
Montana	37.0	33.0	44.0	814	891	1,672
Nebraska	53.0	69.0	50.0	1,272	2,484	1,000
New York	60.0	65.0	54.0	2,640	2,600	1,620
North Carolina	77.0	73.0	73.0	1,078	1,022	1,168
North Dakota	76.0	98.0	77.0	7,980	13,426	13,475
Ohio	76.0	68.0	74.0	1,140	1,360	2,220
Oklahoma [2]	60.0	(NA)	(NA)	780	(NA)	(NA)
Oregon	79.0	98.0	80.0	948	1,078	400
Pennsylvania	61.0	59.0	52.0	2,867	3,009	2,392
South Dakota	74.0	88.0	86.0	5,106	7,744	11,610
Texas	54.0	46.0	53.0	3,780	3,128	2,544
Wisconsin	61.0	67.0	64.0	4,575	4,422	4,160
United States	68.6	76.4	73.8	57,045	68,335	69,626

(NA) Not available.
[1] Includes area planted in preceding fall.
[2] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Barley Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted [1]			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alaska	7	7	7	6	5	6
Arizona	17	13	10	15	12	9
California	45	47	40	22	24	22
Colorado	55	57	44	52	40	38
Delaware	21	21	20	12	14	13
Idaho	570	530	520	540	510	490
Kansas	16	9	9	5	3	4
Maine	11	10	7	9	9	6
Maryland	31	31	31	13	19	18
Michigan	7	8	8	6	6	4
Minnesota	60	34	41	54	21	21
Montana	1,190	910	780	1,030	720	585
New York	9	8	6	5	5	5
North Carolina	16	16	15	10	10	10
North Dakota	690	370	450	570	285	360
Oregon	43	31	28	24	20	22
Pennsylvania	47	40	47	28	30	26
South Dakota	38	34	41	9	5	10
Utah	16	15	16	14	12	10
Virginia	30	24	27	6	9	6
Washington	95	80	69	84	70	49
Wisconsin	12	11	12	2	5	3
Wyoming	83	75	71	58	51	44
United States	3,109	2,381	2,299	2,574	1,885	1,761

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Barley Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alaska	38.0	46.0	47.0	228	230	282
Arizona	132.0	102.0	107.0	1,980	1,224	963
California	75.0	58.0	72.0	1,650	1,392	1,584
Colorado	131.0	145.0	126.0	6,812	5,800	4,788
Delaware	95.0	85.0	95.0	1,140	1,190	1,235
Idaho	112.0	109.0	112.0	60,480	55,590	54,880
Kansas	29.0	75.0	51.0	145	225	204
Maine	45.0	65.0	79.0	405	585	474
Maryland	96.0	82.0	96.0	1,248	1,558	1,728
Michigan	60.0	45.0	57.0	360	270	228
Minnesota	74.0	70.0	75.0	3,996	1,470	1,575
Montana	49.0	51.0	54.0	50,470	36,720	31,590
New York	65.0	60.0	54.0	325	300	270
North Carolina	76.0	75.0	71.0	760	750	710
North Dakota	71.0	74.0	78.0	40,470	21,090	28,080
Oregon	33.0	47.0	43.0	792	940	946
Pennsylvania	81.0	81.0	80.0	2,268	2,430	2,080
South Dakota	52.0	57.0	50.0	468	285	500
Utah	73.0	90.0	74.0	1,022	1,080	740
Virginia	83.0	84.0	87.0	498	756	522
Washington	53.0	66.0	49.0	4,452	4,620	2,401
Wisconsin	63.0	45.0	47.0	126	225	141
Wyoming	104.0	112.0	112.0	6,032	5,712	4,928
United States	72.3	76.6	80.0	186,127	144,442	140,849

[1] Includes area planted in preceding fall.

All Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted [1]			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	205	110	110	145	60	60
Arizona	38	59	50	37	58	49
Arkansas	230	130	110	165	85	70
California	338	350	305	97	108	124
Colorado	2,300	2,100	2,100	1,730	1,840	1,870
Delaware	80	70	53	69	52	41
Georgia	195	145	165	85	60	65
Idaho	1,170	1,210	1,215	1,035	1,135	1,140
Illinois	840	770	780	780	700	700
Indiana	405	310	320	335	240	240
Kansas	8,100	7,600	7,300	5,750	7,150	6,800
Kentucky	610	560	490	460	390	330
Maryland	340	325	315	195	180	160
Michigan	600	400	530	560	375	490
Minnesota	1,300	1,220	1,150	1,260	1,180	1,100
Mississippi	120	60	65	95	35	45
Missouri	780	680	640	600	485	460
Montana	5,255	5,330	5,290	4,985	5,080	4,920
Nebraska	1,130	1,000	950	880	920	805
New Jersey [2]	34	(NA)	(NA)	32	(NA)	(NA)
New Mexico	405	375	365	85	150	150
New York	150	135	150	120	120	110
North Carolina	480	410	350	400	330	270
North Dakota	6,610	6,575	6,430	6,500	6,475	6,325
Ohio	650	530	570	590	475	530
Oklahoma	4,550	4,400	4,150	2,450	2,900	2,800
Oregon	740	750	750	720	730	740
Pennsylvania	280	250	260	230	200	185
South Carolina	110	80	80	95	65	60
South Dakota	1,660	1,520	1,460	1,320	1,395	1,270
Tennessee	470	385	345	390	325	265
Texas	6,400	5,500	5,500	2,100	2,600	2,300
Utah	105	115	115	87	99	98
Virginia	200	150	130	135	85	70
Washington	2,300	2,295	2,325	2,240	2,240	2,260
Wisconsin	280	265	300	230	220	250
Wyoming	115	110	110	90	91	89
United States	49,575	46,274	45,328	37,077	38,633	37,241

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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All Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	75.0	71.0	71.0	10,875	4,260	4,260
Arizona	103.0	109.0	117.0	3,811	6,322	5,733
Arkansas	57.0	56.0	57.0	9,405	4,760	3,990
California	86.0	84.4	90.4	8,338	9,114	11,210
Colorado	41.0	35.0	38.0	70,930	64,400	71,060
Delaware	92.0	72.0	86.0	6,348	3,744	3,526
Georgia	55.0	59.0	66.0	4,675	3,540	4,290
Idaho	86.1	89.0	93.5	89,110	101,015	106,560
Illinois	87.0	86.0	88.0	67,860	60,200	61,600
Indiana	92.0	89.0	89.0	30,820	21,360	21,360
Kansas	35.0	43.0	51.0	201,250	307,450	346,800
Kentucky	88.0	75.0	81.0	40,480	29,250	26,730
Maryland	85.0	75.0	79.0	16,575	13,500	12,640
Michigan	83.0	87.0	90.0	46,480	32,625	44,100
Minnesota	62.0	68.5	69.0	78,120	80,830	75,900
Mississippi	52.0	50.0	60.0	4,940	1,750	2,700
Missouri	70.0	75.0	80.0	42,000	36,375	36,800
Montana	37.2	34.1	36.9	185,505	173,420	181,690
Nebraska	42.0	52.0	47.0	36,960	47,840	37,835
New Jersey [2]	82.0	(NA)	(NA)	2,624	(NA)	(NA)
New Mexico	11.0	12.0	31.0	935	1,800	4,650
New York	81.0	75.0	71.0	9,720	9,000	7,810
North Carolina	70.0	57.0	60.0	28,000	18,810	16,200
North Dakota	47.1	56.9	52.8	306,390	368,285	334,055
Ohio	90.0	85.0	86.0	53,100	40,375	45,580
Oklahoma	28.0	38.0	38.0	68,600	110,200	106,400
Oregon	56.0	70.0	71.0	40,320	51,100	52,540
Pennsylvania	76.0	75.0	72.0	17,480	15,000	13,320
South Carolina	58.0	54.0	60.0	5,510	3,510	3,600
South Dakota	45.0	56.6	50.5	59,440	78,995	64,140
Tennessee	80.0	75.0	74.0	31,200	24,375	19,610
Texas	37.0	31.0	37.0	77,700	80,600	85,100
Utah	53.0	49.0	51.0	4,611	4,851	4,998
Virginia	78.0	66.0	66.0	10,530	5,610	4,620
Washington	50.5	64.1	62.6	113,120	143,570	141,460
Wisconsin	76.0	82.0	76.0	17,480	18,040	19,000
Wyoming	30.0	31.0	30.0	2,700	2,821	2,670
United States	48.7	51.2	53.3	1,803,942	1,978,697	1,984,537

(NA) Not available.
[1] Includes area planted in preceding fall.
[2] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Winter Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted [1]			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	205	110	110	145	60	60
Arkansas	230	130	110	165	85	70
California	320	325	290	80	85	110
Colorado	2,300	2,100	2,100	1,730	1,840	1,870
Delaware	80	70	53	69	52	41
Georgia	195	145	165	85	60	65
Idaho	750	760	780	630	700	720
Illinois	840	770	780	780	700	700
Indiana	405	310	320	335	240	240
Kansas	8,100	7,600	7,300	5,750	7,150	6,800
Kentucky	610	560	490	460	390	330
Maryland	340	325	315	195	180	160
Michigan	600	400	530	560	375	490
Mississippi	120	60	65	95	35	45
Missouri	780	680	640	600	485	460
Montana	1,850	1,950	2,250	1,680	1,830	2,120
Nebraska	1,130	1,000	950	880	920	805
New Jersey [2]	34	(NA)	(NA)	32	(NA)	(NA)
New Mexico	405	375	365	85	150	150
New York	150	135	150	120	120	110
North Carolina	480	410	350	400	330	270
North Dakota	155	125	100	145	120	85
Ohio	650	530	570	590	475	530
Oklahoma	4,550	4,400	4,150	2,450	2,900	2,800
Oregon	740	750	750	720	730	740
Pennsylvania	280	250	260	230	200	185
South Carolina	110	80	80	95	65	60
South Dakota	920	860	780	670	760	630
Tennessee	470	385	345	390	325	265
Texas	6,400	5,500	5,500	2,100	2,600	2,300
Utah	105	115	115	87	99	98
Virginia	200	150	130	135	85	70
Washington	1,800	1,800	1,850	1,750	1,750	1,790
Wisconsin	280	265	300	230	220	250
Wyoming	115	110	110	90	91	89
United States	36,699	33,535	33,153	24,558	26,207	25,508

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Winter Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	75.0	71.0	71.0	10,875	4,260	4,260
Arkansas	57.0	56.0	57.0	9,405	4,760	3,990
California	80.0	78.0	86.0	6,400	6,630	9,460
Colorado	41.0	35.0	38.0	70,930	64,400	71,060
Delaware	92.0	72.0	86.0	6,348	3,744	3,526
Georgia	55.0	59.0	66.0	4,675	3,540	4,290
Idaho	89.0	89.0	99.0	56,070	62,300	71,280
Illinois	87.0	86.0	88.0	67,860	60,200	61,600
Indiana	92.0	89.0	89.0	30,820	21,360	21,360
Kansas	35.0	43.0	51.0	201,250	307,450	346,800
Kentucky	88.0	75.0	81.0	40,480	29,250	26,730
Maryland	85.0	75.0	79.0	16,575	13,500	12,640
Michigan	83.0	87.0	90.0	46,480	32,625	44,100
Mississippi	52.0	50.0	60.0	4,940	1,750	2,700
Missouri	70.0	75.0	80.0	42,000	36,375	36,800
Montana	51.0	50.0	47.0	85,680	91,500	99,640
Nebraska	42.0	52.0	47.0	36,960	47,840	37,835
New Jersey [2]	82.0	(NA)	(NA)	2,624	(NA)	(NA)
New Mexico	11.0	12.0	31.0	935	1,800	4,650
New York	81.0	75.0	71.0	9,720	9,000	7,810
North Carolina	70.0	57.0	60.0	28,000	18,810	16,200
North Dakota	56.0	54.0	49.0	8,120	6,480	4,165
Ohio	90.0	85.0	86.0	53,100	40,375	45,580
Oklahoma	28.0	38.0	38.0	68,600	110,200	106,400
Oregon	56.0	70.0	71.0	40,320	51,100	52,540
Pennsylvania	76.0	75.0	72.0	17,480	15,000	13,320
South Carolina	58.0	54.0	60.0	5,510	3,510	3,600
South Dakota	47.0	63.0	50.0	31,490	47,880	31,500
Tennessee	80.0	75.0	74.0	31,200	24,375	19,610
Texas	37.0	31.0	37.0	77,700	80,600	85,100
Utah	53.0	49.0	51.0	4,611	4,851	4,998
Virginia	78.0	66.0	66.0	10,530	5,610	4,620
Washington	54.0	70.0	68.0	94,500	122,500	121,720
Wisconsin	76.0	82.0	76.0	17,480	18,040	19,000
Wyoming	30.0	31.0	30.0	2,700	2,821	2,670
United States	50.6	51.7	54.9	1,242,368	1,354,436	1,401,554

(NA) Not available.
[1] Includes area planted in preceding fall.
[2] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Other Spring Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Idaho	410	450	435	395	435	420
Minnesota	1,300	1,220	1,150	1,260	1,180	1,100
Montana	2,700	2,500	2,150	2,630	2,390	1,950
North Dakota	5,550	5,350	5,100	5,490	5,260	5,030
South Dakota	740	660	680	650	635	640
Washington	500	495	475	490	490	470
United States	11,200	10,675	9,990	10,915	10,390	9,610

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Idaho	82.0	89.0	84.0	32,390	38,715	35,280
Minnesota	62.0	68.5	69.0	78,120	80,830	75,900
Montana	30.0	26.0	29.0	78,900	62,140	56,550
North Dakota	48.5	59.0	55.0	266,265	310,340	276,650
South Dakota	43.0	49.0	51.0	27,950	31,115	32,640
Washington	38.0	43.0	42.0	18,620	21,070	19,740
United States	46.0	52.4	51.7	502,245	544,210	496,760

Durum Wheat Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Arizona	38	59	50	37	58	49
California	18	25	15	17	23	14
Idaho [1]	10	(NA)	(NA)	10	(NA)	(NA)
Montana	705	880	890	675	860	850
North Dakota	905	1,100	1,230	865	1,095	1,210
United States	1,676	2,064	2,185	1,604	2,036	2,123

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Arizona	103.0	109.0	117.0	3,811	6,322	5,733
California	114.0	108.0	125.0	1,938	2,484	1,750
Idaho [1]	65.0	(NA)	(NA)	650	(NA)	(NA)
Montana	31.0	23.0	30.0	20,925	19,780	25,500
North Dakota	37.0	47.0	44.0	32,005	51,465	53,240
United States	37.0	39.3	40.6	59,329	80,051	86,223

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Wheat Production by Class – United States: 2023-2025

[Wheat class estimates are based on the latest available data including both surveys and administrative data]

Crop	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Winter			
Hard red	596,047	773,433	804,443
Soft red	449,017	344,445	352,916
Hard white	13,995	19,586	14,196
Soft white	183,309	216,972	229,999
Spring			
Hard red	465,413	504,757	458,347
Hard white	8,745	9,502	9,568
Soft white	28,087	29,951	28,845
Durum	59,329	80,051	86,223
Total	1,803,942	1,978,697	1,984,537

Rice Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class – States and United States: 2023-2025

Class and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Long grain						
Arkansas	1,220	1,330	1,180	1,215	1,325	1,165
California	11	8	9	11	8	9
Louisiana	390	425	420	387	419	413
Mississippi	121	153	160	120	152	157
Missouri	197	214	209	193	210	205
Texas	125	145	140	119	141	134
United States	2,064	2,275	2,118	2,045	2,255	2,083
Medium grain						
Arkansas	215	117	103	200	104	84
California	470	440	480	467	437	477
Louisiana	78	48	62	75	37	52
Mississippi	-	2	4	-	2	-
Missouri	8	5	4	7	4	3
Texas	24	3	5	23	3	5
United States	795	615	658	772	587	621
Short grain [1]						
Arkansas	1	1	1	1	1	1
California	35	28	35	35	28	35
United States	36	29	36	36	29	36
All rice						
Arkansas	1,436	1,448	1,284	1,416	1,430	1,250
California	516	476	524	513	473	521
Louisiana	468	473	482	462	456	465
Mississippi	121	155	164	120	154	157
Missouri	205	219	213	200	214	208
Texas	149	148	145	142	144	139
United States	2,895	2,919	2,812	2,853	2,871	2,740

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Rice Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Long grain						
Arkansas	7,600	7,670	7,490	92,340	101,628	87,259
California	6,000	5,000	6,600	660	400	594
Louisiana	6,860	6,730	6,690	26,548	28,199	27,630
Mississippi	7,470	7,550	7,430	8,964	11,476	11,665
Missouri	8,010	8,440	7,630	15,459	17,724	15,642
Texas	8,300	8,890	7,840	9,877	12,535	10,506
United States	7,523	7,626	7,359	153,848	171,962	153,296
Medium grain						
Arkansas	7,250	7,290	7,310	14,500	7,582	6,140
California	8,670	8,700	8,600	40,489	38,019	41,022
Louisiana	6,510	6,520	6,410	4,883	2,412	3,333
Mississippi	(X)	6,850	(X)	-	137	-
Missouri	7,510	7,910	7,500	526	316	225
Texas	4,400	4,710	4,650	1,012	141	233
United States	7,955	8,281	8,205	61,410	48,607	50,953
Short grain [1]						
Arkansas	5,500	5,150	5,000	55	52	50
California	7,650	7,030	6,880	2,678	1,968	2,408
United States	7,592	6,966	6,828	2,733	2,020	2,458
All						
Arkansas	7,550	7,640	7,480	106,895	109,262	93,449
California	8,540	8,540	8,450	43,827	40,387	44,024
Louisiana	6,800	6,710	6,660	31,431	30,611	30,963
Mississippi	7,470	7,540	7,430	8,964	11,613	11,665
Missouri	7,990	8,430	7,630	15,985	18,040	15,867
Texas	7,670	8,800	7,730	10,889	12,676	10,739
United States	7,641	7,753	7,544	217,991	222,589	206,707

- Represents zero.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Sweet rice acreage, yield, and production included with short grain.

Rye Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted [1]			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Minnesota	75	80	80	22	20	24
North Dakota	96	84	91	63	58	48
Oklahoma	260	250	260	45	70	56
Pennsylvania	185	175	190	18	28	20
South Dakota	(D)	57	60	(D)	26	20
Wisconsin	240	260	220	15	30	14
Other States [2]	1,437	1,300	1,328	159	170	159
United States	2,293	2,206	2,229	322	402	341

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Minnesota	44.0	47.0	49.0	968	940	1,176
North Dakota	41.0	48.0	45.0	2,583	2,784	2,160
Oklahoma	17.0	27.0	25.0	765	1,890	1,400
Pennsylvania	34.0	39.0	35.0	612	1,092	700
South Dakota	(D)	56.0	55.0	(D)	1,456	1,100
Wisconsin	41.0	39.0	42.0	615	1,170	588
Other States [2]	30.4	31.7	33.6	4,832	5,397	5,335
United States	32.2	36.6	36.5	10,375	14,729	12,459

(D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.
[1] Includes area planted in preceding fall.
[2] For 2023, Other States include Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Michigan, Nebraska, New York, North Carolina, South Dakota, and Texas. For 2024 and 2025, Other States include Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Michigan, Nebraska, New York, North Carolina, and Texas.

Proso Millet Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Colorado	390	345	310	375	305	280
Nebraska	155	110	105	151	101	95
South Dakota	74	26	27	69	21	22
United States	619	481	442	595	427	397

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Colorado	31.5	32.5	35.0	11,813	9,913	9,800
Nebraska	36.5	31.5	37.0	5,512	3,182	3,515
South Dakota	45.0	46.0	42.0	3,105	966	924
United States	34.3	32.9	35.9	20,430	14,061	14,239

All Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
Alabama	680	690	720	2.60	2.70	2.60
Alaska	20	23	23	1.40	1.40	1.35
Arizona	345	310	330	7.55	6.91	7.01
Arkansas	1,162	1,230	1,270	1.90	2.10	2.30
California	830	940	820	5.15	4.94	5.40
Colorado	1,220	1,295	1,150	2.56	2.65	2.79
Connecticut	53	50	45	1.75	2.30	1.91
Delaware	12	10	10	2.83	2.50	2.90
Florida	320	300	300	3.10	2.50	2.30
Georgia	510	480	470	3.10	3.00	2.90
Idaho	1,300	1,250	1,150	4.04	3.65	3.64
Illinois	410	445	450	2.85	3.31	3.24
Indiana	530	480	550	2.40	3.25	2.84
Iowa	1,010	1,000	1,010	2.92	3.49	3.65
Kansas	2,795	2,130	2,400	1.80	1.81	2.53
Kentucky	2,070	2,100	2,295	2.14	2.38	2.33
Louisiana	390	370	410	2.10	2.80	2.20
Maine	128	118	125	1.83	1.85	1.83
Maryland	205	195	185	2.53	2.97	2.54
Massachusetts	54	49	49	1.78	1.98	1.92
Michigan	780	760	760	2.26	2.24	2.82
Minnesota	1,070	1,200	1,280	2.11	3.10	3.34
Mississippi	580	600	560	1.90	2.30	2.40
Missouri	3,855	2,855	2,985	1.25	2.18	2.03
Montana	2,700	2,560	2,160	1.96	1.88	1.99
Nebraska	2,285	2,370	2,300	2.33	2.59	2.42
Nevada	380	350	345	3.81	3.65	3.72
New Hampshire	41	39	36	1.73	1.72	1.72
New Jersey	97	95	101	1.90	1.95	2.10
New Mexico	265	270	255	3.60	3.62	3.10
New York	1,120	1,140	1,120	1.52	2.00	1.89
North Carolina	657	588	509	2.11	2.21	2.40
North Dakota	2,790	1,930	2,390	1.59	1.77	1.88
Ohio	810	790	820	3.03	2.42	2.95
Oklahoma	4,075	3,360	3,335	1.79	1.75	1.98
Oregon	900	930	780	3.09	2.98	3.65
Pennsylvania	1,200	1,160	1,090	2.69	2.68	2.33
Rhode Island	6	6	6	2.17	1.50	1.67
South Carolina	260	260	250	2.70	2.40	2.50
South Dakota	2,955	2,880	2,640	2.07	2.03	2.16
Tennessee	1,716	1,645	1,715	2.21	2.21	2.11
Texas	4,685	4,910	5,100	1.87	2.44	1.88
Utah	660	700	650	3.77	3.74	3.91
Vermont	165	150	158	1.73	1.96	1.86
Virginia	1,155	970	1,085	2.13	2.22	2.33
Washington	790	620	650	3.99	4.01	3.76
West Virginia	610	607	615	1.72	1.52	1.71
Wisconsin	1,030	1,290	1,150	2.17	3.03	3.02
Wyoming	1,090	890	950	2.33	2.19	2.03
United States	52,771	49,390	49,557	2.25	2.48	2.48

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All Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Alabama	1,768	1,863	1,872
Alaska	28	32	31
Arizona	2,604	2,143	2,312
Arkansas	2,210	2,583	2,921
California	4,275	4,640	4,424
Colorado	3,122	3,428	3,204
Connecticut	93	115	86
Delaware	34	25	29
Florida	992	750	690
Georgia	1,581	1,440	1,363
Idaho	5,250	4,567	4,183
Illinois	1,167	1,475	1,457
Indiana	1,273	1,560	1,563
Iowa	2,946	3,492	3,691
Kansas	5,023	3,862	6,062
Kentucky	4,428	5,000	5,345
Louisiana	819	1,036	902
Maine	234	218	229
Maryland	519	579	470
Massachusetts	96	97	94
Michigan	1,766	1,703	2,146
Minnesota	2,257	3,720	4,280
Mississippi	1,102	1,380	1,344
Missouri	4,831	6,212	6,070
Montana	5,303	4,815	4,296
Nebraska	5,330	6,135	5,569
Nevada	1,446	1,276	1,284
New Hampshire	71	67	62
New Jersey	184	185	212
New Mexico	953	978	791
New York	1,702	2,280	2,121
North Carolina	1,383	1,299	1,222
North Dakota	4,428	3,417	4,486
Ohio	2,457	1,911	2,420
Oklahoma	7,313	5,895	6,609
Oregon	2,780	2,772	2,849
Pennsylvania	3,228	3,107	2,542
Rhode Island	13	9	10
South Carolina	702	624	625
South Dakota	6,123	5,840	5,704
Tennessee	3,790	3,637	3,615
Texas	8,748	11,960	9,590
Utah	2,487	2,620	2,540
Vermont	285	294	294
Virginia	2,464	2,158	2,527
Washington	3,149	2,488	2,444
West Virginia	1,051	920	1,053
Wisconsin	2,235	3,904	3,473
Wyoming	2,545	1,951	1,925
United States	118,588	122,462	123,031

Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures for Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
Arizona	280	270	280	8.30	7.30	7.40
Arkansas [1]	2	(NA)	(NA)	3.00	(NA)	(NA)
California	480	480	460	6.50	6.60	6.80
Colorado	650	675	620	3.40	3.70	3.80
Connecticut	5	5	5	2.10	2.10	2.00
Delaware	4	3	3	3.20	2.50	3.50
Idaho	1,000	940	870	4.50	4.10	4.10
Illinois	180	260	265	3.80	3.75	3.65
Indiana	270	240	270	2.50	3.70	3.30
Iowa	750	720	720	3.20	3.80	4.20
Kansas	735	580	490	3.05	2.65	3.60
Kentucky	90	100	95	3.00	3.00	3.00
Maine	8	8	10	2.30	2.50	2.20
Maryland	45	40	35	3.00	4.40	4.00
Massachusetts	4	3	4	1.50	1.50	2.10
Michigan	550	550	550	2.50	2.60	3.10
Minnesota	660	680	760	2.55	3.75	3.75
Missouri	205	255	285	2.20	2.95	2.35
Montana	1,650	1,500	1,400	2.10	2.15	2.20
Nebraska	850	810	865	3.40	4.30	3.70
Nevada	240	220	215	4.80	4.50	4.70
New Hampshire	5	5	5	2.00	1.80	1.20
New Jersey	12	12	11	2.60	3.00	2.90
New Mexico	155	150	115	4.80	5.00	4.20
New York	200	250	210	2.30	2.00	2.30
North Carolina	7	8	9	2.60	2.90	2.45
North Dakota	1,530	940	1,290	1.70	1.95	1.90
Ohio	290	290	320	3.90	3.40	3.50
Oklahoma	175	260	235	3.90	3.00	2.40
Oregon	320	330	350	4.70	4.40	4.70
Pennsylvania	270	270	230	3.00	3.10	3.20
Rhode Island	1	1	1	2.00	1.50	2.20
South Dakota	1,690	1,450	1,490	2.35	2.40	2.40
Tennessee	16	15	15	3.10	3.40	3.00
Texas	85	110	100	5.50	4.00	3.40
Utah	490	520	480	4.00	4.00	4.30
Vermont	15	15	13	3.00	1.60	1.40
Virginia	35	30	35	3.20	3.00	3.20
Washington	410	340	340	4.90	4.60	5.00
West Virginia	10	7	15	3.10	2.80	2.20
Wisconsin	640	830	710	2.70	3.65	3.90
Wyoming	590	440	500	3.00	2.90	2.50
United States	15,604	14,612	14,676	3.19	3.41	3.42

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures for Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Arizona	2,324	1,971	2,072
Arkansas [1]	6	(NA)	(NA)
California	3,120	3,168	3,128
Colorado	2,210	2,498	2,356
Connecticut	11	11	10
Delaware	13	8	11
Idaho	4,500	3,854	3,567
Illinois	684	975	967
Indiana	675	888	891
Iowa	2,400	2,736	3,024
Kansas	2,242	1,537	1,764
Kentucky	270	300	285
Maine	18	20	22
Maryland	135	176	140
Massachusetts	6	5	8
Michigan	1,375	1,430	1,705
Minnesota	1,683	2,550	2,850
Missouri	451	752	670
Montana	3,465	3,225	3,080
Nebraska	2,890	3,483	3,201
Nevada	1,152	990	1,011
New Hampshire	10	9	6
New Jersey	31	36	32
New Mexico	744	750	483
New York	460	500	483
North Carolina	18	23	22
North Dakota	2,601	1,833	2,451
Ohio	1,131	986	1,120
Oklahoma	683	780	564
Oregon	1,504	1,452	1,645
Pennsylvania	810	837	736
Rhode Island	2	2	2
South Dakota	3,972	3,480	3,576
Tennessee	50	51	45
Texas	468	440	340
Utah	1,960	2,080	2,064
Vermont	45	24	18
Virginia	112	90	112
Washington	2,009	1,564	1,700
West Virginia	31	20	33
Wisconsin	1,728	3,030	2,769
Wyoming	1,770	1,276	1,250
United States	49,769	49,840	50,213

(NA) Not available.

[1] Beginning in 2024, alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures are included in all other hay.

All Other Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
Alabama [1]	680	690	720	2.60	2.70	2.60
Alaska [1]	20	23	23	1.40	1.40	1.35
Arizona	65	40	50	4.30	4.30	4.80
Arkansas [2]	1,160	1,230	1,270	1.90	2.10	2.30
California	350	460	360	3.30	3.20	3.60
Colorado	570	620	530	1.60	1.50	1.60
Connecticut	48	45	40	1.70	2.30	1.90
Delaware	8	7	7	2.60	2.40	2.60
Florida [1]	320	300	300	3.10	2.50	2.30
Georgia [1]	510	480	470	3.10	3.00	2.90
Idaho	300	310	280	2.50	2.30	2.20
Illinois	230	185	185	2.10	2.70	2.65
Indiana	260	240	280	2.30	2.80	2.40
Iowa	260	280	290	2.10	2.70	2.30
Kansas	2,060	1,550	1,910	1.35	1.50	2.25
Kentucky	1,980	2,000	2,200	2.10	2.35	2.30
Louisiana [1]	390	370	410	2.10	2.80	2.20
Maine	120	110	115	1.80	1.80	1.80
Maryland	160	155	150	2.40	2.60	2.20
Massachusetts	50	46	45	1.80	2.00	1.90
Michigan	230	210	210	1.70	1.30	2.10
Minnesota	410	520	520	1.40	2.25	2.75
Mississippi [1]	580	600	560	1.90	2.30	2.40
Missouri	3,650	2,600	2,700	1.20	2.10	2.00
Montana	1,050	1,060	760	1.75	1.50	1.60
Nebraska	1,435	1,560	1,435	1.70	1.70	1.65
Nevada	140	130	130	2.10	2.20	2.10
New Hampshire	36	34	31	1.70	1.70	1.80
New Jersey	85	83	90	1.80	1.80	2.00
New Mexico	110	120	140	1.90	1.90	2.20
New York	920	890	910	1.35	2.00	1.80
North Carolina	650	580	500	2.10	2.20	2.40
North Dakota	1,260	990	1,100	1.45	1.60	1.85
Ohio	520	500	500	2.55	1.85	2.60
Oklahoma	3,900	3,100	3,100	1.70	1.65	1.95
Oregon	580	600	430	2.20	2.20	2.80
Pennsylvania	930	890	860	2.60	2.55	2.10
Rhode Island	5	5	5	2.10	1.40	1.50
South Carolina [1]	260	260	250	2.70	2.40	2.50
South Dakota	1,265	1,430	1,150	1.70	1.65	1.85
Tennessee	1,700	1,630	1,700	2.20	2.20	2.10
Texas	4,600	4,800	5,000	1.80	2.40	1.85
Utah	170	180	170	3.10	3.00	2.80
Vermont	150	135	145	1.60	2.00	1.90
Virginia	1,120	940	1,050	2.10	2.20	2.30
Washington	380	280	310	3.00	3.30	2.40
West Virginia	600	600	600	1.70	1.50	1.70
Wisconsin	390	460	440	1.30	1.90	1.60
Wyoming	500	450	450	1.55	1.50	1.50
United States	37,167	34,778	34,881	1.85	2.09	2.09

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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All Other Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Alabama [1]	1,768	1,863	1,872
Alaska [1]	28	32	31
Arizona	280	172	240
Arkansas [2]	2,204	2,583	2,921
California	1,155	1,472	1,296
Colorado	912	930	848
Connecticut	82	104	76
Delaware	21	17	18
Florida [1]	992	750	690
Georgia [1]	1,581	1,440	1,363
Idaho	750	713	616
Illinois	483	500	490
Indiana	598	672	672
Iowa	546	756	667
Kansas	2,781	2,325	4,298
Kentucky	4,158	4,700	5,060
Louisiana [1]	819	1,036	902
Maine	216	198	207
Maryland	384	403	330
Massachusetts	90	92	86
Michigan	391	273	441
Minnesota	574	1,170	1,430
Mississippi [1]	1,102	1,380	1,344
Missouri	4,380	5,460	5,400
Montana	1,838	1,590	1,216
Nebraska	2,440	2,652	2,368
Nevada	294	286	273
New Hampshire	61	58	56
New Jersey	153	149	180
New Mexico	209	228	308
New York	1,242	1,780	1,638
North Carolina	1,365	1,276	1,200
North Dakota	1,827	1,584	2,035
Ohio	1,326	925	1,300
Oklahoma	6,630	5,115	6,045
Oregon	1,276	1,320	1,204
Pennsylvania	2,418	2,270	1,806
Rhode Island	11	7	8
South Carolina [1]	702	624	625
South Dakota	2,151	2,360	2,128
Tennessee	3,740	3,586	3,570
Texas	8,280	11,520	9,250
Utah	527	540	476
Vermont	240	270	276
Virginia	2,352	2,068	2,415
Washington	1,140	924	744
West Virginia	1,020	900	1,020
Wisconsin	507	874	704
Wyoming	775	675	675
United States	68,819	72,622	72,818

[1] Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures included in all other hay.
[2] Beginning in 2024, alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures are included in all other hay.

Forage Production

Forage production is the sum of all dry hay production and haylage/greenchop production after converting the haylage/greenchop production to a dry equivalent basis (13 percent moisture) by multiplying the green weight (weight at harvest) by 0.4943. The conversion factor (0.4943) is based on the assumption that one ton of dry hay is 0.87 ton of dry matter, one ton of haylage is 0.45 ton dry matter and one ton of greenchop is 0.25 ton dry matter. The total haylage/greenchop production is assumed to be comprised of 90 percent haylage and 10 percent greenchop. Therefore, the conversion factor used to adjust haylage/greenchop production to a dry equivalent basis = ((0.45*0.9)+(0.25*0.1))/0.87 = 0.4943. The factors assumed here may vary by State and can be adjusted. Adjustments would result in a slightly different conversion factor.

All Forage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025

[All forage production is the sum of the following dry equivalents: alfalfa hay harvested as dry hay, all other hay harvested as dry hay, alfalfa haylage and greenchop, all other haylage and greenchop; after converting alfalfa and all other haylage and greenchop to a dry equivalent basis]

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
California	990	1,120	900	5.62	5.37	5.99
Idaho	1,390	1,330	1,280	4.42	3.94	3.96
Illinois	420	455	465	3.04	3.60	3.48
Iowa	1,070	1,065	1,110	3.10	3.62	3.70
Kansas	2,880	2,215	2,480	1.82	1.97	2.57
Michigan	960	930	940	2.73	2.73	3.25
Minnesota	1,205	1,445	1,425	2.22	3.31	3.45
Missouri	3,880	2,900	3,010	1.28	2.21	2.06
Nebraska	2,335	2,420	2,345	2.39	2.66	2.47
New York	1,450	1,555	1,411	2.59	2.57	2.65
Ohio	850	850	910	3.30	2.69	3.21
Pennsylvania	1,330	1,335	1,200	3.12	3.06	2.80
South Dakota	3,020	2,910	2,665	2.11	2.06	2.19
Texas	4,740	5,160	5,250	2.02	2.61	2.03
Vermont	305	260	245	3.29	3.61	3.69
Washington	845	650	700	4.08	4.27	3.98
Wisconsin	1,800	2,000	2,050	2.82	3.43	3.42
17 State total	29,470	28,600	28,386	2.50	2.86	2.81

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California	5,560	6,019	5,394
Idaho	6,137	5,239	5,063
Illinois	1,275	1,637	1,616
Iowa	3,312	3,853	4,102
Kansas	5,252	4,366	6,379
Michigan	2,621	2,536	3,055
Minnesota	2,673	4,790	4,920
Missouri	4,976	6,416	6,204
Nebraska	5,591	6,436	5,791
New York	3,756	3,994	3,736
Ohio	2,801	2,289	2,917
Pennsylvania	4,156	4,086	3,364
South Dakota	6,375	5,985	5,836
Texas	9,563	13,459	10,636
Vermont	1,004	939	905
Washington	3,446	2,775	2,787
Wisconsin	5,074	6,858	7,020
17 State total	73,572	81,677	79,725

All Alfalfa Forage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025

[All alfalfa forage production is the sum of alfalfa harvested as dry hay and alfalfa haylage and greenchop production after converting it to a dry equivalent basis]

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
California	510	500	470	6.54	6.64	7.05
Idaho	1,060	1,000	960	4.96	4.43	4.36
Illinois	190	265	280	4.08	4.17	3.92
Iowa	780	750	790	3.37	3.93	4.17
Kansas	740	585	510	3.05	2.75	3.62
Michigan	710	690	700	3.01	3.17	3.63
Minnesota	780	875	875	2.64	3.93	3.86
Missouri	210	260	290	2.24	2.99	2.41
Nebraska	875	825	880	3.41	4.32	3.77
New York	490	530	400	4.10	3.18	3.92
Ohio	330	330	380	4.27	3.80	3.88
Pennsylvania	330	355	260	3.68	3.64	4.46
South Dakota	1,750	1,480	1,510	2.39	2.43	2.42
Texas	90	110	100	5.60	4.15	3.48
Vermont	35	30	25	5.63	5.23	5.12
Washington	430	350	350	4.96	4.79	5.10
Wisconsin	1,310	1,470	1,510	3.21	3.89	3.97
17 State total	10,620	10,405	10,290	3.56	3.77	3.87

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California	3,337	3,319	3,313
Idaho	5,254	4,427	4,190
Illinois	775	1,104	1,098
Iowa	2,630	2,949	3,293
Kansas	2,258	1,611	1,844
Michigan	2,137	2,188	2,541
Minnesota	2,063	3,442	3,379
Missouri	471	778	700
Nebraska	2,985	3,562	3,321
New York	2,008	1,683	1,568
Ohio	1,408	1,253	1,476
Pennsylvania	1,215	1,293	1,160
South Dakota	4,180	3,599	3,649
Texas	504	456	348
Vermont	197	157	128
Washington	2,133	1,678	1,784
Wisconsin	4,207	5,718	5,988
17 State total	37,762	39,217	39,780

All Other Forage Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025

[All other forage production is the sum of other harvested as dry hay and other haylage and greenchop production after converting it to a dry equivalent basis]

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
California	480	620	430	4.63	4.35	4.84
Idaho	330	330	320	2.68	2.46	2.73
Illinois	230	190	185	2.17	2.81	2.80
Iowa	290	315	320	2.35	2.87	2.53
Kansas	2,140	1,630	1,970	1.40	1.69	2.30
Michigan	250	240	240	1.94	1.45	2.14
Minnesota	425	570	550	1.44	2.36	2.80
Missouri	3,670	2,640	2,720	1.23	2.14	2.02
Nebraska	1,460	1,595	1,465	1.78	1.80	1.69
New York	960	1,025	1,011	1.82	2.25	2.14
Ohio	520	520	530	2.68	1.99	2.72
Pennsylvania	1,000	980	940	2.94	2.85	2.34
South Dakota	1,270	1,430	1,155	1.73	1.67	1.89
Texas	4,650	5,050	5,150	1.95	2.57	2.00
Vermont	270	230	220	2.99	3.40	3.53
Washington	415	300	350	3.16	3.66	2.87
Wisconsin	490	530	540	1.77	2.15	1.91
17 State total	18,850	18,195	18,096	1.90	2.33	2.21

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California	2,223	2,700	2,081
Idaho	883	812	873
Illinois	500	533	518
Iowa	682	904	809
Kansas	2,994	2,755	4,535
Michigan	484	348	514
Minnesota	610	1,348	1,541
Missouri	4,505	5,638	5,504
Nebraska	2,606	2,874	2,470
New York	1,748	2,311	2,168
Ohio	1,393	1,036	1,441
Pennsylvania	2,941	2,793	2,204
South Dakota	2,195	2,386	2,187
Texas	9,059	13,003	10,288
Vermont	807	782	777
Washington	1,313	1,097	1,003
Wisconsin	867	1,140	1,032
17 State total	35,810	42,460	39,945

All Haylage and Greenchop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025

[Includes all types of forage harvested as haylage or greenchop (green weight). Forage harvested as dry hay and corn and sorghum silage/greenchop are not included]

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
California	210	230	175	12.37	12.13	11.22
Idaho	155	120	170	11.58	11.33	10.47
Illinois	37	41	40	5.92	7.98	8.05
Iowa	90	90	115	8.23	8.11	7.23
Kansas	115	125	105	4.03	8.16	6.10
Michigan	260	250	230	6.65	6.74	8.00
Minnesota	167	280	195	5.04	7.73	6.64
Missouri	80	105	70	3.66	3.93	3.87
Nebraska	80	65	80	6.60	9.38	5.61
New York	500	530	480	8.31	6.55	6.81
Ohio	110	110	140	6.32	6.95	7.18
Pennsylvania	250	275	240	7.51	7.21	6.93
South Dakota	95	68	60	5.37	4.31	4.47
Texas	184	304	212	8.95	9.97	9.98
Vermont	175	171	155	8.32	7.64	7.98
Washington	76	73	75	7.92	7.95	9.24
Wisconsin	890	855	1,010	6.45	6.99	7.10
17 State total	3,474	3,692	3,552	7.45	7.72	7.55

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California	2,598	2,789	1,963
Idaho	1,795	1,359	1,780
Illinois	219	327	322
Iowa	741	730	831
Kansas	463	1,020	641
Michigan	1,730	1,685	1,839
Minnesota	842	2,164	1,294
Missouri	293	413	271
Nebraska	528	610	449
New York	4,155	3,469	3,268
Ohio	695	765	1,005
Pennsylvania	1,878	1,982	1,664
South Dakota	510	293	268
Texas	1,647	3,032	2,116
Vermont	1,456	1,306	1,237
Washington	602	580	693
Wisconsin	5,744	5,978	7,175
17 State total	25,896	28,502	26,816

Alfalfa Haylage and Greenchop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025

[Includes only alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures that were harvested as haylage or greenchop (green weight). Alfalfa harvested as dry hay is not included]

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
California	60	50	50	7.30	6.10	7.50
Idaho	125	95	120	12.20	12.20	10.50
Illinois	27	30	30	6.80	8.70	8.85
Iowa	50	50	80	9.30	8.60	6.80
Kansas	15	25	30	2.20	6.00	5.35
Michigan	230	210	190	6.70	7.30	8.90
Minnesota	145	220	155	5.30	8.20	6.90
Missouri	10	15	10	4.10	3.50	6.05
Nebraska	40	20	35	4.80	8.00	6.90
New York	335	315	285	9.35	7.60	7.70
Ohio	80	60	90	7.00	9.00	8.00
Pennsylvania	105	130	110	7.80	7.10	7.80
South Dakota	80	60	40	5.25	4.00	3.70
Texas	9	4	2	8.00	8.00	8.00
Vermont	35	31	25	8.80	8.70	8.90
Washington	31	23	20	8.10	10.00	8.50
Wisconsin	760	745	880	6.60	7.30	7.40
17 State total	2,137	2,083	2,152	7.38	7.64	7.67

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California	438	305	375
Idaho	1,525	1,159	1,260
Illinois	184	261	266
Iowa	465	430	544
Kansas	33	150	161
Michigan	1,541	1,533	1,691
Minnesota	769	1,804	1,070
Missouri	41	53	61
Nebraska	192	160	242
New York	3,132	2,394	2,195
Ohio	560	540	720
Pennsylvania	819	923	858
South Dakota	420	240	148
Texas	72	32	16
Vermont	308	270	223
Washington	251	230	170
Wisconsin	5,016	5,439	6,512
17 State total	15,766	15,923	16,512

All Other Haylage and Greenchop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and 17 State Total: 2023-2025

[Includes all types of mixtures excluding alfalfa that were harvested as haylage or greenchop (green weight). All other area harvested as dry hay is not included]

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
California	150	180	125	14.40	13.80	12.70
Idaho	30	25	50	9.00	8.00	10.40
Illinois	10	11	10	3.50	6.00	5.60
Iowa	40	40	35	6.90	7.50	8.20
Kansas	100	100	75	4.30	8.70	6.40
Michigan	30	40	40	6.30	3.80	3.70
Minnesota	22	60	40	3.30	6.00	5.60
Missouri	70	90	60	3.60	4.00	3.50
Nebraska	40	45	45	8.40	10.00	4.60
New York	165	215	195	6.20	5.00	5.50
Ohio	30	50	50	4.50	4.50	5.70
Pennsylvania	145	145	130	7.30	7.30	6.20
South Dakota	15	8	20	6.00	6.60	6.00
Texas	175	300	210	9.00	10.00	10.00
Vermont	140	140	130	8.20	7.40	7.80
Washington	45	50	55	7.80	7.00	9.50
Wisconsin	130	110	130	5.60	4.90	5.10
17 State total	1,337	1,609	1,400	7.58	7.82	7.36

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California	2,160	2,484	1,588
Idaho	270	200	520
Illinois	35	66	56
Iowa	276	300	287
Kansas	430	870	480
Michigan	189	152	148
Minnesota	73	360	224
Missouri	252	360	210
Nebraska	336	450	207
New York	1,023	1,075	1,073
Ohio	135	225	285
Pennsylvania	1,059	1,059	806
South Dakota	90	53	120
Texas	1,575	3,000	2,100
Vermont	1,148	1,036	1,014
Washington	351	350	523
Wisconsin	728	539	663
17 State total	10,130	12,579	10,304

New Seedings of Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area seeded		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Arizona	60	40	45
Arkansas [1]	1	(NA)	(NA)
California	70	85	60
Colorado	80	100	50
Connecticut	1	1	1
Delaware	2	1	1
Idaho	100	115	110
Illinois	25	35	25
Indiana	30	30	35
Iowa	70	80	70
Kansas	90	50	30
Kentucky	8	9	10
Maine	1	2	1
Maryland	1	8	7
Massachusetts	1	1	1
Michigan	50	60	80
Minnesota	75	130	130
Missouri	30	30	35
Montana	95	125	130
Nebraska	115	90	80
Nevada	15	24	30
New Hampshire	1	1	1
New Jersey	2	2	2
New Mexico	20	10	10
New York	70	100	60
North Carolina	2	1	1
North Dakota	60	50	50
Ohio	30	40	60
Oklahoma	70	30	30
Oregon	20	20	20
Pennsylvania	50	50	55
South Dakota	95	110	95
Tennessee	2	1	1
Texas	21	10	20
Utah	60	60	60
Vermont	3	2	2
Virginia	6	6	5
Washington	50	65	40
West Virginia	1	1	2
Wisconsin	210	240	210
Wyoming	50	35	25
United States	1,743	1,850	1,680

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Peanut Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	175.0	190.0	195.0	171.0	188.0	192.0
Arkansas	35.0	45.0	48.0	34.0	44.0	47.0
Florida	160.0	165.0	175.0	152.0	157.0	167.0
Georgia	775.0	850.0	920.0	769.0	844.0	915.0
Mississippi	18.0	26.0	21.0	16.0	25.0	20.0
Missouri [1]	(NA)	24.0	27.0	(NA)	24.0	26.0
New Mexico [2]	11.0	(NA)	(NA)	9.0	(NA)	(NA)
North Carolina	124.0	130.0	140.0	123.0	129.0	139.0
Oklahoma	16.0	19.0	19.0	15.0	18.0	18.0
South Carolina	77.0	82.0	90.0	74.0	79.0	87.0
Texas	225.0	240.0	285.0	165.0	205.0	262.0
Virginia	29.0	30.0	33.0	29.0	30.0	33.0
United States	1,645.0	1,801.0	1,953.0	1,557.0	1,743.0	1,906.0

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Alabama	2,760	3,060	3,400	471,960	575,280	652,800
Arkansas	5,800	5,550	5,000	197,200	244,200	235,000
Florida	3,440	3,500	3,900	522,880	549,500	651,300
Georgia	4,080	3,850	4,050	3,137,520	3,249,400	3,705,750
Mississippi	3,600	3,900	4,000	57,600	97,500	80,000
Missouri [1]	(NA)	5,440	5,200	(NA)	130,560	135,200
New Mexico [2]	2,000	(NA)	(NA)	18,000	(NA)	(NA)
North Carolina	4,200	4,400	3,900	516,600	567,600	542,100
Oklahoma	3,880	4,110	4,300	58,200	73,980	77,400
South Carolina	4,050	3,800	3,600	299,700	300,200	313,200
Texas	2,780	2,680	2,450	458,700	549,400	641,900
Virginia	4,800	5,040	4,400	139,200	151,200	145,200
United States	3,775	3,723	3,767	5,877,560	6,488,820	7,179,850

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates began in 2024.
[2] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Canola Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Idaho [1]	(NA)	97.0	82.0	(NA)	95.0	80.0
Kansas	1.5	8.5	10.5	0.7	8.0	8.0
Minnesota	80.0	110.0	115.0	79.0	108.0	113.0
Montana	165.0	215.0	155.0	160.0	202.0	147.0
North Dakota	1,930.0	2,140.0	1,810.0	1,915.0	2,125.0	1,800.0
Oklahoma	3.0	21.0	16.0	1.5	19.0	11.0
Washington	165.0	160.0	150.0	163.0	157.0	147.0
United States	2,344.5	2,751.5	2,338.5	2,319.2	2,714.0	2,306.0

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Idaho [1]	(NA)	1,600	1,800	(NA)	152,000	144,000
Kansas	600	1,200	1,760	420	9,600	14,080
Minnesota	2,470	2,050	2,310	195,130	221,400	261,030
Montana	1,420	1,030	1,220	227,200	208,060	179,340
North Dakota	1,810	1,860	2,120	3,466,150	3,952,500	3,816,000
Oklahoma	800	1,800	1,050	1,200	34,200	11,550
Washington	1,640	1,820	1,530	267,320	285,740	224,910
United States	1,793	1,792	2,017	4,157,420	4,863,500	4,650,910

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates began in 2024.

Sunflower Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2023-2025

Varietal type and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Oil						
California	28.0	15.5	14.0	27.5	15.4	14.0
Colorado	26.0	23.0	36.0	23.0	18.0	35.0
Kansas	28.0	9.5	25.0	26.0	8.8	24.0
Minnesota	49.0	31.0	81.0	48.0	30.0	80.0
Nebraska	31.0	26.0	36.0	30.0	24.0	35.0
North Dakota	500.0	230.0	510.0	490.0	223.0	495.0
South Dakota	455.0	245.0	430.0	440.0	236.0	420.0
Texas	44.0	14.5	57.0	38.0	11.5	51.0
United States	1,161.0	594.5	1,189.0	1,122.5	566.7	1,154.0
Non-oil						
California	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3
Colorado	8.0	3.0	3.5	5.0	2.5	3.0
Kansas	6.0	1.0	0.5	5.0	1.0	0.5
Minnesota	9.5	6.7	3.3	9.0	6.3	3.1
Nebraska	8.5	2.3	2.3	7.5	2.3	2.1
North Dakota	75.0	75.0	65.0	71.0	71.0	61.0
South Dakota	40.0	34.0	19.0	38.0	31.0	18.5
Texas	6.5	3.5	5.3	5.0	2.0	3.7
United States	154.0	126.0	99.2	141.0	116.6	92.2
All						
California	28.5	16.0	14.3	28.0	15.9	14.3
Colorado	34.0	26.0	39.5	28.0	20.5	38.0
Kansas	34.0	10.5	25.5	31.0	9.8	24.5
Minnesota	58.5	37.7	84.3	57.0	36.3	83.1
Nebraska	39.5	28.3	38.3	37.5	26.3	37.1
North Dakota	575.0	305.0	575.0	561.0	294.0	556.0
South Dakota	495.0	279.0	449.0	478.0	267.0	438.5
Texas	50.5	18.0	62.3	43.0	13.5	54.7
United States	1,315.0	720.5	1,288.2	1,263.5	683.3	1,246.2

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Sunflower Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Varietal type and State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Oil						
California	1,050	1,500	1,400	28,875	23,100	19,600
Colorado	940	820	1,100	21,620	14,760	38,500
Kansas	930	1,000	1,560	24,180	8,800	37,440
Minnesota	2,300	1,900	2,200	110,400	57,000	176,000
Nebraska	1,180	1,100	1,120	35,400	26,400	39,200
North Dakota	1,970	1,800	1,940	965,300	401,400	960,300
South Dakota	1,650	1,700	1,960	726,000	401,200	823,200
Texas	1,350	900	750	51,300	10,350	38,250
United States	1,749	1,664	1,848	1,963,075	943,010	2,132,490
Non-oil						
California	1,100	1,200	1,150	550	600	345
Colorado	1,100	1,200	1,100	5,500	3,000	3,300
Kansas	850	1,050	1,250	4,250	1,050	625
Minnesota	2,400	1,700	1,750	21,600	10,710	5,425
Nebraska	1,170	750	770	8,775	1,725	1,617
North Dakota	2,190	1,600	2,100	155,490	113,600	128,100
South Dakota	2,400	2,100	2,300	91,200	65,100	42,550
Texas	1,450	1,200	2,000	7,250	2,400	7,400
United States	2,089	1,700	2,054	294,615	198,185	189,362
All						
California	1,051	1,491	1,395	29,425	23,700	19,945
Colorado	969	866	1,100	27,120	17,760	41,800
Kansas	917	1,005	1,554	28,430	9,850	38,065
Minnesota	2,316	1,865	2,183	132,000	67,710	181,425
Nebraska	1,178	1,069	1,100	44,175	28,125	40,817
North Dakota	1,998	1,752	1,958	1,120,790	515,000	1,088,400
South Dakota	1,710	1,746	1,974	817,200	466,300	865,750
Texas	1,362	944	835	58,550	12,750	45,650
United States	1,787	1,670	1,863	2,257,690	1,141,195	2,321,852

Soybeans for Beans Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	350	360	295	340	350	290
Arkansas	2,980	3,050	2,590	2,950	3,020	2,570
Delaware	150	155	140	148	153	138
Georgia	160	170	155	155	158	150
Illinois	10,350	10,800	10,300	10,300	10,750	10,230
Indiana	5,500	5,800	5,450	5,480	5,780	5,430
Iowa	9,950	10,050	9,450	9,880	9,960	9,380
Kansas	4,430	4,550	4,100	3,980	4,430	4,050
Kentucky	1,830	2,050	1,800	1,820	2,030	1,790
Louisiana	1,030	1,100	790	980	1,060	770
Maryland	470	495	465	460	485	460
Michigan	2,040	2,230	2,080	2,020	2,210	2,070
Minnesota	7,350	7,400	7,150	7,280	7,320	7,070
Mississippi	2,180	2,300	1,810	2,130	2,270	1,790
Missouri	5,600	5,950	5,600	5,520	5,890	5,530
Nebraska	5,250	5,300	4,850	5,180	5,240	4,790
New Jersey	100	105	100	98	103	99
New York	350	370	310	340	365	295
North Carolina	1,640	1,630	1,630	1,620	1,600	1,610
North Dakota	6,200	6,600	6,550	6,160	6,550	6,490
Ohio	4,750	5,100	4,900	4,730	5,080	4,880
Oklahoma	460	510	365	400	405	350
Pennsylvania	570	630	580	560	620	570
South Carolina	395	395	365	385	380	355
South Dakota	5,100	5,450	5,100	5,070	5,380	5,060
Tennessee	1,600	1,820	1,550	1,570	1,800	1,520
Texas	125	100	110	85	74	90
Virginia	580	610	600	570	595	590
Wisconsin	2,110	2,180	2,030	2,060	2,150	2,020
United States	83,600	87,260	81,215	82,271	86,208	80,437

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Soybeans for Beans Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	43.0	31.0	37.0	14,620	10,850	10,730
Arkansas	54.0	55.0	55.0	159,300	166,100	141,350
Delaware	46.0	45.0	49.0	6,808	6,885	6,762
Georgia	43.0	47.0	49.0	6,665	7,426	7,350
Illinois	63.0	64.0	62.5	648,900	688,000	639,375
Indiana	61.0	59.0	59.5	334,280	341,020	323,085
Iowa	58.0	60.0	63.5	573,040	597,600	595,630
Kansas	26.0	35.0	48.5	103,480	155,050	196,425
Kentucky	55.0	48.0	42.0	100,100	97,440	75,180
Louisiana	40.0	52.0	53.5	39,200	55,120	41,195
Maryland	47.0	44.0	44.0	21,620	21,340	20,240
Michigan	46.0	49.0	48.5	92,920	108,290	100,395
Minnesota	48.0	45.0	52.5	349,440	329,400	371,175
Mississippi	56.0	56.0	56.0	119,280	127,120	100,240
Missouri	48.0	49.0	50.0	264,960	288,610	276,500
Nebraska	51.5	57.5	65.5	266,770	301,300	313,745
New Jersey	43.0	43.0	39.0	4,214	4,429	3,861
New York	51.0	51.0	40.0	17,340	18,615	11,800
North Carolina	38.5	39.0	36.0	62,370	62,400	57,960
North Dakota	35.5	37.5	34.5	218,680	245,625	223,905
Ohio	58.0	50.0	53.0	274,340	254,000	258,640
Oklahoma	26.0	20.0	29.0	10,400	8,100	10,150
Pennsylvania	47.0	45.0	44.0	26,320	27,900	25,080
South Carolina	39.0	34.0	31.0	15,015	12,920	11,005
South Dakota	44.0	43.0	47.0	223,080	231,340	237,820
Tennessee	51.0	42.0	42.0	80,070	75,600	63,840
Texas	25.0	32.0	32.0	2,125	2,368	2,880
Virginia	38.0	44.0	38.0	21,660	26,180	22,420
Wisconsin	51.0	48.0	56.0	105,060	103,200	113,120
United States	50.6	50.7	53.0	4,162,057	4,374,228	4,261,858

Percent of Soybean Acreage Planted Following Another Harvested Crop – Selected States and United States: 2021-2025

[Data as obtained from survey results. These data do not represent official estimates of the Agricultural Statistics Board but provide raw data as obtained from survey respondents. The purpose of these data is to portray trends in soybean production practices]

State	2021	2022	2023 [1]	2024 [1]	2025 [1]
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	37	21	33	21	30
Arkansas	4	4	5	3	7
Delaware	24	27	45	29	38
Georgia	49	16	23	23	24
Illinois	4	5	7	9	11
Indiana	5	2	4	3	8
Kansas	7	8	20	23	15
Kentucky	17	18	29	18	22
Louisiana	(Z)	6	8	9	2
Maryland	26	12	26	27	24
Mississippi	2	2	7	2	9
Missouri	6	6	11	16	12
New Jersey	4	3	30	29	21
North Carolina	43	23	35	24	24
Ohio	1	2	3	2	4
Oklahoma	52	37	54	49	62
Pennsylvania	27	26	23	27	23
South Carolina	18	15	19	23	14
Tennessee	27	21	23	16	14
Texas	(Z)	(Z)	20	19	47
Virginia	25	17	28	20	22
United States	5	4	7	6	9

(Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

[1] Data for 2023, 2024, and 2025 is updated from original data published in *Acreage* report. Prior to 2023, data in this table are original data published in *Acreage* report.

Soybean Objective Yield Data

The National Agricultural Statistics Service conducted an objective yield survey in 11 soybean producing States during 2025. Randomly selected plots in soybean fields were visited monthly from September through harvest to obtain specific counts and measurements. Data in these tables are actual field counts from this survey.

Soybean Pods with Beans per 18 Square Feet – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	State and month	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)		(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Arkansas						**Missouri**					
September	1,449	1,721	2,043	1,666	1,927	September	1,925	1,736	2,099	2,034	2,194
October	1,501	1,746	1,844	1,667	1,999	October	1,886	1,606	1,991	2,044	2,191
November	1,583	1,711	1,856	1,650	1,875	November	2,047	1,880	2,062	2,022	2,247
Final	1,623	1,711	1,824	1,693	1,857	Final	2,121	1,875	2,058	2,023	2,270
Illinois						**Nebraska**					
September	2,080	1,896	1,952	1,938	2,178	September	1,887	1,592	1,644	1,977	2,053
October	2,120	1,888	2,085	2,167	2,225	October	2,069	1,597	1,678	1,873	2,143
November	2,222	2,010	2,121	2,167	2,208	November	2,148	1,586	1,709	1,886	2,158
Final	2,227	2,011	2,121	2,167	2,264	Final	2,148	1,586	1,709	1,894	2,171
Indiana						**North Dakota**					
September	1,846	1,655	1,927	1,978	2,094	September	1,055	1,281	1,250	1,352	1,283
October	1,811	1,749	1,998	2,005	2,171	October	1,014	1,298	1,203	1,435	1,436
November	1,822	1,763	1,962	1,914	2,124	November	1,009	1,357	1,408	1,485	1,444
Final	1,836	1,773	1,962	1,913	2,159	Final	1,009	1,357	1,404	1,490	1,520
Iowa						**Ohio**					
September	1,732	1,585	1,814	1,859	2,079	September	2,060	1,798	1,847	1,797	2,230
October	1,800	1,653	1,997	1,992	2,126	October	1,989	1,890	2,003	1,957	2,308
November	1,894	1,785	2,071	2,039	2,114	November	2,074	1,788	2,030	1,929	2,180
Final	1,890	1,780	2,070	2,038	2,089	Final	2,116	1,780	2,030	1,908	2,179
Kansas						**South Dakota**					
September	1,404	1,456	1,500	1,365	1,595	September	1,626	1,258	1,520	1,345	1,577
October	1,480	1,400	1,372	1,366	1,851	October	1,526	1,291	1,552	1,438	1,692
November	1,551	1,392	1,500	1,256	1,856	November	1,512	1,305	1,644	1,457	1,717
Final	1,514	1,391	1,529	1,362	1,875	Final	1,522	1,305	1,644	1,465	1,702
Minnesota						**11-State**					
September	1,603	1,468	1,648	1,619	1,732	September	1,717	1,604	1,755	1,746	1,923
October	1,545	1,581	1,695	1,591	1,895	October	1,725	1,628	1,799	1,820	2,018
November	1,557	1,610	1,687	1,561	1,822	November	1,788	1,690	1,856	1,812	1,995
Final	1,557	1,610	1,667	1,543	1,812	Final	1,798	1,689	1,854	1,819	2,011

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Soybean Frequency of Farmer Reported Row Widths – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and year	Row width (inches)				
	Less than 7.5 [1]	7.5	15	30	More than 30
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Arkansas 2021	2	13	16	29	42
2022	6	18	15	31	44
2023	2	10	10	51	44
2024	3	9	21	23	63
2025	7	8	6	50	59
Illinois 2021	2	7	80	38	-
2022	3	3	93	44	1
2023	3	7	84	39	-
2024	-	7	83	32	-
2025	-	5	80	39	-
Indiana 2021	1	14	60	8	-
2022	-	11	56	6	-
2023	-	11	68	11	-
2024	-	12	69	5	-
2025	-	4	66	9	-
Iowa 2021	2	3	61	69	1
2022	-	4	74	71	1
2023	-	3	65	74	-
2024	1	2	64	67	-
2025	1	5	54	67	-
Kansas 2021	1	12	15	16	1
2022	1	5	24	19	-
2023	1	6	18	21	-
2024	-	3	16	27	-
2025	1	15	20	26	-
Minnesota 2021	1	2	22	38	-
2022	1	3	30	42	-
2023	-	3	18	40	-
2024	1	-	28	38	-
2025	1	6	33	32	1
Missouri 2021	1	6	48	21	5
2022	-	7	60	16	6
2023	4	8	64	8	6
2024	-	11	56	30	2
2025	3	6	67	15	9
Nebraska 2021	1	9	31	50	4
2022	2	5	25	52	7
2023	-	9	33	48	2
2024	1	4	24	53	-
2025	-	3	36	32	-

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Soybean Frequency of Farmer Reported Row Widths – Selected States: 2021-2025 (continued)

State and year	Row width (inches)				
	Less than 7.5 [1]	7.5	15	30	More than 30
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
North Dakota 2021	-	16	55	13	-
2022	6	24	47	15	-
2023	1	26	41	14	-
2024	-	18	54	8	-
2025	1	20	60	9	-
Ohio 2021	2	21	64	3	1
2022	7	25	71	5	1
2023	2	13	82	8	-
2024	1	9	78	2	-
2025	-	21	59	7	-
South Dakota 2021	-	3	26	38	-
2022	-	4	22	47	1
2023	1	5	27	37	1
2024	-	8	17	45	2
2025	-	2	31	35	2

- Represents zero.
[1] Includes broadcast soybeans.

Soybean Percentage Distribution by Measured Row Width and Average Row Width – Selected States: 2021-2025

State and year	Samples	Row width (inches)					
		10.0 or less [1]	10.1-18.5	18.6-28.5	28.6-34.5	34.6 or greater	row width [1]
	(number)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(inches)
Arkansas 2021	105	11.9	15.2	6.2	30.5	36.2	27.9
2022	113	13.3	14.6	2.7	25.7	43.7	28.3
2023	118	10.6	5.5	4.2	39.9	39.8	30.4
2024	119	6.7	13.0	4.2	22.7	53.4	30.7
2025	130	6.5	9.6	1.2	28.5	54.2	31.6
Illinois 2021	128	5.5	56.9	5.5	31.3	0.8	19.9
2022	144	1.0	55.8	13.9	27.9	1.4	20.3
2023	131	3.8	52.4	13.7	29.0	1.1	20.6
2024	120	4.6	57.5	12.1	25.8	-	19.3
2025	120	4.6	52.0	12.1	31.3	-	20.3
Indiana 2021	84	12.5	64.3	12.5	10.7	-	16.4
2022	71	9.2	71.6	12.1	7.1	-	16.0
2023	88	6.3	73.1	10.9	9.7	-	16.9
2024	85	5.9	77.5	7.1	9.5	-	16.5
2025	73	3.4	76.0	10.3	10.3	-	17.2
Iowa 2021	136	1.5	37.5	11.0	49.3	0.7	23.6
2022	153	2.9	39.9	8.2	49.0	-	23.0
2023	143	2.1	39.5	10.8	47.6	-	22.9
2024	134	1.5	42.2	9.3	44.8	2.2	23.3
2025	127	3.6	30.4	15.4	50.6	-	23.5
Kansas 2021	49	12.2	46.0	7.1	34.7	-	19.8
2022	48	9.4	44.7	4.2	41.7	-	20.9
2023	42	-	44.2	14.0	39.5	2.3	22.1
2024	44	2.3	31.8	6.8	59.1	-	24.1
2025	56	11.6	37.5	9.8	41.1	-	21.0
Minnesota 2021	61	4.1	14.8	23.8	57.3	-	25.2
2022	77	2.6	20.1	21.4	55.9	-	24.8
2023	60	4.2	17.5	20.0	57.5	0.8	25.2
2024	66	1.5	16.0	24.4	58.1	-	25.6
2025	72	6.9	16.7	30.6	44.4	1.4	23.9
Missouri 2021	80	10.0	58.7	6.3	22.5	2.5	19.1
2022	90	6.7	59.9	8.9	17.8	6.7	19.5
2023	95	8.4	60.5	7.4	18.4	5.3	19.0
2024	95	8.4	62.6	5.8	20.0	3.2	18.7
2025	90	2.2	63.3	11.7	15.0	7.8	19.9
Nebraska 2021	96	7.3	30.7	8.3	48.5	5.2	23.2
2022	87	6.9	21.8	4.6	59.8	6.9	25.9
2023	90	5.0	26.8	14.5	48.7	5.0	24.2
2024	77	3.9	28.6	7.1	60.4	-	24.3
2025	73	2.7	38.4	6.2	47.9	4.8	23.9

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Soybean Percentage Distribution by Measured Row Width and Average Row Width – Selected States: 2021-2025 (continued)

State and year	Samples	Row width (inches)					
		10.0 or less [1]	10.1-18.5	18.6-28.5	28.6-34.5	34.6 or greater	row width [1]
	(number)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(inches)
North Dakota 2021	85	18.2	44.1	27.1	10.6	-	17.2
2022	95	23.2	47.3	12.6	15.3	1.6	16.9
2023	81	21.1	42.3	21.1	15.5	-	17.3
2024	79	10.8	51.9	25.9	11.4	-	17.7
2025	89	14.0	45.6	27.5	12.9	-	17.6
Ohio 2021	92	25.0	67.3	3.3	3.3	1.1	14.1
2022	107	19.6	72.5	2.8	4.2	0.9	14.7
2023	105	11.9	75.7	6.7	5.7	-	15.7
2024	88	7.9	85.3	3.4	3.4	-	15.2
2025	81	19.8	66.0	5.6	8.6	-	15.2
South Dakota 2021	64	3.1	14.8	33.6	46.2	2.3	24.4
2022	74	2.0	14.9	22.3	59.4	1.4	25.7
2023	71	2.8	16.2	23.2	55.7	2.1	25.3
2024	71	3.5	21.1	16.2	57.8	1.4	24.9
2025	60	-	21.0	23.5	53.8	1.7	25.2

- Represents zero.
[1] Broadcast soybeans included as "10.0 inches or less" but excluded in computation of average width.

Flaxseed Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Montana	68	56	78	57	49	69
North Dakota	110	92	170	103	90	165
United States	178	148	248	160	139	234

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Montana	14.0	7.0	18.0	798	343	1,242
North Dakota	21.0	23.0	24.0	2,163	2,070	3,960
United States	18.5	17.4	22.2	2,961	2,413	5,202

Safflower Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
California	22.0	39.0	33.5	21.5	38.5	33.0
Colorado [1]	(NA)	12.0	7.5	(NA)	11.0	6.0
Idaho	26.0	18.5	20.0	25.5	17.0	18.0
Montana	47.0	26.0	28.5	46.0	23.0	27.0
South Dakota	17.0	8.1	17.5	16.5	7.5	16.0
Utah	17.5	15.0	9.5	16.5	13.0	8.5
United States	129.5	118.6	116.5	126.0	110.0	108.5

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
California	2,100	2,000	2,200	45,150	77,000	72,600
Colorado [1]	(NA)	900	750	(NA)	9,900	4,500
Idaho	840	760	920	21,420	12,920	16,560
Montana	760	770	900	34,960	17,710	24,300
South Dakota	1,100	850	1,150	18,150	6,375	18,400
Utah	660	660	800	10,890	8,580	6,800
United States	1,036	1,204	1,319	130,570	132,485	143,160

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates began in 2024.

Other Oilseed Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Crop – United States: 2023-2025

Crop	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Rapeseed [1]	13.2	17.5	18.6	10.1	15.7	16.6
Mustard seed [2]	245.0	185.3	126.2	236.8	177.2	111.8
State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Rapeseed [1]	2,003	2,019	2,126	20,230	31,705	35,290
Mustard seed [2]	625	578	636	147,966	102,420	71,120

[1] For 2023, rapeseed program States include Delaware, Idaho, Kentucky, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia. For 2024 and 2025, rapeseed program States include Idaho, Indiana, Kentucky, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia, and Washington.
[2] For 2023, mustard seed program States include Idaho, Montana, and North Dakota. For 2024 and 2025, mustard seed program States include Idaho, Montana, North Dakota, Oregon, and Washington.

Cotton Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2023-2025

Type and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Upland						
Alabama	380.0	400.0	290.0	374.0	396.0	285.0
Arizona	76.0	96.0	87.0	75.0	95.0	86.0
Arkansas	510.0	650.0	520.0	505.0	640.0	515.0
California	13.0	21.0	18.0	12.8	20.7	17.7
Florida	89.0	85.0	61.0	87.0	82.0	59.0
Georgia	1,110.0	1,100.0	835.0	1,100.0	1,080.0	825.0
Kansas	112.0	131.0	102.0	93.0	124.0	81.0
Louisiana	120.0	155.0	90.0	115.0	148.0	82.0
Mississippi	400.0	520.0	330.0	395.0	515.0	322.0
Missouri	335.0	400.0	355.0	330.0	380.0	340.0
New Mexico	32.0	42.0	30.0	17.0	28.0	20.0
North Carolina	380.0	410.0	285.0	370.0	400.0	275.0
Oklahoma	420.0	435.0	390.0	180.0	185.0	330.0
South Carolina	210.0	225.0	170.0	207.0	221.0	167.0
Tennessee	265.0	265.0	205.0	260.0	250.0	190.0
Texas	5,550.0	5,950.0	5,300.0	2,100.0	2,950.0	4,000.0
Virginia	81.0	91.0	73.0	80.0	90.0	72.0
United States	10,083.0	10,976.0	9,141.0	6,300.8	7,604.7	7,666.7
American Pima						
Arizona	16.0	14.0	15.5	15.9	14.0	15.5
California	85.0	145.0	92.0	82.0	142.0	91.0
New Mexico	17.0	15.0	13.0	16.8	14.5	12.7
Texas	29.0	33.0	21.0	23.0	30.0	19.0
United States	147.0	207.0	141.5	137.7	200.5	138.2
All						
Alabama	380.0	400.0	290.0	374.0	396.0	285.0
Arizona	92.0	110.0	102.5	90.9	109.0	101.5
Arkansas	510.0	650.0	520.0	505.0	640.0	515.0
California	98.0	166.0	110.0	94.8	162.7	108.7
Florida	89.0	85.0	61.0	87.0	82.0	59.0
Georgia	1,110.0	1,100.0	835.0	1,100.0	1,080.0	825.0
Kansas	112.0	131.0	102.0	93.0	124.0	81.0
Louisiana	120.0	155.0	90.0	115.0	148.0	82.0
Mississippi	400.0	520.0	330.0	395.0	515.0	322.0
Missouri	335.0	400.0	355.0	330.0	380.0	340.0
New Mexico	49.0	57.0	43.0	33.8	42.5	32.7
North Carolina	380.0	410.0	285.0	370.0	400.0	275.0
Oklahoma	420.0	435.0	390.0	180.0	185.0	330.0
South Carolina	210.0	225.0	170.0	207.0	221.0	167.0
Tennessee	265.0	265.0	205.0	260.0	250.0	190.0
Texas	5,579.0	5,983.0	5,321.0	2,123.0	2,980.0	4,019.0
Virginia	81.0	91.0	73.0	80.0	90.0	72.0
United States	10,230.0	11,183.0	9,282.5	6,438.5	7,805.2	7,804.9

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Cotton Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Type and State	Yield per acre			Production [1]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 bales) [2]	(1,000 bales) [2]	(1,000 bales) [2]
Upland						
Alabama	937	816	1,011	730.0	673.0	600.0
Arizona	1,331	1,299	1,395	208.0	257.0	250.0
Arkansas	1,295	1,341	1,398	1,362.0	1,788.0	1,500.0
California	2,025	1,739	1,898	54.0	75.0	70.0
Florida	612	697	936	111.0	119.0	115.0
Georgia	949	858	1,047	2,175.0	1,930.0	1,800.0
Kansas	769	778	948	149.0	201.0	160.0
Louisiana	872	1,070	1,405	209.0	330.0	240.0
Mississippi	1,083	1,157	1,193	891.0	1,241.0	800.0
Missouri	1,361	1,320	1,214	936.0	1,045.0	860.0
New Mexico	649	703	600	23.0	41.0	25.0
North Carolina	933	942	1,169	719.0	785.0	670.0
Oklahoma	560	701	815	210.0	270.0	560.0
South Carolina	937	860	977	404.0	396.0	340.0
Tennessee	1,250	1,052	935	677.0	548.0	370.0
Texas	618	656	600	2,705.0	4,030.0	5,000.0
Virginia	1,122	1,136	1,133	187.0	213.0	170.0
United States	895	880	847	11,750.0	13,942.0	13,530.0
American Pima						
Arizona	906	1,029	929	30.0	30.0	30.0
California	1,346	1,237	1,582	230.0	366.0	300.0
New Mexico	800	794	794	28.0	24.0	21.0
Texas	584	816	935	28.0	51.0	37.0
United States	1,102	1,128	1,348	316.0	471.0	388.0
All						
Alabama	937	816	1,011	730.0	673.0	600.0
Arizona	1,257	1,264	1,324	238.0	287.0	280.0
Arkansas	1,295	1,341	1,398	1,362.0	1,788.0	1,500.0
California	1,438	1,301	1,634	284.0	441.0	370.0
Florida	612	697	936	111.0	119.0	115.0
Georgia	949	858	1,047	2,175.0	1,930.0	1,800.0
Kansas	769	778	948	149.0	201.0	160.0
Louisiana	872	1,070	1,405	209.0	330.0	240.0
Mississippi	1,083	1,157	1,193	891.0	1,241.0	800.0
Missouri	1,361	1,320	1,214	936.0	1,045.0	860.0
New Mexico	724	734	675	51.0	65.0	46.0
North Carolina	933	942	1,169	719.0	785.0	670.0
Oklahoma	560	701	815	210.0	270.0	560.0
South Carolina	937	860	977	404.0	396.0	340.0
Tennessee	1,250	1,052	935	677.0	548.0	370.0
Texas	618	657	602	2,733.0	4,081.0	5,037.0
Virginia	1,122	1,136	1,133	187.0	213.0	170.0
United States	900	886	856	12,066.0	14,413.0	13,918.0

[1] Production ginned and to be ginned.
[2] 480-pound net weight bale.

Cottonseed Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Alabama	206.0	189.0	170.0
Arizona	85.0	111.0	106.0
Arkansas	411.0	513.0	452.0
California	100.0	157.0	130.0
Florida	32.0	33.0	33.0
Georgia	624.0	542.0	513.0
Kansas	46.0	61.0	49.0
Louisiana	67.0	104.0	75.0
Mississippi	277.0	376.0	248.0
Missouri	322.0	305.0	284.0
New Mexico	17.0	20.0	14.0
North Carolina	206.0	238.0	197.0
Oklahoma	61.0	76.0	166.0
South Carolina	114.0	109.0	96.0
Tennessee	207.0	147.0	107.0
Texas	815.0	1,230.0	1,518.0
Virginia	54.0	51.0	46.0
United States	3,644.0	4,262.0	4,204.0

[1] Estimates based on 3-year average lint-seed ratio.

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)
Georgia [1]	6,300	(NA)	(NA)	2,150	(NA)	(NA)
Kentucky	36,600	32,300	29,400	2,324	2,302	2,245
North Carolina	113,120	113,000	121,000	2,299	1,800	2,050
Pennsylvania [1]	2,840	(NA)	(NA)	2,493	(NA)	(NA)
South Carolina [1]	5,900	(NA)	(NA)	1,900	(NA)	(NA)
Tennessee	8,950	8,150	7,500	2,493	2,340	2,095
Virginia	12,830	12,400	13,400	2,295	2,050	2,150
United States	186,540	165,850	171,300	2,298	1,943	2,093

State	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Georgia [1]	13,545	(NA)	(NA)
Kentucky	85,070	74,340	65,995
North Carolina	260,098	203,400	248,050
Pennsylvania [1]	7,080	(NA)	(NA)
South Carolina [1]	11,210	(NA)	(NA)
Tennessee	22,315	19,075	15,715
Virginia	29,443	25,420	28,810
United States	428,761	322,235	358,570

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class and Type – States and United States: 2023-2025

Class, type, and State	Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)
Class 1, Flue-cured (11-14)			
Georgia [1]	6,300	(NA)	(NA)
North Carolina	113,000	113,000	121,000
South Carolina [1]	5,900	(NA)	(NA)
Virginia	12,600	12,400	13,400
United States	137,800	125,400	134,400
Class 2, Fire-cured (21-23)			
Kentucky	6,200	4,700	3,100
Tennessee	4,900	3,700	2,900
Virginia [1]	90	(NA)	(NA)
United States	11,190	8,400	6,000
Class 3A, Light air-cured			
Type 31, Burley			
Kentucky	27,000	24,500	23,900
North Carolina [1]	120	(NA)	(NA)
Pennsylvania [1]	1,100	(NA)	(NA)
Tennessee	2,900	3,500	3,800
Virginia [1]	140	(NA)	(NA)
United States	31,260	28,000	27,700
Type 32, Southern Maryland [1]			
Pennsylvania	40	(NA)	(NA)
United States	40	(NA)	(NA)
Total light air-cured (31-32)	31,300	28,000	27,700
Class 3B, Dark air-cured (35-37)			
Kentucky	3,400	3,100	2,400
Tennessee	1,150	950	800
United States	4,550	4,050	3,200
Class 4, Cigar filler [1]			
Type 41, Pennsylvania Seedleaf			
Pennsylvania	1,700	(NA)	(NA)
United States	1,700	(NA)	(NA)
All Tobacco			
United States	186,540	165,850	171,300

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class and Type – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class, type, and State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Class 1, Flue-cured (11-14)						
Georgia [1]	2,150	(NA)	(NA)	13,545	(NA)	(NA)
North Carolina	2,300	1,800	2,050	259,900	203,400	248,050
South Carolina [1]	1,900	(NA)	(NA)	11,210	(NA)	(NA)
Virginia	2,300	2,050	2,150	28,980	25,420	28,810
United States	2,276	1,825	2,060	313,635	228,820	276,860
Class 2, Fire-cured (21-23)						
Kentucky	3,150	3,350	3,200	19,530	15,745	9,920
Tennessee	3,050	3,000	2,750	14,945	11,100	7,975
Virginia [1]	1,950	(NA)	(NA)	176	(NA)	(NA)
United States	3,097	3,196	2,983	34,651	26,845	17,895
Class 3A, Light air-cured						
Type 31, Burley						
Kentucky	2,100	2,050	2,050	56,700	50,225	48,995
North Carolina [1]	1,650	(NA)	(NA)	198	(NA)	(NA)
Pennsylvania [1]	2,500	(NA)	(NA)	2,750	(NA)	(NA)
Tennessee	1,550	1,600	1,500	4,495	5,600	5,700
Virginia [1]	2,050	(NA)	(NA)	287	(NA)	(NA)
United States	2,061	1,994	1,975	64,430	55,825	54,695
Type 32, Southern Maryland Belt [1]						
Pennsylvania	2,000	(NA)	(NA)	80	(NA)	(NA)
United States	2,000	(NA)	(NA)	80	(NA)	(NA)
Total light air-cured (31-32)	2,061	1,994	1,975	64,510	55,825	54,695
Class 3B, Dark air-cured (35-37)						
Kentucky	2,600	2,700	2,950	8,840	8,370	7,080
Tennessee	2,500	2,500	2,550	2,875	2,375	2,040
United States	2,575	2,653	2,850	11,715	10,745	9,120
Class 4, Cigar filler [1]						
Type 41, Pennsylvania Seedleaf						
Pennsylvania	2,500	(NA)	(NA)	4,250	(NA)	(NA)
United States	2,500	(NA)	(NA)	4,250	(NA)	(NA)
All tobacco						
United States	2,298	1,943	2,093	428,761	322,235	358,570

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Sugarbeet Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

[Relates to year of intended harvest in all States except California]

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
California [1]	23.1	28.3	-	22.7	28.2	-
Colorado	23.3	24.8	23.8	21.3	23.5	22.6
Idaho	174.7	173.2	166.3	174.6	173.1	166.3
Michigan	133.1	135.1	133.9	132.0	134.2	133.3
Minnesota	429.5	411.1	426.0	425.5	400.7	417.0
Montana	23.8	24.6	24.6	23.3	24.3	24.5
Nebraska	46.8	47.4	48.1	46.6	46.7	45.8
North Dakota	228.8	215.8	213.0	227.0	211.9	207.5
Oregon	10.8	10.5	10.0	10.4	10.5	10.0
Washington	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0
Wyoming	29.1	32.1	31.3	28.8	31.2	30.8
United States	1,125.0	1,104.8	1,079.0	1,114.2	1,086.2	1,059.8

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California [1]	49.6	47.8	(X)	1,126	1,348	-
Colorado	28.3	32.1	32.4	603	754	732
Idaho	40.0	40.0	45.1	6,984	6,924	7,500
Michigan	33.4	30.7	28.6	4,409	4,120	3,812
Minnesota	30.1	29.5	29.9	12,808	11,821	12,468
Montana	31.6	32.3	35.1	736	785	860
Nebraska	28.6	30.5	29.7	1,333	1,424	1,360
North Dakota	28.9	31.5	33.2	6,560	6,675	6,889
Oregon	36.4	40.6	42.0	379	426	420
Washington	49.7	49.7	52.0	99	94	104
Wyoming	29.4	30.3	32.3	847	945	995
United States	32.2	32.5	33.2	35,884	35,316	35,140

- Represents zero.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Relates to year of planting for overwintered beets in southern California.

Sugarcane Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area harvested			Yield per acre [1]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(tons)
For sugar						
Florida	391.0	381.0	396.0	44.4	45.1	44.6
Louisiana	481.0	498.0	505.0	29.9	31.1	31.6
Texas [2]	16.5	(NA)	(NA)	22.5	(NA)	(NA)
United States	888.5	879.0	901.0	36.1	37.2	37.3
For seed						
Florida	16.6	15.7	18.0	49.8	53.3	47.3
Louisiana	24.5	25.3	25.0	33.7	34.5	35.6
Texas [2]	-	(NA)	(NA)	(X)	(NA)	(NA)
United States	41.1	41.0	43.0	40.2	41.7	40.5
For sugar and seed						
Florida	407.6	396.7	414.0	44.6	45.4	44.7
Louisiana	505.5	523.3	530.0	30.1	31.3	31.8
Texas [2]	16.5	(NA)	(NA)	22.5	(NA)	(NA)
United States	929.6	920.0	944.0	36.3	37.4	37.5

State	Production [1]		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
For sugar			
Florida	17,360	17,183	17,662
Louisiana	14,382	15,488	15,958
Texas [2]	371	(NA)	(NA)
United States	32,113	32,671	33,620
For seed			
Florida	827	837	851
Louisiana	826	873	890
Texas [2]	-	(NA)	(NA)
United States	1,653	1,710	1,741
For sugar and seed			
Florida	18,187	18,020	18,513
Louisiana	15,208	16,361	16,848
Texas [2]	371	(NA)	(NA)
United States	33,766	34,381	35,361

- Represents zero.
(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Net tons.
[2] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Potato Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
California	23.0	21.0	21.0	22.8	20.8	20.9
Colorado	55.0	54.0	55.0	54.8	53.8	54.8
Florida	20.0	18.0	17.0	19.8	17.7	16.5
Idaho	330.0	315.0	315.0	329.5	314.5	314.5
Maine	53.0	54.0	52.0	52.5	53.9	51.9
Michigan	50.0	48.0	48.0	49.0	47.5	47.5
Minnesota	46.0	43.0	40.0	45.7	42.6	39.7
Nebraska	22.0	21.0	20.0	21.9	20.9	19.9
North Dakota	76.0	73.0	70.0	75.5	72.3	69.0
Oregon	43.0	43.0	41.0	43.0	42.9	41.0
Texas	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.6	14.6	14.6
Washington	165.0	160.0	140.0	164.5	159.5	139.5
Wisconsin	68.0	67.0	68.0	67.5	66.0	67.0
United States	966.0	932.0	902.0	961.1	927.0	896.8

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(cwt)	(cwt)	(cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
California	435	430	435	9,918	8,944	9,092
Colorado	385	410	420	21,098	22,058	23,016
Florida	300	260	280	5,940	4,602	4,620
Idaho	435	430	440	143,333	135,235	138,380
Maine	320	340	335	16,800	18,326	17,387
Michigan	440	430	435	21,560	20,425	20,663
Minnesota	415	420	420	18,966	17,892	16,674
Nebraska	490	485	500	10,731	10,137	9,950
North Dakota	350	350	360	26,425	25,305	24,840
Oregon	620	610	635	26,660	26,169	26,035
Texas	460	465	425	6,716	6,789	6,205
Washington	630	620	625	103,635	98,890	87,188
Wisconsin	420	400	430	28,350	26,400	28,810
United States	458	454	460	440,132	421,172	412,860

Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

[Excludes chickpeas]

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
California [1]	16.0	(NA)	(NA)	15.6	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	33.0	54.0	40.0	28.9	49.0	34.3
Idaho	35.0	45.0	40.0	34.7	44.5	39.9
Michigan	210.0	255.0	250.0	208.0	252.5	248.9
Minnesota	210.0	280.0	295.0	207.0	272.3	291.3
Nebraska	100.0	130.0	106.0	92.0	120.2	99.1
North Dakota	530.0	730.0	580.0	525.0	720.0	566.3
Washington	32.0	46.0	55.0	31.6	45.7	54.8
Wyoming [1]	14.0	(NA)	(NA)	13.3	(NA)	(NA)
United States	1,180.0	1,540.0	1,366.0	1,156.1	1,504.2	1,334.6

State	Yield per acre [2]			Production [2]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
California [1]	2,150	(NA)	(NA)	335	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	1,820	1,950	1,700	527	957	584
Idaho	2,470	2,650	2,860	858	1,181	1,143
Michigan	2,440	2,430	2,350	5,067	6,129	5,852
Minnesota	2,430	2,140	2,060	5,030	5,834	5,990
Nebraska	2,140	2,260	2,520	1,965	2,717	2,502
North Dakota	1,700	1,830	1,650	8,939	13,207	9,331
Washington	2,760	2,800	2,650	873	1,281	1,453
Wyoming [1]	2,250	(NA)	(NA)	299	(NA)	(NA)
United States	2,067	2,081	2,012	23,893	31,306	26,855

(NA) Not available.

[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

[2] Clean basis.

Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025

Class and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Large lima [1]						
California [1]	5.1	(NA)	(NA)	5.0	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Minnesota	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Nebraska	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
North Dakota	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2.4	(NA)	(NA)	2.4	(NA)	(NA)
United States	7.5	(NA)	(NA)	7.4	(NA)	(NA)
Baby lima [1]						
California [1]	4.7	(NA)	(NA)	4.6	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Minnesota	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Nebraska	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
North Dakota	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1.0	(NA)	(NA)	1.0	(NA)	(NA)
United States	5.7	(NA)	(NA)	5.6	(NA)	(NA)
Navy						
California [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	0.5	(D)	0.7	0.5	(D)	0.7
Michigan	46.0	46.0	50.0	45.6	45.7	49.7
Minnesota	46.1	37.0	45.8	45.8	36.5	45.3
Nebraska	(D)	-	-	(D)	-	-
North Dakota	42.0	40.9	52.6	41.6	39.2	49.8
Washington	(D)	(D)	1.0	(D)	(D)	1.0
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1.1	1.4	-	1.1	1.4	-
United States	135.7	125.3	150.1	134.6	122.8	146.5

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Yield per acre [3]			Production [3]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Large lima [1]						
California [1]	2,100	(NA)	(NA)	105	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Minnesota	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Nebraska	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
North Dakota	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,875	(NA)	(NA)	69	(NA)	(NA)
United States	2,351	(NA)	(NA)	174	(NA)	(NA)
Baby lima [1]						
California [1]	2,300	(NA)	(NA)	106	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Minnesota	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Nebraska	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
North Dakota	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,500	(NA)	(NA)	25	(NA)	(NA)
United States	2,339	(NA)	(NA)	131	(NA)	(NA)
Navy						
California [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(X)	(X)	(X)	-	-	-
Idaho	2,610	(D)	2,970	13	(D)	21
Michigan	2,530	2,480	2,270	1,154	1,133	1,128
Minnesota	2,620	1,890	2,290	1,200	690	1,037
Nebraska	(D)	(X)	(X)	(D)	-	-
North Dakota	1,950	1,960	1,850	811	768	921
Washington	(D)	(D)	3,320	(D)	(D)	33
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,727	3,071	(X)	30	43	-
United States	2,383	2,145	2,143	3,208	2,634	3,140

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Great northern						
California [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	1.2	2.0	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.3
Michigan	2.0	3.0	3.5	2.0	3.0	3.5
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	2.3	(D)	(D)	2.3
Nebraska	32.9	39.5	34.5	30.5	36.6	32.3
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	0.9	1.2	1.9	0.9	1.2	1.9
Wyoming [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	6.3	8.3	4.5	5.8	8.2	4.2
United States	43.3	54.0	48.0	40.4	51.0	45.5
Small white [1]						
California [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Minnesota	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Nebraska	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
North Dakota	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	5.5	(NA)	(NA)	5.5	(NA)	(NA)
Unites States	5.5	(NA)	(NA)	5.5	(NA)	(NA)
White Kidney [4]						
California [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(NA)	-	-	(NA)	-	-
Idaho	(NA)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(D)	(D)
Michigan	(NA)	(D)	2.5	(NA)	(D)	2.5
Minnesota	(NA)	4.6	8.1	(NA)	4.6	7.8
Nebraska	(NA)	-	-	(NA)	-	-
North Dakota	(NA)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(D)	(D)
Washington	(NA)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(D)	(D)
Wyoming [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	(NA)	3.2	1.8	(NA)	2.6	1.8
United States	(NA)	7.8	12.4	(NA)	7.2	12.1

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Yield per acre [2]			Production [2]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Great northern						
California [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	2,100	2,750	2,970	25	55	39
Michigan	1,900	2,150	1,950	38	65	68
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	2,250	(D)	(D)	52
Nebraska	2,190	2,050	2,610	668	750	843
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	2,870	2,330	3,300	26	28	63
Wyoming [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,207	2,671	1,333	128	219	56
United States	2,191	2,190	2,464	885	1,117	1,121
Small white [1]						
California [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Minnesota	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Nebraska	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
North Dakota	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,582	(NA)	(NA)	142	(NA)	(NA)
United States	2,582	(NA)	(NA)	142	(NA)	(NA)
White kidney [4]						
California [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(NA)	(X)	(X)	(NA)	-	-
Idaho	(NA)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(D)	(D)
Michigan	(NA)	(D)	2,110	(NA)	(D)	53
Minnesota	(NA)	2,620	1,780	(NA)	121	139
Nebraska	(NA)	(X)	(X)	(NA)	-	-
North Dakota	(NA)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(D)	(D)
Washington	(NA)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(D)	(D)
Wyoming [1]	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	(NA)	2,769	2,611	(NA)	72	47
United States	(NA)	2,681	1,975	(NA)	193	239

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Pinto						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	17.2	29.0	18.6	15.7	25.7	15.2
Idaho	13.8	18.0	17.0	13.7	18.0	17.0
Michigan	(D)	7.5	9.0	(D)	7.4	8.9
Minnesota	13.0	22.0	26.5	12.6	21.2	26.4
Nebraska	49.1	73.5	51.0	44.8	68.1	47.8
North Dakota	377.0	534.0	411.0	374.0	529.0	405.0
Washington	10.3	14.7	12.5	10.1	14.6	12.4
Wyoming [1]	11.7	(NA)	(NA)	11.2	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	4.1	-	-	3.9	-	-
United States	496.2	698.7	545.6	486.0	684.0	532.7
Light red kidney						
California [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	2.7	2.7	(D)	1.9	2.4
Idaho	1.9	(D)	(D)	1.9	(D)	(D)
Michigan	4.5	4.4	5.7	4.4	4.4	5.7
Minnesota	18.0	18.0	25.0	17.3	17.8	24.1
Nebraska	2.5	(D)	6.2	2.3	(D)	5.6
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	1.1	1.6	3.5	1.1	1.6	3.5
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2.9	3.2	5.3	2.0	3.2	5.3
United States	30.9	29.9	48.4	29.0	28.9	46.6
Dark red kidney						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	2.1	2.1	3.6	2.1	2.1	3.6
Michigan	(D)	1.1	2.0	(D)	1.1	2.0
Minnesota	33.0	44.0	65.5	32.5	43.2	64.8
Nebraska	-	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	4.5	(D)	(D)	4.5
Washington	(D)	(D)	1.5	(D)	(D)	1.5
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	5.1	3.5	0.5	5.0	3.4	0.5
United States	40.2	50.7	77.6	39.6	49.8	76.9

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted, Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Yield per acre [3]			Production [3]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Pinto						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	2,090	2,310	2,250	328	594	342
Idaho	2,630	2,750	2,840	360	495	483
Michigan	(D)	2,280	2,150	(D)	169	191
Minnesota	2,140	2,200	1,760	270	466	465
Nebraska	2,200	2,490	2,640	986	1,696	1,262
North Dakota	1,610	1,800	1,600	6,021	9,522	6,480
Washington	2,860	2,990	3,020	289	437	374
Wyoming [1]	2,240	(NA)	(NA)	251	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,256	(X)	(X)	88	-	-
United States	1,768	1,956	1,802	8,593	13,379	9,597
Light red kidney						
California [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	2,380	2,010	(D)	45	48
Idaho	1,870	(D)	(D)	36	(D)	(D)
Michigan	1,640	2,120	1,670	72	93	95
Minnesota	2,590	2,550	1,980	448	454	477
Nebraska	1,500	(D)	1,620	35	(D)	91
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	2,940	3,560	2,760	32	57	97
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1,650	2,156	2,057	33	69	109
United States	2,262	2,484	1,968	656	718	917
Dark red kidney						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	2,710	1,990	2,670	57	42	96
Michigan	(D)	2,120	1,800	(D)	23	36
Minnesota	2,440	2,280	1,990	793	985	1,290
Nebraska	(X)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	1,910	(D)	(D)	86
Washington	(D)	(D)	2,790	(D)	(D)	42
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1,580	2,118	2,200	79	72	11
United States	2,346	2,253	2,030	929	1,122	1,561

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted, Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Pink						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	5.7	5.5	3.6	5.7	5.4	3.6
Michigan	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	(D)	-	-	(D)	-	-
North Dakota	5.8	(D)	6.1	5.8	(D)	5.9
Washington	(D)	0.5	-	(D)	0.5	-
Wyoming [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	12.5	12.5	7.8	12.0	12.5	7.7
United States	24.0	18.5	17.5	23.5	18.4	17.2
Small red						
California [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	1.5	2.4	1.5	1.5	2.4	1.5
Michigan	21.0	27.0	29.0	20.7	26.8	28.8
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	1.3	(D)	(D)	1.3	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	21.0	19.1	22.8	20.8	19.0	21.7
Washington	(D)	2.4	(D)	(D)	2.4	(D)
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	3.6	6.9	10.7	3.4	6.2	10.7
United States	48.4	57.8	64.0	47.7	56.8	62.7
Cranberry						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Michigan	3.7	2.9	3.5	3.6	2.9	3.5
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	-	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	3.2	4.2	10.1	3.2	4.2	10.1
Wyoming [1]	-	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	6.2	6.7	6.2	6.1	6.5	6.0
United States	13.1	13.8	19.8	12.9	13.6	19.6

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Yield per acre [3]			Production [3]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Pink						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(X)	(X)	(X)	-	-	-
Idaho	2,120	2,720	3,100	121	147	112
Michigan	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	(D)	(X)	(X)	(D)	-	-
North Dakota	2,080	(D)	2,580	121	(D)	152
Washington	(D)	2,620	(X)	(D)	13	-
Wyoming [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,242	2,296	2,364	269	287	182
United States	2,174	2,429	2,593	511	447	446
Small red						
California [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	2,330	2,740	2,850	35	66	43
Michigan	2,330	2,260	2,300	482	606	662
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	3,110	(D)	(D)	40	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	2,100	2,020	1,910	437	384	414
Washington	(D)	1,850	(D)	(D)	44	(D)
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,353	2,387	2,327	80	148	249
United States	2,252	2,197	2,182	1,074	1,248	1,368
Cranberry						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(X)	(X)	(X)	-	-	-
Idaho	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Michigan	1,520	1,900	1,880	55	55	66
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	(X)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	2,810	2,610	2,250	90	110	227
Wyoming [1]	(X)	(NA)	(NA)	-	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1,574	1,308	1,683	96	85	101
United States	1,868	1,838	2,010	241	250	394

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted, Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Black						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	3.6	6.2	3.7	3.6	6.1	3.7
Michigan	124.0	158.0	143.0	123.3	156.7	142.6
Minnesota	79.7	137.0	104.0	79.2	131.8	102.9
Nebraska	2.4	(D)	(D)	2.1	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	73.0	118.0	69.9	71.6	115.1	66.8
Washington	5.8	9.6	6.7	5.7	9.6	6.7
Wyoming [1]	1.2	(NA)	(NA)	1.2	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1.3	2.3	5.3	1.3	2.1	4.7
United States	291.0	431.1	332.6	288.0	421.4	327.4
Blackeye						
California [1]	3.5	(NA)	(NA)	3.4	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	14.7	10.2	(D)	13.9	8.8
Idaho	-	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	(D)
Michigan	-	-	(D)	-	-	(D)
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	8.0	8.3	5.7	7.6	8.0	5.6
North Dakota	(D)	-	(D)	(D)	-	(D)
Washington	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Wyoming [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	7.4	0.8	0.7	7.0	0.7	0.6
United States	18.9	23.8	16.6	18.0	22.6	15.0
Other						
California [1]	1.7	(NA)	(NA)	1.6	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	3.8	4.6	4.3	2.9	4.6	3.7
Idaho	2.7	6.1	6.6	2.5	5.8	6.5
Michigan	(D)	(D)	1.3	(D)	(D)	1.3
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	2.9	9.8	13.9	2.8	9.7	13.8
Wyoming [1]	0.6	(NA)	(NA)	0.6	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	7.9	8.1	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.1
United States	19.6	28.6	33.4	17.9	27.7	32.4

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production by Commercial Class – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Class and State	Yield per acre [3]			Production [3]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Black						
California [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Idaho	2,590	2,700	3,030	93	165	112
Michigan	2,510	2,470	2,470	3,095	3,870	3,522
Minnesota	2,390	2,080	2,090	1,893	2,741	2,151
Nebraska	2,080	(D)	(D)	44	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	1,880	1,890	1,600	1,346	2,175	1,069
Washington	3,100	2,350	2,650	177	226	178
Wyoming [1]	2,860	(NA)	(NA)	34	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1,538	2,190	2,426	20	46	114
United States	2,327	2,189	2,183	6,702	9,223	7,146
Blackeye						
California [1]	2,050	(NA)	(NA)	70	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	(D)	860	900	(D)	120	79
Idaho	(X)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	(D)
Michigan	(X)	(X)	(D)	-	-	(D)
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	1,500	1,160	1,470	114	93	82
North Dakota	(D)	(X)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)
Washington	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Wyoming [1]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	1,443	1,714	1,667	101	12	10
United States	1,583	996	1,140	285	225	171
Other						
California [1]	2,000	(NA)	(NA)	32	(NA)	(NA)
Colorado	1,500	2,330	1,930	44	107	71
Idaho	2,620	2,570	2,840	66	149	185
Michigan	(D)	(D)	1,940	(D)	(D)	25
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Nebraska	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
North Dakota	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Washington	2,000	3,170	2,410	56	307	333
Wyoming [1]	1,330	(NA)	(NA)	8	(NA)	(NA)
Other States [2]	2,080	2,461	1,986	156	187	141
United States	2,022	2,708	2,330	362	750	755

- Represents zero.
(D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.
(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.
[2] Includes data withheld above.
[3] Clean basis.
[4] Estimates began in 2024.

Lentil Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Idaho [1]	18.0	(NA)	(NA)	18.0	(NA)	(NA)
Montana	390.0	720.0	830.0	374.0	690.0	730.0
North Dakota	92.0	165.0	185.0	87.0	162.0	165.0
Washington	45.0	51.0	57.0	44.0	51.0	54.0
United States	545.0	936.0	1,072.0	523.0	903.0	949.0

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Idaho [1]	1,090	(NA)	(NA)	196	(NA)	(NA)
Montana	1,080	900	1,080	4,039	6,210	7,884
North Dakota	1,230	1,450	1,260	1,070	2,349	2,079
Washington	890	960	1,100	392	490	594
United States	1,089	1,002	1,112	5,697	9,049	10,557

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Chickpea Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

Size and State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Small [1]						
California [2]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	23.0	38.0	27.0	22.6	37.8	26.8
Montana	40.0	50.0	59.0	33.7	46.8	57.4
North Dakota	(D)	16.0	7.0	(D)	15.8	6.9
Washington	31.0	38.0	35.0	30.9	38.0	35.0
Other States [3]	7.3	-	-	7.3	-	-
United States	101.3	142.0	128.0	94.5	138.4	126.1
Large [4]						
California [2]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	49.0	59.0	71.0	48.8	58.2	70.8
Montana	133.0	172.0	201.0	130.0	166.0	190.5
North Dakota	(D)	31.0	30.0	(D)	30.5	26.9
Washington	67.0	103.0	106.0	66.9	102.8	106.0
Other States [3]	16.7	-	-	16.6	-	-
United States	265.7	365.0	408.0	262.3	357.5	394.2
All						
California [2]	3.0	(NA)	(NA)	3.0	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	72.0	97.0	98.0	71.4	96.0	97.6
Montana	173.0	222.0	260.0	163.7	212.8	247.9
North Dakota	21.0	47.0	37.0	20.9	46.3	33.8
Washington	98.0	141.0	141.0	97.8	140.8	141.0
United States	367.0	507.0	536.0	356.8	495.9	520.3

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Chickpea Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

Size and State	Yield per acre [5]			Production [5]		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Small [1]						
California [2]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	1,430	1,170	1,340	323	442	359
Montana	1,200	940	1,680	404	440	964
North Dakota	(D)	2,100	1,200	(D)	332	83
Washington	1,470	1,320	1,340	454	502	469
Other States [3]	2,219	-	-	162	-	-
United States	1,421	1,240	1,487	1,343	1,716	1,875
Large [4]						
California [2]	(D)	(NA)	(NA)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	1,310	1,150	1,290	639	669	913
Montana	1,210	970	1,200	1,573	1,610	2,286
North Dakota	(D)	1,420	1,340	(D)	433	360
Washington	1,310	1,230	1,330	876	1,264	1,410
Other States [3]	1,380	-	-	229	-	-
United States	1,265	1,112	1,261	3,317	3,976	4,969
All						
California [2]	2,800	(NA)	(NA)	84	(NA)	(NA)
Idaho	1,350	1,160	1,300	962	1,111	1,272
Montana	1,210	960	1,310	1,977	2,050	3,250
North Dakota	1,470	1,650	1,310	307	765	443
Washington	1,360	1,250	1,330	1,330	1,766	1,879
United States	1,306	1,148	1,315	4,660	5,692	6,844

- Represents zero.
(D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.
(NA) Not available.
[1] Chickpeas 20/64 inches or smaller.
[2] Estimates discontinued in 2024.
[3] Includes data withheld above.
[4] Chickpeas larger than 20/64 inches.
[5] Clean basis.

Dry Edible Pea Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

[Includes Austrian winter peas and wrinkled seed peas]

State	Area planted			Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Idaho	19.0	12.0	22.0	18.0	11.0	21.0
Montana	580.0	595.0	690.0	570.0	580.0	600.0
Nebraska	21.0	27.0	23.0	19.0	24.0	20.0
North Dakota	260.0	305.0	380.0	253.0	297.0	366.0
South Dakota [1]	13.0	(NA)	(NA)	12.0	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	62.0	49.0	58.0	61.0	47.0	56.0
United States	955.0	988.0	1,173.0	933.0	959.0	1,063.0

State	Yield per acre			Production		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Idaho	1,610	1,940	1,670	290	213	351
Montana	1,740	1,430	1,430	9,918	8,294	8,580
Nebraska	2,390	1,660	1,700	454	398	340
North Dakota	2,300	2,430	2,250	5,819	7,217	8,235
South Dakota [1]	2,100	(NA)	(NA)	252	(NA)	(NA)
Washington	1,990	1,930	1,740	1,214	907	974
United States	1,924	1,776	1,738	17,947	17,029	18,480

(NA) Not available.

[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Variety – States and United States: 2023-2025

State and variety	Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)
Idaho			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	537	514	503
Apollo [TM]	209	210	(D)
Cascade	699	324	(D)
Cashmere	91	(D)	(D)
Chinook	409	192	(D)
Citra [R], HBC 394	1,014	609	729
Columbus/Tomahawk [R]/Zeus (CTZ)	1,059	811	775
Comet	108	(D)	(D)
El Dorado [R]	242	(D)	(D)
Elani [R], YQH 1320	8	8	8
Eureka! [TM]	525	374	(D)
Hallertauer Mittelfruher	159	160	44
Helios [TM], HS15619	503	511	(D)
Idaho 7 [R]	290	243	260
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	1,120	495	558
Mt. Rainier	66	-	-
Saaz	380	372	84
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	257	97	97
Willamette	459	158	158
Experimental	(D)	31	(D)
Other varieties [1]	510	688	1,886
Total	8,645	5,797	5,102
Oregon			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	204	227	213
Cascade	629	487	487
Centennial	386	422	417
Chinook	76	62	103
Citra [R], HBC 394	1,528	1,260	1,525
Crystal	240	228	160
Liberty	25	25	(D)
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	847	653	684
Mt. Hood	188	142	118
Mt. Rainier	109	(D)	-
Nugget	375	252	157
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	466	447	431
Sterling	30	45	44
Strata [R], OR 91331	839	574	326
Tahoma	104	(D)	-
Willamette	439	266	227
Experimental	(D)	(D)	33
Other varieties [1]	337	545	429
Total	6,822	5,635	5,354

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Variety – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State and variety	Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)
Idaho			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	1,589	1,891	1,913
Apollo [TM]	2,744	2,709	(D)
Cascade	1,957	2,136	(D)
Cashmere	1,321	(D)	(D)
Chinook	2,047	1,903	(D)
Citra [R], HBC 394	1,581	1,579	1,631
Columbus/Tomahawk [R]/Zeus (CTZ)	2,638	3,336	3,402
Comet	1,877	(D)	(D)
El Dorado [R]	2,256	(D)	(D)
Elani [R], YQH 1320	1,158	2,673	2,657
Eureka! [TM]	2,308	2,592	(D)
Hallertauer Mittelfruher	1,085	1,693	1,474
Helios [TM], HS15619	1,736	3,092	(D)
Idaho 7 [R]	2,572	2,680	2,885
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	2,442	2,644	2,524
Mt. Rainier	1,572	(X)	(X)
Saaz	524	813	1,222
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	1,312	1,392	1,425
Willamette	1,440	1,501	1,462
Experimental	(D)	1,691	(D)
Other varieties [1]	1,778	2,013	2,191
Total	1,949	2,273	2,281
Oregon			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	1,841	1,727	2,064
Cascade	1,633	1,634	1,623
Centennial	1,057	1,459	1,400
Chinook	1,453	1,510	1,731
Citra [R], HBC 394	1,290	1,698	1,678
Crystal	1,422	1,432	1,633
Liberty	835	1,233	(D)
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	1,907	2,203	2,355
Mt. Hood	1,373	1,548	1,925
Mt. Rainier	1,497	(D)	(X)
Nugget	2,236	2,268	2,000
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	1,225	1,337	1,314
Sterling	1,859	1,451	1,452
Strata [R], OR 91331	1,617	1,961	2,128
Tahoma	1,884	(D)	(X)
Willamette	1,524	1,465	1,631
Experimental	(D)	(D)	1,629
Other varieties [1]	1,934	1,757	1,645
Total	1,558	1,732	1,759

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Variety – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State and variety	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Idaho			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	853.3	972.0	962.2
Apollo [TM]	573.5	568.9	(D)
Cascade	1,367.9	692.1	(D)
Cashmere	120.2	(D)	(D)
Chinook	837.2	365.4	(D)
Citra [R], HBC 394	1,603.1	961.6	1,189.0
Columbus/Tomahawk [R]/Zeus (CTZ)	2,793.6	2,705.5	2,636.6
Comet	202.7	(D)	(D)
El Dorado [R]	546.0	(D)	(D)
Elani [R], YQH 1320	9.3	21.4	21.3
Eureka! [TM]	1,211.7	969.4	(D)
Hallertauer Mittelfruher	172.5	270.9	64.9
Helios [TM], HS15619	873.2	1,580.0	(D)
Idaho 7 [R]	745.9	651.2	750.1
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	2,735.0	1,308.8	1,408.4
Mt. Rainier	103.8	-	-
Saaz	199.1	302.4	102.6
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	337.2	135.0	138.2
Willamette	661.0	237.2	231.0
Experimental	(D)	52.4	(D)
Other varieties [1]	906.8	1,384.6	4,132.9
Total	16,853.0	13,178.8	11,637.2
Oregon			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	375.6	392.0	439.6
Cascade	1,027.2	795.8	790.4
Centennial	408.0	615.7	583.8
Chinook	110.4	93.6	178.3
Citra [R], HBC 394	1,971.1	2,139.5	2,559.0
Crystal	341.3	326.5	261.3
Liberty	20.9	30.8	(D)
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	1,615.2	1,438.6	1,610.8
Mt. Hood	258.1	219.8	227.2
Mt. Rainier	163.2	(D)	-
Nugget	838.5	571.5	314.0
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	570.9	597.6	566.3
Sterling	55.8	65.3	63.9
Strata [R], OR 91331	1,356.7	1,125.6	693.7
Tahoma	195.9	(D)	-
Willamette	669.0	389.7	370.2
Experimental	(D)	(D)	53.8
Other varieties [1]	651.9	957.3	705.6
Total	10,629.7	9,759.3	9,417.9

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Variety – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State and variety	Area harvested		
	2023	2024	2025
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)
Washington			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	1,436	1,274	1,158
Apollo [TM]	802	870	522
Azacca [R], ADHA-483	401	367	(D)
Bravo [TM]	206	143	114
Cascade	3,156	2,271	1,719
Cashmere	258	140	186
Centennial	2,103	2,026	2,122
Chinook	1,216	1,006	954
Citra [R], HBC 394	6,314	4,906	5,327
Cluster	195	270	217
Columbus/Tomahawk [R]/Zeus (CTZ)	5,295	4,627	4,115
Comet	175	159	209
Ekuanot [R], HBC 366	373	433	316
El Dorado [R]	621	565	434
Elani [R], YQH 1320	61	58	78
Eureka! [TM]	621	479	401
HBC 682	2,226	2,429	2,059
Helios [TM], HS15619	1,006	1,379	(D)
Idaho 7 [R]	148	150	150
Krush [TM], HBC 586	(NA)	(NA)	331
Loral [R], HBC 291	161	106	(D)
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	3,309	2,459	2,246
Mt. Hood	(D)	(D)	51
Mt. Rainier	212	(D)	-
Palisade [R], YCR 4	260	315	(D)
Pekko [R], ADHA-871	1,045	(D)	834
Sabro [R], HBC 438	203	204	181
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	3,483	2,873	2,962
Super Galena [TM]	354	355	233
Tahoma	385	121	-
Talus [R], HBC 692	147	95	492
Warrior [R], YCR 5	148	147	(D)
Willamette	199	173	199
Experimental	602	411	322
Other varieties [1]	1,730	2,550	3,266
Total	38,851	33,361	31,198
United States	54,318	44,793	41,654

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Variety – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State and variety	Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025
	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)
Washington			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	1,686	1,419	1,725
Apollo [TM]	2,989	2,682	2,822
Azacca [R], ADHA-483	1,980	2,020	(D)
Bravo [TM]	2,896	2,711	3,029
Cascade	1,957	1,839	2,028
Cashmere	1,949	1,695	1,735
Centennial	1,191	1,621	1,543
Chinook	1,812	1,722	1,873
Citra [R], HBC 394	1,585	1,573	1,641
Cluster	1,722	1,855	2,114
Columbus/Tomahawk [R]/Zeus (CTZ)	2,465	2,496	2,622
Comet	1,857	1,558	1,163
Ekuanot [R], HBC 366	2,335	2,021	1,962
El Dorado [R]	2,093	1,580	2,034
Elani [R], YQH 1320	2,403	2,247	2,046
Eureka! [TM]	3,028	3,119	2,800
HBC 682	2,032	2,043	2,425
Helios [TM], HS15619	1,733	2,010	(D)
Idaho 7 [R]	3,062	2,598	2,576
Krush [TM], HBC 586	(NA)	(NA)	2,265
Loral [R], HBC 291	1,989	1,807	(D)
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	2,207	2,058	2,260
Mt. Hood	(D)	(D)	672
Mt. Rainier	2,031	(D)	(X)
Palisade [R], YCR 4	2,268	2,208	(D)
Pekko [R], ADHA-871	2,319	(D)	1,252
Sabro [R], HBC 438	3,034	2,397	2,744
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	1,539	1,527	1,503
Super Galena [TM]	2,970	2,921	2,807
Tahoma	1,589	1,329	(X)
Talus [R], HBC 692	1,967	1,864	789
Warrior [R], YCR 5	2,070	1,723	(D)
Willamette	971	1,320	1,481
Experimental	1,769	1,924	1,831
Other varieties [1]	2,177	1,738	2,212
Total	1,971	1,922	1,990
United States	1,915	1,944	1,996

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Variety – States and United States: 2023-2025 (continued)

State and variety	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Washington			
Amarillo [R], VGXP01	2,421.1	1,807.8	1,997.6
Apollo [TM]	2,397.2	2,333.3	1,473.1
Azacca [R], ADHA-483	794.0	741.3	(D)
Bravo [TM]	596.6	387.7	345.3
Cascade	6,176.3	4,176.4	3,486.1
Cashmere	502.8	237.3	322.7
Centennial	2,504.7	3,284.1	3,274.2
Chinook	2,203.4	1,732.3	1,786.8
Citra [R], HBC 394	10,007.7	7,717.1	8,741.6
Cluster	335.8	500.9	458.7
Columbus/Tomahawk [R]/Zeus (CTZ)	13,052.2	11,549.0	10,789.5
Comet	325.0	247.7	243.1
Ekuanot [R], HBC 366	871.0	875.1	620.0
El Dorado [R]	1,299.8	892.7	882.8
Elani [R], YQH 1320	146.6	130.3	159.6
Eureka! [TM]	1,880.4	1,494.0	1,122.8
HBC 682	4,523.2	4,962.4	4,993.1
Helios [TM], HS15619	1,743.4	2,771.8	(D)
Idaho 7 [R]	453.2	389.7	386.4
Krush [TM], HBC 586	(NA)	(NA)	749.7
Loral [R], HBC 291	320.2	191.5	(D)
Mosaic [R], HBC 369	7,303.0	5,060.6	5,076.0
Mt. Hood	(D)	(D)	34.3
Mt. Rainier	430.6	(D)	-
Palisade [R], YCR 4	589.7	695.5	(D)
Pekko [R], ADHA-871	2,423.4	(D)	1,044.2
Sabro [R], HBC 438	615.9	489.0	496.7
Simcoe [R], YCR 14	5,360.3	4,387.1	4,451.9
Super Galena [TM]	1,051.4	1,037.0	654.0
Tahoma	611.8	160.8	-
Talus [R], HBC 692	289.1	177.1	388.2
Warrior [R], YCR 5	306.4	253.3	(D)
Willamette	193.2	228.4	294.7
Experimental	1,064.9	790.8	589.6
Other varieties [1]	3,765.5	4,432.1	7,225.6
Total	76,559.8	64,134.1	62,088.3
United States	104,042.5	87,072.2	83,143.4

- Represents zero.
(D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.
(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[R] Registered
[TM] Trademark
[1] Includes data withheld to avoid disclosure of individual operations and varieties not listed.

Hop Organic Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – United States: 2023-2025

Year	Area harvested	Yield per acre	Production
	(acres)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
2023	634	1,679	1,064.5
2024	482	1,355	652.9
2025	409	1,615	660.7

Mint for Oil Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Crop – States and United States: 2023-2025

Crop, State, and variety	Area harvested			Yield per acre		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)
Peppermint						
Idaho	12.1	10.5	9.8	92	113	112
Indiana [1]	2.9	(NA)	(NA)	61	(NA)	(NA)
Oregon	8.0	7.0	7.0	84	77	102
Washington	5.7	5.4	6.1	112	117	108
United States	28.7	22.9	22.9	91	103	108
Spearmint						
Idaho	0.7	0.9	(D)	123	120	(D)
Indiana	1.6	1.7	1.9	59	64	79
Oregon	2.3	1.4	(D)	134	144	(D)
Washington	7.4	6.3	6.8	144	149	151
Native	6.1	5.4	5.6	146	157	162
Scotch	1.3	0.9	1.2	137	101	102
Other States [2]	-	-	2.9	(X)	(X)	148
United States	12.0	10.3	11.6	130	132	139

Crop, State, and variety	Production		
	2023	2024	2025
	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Peppermint			
Idaho	1,113	1,187	1,098
Indiana [1]	177	(NA)	(NA)
Oregon	672	539	714
Washington	638	632	659
United States	2,600	2,358	2,471
Spearmint			
Idaho	86	108	(D)
Indiana	94	109	150
Oregon	308	202	(D)
Washington	1,069	939	1,029
Native	891	848	907
Scotch	178	91	122
Other States [2]	-	-	430
United States	1,557	1,358	1,609

- Represents zero.
(D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual operations.
(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Estimates discontinued in 2024.
[2] Includes data withheld above.

Maple Syrup Taps, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023-2025

State	Acreage			Number of taps			Yield per tap			Production		
	2023	2024 [1]	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(1,000 taps)	(1,000 taps)	(1,000 taps)	(gallons)	(gallons)	(gallons)	(1,000 gallons)	(1,000 gallons)	(1,000 gallons)
Connecticut [1]	(NA)	2,800	2,300	(NA)	60	61	(NA)	0.186	0.148	(NA)	11	9
Indiana [1]	(NA)	3,300	4,000	(NA)	95	90	(NA)	0.228	0.272	(NA)	22	24
Maine	(NA)	21,500	19,900	1,880	1,900	1,760	0.250	0.369	0.312	470	701	549
Massachusetts [1]	(NA)	4,600	4,500	(NA)	200	190	(NA)	0.244	0.248	(NA)	49	47
Michigan	(NA)	11,300	9,800	620	650	680	0.330	0.308	0.298	205	200	203
Minnesota [1]	(NA)	3,700	3,200	(NA)	96	77	(NA)	0.271	0.308	(NA)	26	24
New Hampshire	(NA)	11,200	11,500	490	520	520	0.303	0.286	0.292	148	149	152
New York	(NA)	60,000	55,500	2,500	2,800	2,700	0.300	0.302	0.307	750	846	829
Ohio [1]	(NA)	12,300	10,200	(NA)	400	420	(NA)	0.240	0.245	(NA)	96	103
Pennsylvania	(NA)	13,700	13,400	780	790	780	0.263	0.231	0.251	205	182	196
Vermont	(NA)	141,000	140,500	8,100	8,400	8,350	0.322	0.370	0.367	2,608	3,108	3,064
West Virginia [1]	(NA)	2,200	2,200	(NA)	70	68	(NA)	0.171	0.215	(NA)	12	15
Wisconsin	(NA)	31,100	30,400	1,120	1,140	1,200	0.408	0.402	0.463	457	458	556
United States	(NA)	318,700	307,400	15,490	17,121	16,896	0.313	0.342	0.342	4,843	5,860	5,771

(NA) Not available.
[1] Estimates began in 2024.

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2024 and 2025

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year]

Crop	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Grains and hay				
Barley	2,381	2,299	1,885	1,761
Corn for grain [1]	90,909	98,788	83,046	91,258
Corn for silage	(NA)	(NA)	6,207	6,208
Hay, all	(NA)	(NA)	49,390	49,557
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	14,612	14,676
All other	(NA)	(NA)	34,778	34,881
Oats	2,235	2,370	894	944
Proso millet	481	442	427	397
Rice	2,919	2,812	2,871	2,740
Rye	2,206	2,229	402	341
Sorghum for grain [1]	6,315	6,640	5,605	6,020
Sorghum for silage	(NA)	(NA)	306	448
Wheat, all	46,274	45,328	38,633	37,241
Winter	33,535	33,153	26,207	25,508
Durum	2,064	2,185	2,036	2,123
Other spring	10,675	9,990	10,390	9,610
Oilseeds				
Canola	2,751.5	2,338.5	2,714.0	2,306.0
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Flaxseed	148	248	139	234
Mustard seed	185.3	126.2	177.2	111.8
Peanuts	1,801.0	1,953.0	1,743.0	1,906.0
Rapeseed	17.5	18.6	15.7	16.6
Safflower	118.6	116.5	110.0	108.5
Soybeans for beans	87,260	81,215	86,208	80,437
Sunflower	720.5	1,288.2	683.3	1,246.2
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all	11,183.0	9,282.5	7,805.2	7,804.9
Upland	10,976.0	9,141.0	7,604.7	7,666.7
American Pima	207.0	141.5	200.5	138.2
Sugarbeets	1,104.8	1,079.0	1,086.2	1,059.8
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	920.0	944.0
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	165.9	171.3
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	507.0	536.0	495.9	520.3
Dry edible beans	1,540.0	1,366.0	1,504.2	1,334.6
Dry edible peas	988.0	1,173.0	959.0	1,063.0
Lentils	936.0	1,072.0	903.0	949.0
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	(NA)	(NA)	44.8	41.7
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Peppermint oil	(NA)	(NA)	22.9	22.9
Potatoes	932.0	902.0	927.0	896.8
Spearmint oil	(NA)	(NA)	10.3	11.6

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2024 and 2025 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year]

Crop		Yield per acre		Production	
		2024	2025	2024	2025
				(1,000)	(1,000)
Grains and hay					
Barley	bushels	76.6	80.0	144,442	140,849
Corn for grain	bushels	179.3	186.5	14,891,756	17,020,549
Corn for silage	tons	20.2	21.8	125,590	135,540
Hay, all	tons	2.48	2.48	122,462	123,031
Alfalfa	tons	3.41	3.42	49,840	50,213
All other	tons	2.09	2.09	72,622	72,818
Oats	bushels	76.4	73.8	68,335	69,626
Proso millet	bushels	32.9	35.9	14,061	14,239
Rice [2]	cwt	7,753	7,544	222,589	206,707
Rye	bushels	36.6	36.5	14,729	12,459
Sorghum for grain	bushels	61.3	72.6	343,850	436,825
Sorghum for silage	tons	13.3	16.4	4,062	7,325
Wheat, all	bushels	51.2	53.3	1,978,697	1,984,537
Winter	bushels	51.7	54.9	1,354,436	1,401,554
Durum	bushels	39.3	40.6	80,051	86,223
Other spring	bushels	52.4	51.7	544,210	496,760
Oilseeds					
Canola	pounds	1,792	2,017	4,863,500	4,650,910
Cottonseed	tons	(X)	(X)	4,262.0	4,204.0
Flaxseed	bushels	17.4	22.2	2,413	5,202
Mustard seed	pounds	578	636	102,420	71,120
Peanuts	pounds	3,723	3,767	6,488,820	7,179,850
Rapeseed	pounds	2,019	2,126	31,705	35,290
Safflower	pounds	1,204	1,319	132,485	143,160
Soybeans for beans	bushels	50.7	53.0	4,374,228	4,261,858
Sunflower	pounds	1,670	1,863	1,141,195	2,321,852
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops					
Cotton, all [2]	bales	886	856	14,413.0	13,918.0
Upland [2]	bales	880	847	13,942.0	13,530.0
American Pima [2]	bales	1,128	1,348	471.0	388.0
Sugarbeets	tons	32.5	33.2	35,316	35,140
Sugarcane	tons	37.4	37.5	34,381	35,361
Tobacco	pounds	1,943	2,093	322,235	358,570
Dry beans, peas, and lentils					
Chickpeas [2]	cwt	1,148	1,315	5,692	6,844
Dry edible beans [2]	cwt	2,081	2,012	31,306	26,855
Dry edible peas [2]	cwt	1,776	1,738	17,029	18,480
Lentils [2]	cwt	1,002	1,112	9,049	10,557
Potatoes and miscellaneous					
Hops	pounds	1,944	1,996	87,072.2	83,143.4
Maple syrup	gallons	(NA)	(NA)	5,860	5,771
Mushrooms	pounds	(NA)	(NA)	658,604	669,930
Peppermint oil	pounds	103	108	2,358	2,471
Potatoes	cwt	454	460	421,172	412,860
Spearmint oil	pounds	132	139	1,358	1,609

(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Area planted for all purposes.
[2] Yield in pounds.

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2024 and 2025

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year]

Crop	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)
Grains and hay				
Barley	963,570	930,380	762,840	712,660
Corn for grain [1]	36,789,960	39,978,520	33,607,890	36,931,200
Corn for silage	(NA)	(NA)	2,511,910	2,512,320
Hay, all [2]	(NA)	(NA)	19,987,640	20,055,220
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	5,913,330	5,939,230
All other	(NA)	(NA)	14,074,310	14,115,990
Oats	904,480	959,120	361,790	382,030
Proso millet	194,660	178,870	172,800	160,660
Rice	1,181,290	1,137,990	1,161,860	1,108,850
Rye	892,750	902,050	162,690	138,000
Sorghum for grain [1]	2,555,620	2,687,140	2,268,290	2,436,230
Sorghum for silage	(NA)	(NA)	123,840	181,300
Wheat, all [2]	18,726,630	18,343,790	15,634,390	15,071,060
Winter	13,571,280	13,416,690	10,605,710	10,322,830
Durum	835,280	884,250	823,950	859,160
Other spring	4,320,070	4,042,850	4,204,730	3,889,070
Oilseeds				
Canola	1,113,500	946,370	1,098,330	933,220
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Flaxseed	59,890	100,360	56,250	94,700
Mustard seed	74,990	51,070	71,710	45,240
Peanuts	728,850	790,360	705,370	771,340
Rapeseed	7,080	7,530	6,350	6,720
Safflower	48,000	47,150	44,520	43,910
Soybeans for beans	35,313,250	32,866,900	34,887,520	32,552,050
Sunflower	291,580	521,320	276,520	504,320
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all [2]	4,525,650	3,756,530	3,158,690	3,158,560
Upland	4,441,880	3,699,270	3,077,550	3,102,640
American Pima	83,770	57,260	81,140	55,930
Sugarbeets	447,100	436,660	439,570	428,890
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	372,310	382,030
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	67,120	69,320
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	205,180	216,910	200,690	210,560
Dry edible beans	623,220	552,810	608,730	540,100
Dry edible peas	399,830	474,700	388,100	430,190
Lentils	378,790	433,830	365,440	384,050
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	(NA)	(NA)	18,130	16,860
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Peppermint oil	(NA)	(NA)	9,270	9,270
Potatoes	377,170	365,030	375,150	362,930
Spearmint oil	(NA)	(NA)	4,170	4,690

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2024 and 2025 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year]

Crop	Yield per hectare		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)
Grains and hay				
Barley	4.12	4.30	3,144,850	3,066,620
Corn for grain	11.26	11.71	378,268,030	432,341,860
Corn for silage	45.36	48.94	113,933,330	122,959,820
Hay, all [2]	5.56	5.57	111,095,660	111,611,850
Alfalfa	7.65	7.67	45,214,090	45,552,470
All other	4.68	4.68	65,881,570	66,059,380
Oats	2.74	2.65	991,880	1,010,620
Proso millet	1.85	2.01	318,900	322,930
Rice	8.69	8.46	10,096,470	9,376,070
Rye	2.30	2.29	374,130	316,470
Sorghum for grain	3.85	4.55	8,734,190	11,095,870
Sorghum for silage	29.76	36.65	3,684,980	6,645,130
Wheat, all [2]	3.44	3.58	53,851,310	54,010,250
Winter	3.48	3.70	36,861,710	38,144,050
Durum	2.64	2.73	2,178,630	2,346,610
Other spring	3.52	3.48	14,810,970	13,519,590
Oilseeds				
Canola	2.01	2.26	2,206,050	2,109,620
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	3,866,420	3,813,800
Flaxseed	1.09	1.40	61,290	132,140
Mustard seed	0.65	0.71	46,460	32,260
Peanuts	4.17	4.22	2,943,280	3,256,730
Rapeseed	2.26	2.38	14,380	16,010
Safflower	1.35	1.48	60,090	64,940
Soybeans for beans	3.41	3.56	119,046,980	115,988,770
Sunflower	1.87	2.09	517,640	1,053,170
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all [2]	0.99	0.96	3,138,060	3,030,290
Upland	0.99	0.95	3,035,510	2,945,810
American Pima	1.26	1.51	102,550	84,480
Sugarbeets	72.88	74.33	32,038,140	31,878,470
Sugarcane	83.77	83.97	31,189,920	32,078,960
Tobacco	2.18	2.35	146,160	162,640
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	1.29	1.47	258,180	310,440
Dry edible beans	2.33	2.26	1,420,020	1,218,120
Dry edible peas	1.99	1.95	772,420	838,240
Lentils	1.12	1.25	410,460	478,860
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	2.18	2.24	39,500	37,710
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	29,300	28,860
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	298,740	303,870
Peppermint oil	0.12	0.12	1,070	1,120
Potatoes	50.92	51.60	19,104,040	18,727,020
Spearmint oil	0.15	0.16	620	730

(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Area planted for all purposes.
[2] Total may not add due to rounding.

2025 Annual Weather Summary

Highlights: The year began with La Niña-esque conditions and ended with a weak La Niña underway, contributing to elevated drought coverage in the United States both early and late in the year. According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, national drought coverage across the Lower 48 States peaked for the year at 46.12 percent on November 18, with coverage remaining above 40 percent each week from September 16 through the end of the year. An earlier drought peak occurred on March 25, 2025, at 44.68 percent, with coverage topping 40 percent on February 4, 11, and each week from February 25 - April 1. Minimum drought coverage, 29.58 percent, occurred on June 3. National drought coverage fell below 30 percent for just 4 weeks during 2025: June 3 and 10, along with August 5 and 12. La Niña's official return occurred during September, and by late in the year, the National Weather Service (NWS) indicated that "the coupled ocean-atmosphere system remain[ed] consistent with La Niña." Often, La Niña nudges drought coverage in the United States higher during the autumn, winter, and spring, particularly across the Nation's southern tier, while elevating the odds of episodic storminess and cold outbreaks in the North.

Atlantic Basin hurricane activity during 2025 was on the low end of NWS expectations, which in May called for 13 to 19 named storms and six to ten hurricanes. Ultimately, there was 13 Atlantic Basin tropical cyclones, of which only five became hurricanes. Notably, there was not a single landfalling hurricane in the United States 2025, compared with five strikes (Hurricanes Beryl, Debby, Francine, Helene, and Milton) in 2024. Despite the lack of hurricanes striking the United States, there were some tropical impacts. The remnants of Tropical Storm Barry—infused with additional atmospheric moisture originating over eastern Pacific Ocean—contributed to the Nation's deadliest flash flood in 49 years. With at least 135 fatalities in south-central Texas at the start of Independence Day weekend—largely in the Kerr County portion of the Guadalupe River watershed—the rapidly unfolding flood rivaled the Big Thompson River disaster in Colorado on July 31, 1976.

Interestingly, the eastern Pacific Ocean had an unexpectedly active tropical season in 2025, with 18 named storms and ten hurricane. Nearly two-thirds of the eastern Pacific tropical cyclones passed near, or directly impacted, the Pacific Coast of Mexico. During the late summer and autumn of 2025, some of the eastern Pacific tropical moisture was drawn northward across the western United States, contributing to unusually heavy showers and localized drought relief. The tropical showers also helped to suppress the 2025 Western wildfire season, leading to just over 5 million acres of burned vegetation, nationally, versus the 10-year average of more than 7.4 million acres. Months earlier, however, the costliest wildfire outbreak in the Nation's history devastated parts of southern California in January 2025. Specifically, the Eaton and Palisades Fires scorched less than 40,000 acres but collectively destroyed more than 16,000 structures, resulting in at least 30 fatalities and more than $60 billion in estimated damage.

Severe thunderstorms were a common occurrence during the first half 2025, with the NWS cataloguing more than 1,500 tornadoes for the year. Across the country, there were two dozen deadly tornadoes from February 6-June 22, resulting in 68 fatalities. The year's deadliest tornado (19 deaths) struck Kentucky on May 16, with 17 of the fatalities occurring in Laurel County. Tornado activity peaked from March to June, with preliminary monthly tornado counts of 300, 352, 332, and 252, respectively. This year marked only sixth year with more than 1,500 tornadoes in the United States, following 2004, 2008, 2011, 2019, and 2024.

In early August, only 3 percent of both the Nation's corn and soybean production areas were considered to be in drought, based on an overlay of 2022 Census of Agriculture data from USDA and the *U.S. Drought Monitor*. By October 21, those values had risen to 32 percent for corn and 39 percent for soybeans. However, given the late onset of drought, many Midwestern summer crops escaped with only minor impacts during the filling stage of development. Consequently, record-high yields were observed for both crops; in the case of soybeans, the previous national record of 51.9 bushels per acre had been set in 2016.

Late in the year, there were several notable weather developments. First, a post-Thanksgiving storm blitzed the Midwest with heavy snow, leading to the snowiest November day (on the 29th) on record in locations such as Chicago, Illinois (8.4 inches), and Madison, Wisconsin (9.3 inches). The snow stayed on the ground for a couple of weeks, as Midwestern temperatures during the first half of December broadly averaged more than 10°F below normal. However, during the second half of December, a sudden and protracted warm spell caused snow coverage to retreat northward and boosted monthly temperatures more than 10°F above normal from the northern Great Basin to the central

High Plains. The late-year warmth was fueled by an onslaught of Pacific storminess, which led to flooding in several areas, including western Washington and parts of California. Overall, 2025 was one of the warmest years on record, propelled by the Nation's second-warmest spring (behind only 2012 and tied with 1910) and third-warmest autumn (behind 2016 and 2024).

Winter 2024-25: Courtesy of a very warm December and a dry January, the Lower 48 States experienced an overall mild, dry winter. However, spatial details revealed a much more complex scenario, highlighted by persistently warm, dry weather in the Southwest; episodic cold outbreaks in the central and eastern United States, as well as the Northwest; and a lack of winter snowfall in many areas from the northern Plains to the northern Atlantic Coast, including the western Corn Belt. Northern "snow drought" stood in stark contrast to several Southern snowstorms, including epic accumulations on January 21 along the Gulf Coast. In southern California, warm, windy weather—in the wake of a pair of winters with abundant precipitation and robust vegetative growth—culminated in disastrous and apocalyptic wildfires, starting on January 7, 2025.

Following a protracted wait, La Niña finally developed—albeit weakly—in time to influence winter weather patterns across North America. Southwestern warmth and dryness, as well as occasionally sharp cold waves in the central and eastern United States, were consistent with a La Niña-driven regime. La Niña also likely influenced Western precipitation patterns, leading to a sharp gradient between Southwestern dryness and robust storminess extending eastward from Oregon and northern California.

By the end of winter, there were two main areas of drought concern across the western and central United States, with one focused from southern California to western and southern Texas, and the other covering portions of the northern Plains and upper Midwest. Among states comprising the Rockies and Plains, topsoil moisture rated very short to short at the end of February—as reported by USDA/NASS—ranged from 35 percent in Kansas to 83 percent in South Dakota. Trailing South Dakota were New Mexico (79 percent very short to short), Nebraska (71 percent), Texas (64 percent), Wyoming (64 percent), and Colorado (58 percent). Overwintering conditions were decidedly mixed for wheat, which had struggled with widespread dryness during the autumn establishment season. Among major winter wheat production states on the Plains, South Dakota led at the end of February with 42 percent of the crop rated in very poor to poor condition, followed by Nebraska (38 percent) and Texas (33 percent). Winter wheat in Texas further deteriorated in early spring amid warmth, howling winds, and blowing dust, leaving 40 percent of the crop rated very poor to poor by March 9.

According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, drought coverage stood at 44.41 percent of the Lower 48 States on March 4, 2025, virtually unchanged from 43.64 percent on December 3, 2024. Coverage had briefly dipped below 37 percent for 2 weeks in January. However, coverage of extreme to exceptional drought—D3 to D4—increased from 4.65 to 7.19 percent between December 3 and March 4, mostly reflecting worsening conditions in parts of the Southwest.

Spring: On the strength of consistently above-normal temperatures, featuring the sixth-warmest March, 14th-warmest April, and 26th-warmest May, the continental United States experienced its second-warmest spring on record. Embedded within the overall warmth were a few early-season heat waves, especially in the West. Impacts of the Western warmth included prematurely melting snowpack and reduced optimism for summer water supplies, with storage potential lost due to factors such as sublimation of snow (loss of moisture directly into the air) and absorption of water by "thirsty" soils, along with a potential lengthening of the wildfire season.

Farther east, however, spring warmth favored a rapid pace of development for winter grains and newly planted crops. Warm weather also promoted pasture growth in areas not experiencing significant drought. By June 1, pastures were rated at least one-half in good to excellent condition in every state from the Mississippi Valley eastward, except Florida, Maryland, and Virginia. Meanwhile, rangeland and pastures with very poor to poor ratings above the national value of 33 percent were confined to a handful of drought-affected states: Nevada (90 percent), Arizona (85 percent), Nebraska (56 percent), Montana (53 percent), New Mexico (47 percent), and Texas (34 percent).

Despite increasingly wet weather as spring progressed in parts of the central and eastern United States, producers took advantage of early fieldwork openings to quickly plant most crops. Another factor in faster-than-normal spring planting was the fact that national drought coverage had peaked above 50 percent in autumn 2024—and had been above 40 percent as recently as April 1, 2025. Consequently, some of the spring rainfall went into replenishing the soil moisture profile,

with rapid surface drying often observed between rain events. However, there were some notable exceptions, mainly from the mid-South into the lower Midwest, where some producers were unable to plant. By June 1, topsoil moisture was rated at least 40 percent surplus in Alabama, Arkansas, and Mississippi, as well as several Northeastern States. Only 66 percent of the Nation's intended cotton acreage had been planted by June 1, behind the 5-year average of 69 percent. Cotton planting progress on that date was particularly slow in Mississippi (54 percent, versus the 5-year average of 87 percent) and Alabama (67 percent versus 88 percent).

According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, drought coverage stood at 29.58 percent of the Lower 48 States on June 3, 2025, down nearly 15 percentage points from 44.41 percent on March 4. When national drought coverage fell below 30 percent on June 3, it marked the first such occurrence since September 3, 2024, exactly 9 months earlier. Still, a core drought area covered much of the Southwest, extending across portions of the northern Plains and upper Midwest. By early June, extreme to exceptional drought (D3 to D4) was noted across parts of ten states, including 55 percent of Arizona, 46 percent of New Mexico, 19 percent of Texas, and 18 percent of Arizona. As spring ended, a notable, short-term drying trend was underway in the Northwest, reflected by USDA/NASS topsoil moisture rated very short to short in Oregon increasing from 15 to 52 percent during the 5-week period ending June 1.

Summer: According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, drought coverage across the Lower 48 States increased from 29.58 to 34.72 percent—more than 5 percentage points—between June 3 and September 2, 2025. However, worsening drought from the Pacific Northwest to the Intermountain West was partially offset by improving conditions in Florida, western and southern Texas, and an area stretching from the northern and central Plains into the upper Midwest. Mid- to late-summer "flash drought" resulted in rapidly deteriorating conditions—including soil moisture depletion—from the mid-South into the Northeast, including much of the Ohio Valley. By September 2, nine percent of the national corn production area and 16 percent of the soybeans were considered to be in drought, up from August 5 values of 3 percent for both crops. In fact, among major row crops, only barley and spring wheat were significantly affected by widespread drought, owing to lingering impacts on the northern High Plains and emerging impacts in the Northwest. On July 22, barley production area in drought peaked at 62 percent, while spring wheat in drought topped out at 43 percent. Late-summer rainfall in the barley and spring wheat production areas arrived too late to significantly benefit the crops. In the final barley condition report of the year, on August 24, fifty-seven percent of Washington's crop was rated in very poor to poor condition, along with 41 percent in Montana. Similarly, 53 percent of Washington's spring wheat was rated very poor to poor on that date, along with 49 percent in Montana. In contrast, 69 percent of the Nation's corn was rated good to excellent at the end of August, highest for that time of year since 2016.

Tropical activity was rather infrequent during the first half of the Atlantic hurricane season. From June to August, there were only six named tropical cyclones in the Atlantic Basin. Only one of the cyclones—Erin—became a hurricane. Erin never made landfall during a lengthy life cycle, but—as a Category 4/5 storm—passed less than 150 miles north of the northern U.S. Virgin Islands and northeastern Puerto Rico on August 16-17. By August 21, a weakening Erin curved about 200 miles east of North Carolina's Outer Bank. Among the six cyclones, only Tropical Storm Chantal made landfall in the United States (in South Carolina on July 6), although Barry—which made landfall as a tropical depression on the Mexican Gulf Coast on June 29—later contributed to catastrophic flooding in the Guadalupe River basin of south-central Texas. That deluge, which led to at least 135 fatalities and became the Nation's deadliest flash flood since 1976, was the worst of a summer-long series of flash-flood events. A partial listing of locations affected by other notable flash floods included San Antonio, Texas, on June 12; Wheeling, West Virginia, on June 14-15; parts of north-central North Carolina (associated with the remnants of Chantal) on July 7; Ruidoso, New Mexico, on July 8 and 30; Milwaukee, Wisconsin, on August 9-10; and Chattanooga, Tennessee, on August 12.

Tornado activity seasonally waned during the summer. However, there were more than 250 June tornadoes, based on preliminary information, along with approximately 4,000 reports of damaging winds. One of June's most dramatic severe-weather events was a derecho that traversed the north-central United States on the night of June 20-21, starting in southeastern Montana before tearing across the entire length of North Dakota with winds as high as 100 mph, later winding down across the upper Great Lakes region. July and August combined for fewer than 150 tornadoes. Still, the first 8 months of 2025 featured more than 1,400 tornadoes, seemingly within reach of the 2004 annual record of 1,817. Besides 2004, more than 1,500 tornadoes were reported in only four other years: 2008, 2011, 2019, and 2024.

Autumn: According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, drought coverage across the Lower 48 States increased from 34.72 to 41.42 percent—nearly 7 percentage points—between September 2 and December 2, 2025. Autumn drought coverage twice peaked slightly above 46 percent, on October 21 and November 18. A regional glance at changing drought coverage showed significant autumn improvement in the western United States, as well as parts of the mid-South and lower Midwest. However, worsening drought was observed in many areas, including northern Montana and much of the Deep South, along with portions of the Midwest and East. In October, during the harvest season, as much as 32 percent of the Nation's corn production area and 39 percent of the soybeans were considered to be in drought. For both crops, those values had been as low as 3 percent in early August. In contrast, beneficial autumn precipitation across the central Plains helped to reduce coverage of drought in the Nation's winter wheat production area from 45 to 35 percent between October 14 and December 2. In the final USDA/NASS *Crop Progress* report of the season, dated November 23, nearly one-half (48 percent) of the Nation's winter wheat was rated in good to excellent condition, while 17 percent was rated very poor to poor. In top producer Kansas, 62 percent of the wheat was rated good to excellent on that date. Very poor to poor winter wheat ratings, largely due to drought, were above the national value of 17 percent in only three states: Texas (36 percent very poor to poor), Montana (29 percent), and Oklahoma (24 percent).

The United States weathered the 2025 Atlantic tropical season without a hurricane strike. The season ended with 13 Atlantic tropical cyclones, of which five became hurricanes. Seven of the cyclones formed during meteorological autumn, starting with Gabrielle on September 17 and ending with Melissa, which became one of the strongest landfalling Atlantic Basin hurricanes on record while striking southwestern Jamaica on October 28. In late September, Hurricanes Humberto and Imelda passed close enough to the southern and middle Atlantic Coast to generate large swells and heavy surf, leading to rip currents and beach erosion. Meanwhile, very active tropical weather prevailed over the eastern Pacific Ocean, where there were 18 tropical cyclones and 10 hurricanes. More than half of the tropical cyclones passed close to, or directly affected, the Pacific Coast of Mexico, starting with Alvin in late May and ending with Priscilla and Raymond in early October. Remnant moisture from several of the eastern Pacific tropical cyclones was drawn into the western United States, contributing to unusually heavy autumn rainfall.

East of the Rockies, long stretches of drier-than-normal weather promoted summer crop maturation and harvesting, as well as winter wheat planting. However, dryness also adversely affected some rangeland and pastures, and reduced soil moisture availability for newly planted winter grains and cover crops. In the final report of the season, on September 28, more than one-third (35 percent) of the Nation's rangeland and pastures were rated in very poor condition, with values topping 40 percent in all five Northwestern States, led by Montana (60 percent very poor to poor). Very poor to poor pasture ratings above 40 percent were also noted a few Midwestern States, including Illinois (51 percent) and Ohio (48 percent).

December: Across the continental United States, December featured an ongoing battle between frigid air arriving from northwestern North America and seemingly endless Pacific warmth and storminess. Temperature patterns exhibited the struggle, with significantly colder-than-normal conditions in the Great Lakes and Northeastern States contrasting with record-setting warmth extending from parts of the West to the High Plains. In fact, monthly temperatures averaged at least 10°F above normal in numerous locations from the interior Northwest and northern Great Basin to the central High Plains. Conversely, readings broadly averaged at least 5°F below normal from the upper Great Lakes region into the Northeast. The mean dividing line between cold and warm air generally stretched from northeastern Montana to the southern Appalachians.

Due to consistently cold Midwestern conditions early in the month, snow that had fallen in late November was slow to melt. In fact, snow coverage across the Lower 48 States topped 40 percent each day from December 3-6, as fresh snow briefly expanded coverage into portions of the central and southern Plains, mid-South, and mid-Atlantic. However, as milder air gradually spread northeastward, national snow coverage fell below 30 percent by December 16 and below 20 percent by December 21, according to the National Weather Service. Given the overarching December warmth across the western United States, high-elevation snow accumulations were largely inadequate, leaving only the northern Rockies with near- or above-average snowpack as 2026 began. In the Sierra Nevada, the average snow-water equivalency increased from around an inch in mid-December to 6.5 inches (about two-thirds of normal for the date) at the end of the month, according to the California Department of Water Resources, courtesy of holiday-week storms that delivered low-elevation downpours and less-than-optimal amounts of mountain snow.

Western precipitation—albeit widespread and frequently heavy—generally shifted southward as the month progressed. Consequently, flooding initially struck western Washington—peaking on or about December 10—before extending as far south as southern California just prior to the holidays. Christmas Eve featured more than 4 inches of rain in southern California communities such as Sandberg and Santa Barbara, with the latter location experiencing its wettest December day on record. However, there was a sharp divide between December storminess across the northern Plains and much of the West, and very dry conditions from the Four Corners region to the central and southern Plains and the mid-South. Aside from heavy precipitation in southern sections of California and the Great Basin, the December precipitation distribution was loosely consistent with weak La Niña conditions, which have been present since early autumn.

During the 4-week period ending December 30, drought coverage across the Lower 48 States was nearly steady, ranging from 40 to 43 percent, according to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*. The year ended with 16 consecutive weeks featuring national drought coverage of 40 percent or greater. During December, general decreases in coverage across the Pacific Coast States, northern Rockies, and southern Great Basin contrasted with worsening drought from portions of the southern Plains to the southern Appalachians. Other areas, including the Midwest and East, experienced a mix of December drought improvement and deterioration.

In drought-affected areas of the country, agricultural impacts included poor rangeland and pasture conditions, as well as low streamflow and reduced surface water supplies. In the Southeast, a late-month cold snap resulted in additional pasture concerns, as hard freezes may have burned back any recent grass growth related to record-setting warmth. Despite the late-month cool spell, freezes did not reach into key winter agricultural regions of peninsular Florida and Deep South Texas. However, by the morning of January 1, 2026, frost and light freezes were briefly reported as far south as Florida's Lake Okeechobee. Farther west, the Plains' winter wheat lacked a protective snow cover, although the absence of extreme cold in most production areas prevented major crop concerns. Amid December wetness, winter wheat-related drought concerns eased in Montana. Conversely, portions of the southern Plains' wheat production area remained quite dry.

2025 Annual Crop Summary

April: April was warmer than normal for most of the Nation, with temperatures exceeding average readings by 2°F or more across the Southeast, the Mississippi Delta, and Texas. Only small areas of the West and the upper Great Lakes States had below-normal temperatures. Meanwhile, precipitation was nearly non-existent in the Southwest and below normal across most of the Pacific Coast, Rockies, and Atlantic Coast. The Corn Belt had mostly near-normal precipitation, while a band extending from New Mexico through the southern Great Plains, and southern Corn Belt received more than twice the normal precipitation. Toward the end of April, weather conditions influenced both planting progress and crop development, allowing certain crops to advance beyond the 5-year average pace. By April 27, corn planting progress reached 24 percent, 1 percentage point behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Five percent of the corn crop had emerged, 1 percentage point behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Winter wheat heading reached 27 percent, 1 percentage point behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Cotton planting was 15 percent complete, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Sorghum planting reached 21 percent, 2 percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Rice seeding was 64 percent complete, 14 percentage points behind the previous year but 13 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Rice emerged was 42 percent, 4 percentage points behind last year but 11 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Oat acreage was 61 percent planted, equal to last year but 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Thirty-seven percent of the oat crop had emerged, 4 percentage points behind the previous year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Barley planting was 37 percent complete, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Spring wheat was 30 percent seeded, 1 percentage point behind last year but 9 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Peanut planting reached 8 percent, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Sugarbeet planting was 54 percent complete, 6 percentage points behind last year but 16 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

May: May brought a mix of weather conditions for agriculture in the United States. A large part of the Atlantic Coast States recorded above-normal precipitation, limiting the number of days suitable for fieldwork. The Delta region experienced excessive rainfall, restricting fieldwork and delaying planting activities in some areas. Fieldwork delays due to rain were also reported in parts of the Ohio Valley. Rainfall contributed to drought relief in parts of the Great Plains

during the second half of the month. In contrast, dry conditions prevailed in the Pacific Northwest and Southwest. Florida and parts of Texas experienced unusually high temperatures during May. Toward the end of May, these varied weather conditions influenced both planting progress and crop development, with some crops advancing ahead of the 5-year average while others faced delays. By May 25, corn planting progress reached 87 percent, 6 percentage points ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sixty-seven percent of the corn crop had emerged, 12 percentage points ahead of last year and 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Soybean planting progress reached 76 percent, 10 percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Fifty percent of the soybean crop had emerged, 13 percentage points ahead of last year and 10 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Winter wheat heading was 75 percent, 1 percentage point behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Cotton planting progress was 52 percent complete, 5 percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Three percent of the cotton crop had reached the squaring stage, 1 percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. Sorghum planting progress reached 39 percent, 2 percentage points behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Rice seeding was 93 percent complete, 2 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Eighty-two percent of the rice crop had emerged, equal to last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Eighty-one percent of the oat crop had emerged, 5 percentage points ahead of last year and 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Twenty-nine percent of the oat crop had headed, 1 percentage point ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Barley was 82 percent planted, 5 percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Fifty-eight percent of the barley crop had emerged, 2 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Eighty-seven percent of the spring wheat crop was seeded by May 25, equal to last year but 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sixty percent of the spring wheat crop had emerged, 2 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Peanut planting reached 69 percent, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sunflower planting progress was 24 percent, 7 percentage points ahead of last year and 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

June: June brought warmer-than-normal temperatures across key agricultural regions in the United States. In parts of the Pacific Northwest and Southwest, temperatures were 2° to 6°F above average. Much of the Ohio Valley also experienced above-normal June temperatures. Meanwhile, the Pacific Northwest remained dry, while precipitation was near or above average across much of the United States. The central and southern Great Plains recorded mostly above-normal precipitation, with some areas receiving up to 6 inches more than average. The lower Mississippi Valley and Tennessee Valley also saw above-normal precipitation in June. In contrast, northern and much of eastern Florida experienced unusually dry conditions. Toward the end of June, these weather conditions influenced planting progress and crop development, with some crops advancing ahead of the 5-year average while others lagged behind. By June 29, eight percent of the corn crop had reached the silking stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety-four percent of the soybean crop had emerged, equal to last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Seventeen percent of the soybean crop was blooming, 1 percentage point behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Three percent of the soybean crop had begun setting pods, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Winter wheat harvested reached 37 percent, 15 percentage points behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Cotton planting was 95 percent complete, 2 percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Forty percent of the cotton crop had reached the squaring stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Nine percent of the Nation's cotton crop had begun setting bolls, 2 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Sorghum planting progress reached 92 percent, 3 percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Eighteen percent of the sorghum had reached the headed stage, 1 percentage point behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Nineteen percent of the rice crop had reached the headed stage, 2 percentage points ahead of last year and 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-four percent of the oat crop had headed, 2 percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Thirty-five percent of the Nation's barley had reached the headed stage, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Ninety-six percent of the spring wheat crop had emerged by June 29, four percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. Thirty-eight percent of the spring wheat crop had reached the headed stage, 3 percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Forty-one percent of the peanut crop had reached the pegging stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sunflower planting was 97 percent complete, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average.

July: July brought mixed conditions across key agricultural regions in the United States. Temperatures remained near normal in the northern and central Great Plains, while portions of the southern Great Plains experienced below-normal temperatures. Much of the eastern United States recorded temperatures ranging from 2° to 6°F above normal for the month. The Southwest recorded near-normal temperatures, while parts of the Pacific Northwest were warmer than normal. Drier conditions prevailed across most of the Southwest, as well as parts of the lower Mississippi Valley and northern Atlantic Coast States. In contrast, western and central parts of the Corn Belt, central Texas, northern Rockies, and Cascades received precipitation, with some locations recording up to 400 percent of normal for the month. Toward the end of July, these weather conditions influenced crop development and harvest progress, with some crops advancing ahead of the 5-year average while others lagged behind. By July 27, seventy-six percent of the corn crop had reached the silking stage, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Twenty-six percent of the corn crop was at the dough stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-six percent of the soybean crop had reached the blooming stage, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. Forty-one percent of the soybean crop had begun setting pods, 1 percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. Winter wheat harvested reached 80 percent, 1 percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. Eighty percent of the cotton crop had reached the squaring stage, 6 percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Forty-four percent of the cotton crop was setting bolls, 8 percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Thirty-nine percent of the sorghum had reached the headed stage by July 27, six percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Twenty-one percent of the sorghum crop had reached the coloring stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Rice heading advanced to 63 percent, 6 percentage points behind last year but 10 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.
Oat harvest progress reached 29 percent, 4 percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Eighty percent of the barley crop had headed, 8 percentage points behind last year and 14 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Barley harvested was 1 percent by July 27, one percentage point behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Spring wheat was at 92 percent heading, 1 percentage point behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Spring wheat harvested was 1 percent, equal to last year but 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Peanut pegging reached 87 percent by July 27, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average.

August: August brought mixed conditions across key U.S. agricultural regions. Warmer-than-normal temperatures prevailed in much of the Pacific Northwest and Southwest. In contrast, much of the eastern U.S. recorded monthly temperatures ranging from 2 to 4°F below normal. The northern Great Plains and upper Mississippi Valley experienced variable temperatures, with localized areas recording near- to slightly below-normal readings. Meanwhile, much of the middle and northern Atlantic Coast States, Ohio Valley, and middle Mississippi Valley recorded below-normal rainfall, contributing to topsoil moisture depletion. The Pacific Coast and Southwest also experienced drier-than-normal weather. Precipitation varied across the Great Plains and upper Mississippi Valley, with some areas receiving above-normal totals while others remained below normal. Parts of the Southeast received significant rainfall, with some locations recording up to four times the normal amount. Toward the end of August, these weather conditions influenced crop development and harvest progress, with some crops advancing ahead of the 5-year average while others lagged behind. By August 31, ninety percent of the corn crop was at the dough stage, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Fifty-eight percent of the corn crop had reached the dented stage, equal to last year but 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Fifteen percent of the corn crop was mature, 3 percentage points behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety-four percent of the soybean crop had begun setting pods, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. Eleven percent of the soybean crop had dropped leaves, 1 percentage point behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety percent of the cotton crop was setting bolls, 4 percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Twenty-eight percent of the cotton crop had bolls opening, 7 percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Ninety-four percent of the sorghum had reached the headed stage, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. Fifty-eight percent of the sorghum crop had reached the coloring stage, 2 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Twenty-eight percent of the sorghum crop was mature, 1 percentage point behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sorghum harvested was 17 percent complete, 2 percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. Rice crop was 33 percent harvested, 9 percentage points behind last year but 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Oat harvested was at

88 percent, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Barley harvested was 72 percent complete, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Seventy-two percent of the spring wheat acreage had been harvested by August 31, five percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average.

September: Weather conditions varied across major U.S. agricultural regions during September. Temperatures averaged above normal across most of the country, with the Pacific Northwest and northern Rockies recording up to 4°F above normal. In contrast, portions of the Southeast experienced below-normal temperatures. Meanwhile, dryness prevailed across the Northeast, Southeast, Corn Belt, and Delta, while localized rainfall occurred in parts of Kansas, Nebraska, and South Dakota. Other areas of the Great Plains remained dry. The western U.S. experienced above-normal precipitation, particularly in the Southwest and Pacific Northwest. Toward the end of September, these weather conditions influenced crop development and harvest progress, with some crops advancing ahead of the 5-year average while others lagged behind. By September 28, ninety-five percent of the corn crop had reached the dented stage, equal to last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Seventy-one percent of the corn crop was mature, 2 percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Corn harvested was 18 percent complete, 2 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Seventy-nine percent of the soybean crop had dropped leaves, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Soybean harvested progress was at 19 percent, 5 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Sixty-seven percent of the cotton crop had bolls opening, 4 percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Cotton harvested progress was at 16 percent, 3 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Thirty-four percent of the intended 2026 winter wheat was planted by September 28, three percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Thirteen percent of the winter wheat acreage had emerged, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety-three percent of the Nation's sorghum crop had reached the coloring stage by September 28, two percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. Sixty-one percent of the sorghum crop was mature, 7 percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Sorghum harvested progress reached 28 percent, six percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Rice crop was 77 percent harvested by September 28, equal to last year but 10 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Peanut harvested was 17 percent complete, 7 percentage points ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sugarbeet crop was 15 percent harvested, equal to last year but 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average.

November: November brought mixed conditions across key U.S. agricultural regions. Much of the West and the Nation's midsection recorded above-normal November temperatures. Parts of the Rockies and Texas observed monthly temperatures 6°F or more above normal. In contrast, portions of the Great Lakes, Ohio Valley, New England, and Florida recorded temperatures up to 3°F below normal. Meanwhile, drier-than-normal conditions dominated much of the Southeast, while portions of the Southwest and Great Plains received at least twice the normal November precipitation. Toward the end of November, these weather conditions influenced harvest and planting progress across the Nation. By November 23, corn harvested was 96 percent complete, 4 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Cotton harvested reached 79 percent, 4 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Winter wheat planting was nearly complete at 97 percent, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. Eighty-seven percent of the winter wheat acreage had emerged, 1 percentage point behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Sorghum harvest progress was at 91 percent, 7 percentage points behind last year and 6 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Peanut harvest progress reached 94 percent, 2 percentage points ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. Sunflower harvest progress was 86 percent complete by November 23, six percentage points behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average.

Crop Comments

Corn: Corn for grain production in the United States was estimated at a record high 17.0 billion bushels, up 14 percent from the 2024 estimate. The average yield in the United States was estimated at a record high 186.5 bushels per acre, 7.2 bushels above the 2024 yield of 179.3 bushels per acre.

Estimated yields in 2025 were up from the previous year across a majority of the Corn Belt. Record high yields were estimated in Georgia, Indiana, Louisiana, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Virginia, Washington, and

Wisconsin.

Corn planted area, at 98.8 million acres, was up 9 percent from the 2024 estimate. Area harvested for grain was estimated at 91.3 million acres, up 10 percent from the 2024 estimate.

The 2025 corn objective yield data indicated the eighth highest number of ears per acre for the combined 10 objective yield States (Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin).

Corn silage production was estimated at a record high 136 million tons for 2025, up 8 percent from the 2024 estimate. The United States silage yield was estimated at a record high 21.8 tons per acre, up 1.6 tons from 2024. Record high silage yields were estimated in Delaware, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, North Carolina, and Ohio. Area harvested for silage was estimated at 6.21 million acres, up slightly from the 2024 estimate. Record low acres harvested for silage were estimated in Alabama, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and West Virginia. Record high acres harvested for silage were estimated in Idaho and Nevada.

Two percent of the Nation's corn crop was planted by April 6, and planting progress reached 97 percent by June 8, which was equal to the 5-year average. Two percent of the Nation's corn acreage had emerged by April 20, and 97 percent of the corn had emerged by June 22, one percentage point behind the 5-year average. By June 22, four percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, and by August 17, ninety-seven percent had reached the silking stage, one percentage point behind the 5-year average. By July 6, three percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, and by September 7, ninety-five percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, which was equal to the 5-year average. By August 3, six percent of the corn acreage was denting, and by September 28, ninety-five percent of the corn acreage was denting, one percentage point behind the 5-year average. Three percent of the Nation's corn acreage was mature by August 17, and seventy-one percent was mature by September 28, three percentage points behind the 5-year average. Four percent of the 2025 corn acreage was harvested by September 7, and ninety-six percent was harvested by November 23, one percentage point behind the 5-year average.

Sorghum: Grain production in 2025 was estimated 437 million bushels, up 27 percent from the 2024 total. Planted area for 2025 was estimated at 6.64 million acres, up 5 percent from 2024. Area harvested for grain, at 6.02 million acres, was up 7 percent from 2024. Grain yield was estimated at 72.6 bushels per acre, up 11.3 bushels from 2024. A record high production is expected in Colorado.

Silage production was estimated at 7.33 million tons, up 80 percent from 2024. Area harvested for silage was estimated at 448,000 acres, up 46 percent from the previous year. Silage yield averaged 16.4 tons per acre, up 3.1 tons per acre from 2024. Record high production and yield for silage was recorded in Texas.

Oats: Production in 2025 was estimated at 69.6 million bushels, up 2 percent from 2024. Yield was estimated at 73.8 bushels per acre, down 3 percent from 2024. Producers seeded 2.37 million acres of oats in 2025, an increase of 6 percent from the previous year. Despite the increase, planted area for the Nation was the third lowest on record. Area harvested for grain, at 944 thousand acres, was up 6 percent from 2024.

Record low planted acres were estimated for Idaho, Maine, New York, and Oregon. Record low harvested acres were estimated for Oregon. Record high yields were estimated in Illinois, Iowa, Maine, and Michigan.

Nationally, oat producers seeded 61 percent of the 2025 acreage by April 27, equal to the previous year but 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Fifty-nine percent of the oat acreage had emerged by May 11, one percentage point ahead of the previous year and 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Heading of the oat acreage advanced to 96 percent complete by July 20, two percentage points ahead of the previous year and one percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Oat producers harvested 41 percent of the acreage by August 3, four percentage points behind the previous year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Eighty percent of the Nation's oat acreage was harvested by August 24, four percentage points ahead of the previous year but equal to the 5-year average. As of September 14, ninety-five percent of the oat acreage was harvested, 2 percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average.

Barley: Production was estimated at 141 million bushels, down 2 percent from the 2024 total of 144 million bushels. The average yield, at a record high 80.0 bushels per acre, was up 3.4 bushels from the previous year. Producers seeded a record low 2.30 million acres in 2025, down 3 percent from 2024. Area harvested for grain, at 1.76 million acres, was down 7 percent from 2024.

Record low planted acres were estimated in California, Colorado, New York, Oregon, and Washington. Record high yields were estimated in Delaware, Idaho, Maryland, North Dakota, and Wyoming.

Six percent of the Nation's barley acreage was planted by April 6, one percentage point ahead of the previous year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Nationwide, barley producers seeded 26 percent of the Nation's acreage by April 20, four percentage points ahead of the previous year and 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By April 20, emergence was evident in 3 percent of the Nation's barley acreage, one percentage point ahead of the previous year but equal to the 5-year average. Nationally, 82 percent of the barley acreage was sown by May 25, five percentage points behind the previous year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Fifty-eight percent of the barley acreage had emerged by May 25, two percentage points behind the previous year but equal to the 5-year average. Heading of the Nation's barley acreage advanced to 35 percent complete by June 29, one percentage point ahead of the previous year but 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By July 27, barley producers had harvested 1 percent of the Nation's acreage, 1 percentage point behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Overall, 42 percent of the barley acreage was reported in good to excellent condition on August 3, thirty percentage points below the same time in 2024. By September 14, ninety-five percent of the barley acreage was harvested, 2 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average.

All wheat production totaled 1.98 billion bushels in 2025, up less than 1 percent from the 2024 total. Area harvested for grain totaled 37.2 million acres, down 4 percent from 2024. The United States yield was estimated at 53.3 bushels per acre, up 2.1 bushels from the previous year. The levels of production and changes from 2024 by type were: winter wheat, 1.40 billion bushels, up 3 percent; other spring wheat, 497 million bushels, down 9 percent; and Durum wheat, 86.2 million bushels, up 8 percent.

Winter wheat: Winter wheat production for 2025 totaled 1.40 billion bushels, up 3 percent from the 2024 total of 1.35 billion bushels. A record high production was estimated in Idaho. The United States yield, at 54.9 bushels per acre, was up 3.2 bushels from 2024. Record high yields were estimated in Georgia, Illinois, Michigan, Missouri, South Carolina, and Texas for 2025. Growers planted 33.2 million acres of winter wheat, down 1 percent from 2024. Record low area planted was estimated in California and Virginia. Area harvested for grain was estimated at 25.5 million acres, down 3 percent from 2024. Record low area harvested was estimated in Virginia.

Compared with 2024, harvested acreage was down 3 percent in the major Hard Red Winter (HRW) growing States, the primary winter wheat-producing area. HRW production totaled 804 million bushels, up 4 percent from 2024.

In the Soft Red Winter (SRW) growing area, harvested acreage decreased 1 percent from 2024. SRW production totaled 353 million bushels, up 2 percent from 2024.

White winter wheat production totaled 244 million bushels, up 3 percent from 2024. Harvested acreage was down 1 percent from 2024.

Seeding of the 2025 winter wheat acreage began in September 2024 with 6 percent sown by September 8. By October 6, producers had sown 51 percent of the intended 2025 winter wheat acreage, 1 percentage point behind both the previous year and the 5-year average. Nationwide, 25 percent of the winter wheat acreage had emerged by October 6, equal to the previous year and the 5-year average. Seeding of the 2025 acreage was at 91 percent by November 10, one percentage point behind the previous year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Nationwide, 76 percent of the winter wheat acreage had emerged by November 10, three percentage points behind both the previous year and the 5-year average. Overall, 44 percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage was reported in good to excellent condition for the week ending November 10, compared with 47 percent at the same time the previous year as the acreage was entering dormancy.

As the acreage was emerging from dormancy, 48 percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage was reported in good to excellent condition on April 6, compared with 56 percent at the same time the previous year. By April 27, twenty-seven percent of the Nation's winter wheat acreage was headed, 1 percentage point behind the previous year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On April 27, forty-nine percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage was reported in good to excellent condition, equal to the previous year. By May 25, seventy-five percent of the Nation's winter wheat acreage was headed, 1 percentage point behind the previous year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. As of May 25, fifty percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage was reported in good to excellent condition, 2 percentage points above the same time the previous year.

Nineteen percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage was harvested by June 22, nineteen percentage points behind the previous year and 9 percentage points behind the 5-year average. As of June 22, forty-nine percent of the 2025 winter wheat United States acreage was reported in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points below the same time the previous year. Sixty-three percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage had been harvested by July 13, seven percentage points behind the previous year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Ninety-four percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage had been harvested by August 17, two percentage points behind the previous year and one percentage point behind the 5-year average.

Other spring wheat: Production for 2025 was estimated at 497 million bushels, down 9 percent from the 2024 total of 544 million bushels. Harvested area totaled 9.61 million acres, down 8 percent from 2024. The United States yield was estimated at 51.7 bushels per acre, the second highest yield behind last year's 52.4 bushels per acre. A record high yield was estimated in Minnesota for the second consecutive year. Of the total production, 458 million bushels were Hard Red Spring wheat, down 9 percent from the 2024 total.

Seeding of the 2025 spring wheat acreage began in April. Thirty percent of the spring wheat acreage was seeded by April 27, one percentage point behind the previous year but 9 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By April 27, five percent of the Nation's spring wheat acreage had emerged, equal to both last year and the 5-year average.

As of May 25, eighty-seven percent of the spring wheat acreage was seeded, equal to the previous year but 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. As of May 25, sixty percent of the Nation's spring wheat acreage had emerged, 2 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

By June 22, seventeen percent of the Nation's spring wheat acreage had reached the headed stage, 1 percentage point ahead of the previous year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Fifty-four percent of the Nation's spring wheat was rated in good to excellent condition, 17 percentage points below the same time the previous year. By July 13, seventy-eight percent of the Nation's spring wheat acreage had reached the headed stage, 4 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Fifty-four percent of the spring wheat was rated in good to excellent condition, 4 percentage points above the previous week but 23 percentage points below the same time the previous year. By August 17, thirty-six percent of the spring wheat had been harvested, 7 percentage points ahead of the previous year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 31, seventy-two percent of the spring wheat was harvested, 5 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average.

Durum wheat: Production for 2025 was estimated at 86.2 million bushels, up 8 percent from the 2024 total of 80.1 million bushels. Area harvested for grain totaled 2.12 million acres, up 4 percent from 2024. The United States yield was estimated at 40.6 bushels per acre, up 1.3 bushels from the 2024 yield. Record high yields were estimated in Arizona and California for 2025. Compared with 2024, production in Montana and North Dakota, the largest Durum wheat-producing States, was up 29 percent in Montana and up 3 percent in North Dakota. Harvest was 94 percent complete in Montana and 71 percent complete in North Dakota by September 7.

Rice: Production in 2025 totaled 207 million cwt, down 7 percent from the 2024 total. Planted area for 2025 was estimated at 2.81 million acres, down 4 percent from 2024. Area harvested, at 2.74 million acres, was down 5 percent from the previous crop year. The average yield for all United States rice was estimated at 7,544 pounds per acre, down 209 pounds from 2024.

Production estimates increased from the previous year in California, Louisiana, and Mississippi.

Rye: Production for 2025 was estimated at 12.5 million bushels, down 15 percent from the 2024 total. Area harvested for grain totaled 341,000 acres, down 15 percent from the previous year. The average yield in the United States was estimated at 36.5 bushels per acre, down 0.1 bushel from the record yield in 2024. Planted area totaled 2.23 million acres, up 1 percent from last year. Many of these acres were used as a cover crop.

Planted area in Pennsylvania for 2025 was a record high. Both planted and harvested area were the lowest on record in North Carolina. A record high yield was estimated in Michigan for 2025.

Proso millet: Production of proso millet in 2025 totaled 14.2 million bushels, up 1 percent from the 2024 production of 14.1 million bushels. Area planted to proso millet in the United States was estimated at 442,000 acres, down 39,000 acres (or 8 percent) from 2024. Area harvested in the United States, at 397,000 acres, was down 30,000 acres (or 7 percent) from 2024. The average yield for 2025 was estimated at 35.9 bushels per acre, up 3.0 bushels from the 2024 yield of 32.9 bushels per acre.

All hay: Production of all dry hay for 2025 was estimated at 123 million tons, up less than 1 percent from the 2024 total. Area harvested was estimated at 49.6 million acres, up less than 1 percent from 2024. The average yield, at 2.48 tons per acre, is unchanged from 2024.

Record low productions were estimated in New Hampshire. Record high harvested acres were estimated in Alaska, while record lows were estimated in California, Connecticut, Delaware, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, Oregon, and Pennsylvania. Record high yield was estimated in Oregon.

Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures: Production in 2025 was estimated at 50.2 million tons, up 1 percent from 2024. Harvested area, at 14.7 million acres, is up less than 1 percent from 2024. Average yield estimated at 3.42 tons per acre, is up 0.01 ton from 2024.

Record low harvested acres were estimated in California and Rhode Island. Record high yields were estimated in Iowa and Wisconsin, while a record low yield was estimated in New Hampshire and Vermont.

All other hay: Production in 2025 totaled 72.8 million tons, up less than 1 percent from the 2024 total. Harvested area, at 34.9 million acres, is up less than 1 percent from 2024. Average yield was estimated at a record high 2.09 tons per acre, unchanged from 2024.

Record low production was estimated in New Hampshire. Record high harvested acres were estimated in Alaska, while record low harvested acres were estimated in Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oregon, and Pennsylvania. Record high yields were estimated for the United States, as well as Minnesota, and Oregon.

Forage: In 2025, seventeen States were included in the forage estimation program, which measures annual production of forage crops. Haylage and greenchop production was converted to 13 percent moisture and combined with dry hay production to derive the total forage production. The total 2025 all haylage and greenchop production was 26.8 million tons, of which 16.5 million tons were from alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures. The 17 State total for all forage production was 79.7 million tons. Of this total, 39.8 million tons were produced from alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures.

Record low alfalfa haylage harvested acres were estimated for California, Michigan, Missouri, Texas, and Vermont. Record high alfalfa haylage yields were estimated in Michigan and Texas. Record low alfalfa forage harvested acres were estimated in California, Idaho, Kansas, New York, Pennsylvania, Vermont, and Washington.

Record low other haylage production was estimated in California. Record low other haylage harvested acres were estimated in California, while record highs were estimated in Michigan. Record high other haylage yields were estimated in Iowa and Texas. Record low other hay forage production was estimated in California and Pennsylvania. Record low other forage harvested acres were estimated in California, Illinois, and Pennsylvania.

New seedings of alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures: Growers seeded 1.68 million acres of alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures during

2025, down 9 percent from 2024. New seedings of alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures are normally harvested for the first time in the year following planting.

Record low alfalfa dry hay seedings were estimated in California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Oregon, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

Peanuts: Production was estimated at 7.18 billion pounds, up 11 percent from 2024. Planted area was estimated at 1.95 million acres, up 8 percent from 2024. Harvested area was estimated at 1.91 million acres, up 9 percent from 2024. The average yield was estimated at 3,767 pounds per acre, up 44 pounds per acre from 2024.

Record high production was estimated for the United States and Georgia. Record high harvest acres were estimated in Arkansas.

Canola: Production in 2025 was estimated at 4.65 billion pounds, down 4 percent from 2024. Despite the decline, production for the Nation still represented the second largest on record. The average yield, at a record high 2,017 pounds per acre, is up 225 pounds from the prior year's average yield. Planted area was estimated at 2.34 million acres, 15 percent below the previous year's acreage. Harvested area, at 2.31 million acres, was down 15 percent from 2024. Both the planted and harvested area are the third highest on record for the Nation.

Production in North Dakota, the leading canola-producing State, was estimated at 3.82 billion pounds, a decline of 3 percent from 2024. Production represented the second largest total for North Dakota on record, while the average yield, at 2,120 pounds per acre, was a record high. Planted and harvested area in North Dakota were both down 15 percent from 2024 but both were still the third highest on record.

Sunflower: The 2025 sunflower production totaled 2.32 billion pounds, up 103 percent from the record low production of 2024. The United States average yield of 1,863 pounds per acre increased 193 pounds from 2024 and is the highest on record for the Nation. Planted area, at 1.29 million acres, was 79 percent above the previous year. Area harvested increased 82 percent from 2024 to 1.25 million acres.

North Dakota, the leading sunflower-producing State during 2025, produced 1.09 billion pounds, an increase of 111 percent from 2024. Compared with 2024, planted area in North Dakota increased 89 percent and yield increased 206 pounds to 1,958 pounds per acre. Meanwhile, production in South Dakota increased 86 percent from 2024 to 866 million pounds. Planted acreage in South Dakota, at 449,000 acres, increased 61 percent from the previous year. The average yield in South Dakota increased 228 pounds from 2024 to a record high 1,974 pounds per acre.

Area planted, area harvested, and production for all sunflower were the lowest on record in California.

United States production of oil-type sunflower varieties, at 2.13 billion pounds, increased 126 percent from 2024. Compared with the previous year, harvested acres were up 104 percent and the average yield increased by 184 pounds to a record high 1,848 pounds per acre.

Production of non-oil sunflower varieties was estimated at 189 million pounds, a decrease of 4 percent from 2024. Area harvested, at a record low 92,200 acres, was down 21 percent from 2024. The average yield increased by 354 pounds from 2024.

Soybeans: Production in 2025 totaled 4.26 billion bushels, down 3 percent from 2024. The average yield per acre was estimated at a record high 53.0 bushels per acre, 2.3 bushels above 2024. Planted area for the Nation, at 81.2 million acres, was down 7 percent from the 2024 planted acreage. Soybean growers harvested 80.4 million acres, down 7 percent from 2024.

Record high yields occurred in Arkansas, Georgia, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, and Wisconsin.

The 2025 soybean objective yield survey data indicated that final average pod counts were higher than 2024 in the combined eleven objective yield States. Compared with final counts for 2024, pod counts were up in 10 of the 11 published States. An increase of more than 100 pods per 18 square feet from 2024's final pod count occurred in Arkansas, Indiana, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, and South Dakota.

Planting was underway by the end of April in all 18 of the major soybean-producing States. Eighteen percent of the acreage was planted by April 27, one percentage point ahead of the previous year and 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-six percent of soybean acreage was planted by May 25, eight percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Nationally, 84 percent of soybean acreage was emerged by June 15, four percentage points ahead of the previous year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By June 29, seventeen percent of soybean acreage was blooming, 1 percentage point behind the previous year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Thirty-two percent of soybean acreage was blooming by July 6, equal to the previous season but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By July 6, eight percent of the soybean acreage was setting pods, equal to the previous year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. The week ending July 20 was the first week of 2025 that soybeans were setting pods in all 18 major soybean-producing States. Twenty-six percent of soybean acres were setting pods by July 20, one percentage point behind the previous year but equal to the 5-year average. By July 20, sixty-two percent of soybean acreage was blooming, 1 percentage point behind the previous year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average.

As of July 27, forty-one percent of the soybean acreage was setting pods, 1 percentage point behind the previous year and the 5-year average. Seventy-one percent of the acreage was setting pods on August 10, one percentage point ahead of the previous year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. By August 24, eighty-nine percent of the soybean acreage was setting pods, 1 percentage point ahead of the previous year but equal to the 5-year average.

As of September 28, seventy-nine percent of the United States soybean acreage was at or beyond the leaf dropping stage, equal to the previous year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Soybean harvest was 19 percent complete as of September 28, five percentage points behind the previous year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. As of September 28, sixty-two percent of the Nation's soybean acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 2 percentage points behind the same time the previous year.

Flaxseed: Production of flaxseed in 2025 totaled 5.20 million bushels, up 116 percent from the 2024 production. Harvested area totaled 234,000 acres in 2025, up 68 percent from 2024. Harvested acreage in North Dakota, the largest flaxseed-producing State, was estimated at 165,000 acres, up 83 percent from 2024. The average United States yield for 2025, at 22.2 bushels per acre, was up 4.8 bushels from 2024.

Safflower: Production of safflower in 2025, at 143 million pounds, was up 8 percent from 2024. Despite the increase, this still represented the fourth lowest on record for the Nation. Growers planted a record low 116,500 acres in 2025, a decline of 2 percent from the previous year. California and Utah showed the largest declines compared with last year, both down 5,500 acres. Harvested area for the Nation, at a record low 108,500 acres, was down 1 percent from 2024. The average yield for the Nation, at 1,319 pounds per acre, increased 115 pounds from the 2024 average yield.

Planted and harvested area for safflower were both record lows in Utah.

Other Oilseeds: Mustard seed production for 2025 decreased 31 percent from the previous year to 71.1 million pounds. Planted area, at 126,200 acres, was down 32 percent from 2024. Harvested area, at 111,800 acres, was down 37 percent from last year. The average yield, at 636 pounds per acre, was 58 pounds above the 2024 average yield.

Rapeseed production was estimated at a record high 35.3 million pounds, up 11 percent from last year's production. Growers planted a record high 18,600 acres of rapeseed in 2025, an increase of 1,100 acres from 2024. Harvested area, at a record high 16,600 acres, was up 900 acres from last year. The average yield in 2025 was 2,126 pounds per acre, an increase of 107 pounds from 2024 and represents the third highest yield on record.

Cotton: Upland cotton production is forecast at 13.5 million 480-pound bales, down 3 percent from the previous forecast and down 3 percent from 2024. Upland planted area, forecasted at 9.14 million acres, down less than 1 percent from the

previous forecast and down 17 percent from the previous year. Upland harvested area for the Nation is expected to total 7.67 million acres, up 6 percent from the previous estimate and up 1 percent from last year.

Pima cotton production is forecast at 388,000 bales, up 3 percent from the previous forecast but down 18 percent from 2024. Pima planted area, forecasted at 141,500 acres, was down 1 percent from the previous forecast and down 32 percent from the previous year. Pima harvested area is expected at 138,200 acres is down 1 percent from the previous estimate and down 31 percent from last year.

If realized, the forecasted planted and harvested acres will be a record low in Louisiana. Forecasted yields for upland and all cotton in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana, and North Carolina will be record highs.

Ginnings totaled 11,962,000 running bales prior to January 1.

Cottonseed: Production for 2025, based on a 3-year average lint-seed ratio, is expected to total 4.20 million tons, down 1 percent from 2024.

Tobacco: United States all tobacco production for 2025 was estimated at 359 million pounds, up 11 percent from the previous year. Area harvested, at 171,300 acres, was up 3 percent from a year earlier. The average yield for the 2025 crop year was estimated at 2,093 pounds per acre, 150 pounds above 2024.

Flue-cured tobacco production was estimated at 277 million pounds, up 21 percent from the previous year. Harvested area totaled 134,400 acres in 2025, up 7 percent from 2024. The average yield, at 2,060 pounds per acre, was up 235 pounds from the previous year.

Sugarbeets: Production for 2025 was estimated at 35.1 million tons, down slightly from the previous year's production. Growers planted 1.08 million acres, down 2 percent from 2024. Harvested area, at 1.06 million acres, was down 2 percent from the previous year. Estimated yield, at 33.2 tons per acre, was up 0.7 ton from last year.

Sugarcane: Production of sugarcane for sugar and seed in 2025 was estimated at 35.4 million tons, of which 33.6 million tons were utilized for sugar and 1.74 million tons were utilized for seed. Total production for sugar and seed was up 3 percent from 2024. Sugarcane producers harvested 944,000 acres for sugar and seed in 2024, up 3 percent from the previous year. Yield for sugar and seed was estimated at 37.5 tons per acre, up 0.1 ton from 2024.

Dry edible beans: United States dry edible bean production was estimated at 26.9 million cwt for 2025, down 14 percent from the previous year. Planted area was estimated at 1.37 million acres, down 11 percent from 2024 in. Harvested area was estimated at 1.33 million acres, down 11 percent from the previous year. The average United States yield for dry edible beans for the 2025 season is 2,012 pounds per acre, down 69 pounds from 2024.

Lentils: Production of lentils in 2025 was estimated at 10.6 million cwt, up 17 percent from the previous season. Planted area, at 1.07 million acres, is up 15 percent from the previous season. Harvested area, at 949,000 acres, is up 5 percent from the previous season. The average yield for lentils for the 2025 season was estimated at 1,112 pounds per acre, up 110 pounds per acre from the previous season.

Chickpeas: Production in 2025 of all chickpeas was estimated at 6.84 million cwt, up 20 percent from 2024. Area planted for all chickpeas for the 2025 crop year was estimated at 536,000 acres, up 6 percent from the previous year. Area harvested was estimated at 520,300 acres, 5 percent above 2024. The average yield at 1,315 pounds per acre is up 167 pounds from the 2024 season.

Dry edible peas: Production in 2025 of dry edible peas was estimated at 18.5 million cwt, up 9 percent from the previous season. Planted area, at 1.17 million acres, is up 19 percent from the previous season. Harvested area, at 1.06 million acres, is up 11 percent from the previous season. The acreage yield for dry edible peas for the 2025 season was estimated to be 1,738 pounds per acre, down 38 pounds per acre from the previous season.

P**otatoes:** Production in 2025 was estimated at 413 million cwt, down 2 percent from the 2024 crop. Planted area, at

902,000 acres, was down 3 percent from 2024. Harvested area, at 896,800 acres, was down 3 percent from the previous year. The average yield, at 460 cwt per acre, was up 6 cwt from the previous year.

Peppermint oil: Production in 2025 totaled 2.47 million pounds, up 5 percent from the previous year. Harvested area was estimated at 22,900 acres, unchanged from 2024. Average yield was estimated at 108 pounds of oil per acre, up 5 pounds from 2024.

Spearmint oil: Production totaled 1.61 million pounds in 2025, up 18 percent from the previous year. Harvested area was estimated at 11,600 acres, up 13 percent from a year earlier. The average yield was estimated at 139 pounds of oil per acre, up 7 pounds from 2024.

Hops: Production for the United States in 2025 totaled 83.1 million pounds, down 5 percent from the 2024 crop of 87.1 million pounds. Area harvested for the United States in 2025 totaled 41,654 acres, down 7 percent from the previous year. Harvested acreage decreased in all states. The United States hop yield, at 1,996 pounds per acre, is up 52 pounds from a year ago. The 2025 value of production for the United States totaled $447 million, up slightly from the previous year.

Maple syrup: The 2025 United States maple syrup production totaled 5.77 million gallons, down 2 percent from the previous season. The number of taps totaled 16.9 million, down 1 percent from the 2024 total. Yield per tap was 0.342 gallon, unchanged from the previous season.

Statistical Methodology

Survey procedures: The estimates in this report are based primarily on surveys conducted during the month of December. The December Agricultural Survey (DAS) is a probability survey that includes a sample of approximately 73,100 farm operators selected from a list of producers that ensures all operations in the United States have a chance to be selected. Data from operators was collected by mail, internet, telephone, or personal interview to obtain information on crop acreage, yield, and production for the 2025 crop year.

Estimating procedures: National and State level objective yield and farm operator reported data (DAS) were reviewed for reasonableness and consistency with historical estimates. The survey data were also reviewed considering weather patterns and crop progress compared with previous years. Each Regional Field Office submits an estimate and written analysis for their State to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB). The ASB uses the survey data, administrative data, and the State analysis to prepare the estimates published in this report.

Revision policy: Estimates contained in this report may be revised the following year, if new information is available that would justify a change. Estimates will also be reviewed after data for the 5-year Census of Agriculture are available. No revisions will be made after that date.

Reliability: The surveys used to make the acreage, yield, and production estimates contained in this report are subject to sampling and non-sampling type errors that are common to all surveys. Reliability of the objective yield and farmer survey must be treated separately because the survey designs for the two surveys are different. The objective yield indications (corn and soybeans) are subject to sampling variability because all acres of a given commodity are not included in the sample.

The farm operator survey indications are also subject to sampling variability because not all operations with commodities of interest are included in the sample. This variability, as measured by the relative standard error at the National level, is approximately 1.3 for corn, 4.4 for Upland cotton and 1.4 for soybeans. This means that chances are approximately 95 out of 100 that survey estimates for production will be within plus or minus 2.6 percent for corn, 8.8 percent for Upland cotton, and 2.8 percent for soybeans.

Survey indications are also subject to non-sampling errors such as omission, duplication, imputation for missing data, and mistakes in reporting, recording, and processing the data. These errors cannot be measured directly, but they are minimized through rigid quality controls in the data collection process and a careful review of all reported data for consistency and reasonableness.

USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service Information Contacts

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